

		Wallbrook Roadway Improvements - Virginia Water Drive Extension (Serving					
Projec	t Name	Lots 9-11)	Watershed	Lower	r Neuse	Jurisdiction	Rolesville
Date Re	eceived	03/07/2024	Date Processing Initiated	03/14	1/2024	Disturbed Acreage	5.05
	Permit Number	SEC-119903-2024	S&E Plan Review Fee	\$1,26 PAID		&E Permit Fee	\$1,262.00 PENDING
SW Permit Number		<u>SWF-119904-2024</u>	SW Plan Review Fee	\$1,26 PAID		SW Permit Fee	\$1,262.00 PENDING
Financial Responsib			Engineer	:		-	
Name	Wallbro	ook Landco, LLC/Austin Willia	ims Nar	ne: A	rk Consulting/	Bryan Fagundus	
3 Keel : Address:28480		Street Suite 2, Wrightsville, N	C Addre	ess: <u>2</u>	755-B Charles	Blvd., Greenville	, NC 2758
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Plan Date/Revision Date: 3/1/2024

Review Status:		Construction Plan Not Approved and Incomplete (Items 1-4 required to be a complete submittal)
4/5/2024	\boxtimes	Construction Plan Not Approved and requires additional information

Construction Plan Review Comments						
ltems ma	Items marked with an "X" were noted as either insufficient or not provided. Engineer comments are in RED and provide the					
necessar	y requirements for construction plan approval.					
Reference	es for Erosion and Sediment Control: <u>Wake County Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Article 10</u>					
Reference	es for Stormwater Management are as follows:					
ROLESVI	LLE: Town of Rolesville Land Development Ordinance Appendix B: Flood Damage Prevention and Stormwater					
Manage	ment, Section 1.2 Stormwater Management_effective June 1, 2021.					
WENDEL	WENDELL : Town of Wendell Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Chapter 6: Environmental Protection, adopted 7/26/10.					
ZEBULON : Town of Zebulon, NC Code of Ordinances: <u>Chapter 151</u>						
1.	1. Erosion Control and Stormwater Joint Application (Required to initiate processing)					
	Review Fees (Required to initiate processing)					
2.	RESUBMITTALS: The first resubmittal is free, but all subsequent Stormwater resubmissions require a \$150					
	Resubmission Fee and Erosion Control resubmissions require a \$75 Resubmission Fee.					



\square	3.	Notarized Wake County Financial Responsibility/Ownership Form (Required to initiate processing)		
		a.	The application must include the owner's notarized written consent for the applicant to submit an erosion and sedimentation control plan and to conduct the anticipated land-disturbing activity if the applicant is not the owner of the land to be disturbed [10-30-2-(B)-(2)-(c)] -LOD must be clearly shown within property boundary or provide owner consent.	
\square	4.	Othe	r documents:	
	\boxtimes	a.	Engineering Approval: Copy of approval notification for projects in a municipality's zoning jurisdiction	
		b.	401/404 Documentation (Buffer determination letters, PCN application, comments, and approval) Documentation of wetland delineations.	
		c.	NCDOT Approval (Temporary Construction Entrances, Encroachment Agreements)	
		d.	Encroachment agreement(s) completed, signed and notarized for all off-site construction	
	5.	Cover letter stating the purpose of the submission, describing site drainage, stormwater management objectives, and how the proposed stormwater management plan will meet the objectives and be implemented RESUBMITTALS: A letter detailing any changes, comments, proposed solutions to review comments, etc.		
	6.	Copy of the USGS Quad Map with delineated project limits		
	7.	Copy of the Wake County Soil Survey map with delineated project limits from 1970 manuscript		
	8.	One (1) electronic copy of a complete set of construction drawings for 1st resubmission, number (#) copies for final approval.		
	9.	One (1) electronic copy of the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool (<u>click here</u>); submit Excel workbook (Site Data Sheet, Drainage Area Sheets, Site Summary Sheet, BMP Sheets, and BMP Summary sheet)		
\boxtimes	10.	Drainage Area Maps with stormwater discharge points and Tc flow paths (existing/post construction/post BMP) -Please provide DA maps for post construction and explain how stormwater is conveyed to SCM.		
	11.	 Prease provide DA maps for post construction and explain now stormwater is conveyed to scivi. Drainage Area Map showing drainage areas to erosion control devices (can delineate on plan sheets) Why are DA-1 and DA-2 shown? It is a different project. Please remove references to drawings that are not associated with this permit. Provide legend for C1.1, C1.2 		
	12.	Stormwater and Erosion Control Calculations:		



		a.	Sediment basin design (See website for Wake County Design Criteria)	
		b.	Ditches, swales, and channels: Q10/V10. Tractive force (shear stress), capacity and geometry	
		c.	Dissipaters: Q10 velocities, stone size and dimensions	
		d.	Velocity calculations for stormwater runoff at points of discharge resulting from a 10-year storm after development were not provided or do not comply	
		e.	Support data for all stormwater practice designs, such as inflow/outflow rates, stage/storage data, hydrographs, outlet designs, infiltration rates, water elevations, design output, summary, etc. -Final plat with impervious limit for each lot should be recorded.	
		f.	Other hydraulic and hydrologic computations critical to the plan/designs	
		g.	Signature, Date and Professional Seal: for all Stormwater design management proposals, i.e., calculations, BMP designs, operations/maintenance/budget/as built/inspections/manuals	
\square	13.	Draft	Stormwater Agreement and draft Maintenance Agreement	
	14.	Prop	osed Site Plan:	
	\boxtimes	a.	Combined Erosion Control, Stormwater and Floodplain Approval Block (Cover Sheet) -Please complete permit numbers in signature block	
		b.	Location/Vicinity Map	
		c.	North arrow, graphic scale, drafting version date, legend and professional seal	
		d.	Existing and proposed contours: plan and profiles for roadways	
		e.	e. Boundaries of tract: including project limits	
	\boxtimes	f.	Table with impervious calculations - existing and proposed impervious surfaces: roads, well lots, recreation sites, single family residences, etc. (consistent with the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool inputs)	
		g.	Proposed improvements: roads, buildings, parking areas, grassed, landscaped and natural areas	
	\square	h.	Lot lines, lot numbers, road names, and impervious limit on each lot rounded to nearest sq ft.	
		i.	Utilities: community water and sewer, plan/profiles, easements and sediment controls	
		j.	Stormwater Network: inlets, culverts, swales, ditches, channels and drainage easements -Stormwater network to SCM must be installed prior to approval.	
	\boxtimes	 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of gravel entrances, diversion ditches, silt fence, sediment basins, inlet protection, etc. -All erosion control measures must be withing LOD. 		
		I.	Sediment Basin Dewatering Bags: Provide a dewatering bag and location pad adjacent to all sediment basins for maintenance and closeout. Label the bag and pad with dimensions.	



		m.	Stream Culvert Construction Phasing: Provide a detailed construction sequence for installation of culverts at streams and show the stream crossing(s) on the erosion control plan sheets. Include all applicable details related to managing the stream flow during the culvert installation (silt bags, pump around, impervious dikes, etc.).			
		 Stream Protection: Design temporary sediment storage during the construction phase of stream culvert installation on all four-corners of the stream crossing (where applicable) and show on the erosion contro plan sheets. Provide erosion control blankets on all permanent slopes of culvert at stream crossing. 				
		0.	PERMANENT EROSION CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of dissipaters, ditch linings, armoring, level spreaders, retaining walls, etc.			
		p.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT SEDIMENT CONTROLS: -Please explain sediment basin on C1.3. Baffles are not shown, but skimmer is. Is this meant to be a permanent device?			
		q.	Location and requirements for stockpiles (see website for Stockpile Requirements)			
		r.	Wake County Construction Sequence (Provide project specific details as needed)			
		s.	Wake County Construction Details			
		t.	Wake County Stabilization Guidelines			
		u.	Wake County Basin Removal Sequence Wake County must grant permission to convert the sediment basin over to stormwater use prior to completing any related work (construction sequence or note elsewhere on the plan should indicate this).			
		v.	Show all Riparian Buffers (Neuse: [15A NCAC 2B .0714])			
		w.	Delineation of current FEMA boundaries (floodway, non-encroachment areas, flood fringe and future/0.2%)			
		 PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES: locations and types of all proposed stormwater management structures (grass swale, wet/dry detention basin, filtering/infiltration basin, bioretention, etc.) Please confirm that 30-inch RCP under US 401 has been installed. 				
	\square	у.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT:			
		z.	-SCM must be in place prior to approval of stormwater discharge. Proposed stormwater easements, access lanes and backwater easements. Provide and label minimum 20 ft. Access easement and 10 ft. Maintenance easement from toe of stormwater pond embankment.			
Stan	Standards and Requirements					
	Items marked with an "X" note relevant standards to be applied to the proposed development. Notes in RED provide review					
	comments and/or any required elements to comply with standard. Ordinance references are shown in brackets.					
	15.	Stormwater Review Required – All residential subdivision development must submit a plan to comply with the applicable municipalities' stormwater ordinance. Office, institutional, commercial or industrial development that disturbs greater than 20,000 square feet is required to comply with the stormwater management regulations. Development and redevelopment that disturb less than 20,000 square feet are not exempt if such activities are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, even though multiple, separate or distinct activities take place at different times on different schedules. Rolesville [1.2.1.(E)], Wendell [6.5(F)], Zebulon [151.05]				



		Stormwater Permit – is required for all development and redevelopment unless exempt pursuant to the Code of		
		Ordinances. A permit may only be issued subsequent to a properly submitted, reviewed and approved stormwater		
\square	16.	management plan and permit application.		
		Rolesville [1.2.3.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(F)(3)], Zebulon [151.21(A)]		
		Note: A permit may not be required if there are no post-construction requirements (i.e. SCMs).		
		SCMs – For projects requiring stormwater treatment for quality and/or quantity control, the applicant must		
	. –	1) comply with the <u>NC Stormwater Design Manual</u> Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(N)(2)], Zebulon [151.07]		
\square	17.	2) as well as <i>Completion of Improvements and Maintenance</i> , prior to issuance of a certificate of compliance or		
		occupancy. Rolesville [1.2.5], Wendell [6.5(O)], Zebulon [151.50 – 151.56]		
		Standards Based on Project Density – In accordance with the definitions, projects are identified as Ultra Low-		
		Density (15% or less Built-Upon Area, referred to as BUA, and less than one dwelling unit per acre), Low-Density		
\square	18.	(more than 15% BUA and no more than 24% BUA), and High-Density (24% or more BUA).		
		Rolesville [7.5.4], Wendell [6.5(E)], Zebulon [151.10]		
		Standards for Ultra-Low and Low-Density Projects:		
		Use of vegetated conveyances to maximum extent practicable		
		Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones		
		Recorded deed restrictions or protective covenants to ensure future development maintains		
		consistency with approved project plans		
		Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as		
		specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.		
		• For Low-Density only, no net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre- development		
		conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but		
		not more than 120 hours.		
		Residential runoff after development must not exceed the Target Curve Numbers listed in the chart		
		"Maximum Composite Curve Number, by Soil Group".		
		Ultra-Low and Low-Density projects may be eligible for target curve number credits.		
		Wendell Only: Nitrogen export limited to 3.6 pounds per acre per year unless project achieves classification as		
		an LID Project.		
		Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(1-3)], Wendell [6.5(M)(1)], Zebulon [151.35(A-C)]		
		Standards for High-Density Projects:		
		• Measures shall control and treat runoff from the first inch of rain. Runoff volume drawdown time shall		
		be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.		
		• Structural measures shall be designed to have a minimum of 85 % average annual removal for Total		
		Suspended Solids (TSS)		
	\boxtimes	• Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as		
		specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.		
		• No net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre -development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr		
		storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.		
		Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones		
		Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(4)], Wendell [6.5(M)(4)], Zebulon [151.35(D)]		



		Low	Impact Development (LID) Classification:				
			 All development or redevelopment may be submitted for LID classification 				
		•	Development must mimic the pre-developed hydrologic conditions of the site, as defined as "woods in				
			good condition" for the 2-yr, 24 hr storm, within 10%.				
			 Techniques required to achieve LID classification 				
			Natural site design				
			Bio-retention systems or on-site infiltration (at least one must be used)				
			At least two other techniques from the list provided in Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(5)(e)], and Zebulon				
			[151.36(E)(5)]				
			At least one other technique from the list provided in Wendell [6.5(N)(5)(e)]				
		Dow	nstream Impact Analysis – Required analysis using the "10% rule" drainage area evaluation of the 10-year,				
\boxtimes	10	24-ho	pur peak flow of the pre/post development to determine if the project will have any impacts on flooding or				
	19.	chan	nel degradation downstream of the project site in accordance with Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(1)] Wendell				
		[6.5(1	N)(1)], Zebulon [151.36(A)].				
Wal	ke Cou	nty UD	O Article 10 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Requirements				
(Ар	plies to	Roles	ville, Wendell and Zebulon)				
			on Control: This project will require a Land Disturbance Permit if it involves greater than one acre of				
			disturbance. Note: If the land disturbance is part of a common plan of development that is greater than one				
\boxtimes	20.		of disturbance, an Approved Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and Land Disturbance Permit are required				
			for each individual tract or parcel disturbance within the common plan of development, regardless of land				
			disturbance acreage in each tract/parcel.				
			Minimum Standards [Article 10-20-1] – All soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and measures must				
\square	21.		conform to the minimum applicable standards specified in North Carolina's Erosion and Sediment Control				
			ning and Design Manual. Erosion control devices must be installed to prevent any offsite sedimentation for				
			onstruction site regardless of the size of the land disturbance.				
			ation in Lakes or Natural Watercourses [Article 10-20-3] – Land disturbing activity in connection with				
	22.	construction in, on, over, or under a lake of natural watercourse must minimize the extent and duration of					
		disruption of the stream channel. Where relocation of a stream forms an essential part of the proposed activity,					
		the relocation must minimize unnecessary changes in the stream flow characteristics.					
	23.	Standards for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones [Article 10-20-11]					
		Lanu	-disturbing activities to be conducted in High Quality Water Zones must be designed as follows: Uncovered areas in High Quality Water (HQW) zones must be limited at any time to a maximum total				
		a.	area of 20 acres within the boundaries of the tract.				
			Maximum Peak Rate of Runoff – Erosion and sedimentation control measures, structures, and devices				
		b.	within HQW zones must be planned, designed and constructed to provide protection from the runoff of				
			the 25-year storm.				
			Settling Efficiency – Sediment basins within HQW zones must be designed and constructed so that the				
			basin will have a settling efficiency of at least 70% for the 40 micron (0.04mm) size soil particle				
		C.	transported into the basin by the runoff of that 2-year storm which produces the maximum peak rate of				
			runoff.				



	d.	Grade – The angle for side slopes must be sufficient to restrain accelerated erosion (side slopes no steeper than two (2) horizontal to one (1) vertical if a vegetative cover is used for stabilization unless soil conditions permit a steeper slope or where the slopes are stabilized by using mechanical devices, structural devices or other acceptable ditch liners)
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Neu	Neuse Riparian Buffer Rules						
	25.	Due to the location of this project, it should be noted that a rule to protect and maintain existing buffers along watercourses in the Neuse River Basin became effective on July 22, 1997. The Neuse River Riparian Area Protection and Maintenance Rule (15A NCAC 2B .0714) applies to all perennial and intermittent streams, lakes, ponds and estuaries in the Neuse River Basin with forest vegetation on the adjacent land or "riparian area".					
Nor	th Caro	olina General Statute § 113A-61 (c) - Right to Appe	eal the Decision				
\square	26.	The applicant has the right to appeal this decision	n per North Carolina General Statute § 113A-61 (c).				
Add	itional	Suggested Changes/Comments					
	27.						
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	ironme ineer:	ental Janet S. Boyer, PE, CFM Contact I	Info: janet.boyer@wake.gov 919-856-7422				