

Memorandum

TO: Mayor and Town Board of Commissioners

FROM: Julie Spriggs, GISP, CFM, CZO, Planner II

DATE: June 30, 2021

RE: Item C.3 SP 21-01 Cobblestone Crossing

Public hearing (quasi-judicial) on Case: SP 21-01, Cobblestone Village site plan review for a mixed-use development on a total of 10.96 acres, located at the intersection of Young Street and Main Street, zoned Town Center (TC).

Background

A request for site plan approval (quasi-judicial) for a mixed-use development with eight buildings. The buildings are comprised of:

- Building 1 Residential with 40 units
- Building 2 Mixed-Use with Retail 16,461 SF with 30 residential units
- Building 3 Mixed-use with Retail 11,405 SF and 18 residential units
- Building 4 Community Center 18,200 SF
- Building 5 Mixed-use with Retail 3,816 SF and 4 residential units
- Building 6 Mixed-use with Retail 18,416 SF and 36 residential units
- Building 7 Residential with 40 units
- Building 8 Residential with 12 units

The Town and Cobblestone Crossing, LLC signed a development agreement on September 15, 2020. The agreement states that Cobblestone will partner with the Town to build a Town Center Project, including residential, commercial, government, and public uses. The development plan states the site plan will be consistent with the schematic design presented to the Town on February 2, 2021.

2017 Rolesville Comprehensive Plan

The Future Land Use Map, adopted with the 2017 Comprehensive Plan, classifies these parcels for town center use described as locations that often represent a traditional downtown for locally serving areas of economic, entertainment, and community activities. It combines non-residential uses with residential uses in buildings located on small blocks with street designs to encourage pedestrian activity using form-based designs. The

buildings stand two to five stories in height with an unlimited density of residential units above storefronts. The compact, walkable environment and mix of residential and non-residential uses in a town center often support multiple modes of transportation.

Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA)

Ramey Kemp Associates prepared a Traffic Impact Analysis for the proposed site. The report results were the proposed development will need to include improvements based upon the future lane configuration improvements by STIP U-6241. STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median along Main Street west of Rogers Road.

Site Drive 1 and Site Drive 2 will require specific improvements for ingress, egress, and left-turn lanes with storage and appropriate decal and tapers. NCDOT has also reviewed the TIA by Ramey Kemp Associates and has added recommended improvements to both site drives for internal stacking on site.

Shared Parking Plan and Special Event Overflow Parking

The developer has provided a shared parking plan and special event overflow parking plan. A shared parking reduction of 15% has been applied to the site, with proposed uses, peak hour demands, and off-street parking as part of the calculations provided. The maximum reduction of 15% is 480 spaces. The developer is proposing 481 spaces, plus additional special event overflow parking. The proposed shared parking plan is attached for reference.

Special Event overflow parking will need to be an agreement between the Town and the developer. A separate agreement can be handled as an administrative process at the staff level to ensure overflow parking areas meet the standards of the land development ordinance. The proposed Special Event Overflow parking is attached for reference.

Building Height Design Alternative

Building 1 and Building 7 are proposed as four stories. A maximum by right height of 35 feet is allowed under the town center standards. Buildings up to 60 feet, or roughly five stories, are permitted with a design alternative approved by the Board of Commissioners if the building will have a fire suppression system.

Technical Review Committee and Planning Staff Recommendations

The Technical Review Committee has early submittals of the site plan. Before finalizing the site plan for construction, all approvals and required permits from all review agencies will be submitted to the Planning Department for review and record retention, along with signature blocks for approval on the final set of plans.

Town Board Motion and Required Findings of Fact

Staff will provide guidance on a motion after the evidentiary hearing and based upon the testimony provided in the case. The following are the required findings of fact:

- A. That the proposed development and/or use will not materially endanger the public health or safety;
- B. That the proposed development and/or use will not substantially injure the value of adjoining property;
- C. That the proposed development and/or use will be in harmony with the scale, bulk, coverage, density, and character of the neighborhood in which it is located;
- D. That the proposed development and/or use will generally conform with the Comprehensive Plan and other official plans adopted by the Town;
- E. That the proposed development and/or use is appropriately located with respect to transportation facilities, water and sewer supply, fire and police protection, and similar facilities:
- F. That the proposed development and/or use will not cause undue traffic congestion or create a traffic hazard;
- G. That the proposed development and use comply with all applicable requirements of this ordinance.

Attachments

- SP 21-01 Location-Zoning Map
- SP 21-01 Development Agreement
- SP 21-01 Site Plan Application
- SP 21-01 Proposed Site Plan
- SP 21-01 Proposed Color Palette
- SP 21-01 Traffic Impact Analysis Ramey Kemp Associates
- SP 21-01 Traffic Impact Analysis NCDOT
- SP 21-01 Proposed Parking Plan
- SP 21-01 Proposed Overflow Parking Plan



<u>Amended and Restated</u> Economic Development Agreement

("Agreement") is made effective as of February 10, 2021 by and between the Town of Rolesville, a North Carolina municipal corporation (the "Town"), and Cobblestone Crossing of Rolesville LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company ("Cobblestone"). This Agreement supplants any prior agreements or understandings between the parties in regard an economic development project (hereinafter defined).

RECITALS

On September 15, 2020 the Town approved an Economic Development Agreement (the "2020 Agreement") concerning an economic development project whereby:

- The Town will sell to Cobblestone the properties located near the intersection of Main and Young Streets in downtown Rolesville, North Carolina (collectively the "Property"), as illustrated on the "Vicinity Map" attached as Exhibit A.
- Cobblestone will partner with the Town to build a Town Center Project (the "Project") on the Property. The Project will include space for residential, commercial, government and public uses.
- Cobblestone will entitle, design, and build the Project all as further described in this Agreement.

Cobblestone has an agreement to acquire the Property from the Town pursuant to a Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of an even date herewith (the "Purchase Agreement"). As a part of the Project, the Town will occupy a "Municipal Facility" within the Property as more particularly set forth in this Agreement.

The parties now desire to terminate and replace the 2020 Agreement with this Agreement as more particularly set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

1. The development plan for the Project will be consistent with the schematic design presented to the Town on February 2.

- a. <u>Schematic design.</u> Cobblestone provided a revised schematic design of the Project to the Town in December 2020 attached as <u>Exhibit B</u>. This revised design reflects changes made that the parties agree will further the development of the project. As provided for in the schematic design, the Project will include the following features, in all cases reasonably acceptable to the Town:
 - A specified site within the Property for the Town's veterans' memorial.
 - At least 49,830 square feet of commercial space distributed among at least five buildings.
 - No more than 180 dwelling units (180 apartments) distributed among not more than 7 buildings (including both buildings used solely for residential purposes and those with mixed use). None of the buildings with a residential component may rise more than 3 additional stories above a ground story.
 - A specified site within the Property acceptable to the Town for the "Municipal Facility," as further described in Section 2 below.
 - A specified site within the Property acceptable to the Town for the public event space, as further described in Section 3 below.
 - A cornerstone town space that will have a clock tower and other signage referring to the Town by name. The Town and Cobblestone will work together for the final design of these features.
 - Identification of all street lead-ins to the Property from existing streets.

- The design will not include diagonal on-street parking on Main Street.
- Dedicated parking area for electric vehicle charging and bicycle parking.
- Preservation of the Town's existing trail in the northwest corner of the Property, either by leaving the existing trail outside the footprint of new buildings or showing the re-routing of the trail. Cobblestone shall pay the cost of any re-routing and development of the new trail to the standards of the existing trail. If Cobblestone chooses the re-routing option, Cobblestone must dedicate the redeveloped trail space to the Town at no cost. The Town will then be responsible for maintenance of the trail space.
- Its plans for the accommodating the Privette Insurance building into its development, either by leaving that building in place or by presenting its plan for the removal of the building.
- Its plans to develop the "Broughton Property".
- Its timeline for the key steps in the development.
- An updated Project Pro Forma, that will be reviewed by an independent financial consultant of the Town's choosing.

2. Cobblestone will also provide the Town with the following additional information by the time it submits the first phase design to the Town (thirty days after this Agreement is effective).

- a. <u>Additional Information</u>. Cobblestone must provide the following additional information to the Town no later than when it submits the first phase design to the Town (thirty days after this Agreement is effective).
 - Parking plans for weekday, weekend, and event parking that is consistent with Town parking standards.
 - b. <u>Effect of the deadline</u>. Cobblestone has no further rights under this

Agreement if this additional information is not presented to the Town by the time it provides the first phase design to the Town for review (thirty days after this Agreement is effective).

3. Additional requirements for the Municipal Facility

The Project will contain a specified site within the Property acceptable to the Town for the "Municipal Facility." The Municipal Facility will comprise approximately 8,000 to 12,000 square feet. The Town will develop the final space programming and design for the facility. The Town will consider the following options for ownership of Municipal Facility:

a. <u>Cobblestone will own the Municipal Facility and lease it to the Town.</u>
Cobblestone will provide for the Municipal Facility to be available for Town occupancy within three years of the date of this Agreement. The Municipal Facility will be designed to meet the Town's specifications. Town will develop the final space programming and design for the facility, and will develop the plans for a facility of approximately 8,000-12,000 square feet that will have offices for the Town's parks and recreation department, along with additional office, classroom and programming space.

The Town will lease the completed Municipal Facility for period of at least 10 years and not to exceed 20 years, as the parties may agree. After 10 years, either the Town or Cobblestone may terminate the lease by giving a 1 year notice of intent to terminate. The lease payments will be as the Town and Cobblestone may determine, but will be at least sufficient to amortize the complete building cost over the lease term (including architect, engineering and other "soft" costs and reasonable actual or imputed interest costs, but not including land costs).

The parties acknowledge that under current law, this lease by the Town may require the approval of the North Carolina Local Government Commission (the "LGC"). Although the Town cannot guarantee any result of the LGC approval process, the Town expects that the Town will be able to obtain the required approval. The parties acknowledge that under current LGC procedures, the Town will be unable to receive LGC approval until the parties have determined fixed lease payments and Cobblestone has a guaranteed maximum price contract in hand for construction of

the Municipal Facility. The Town will pursue the LGC approval process with due diligence at the appropriate time.

In addition, the parties acknowledge that under current law, given the Town's participation in designing the facility and making amortizing lease payments, the construction of the Municipal Facility may require the same approach to design and project bidding as if the Town were building the building directly. Also, under current law, (a) lease payments cannot begin until the building is available for the Town's occupancy, and (b) lease payments cannot continue if the building is unavailable for the Town's use (such as after a casualty loss), in either case unless the Town's lease payment obligations are generally subject to the annual appropriation of funds.

b. The Town will own the Municipal Facility. Cobblestone will deed to the Town the site specified for the Municipal Facility in the February 2 schematic design. The Town will construct, design, and develop the final space programming for an 8,000-12,000 square foot facility. The final space programming and design for the facility will include plans to serve some or all of the following components:

First, offices for the Town's parks and recreation department, along with additional office, classroom and programming space.

Second, a gymnasium and commercial kitchen facilities suitable to accommodate group events commensurate with the size of the gymnasium

4. Additional requirements for the Event Space

- a. Cobblestone will provide within the Property a space of approximately 1 acre suitable for outside public gathering and events (the "Event Space"), including at least 18,976 square feet of dedicated green event space as shown in the February 2 schematic design. The event space can be a combination of grassy areas and hardscape areas suitable for use as parking when not being used for events. The Town and Cobblestone will work together to determine the final design of the Event Space, and will begin this work promptly after this Agreement is executed and delivered.
- b. Cobblestone, at its own expense, will maintain the Event Space in a safe and well-maintained condition, to include safe lighting, appropriate signage, safe

walking surfaces, maintained grass and other vegetation, and proper drainage. Cobblestone shall maintain the Event Space to the same condition as the Town applies to Town park property. The parties will meet at least annually in the second week of January to discuss maintenance for the Event Space.

- c. In addition, at its own expense, Cobblestone will maintain appropriate liability insurance against risks related to the Event Space and will designate the Town as an additional insured with respect to those risks.
- d. The Town will have the exclusive right to use the Event Space for 21 calendar days each calendar year, including at least 15 days that constitute holidays or weekend days. The Town will be responsible for any setup or breakdown costs related to its use of the event space. The parties will meet annually on or about each September 1 to agree upon Town use dates for the following calendar year.

5. Cobblestone will provide first phase design to the Town by (thirty days after this Agreement is effective).

- a. Not later than $\underline{\textit{March 12}}$, 2021 (thirty days after this Agreement is effective), Cobblestone will provide drawings, plans and technical information sufficient to constitute a site plan application to the Town for its consideration of Cobblestone's first planned phase of Project development.
- b. The first phase must include (i) at least 24,915 square feet of planned commercial space *[one-half of the total]*, (ii) the Municipal Facility (iii) the Event Space, and (iv) the Privette Building disposition. There is no limit on the amount of residential space or units that may be included in the first phase.
- c. Cobblestone shall not apply for a permit for grading or other site work until Cobblestone has confirmed to the Town that Cobblestone has received appropriate construction drawings and entitlements to begin construction on at least one building on the Property. Any amount of grading or other site work must be reasonable in scope and nature in light of entitlements received to the time of the work.

6. Other Cobblestone requirements

- a. <u>Materially consistent</u>. Each stage of Project development must be consistent in all material respects with the schematic design prepared in accordance with Section 1. The Town Manager may approve changes to the schematic design that are not material or that may be necessary to comply with Town land use regulations or other necessary legal or regulatory approvals. The Town Manager will report any approved changes to the Town Board as soon as practicable.
- b. <u>Function of intersections</u>. Upon each application for an entitlement, Cobblestone must supply a traffic impact analysis or other information acceptable to the Town projecting that any intersection of Young or Main Streets with the Property will have no adverse effect on the function level of those intersections (such as maintaining a Level B or Level C function, as may be the case, or improving the function level).
- c. Requirements for additional phases. Cobblestone shall apply for entitlements of subsequent development phases within 90 days of obtaining a certificate of occupancy for the final building in the previous phase. Cobblestone may not divide the Project development into more than three phases. When applying for an entitlement Cobblestone shall provide the Town with Cobblestone's estimated development timeline for the phase. Cobblestone will pursue development according to that timeline with due diligence.
- d. <u>Prohibited uses</u>. Cobblestone may not enter into any lease of commercial space within the Property where the intended use will be any of the uses described in Exhibit <u>C</u>.
- e. <u>Use of completed facilities</u>. Any completed facilities must be open to all Town residents on the same basis as for people residing within the property, including with respect to requirements for memberships and fees. For example, any recreational or health club facilities within the Property may charge a membership or usage fee, but may not charge fees to persons residing within the Property that are different from those charged to people residing elsewhere in Rolesville.

- f. <u>Cooperation.</u> Cobblestone will cooperate with the Town in its development of the Property and the redevelopment of the Town's historic center. By way of illustration, but not by way of limitation, Cobblestone agrees as follows:
 - i. Cobblestone will provide, within ten days of receipt, copies of reports and other documents related to the Property and the Project., including but not limited to reports concerning the financial feasibility, market feasibility, site assembly, phasing, and environmental remediation.
 - ii. Cobblestone will advise the Town on a pro-active basis and in a timely manner whenever any timeline previously provided to the Town becomes materially different from Cobblestone's updated expectations. Cobblestone at the same time will provide the Town with a revised timeline.
 - iii. Cobblestone will provide the Town with copies of existing floor plans and pro forma analyses on request. This paragraph does not require Cobblestone to create new versions of floor plans or pro formas, but instead only to provide copies of existing documents.
 - iv. Cobblestone will involve the Town Manager, or the Town Manager's designee, in Cobblestone's process with other governmental entities, including participation in calls or conferences and sharing documents.
- g. <u>Monthly reports</u>; appearances before the Town Board. Cobblestone will provide, each month beginning in <u>March</u>, 2021 [first full month following the Agreement's effective date], a written narrative report summarizing development activity for the previous month.

At any time and from time to time, at the Town's request, Cobblestone will provide an appropriate representative to appear before the Town Board to provide a narrative update on the Project and to provide full and complete answers to questions from Board members. The Town does not expect that these requests will occur more frequently than every three months.

h. <u>Delivery of Work Product</u>. If Cobblestone does not to proceed with the Project, Cobblestone shall make available at no cost to the Town and for its unrestricted use all available work product related directly to the Property and the

Project in possession and control of Cobblestone, including market analyses, soil and engineering reports, geotechnical reports, environmental reports, studies and testing, construction budgets and other documentation produced specifically related to the Property and the Project.

7. Town's obligations.

- a. <u>Property sale</u>. The Town will sell the Property to Cobblestone pursuant to the Purchase Agreement.
- b. <u>Utilities, sidewalks and other improvements.</u> The Town shall act with due diligence to apply amounts received under its Locally Administered Projects Grant from Main Street LAPP (the "Grant") for public improvements between Burlington Mills Road to Young Street, including streetscape improvements, crosswalks, curb and gutter improvements, new sidewalks and bicycle transportation enhancements, as described in the Town's Grant application. The Town will maintain compliance with the Grant terms and will provide the matching funds for these improvements as required by the Grant terms. This commitment provides for the use of approximately \$3,700,000 in funding that will benefit the Project, including approximately \$735,000 in direct Town funding. The Town's participate in these improvements is contingent upon the Town actually receiving the grant funding.
- c. <u>Undergrounding of utilities</u>. The Town will participate with Cobblestone in a project to underground utilities throughout the total road frontage of the Project. Cobblestone will provide a plan to the Town for review and approval of undergrounding the utilities near the Property. Town will contribute a maximum of \$250,000 (not to exceed 50% of the total cost of undergrounding) to the approved undergrounding project of the Duke Energy utilities located at the intersection of Main and Young Streets.
- c. <u>Cooperation; Town as land use regulator</u>. The Town will cooperate with Cobblestone in carrying out the purposes and intents of this Agreement.

The Town shall provide to Cobblestone any of the following which the Town may have in its possession and which are related to the Property: blight reports, surveys, engineering and geotechnical reports, and previous concept plans.

Cobblestone acknowledges, however, that the Town acts in separate capacities as a party to a business agreement such as this Agreement, and as a land use regulator. The Town makes no representation, and can give no assurances, that any land use or related approvals necessary for the Project will be forthcoming at any time. The Town promises, however, to act in a prompt and professional manner in the review and consideration of all matters. The review process may result in Project design, construction and development requirements above the requirements stated in this Agreement, and may result in requests for community benefits beyond those provided for in this Agreement. If the development review process results in increasing Cobblestone's obligations under this Agreement, then Cobblestone must comply with the results of the development review process. Cobblestone will not be entitled to any setoff or reduction of commitments under this Agreement, or entitled to any additional compensation or other consideration from the Town.

d. <u>Credits against Town fees.</u> Upon Cobblestone's receipt of a building permit for the first building of each development stage, the Town will provide Cobblestone the following credits (but only up to the amount of the fee otherwise payable):

Against the Town's parks and recreation fees: any amounts (up to \$160,000) previously paid by Cobblestone towards the site, design, programming, building, parking, or equipping of the Municipal Facility.

- e. <u>Commercial development incentives.</u> For each completed building on the Property with a commercial component (not including the Municipal Facility), the Town will pay Cobblestone a commercial development incentive, expected to be approximately \$90,000, as described in this subsection.
 - i. The Town will pay the incentive on each of the first three February 1's after a building receives its certificate of occupancy and has been assessed for property taxes on the completed building that were due on or before the previous October 1. The amount of the payment on each date will be equal to 50% of the property taxes actually paid with respect to that building in the previous six months.
 - ii. The total amount of commercial development incentives will be subject to a cap. This cap is equal to 100% of the payments that the Town

estimates would be due if Cobblestone completes its development in accordance with the schematic design provided under Section 1, using the Town's current tax rate and the current Wake County table of values.

- iii. If at any time Cobblestone owes any taxes or governmental fees or charges with respect to the Project, whether those amounts are owed to the Town or to some other governmental entity, the Town may withhold any incentive payment until the resolution of the delinquency. These fees and charges may include regulatory or administrative fees or fines. At its option, the Town may apply any payment due under this subsection to satisfy taxes, fees or other charges owed to the Town. The Town need not pay any incentive payment provided for under this subsection if an Event of Default is continuing on Cobblestone's part.
- f. <u>Total development incentives</u>. Total development incentives from the Town (including the Town's contribution to the undergrounding of utilities, any credits against fees owed to the Town, and performance based commercial development incentives) will not exceed approximately \$500,000.

8. Defaults and Remedies; Dispute Resolution

- a. <u>Defaults</u>. A party is in default under this Agreement if it fails to observe and perform any covenant, condition or agreement on its part to be observed or performed for a period of 30 days after notice specifying the failure and requesting that it be remedied has been given by the other party. Any such failure is an "Event of Default" under this Agreement.
- b. <u>Remedies</u>. Whenever any Event of Default is continuing, the non-defaulting party may take either or both of the following remedial steps:
 - i. At its option, cure the default by paying money or taking any other appropriate action, in which case the defaulting party must reimburse the defaulting party for all costs and expenses reasonably incurred in curing the default.

- ii. Take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect the amounts then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligation, agreement or covenant of a party under this Agreement.
- c. <u>No remedy exclusive</u>; other provisions. No remedy conferred or reserved in this Agreement is intended to be exclusive, but instead is intended to be cumulative. No delay or omission to exercise any right or power accruing upon any default constitutes a waiver of that right or power. A waiver of any default is limited to the default so waived and does not waive any other default. If a party incurs legal or other costs and expenses to collect any payments due under this Agreement, or to enforce the performance or observance of any obligation or covenant under this Agreement, then to the extent permitted by law each party promises to reimburse a non-defaulting party for all reasonable legal and other fees and costs incurred in the collection or enforcement.
- d. <u>Dispute resolution</u>. In the event of a dispute between the parties concerning the terms or performance of this Agreement, the parties will take the following steps prior to commencing any proceeding before a court or administrative body:
 - i. <u>Exchange of positions</u>. Any party noting a dispute under this Agreement will notify the other party of the nature of the dispute and the first party's proposed resolution. Within ten days after the effective date of the notice, the other party must respond in writing as to its view of the dispute and its position on the proposed resolution.
 - ii. <u>Meet and confer.</u> If the parties are unable to reach an agreement on the dispute and upon notice from any party, the parties will promptly hold a meeting attended by representatives with appropriate authority to resolve the dispute. At this meeting the parties will attempt in good faith to negotiate a resolution of the dispute.
 - iii. <u>Mediation</u>. If the dispute remains unsettled by negotiation, the parties will engage the services of a professional mediator agreed upon by the parties. The parties will then attempt in good faith to resolve the dispute through mediation. The Town and Cobblestone will each pay one-half of the

mediator's fees and expenses and each party will pay all its own legal fees and other expenses related to the mediation. Each party must be represented at the mediation by a representative with appropriate authority to resolve the matters in dispute. Only after mediation may a part initiate legal or administrative proceedings.

9. Miscellaneous

- a. <u>Authority for this Agreement.</u> The Project, and entering into this agreement, is an economic development project for the Town. The Town expects that the Project will enhance the Town's taxable property, employment, and business prospects. The Town is authorized to enter into this Agreement by statute, including Section 158-7.1 of the North Carolina General Statutes. **This Agreement does not constitute a "Development Agreement" within the meaning of Part 3d, Chapter 160A of the North Carolina General Statutes.**
- b. <u>Notices</u>. Any communication provided for in this Agreement must be in writing (not including facsimile transmission or electronic mail). Any communication under this Agreement will be deemed given on the delivery date shown on a certified mail receipt, or a delivery receipt (or similar evidence) from a national commercial package delivery service, if addressed as follows:

If intended for the Town, to Town of Rolesville, c/o Town Manager, Town Hall, 502 Southtown Circle., Rolesville, NC 27570

If intended for Cobblestone, to Cobblestone Crossing LLC, 8480 Honeycutt Road, Suite 200, Raleigh, NC 27615

Any addressee may designate additional or different addresses for communications by notice given under this Section to the other.

c. <u>Each party will bear its own costs.</u> Each party will bear its own costs of the fees and expenses of its counsel and consultants, and of the studies or surveys required under this Agreement or that it otherwise commissions or obtains for its use under this Agreement.

- d. <u>Limitation on liability of officers and agents</u>. No officer, agent or employee of the Town will be subject to any personal liability or accountability because of the execution of this Agreement or any other documents related to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Those officers, agents or employees will be deemed to execute such documents in their official capacities only, and not in their individual capacities. This provision does not relieve any officer, agent or employee from the performance of any official duty provided by law.
- e. <u>No assignment.</u> Neither party may assign any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the express consent of the other.
- f. <u>Amendments</u>. This Agreement may only be modified in writing signed by all parties.
- g. <u>Governing law</u>. The parties intend that North Carolina law will govern this Agreement and all matters of its interpretation. To the extent permitted by law, the parties agree that any action brought with respect to this Agreement must be brought in the North Carolina General Court of Justice in Wake County, North Carolina.
- h. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is determined to be unenforceable, that will not affect any other provision of this Agreement.
- i. <u>Binding effect</u>. Subject to the specific provisions of this Agreement, this Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties and their respective successors and assigns.
- j. <u>Entire agreement</u>. This Agreement, together with the Purchase Agreement, constitutes the entire agreement between the Town and Cobblestone with respect to its general subject matter.
- k. <u>No third-party beneficiaries</u>. There are no parties intended as third-party beneficiaries of this Agreement.
- l. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, including separate counterparts. Each will be an original, but all of them together constitute the same instrument.

[The remainder of this page has been left blank intentionally.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Town and Cobblestone have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written by duly authorized officers.

(SEAL) ATTEST:		TOWN OF ROLESVILLE NORTH CAROLINA
Robin P Town 0	eyton	By: Kelly Arnold Town Manager
		ROSSING OF ROLESVILLE LLC
		Lawrette a Boulern Aging Mamber
Exhibits: A – Vicinity Map		
B – Schematic Des	ign July 21, 2020	

C - Prohibited commercial uses

[Economic Development Agreement dated as of February, 2021]

Exhibit A - Vicinity Map

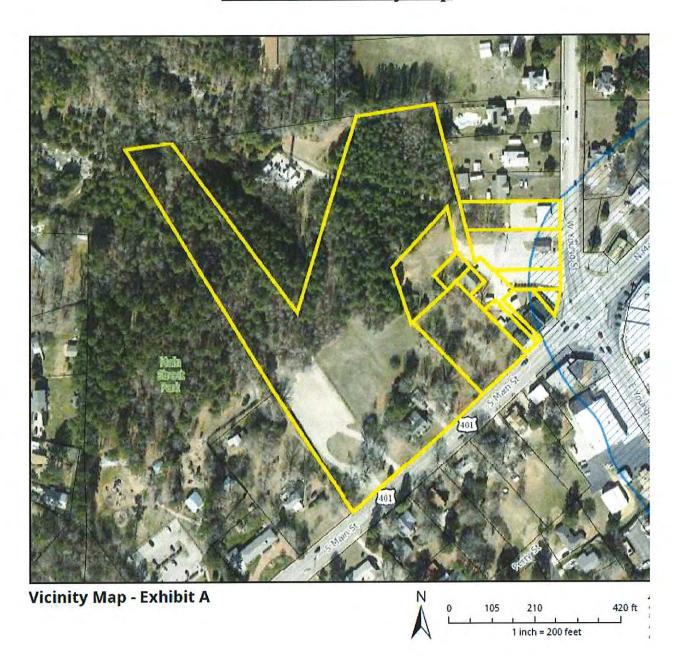


Exhibit B - Schematic Design February 2, 2021

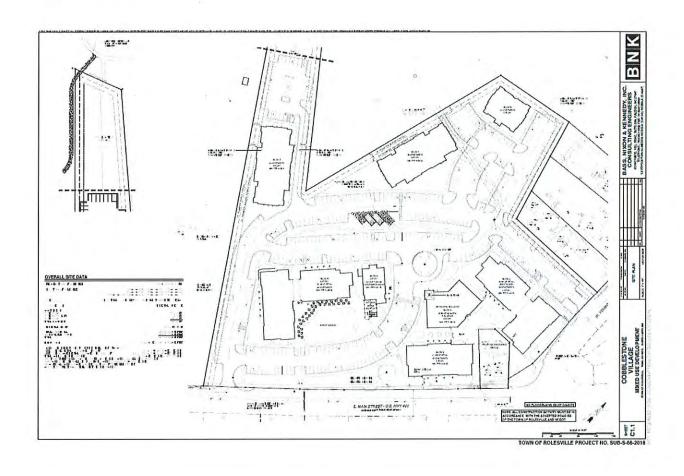


Exhibit C - Prohibited Uses

- laundry or dry-cleaning establishment, provided, the foregoing restriction shall not include an establishment for dry cleaning drop-off and pick-up only, with no cleaning services being performed at the subject property;
- · off-track betting establishment;
- a pool or billiard hall (unless operated as part of a large-scale family recreation or entertainment facility);
- · adult bookstore or any form of adult entertainment;
- bingo parlor;
- · a video game parlor or amusement arcade;
- a business which would emit or produce noxious fumes or gases (excluding nail salons and restaurants) or loud noises;
- · an assembly or manufacturing operation;
- · an establishment selling or exhibiting pornographic materials;
- nightclub, discotheque or dance hall;
- · a mortuary or funeral home;
- · a church or other place of worship;
- any establishment which stocks, displays, sells, rents, or offers for sale or rent
 any merchandise or material commonly used or intended for the use with or in
 consumption of any narcotic, dangerous drug, or other controlled substance
 (other than alcohol or tobacco), including, without limitation, any hashish pipe,
 water pipe, bong, pipe screens, rolling papers, rolling devices, coke spoons or
 roach clips;

- an operation whose principal use is a massage parlor and/or exotic dancing, provided this shall not prohibit massages in connection with a beauty salon, health club or athletic facility; or
- a pawn shop.



Case	No	
Date	2/25/21	

Development Plan Review Application

Project/Development Name Cobblestone Village			
Application Type Sketch Plan	□ Preliminary Plat		
Construction Drawings	□ Final Plat		
Contact Information			
Property Owner Town of Rolesville			
Address P.O. Box 250	City/State/Zip Rolesville, NC 27571-0250		
Phone 919-556-3506	Email_mical.mcfarland@rolesville.nc.gov		
Developer KDM Development Corporation			
Contact Name Kenyon Burnham			
Address 1080 Pittsford Victor Rd #202	City/State/Zip Pittsford, NY 14534		
Phone 585-381-0570	Email kburnha2@u.rochester.edu		
Address 6310 Chapel Hill Road, Ste. 250	City/State/Zip Raleigh, NC 27607		
Contact Name Marty D. Bizzell, PE, CPESC Address 6310 Chapel Hill Road, Ste. 250	City/State/Zip Raleigh, NC 27607		
Phone 919-851-4422	Email_marty.bizzell@bnkinc.com		
Property Information 1769-01-0454, 1769-01-4357,1769-01-4357,1769-01-3468, 1769-01-2542, 1769-01-4654, 1769-01-5454, 1769-01-5408,1769-01-4576	9-01-3355, 9-01-3520, 100, 101, 109, W. Young St. Address0, 106, 108, 114 S. Main St.		
Total Property Acreage 10.96	Total Phases1		
Total Lots 1 - Proposed	Average Lot Size N/A		
Smallest Lot Size N/A	Largest Lot Size N/A		
time of plan submittal. I understand that the Planning payment. I have read the Development Review Prod	erstand that I am responsible for all review fees due at the g Department will not review my plans until I remit sedures, and I understand the review processes and		
Signature Manay D. Brill	Date 2/25/21		

ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT TOWN OF ROLESVILLE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

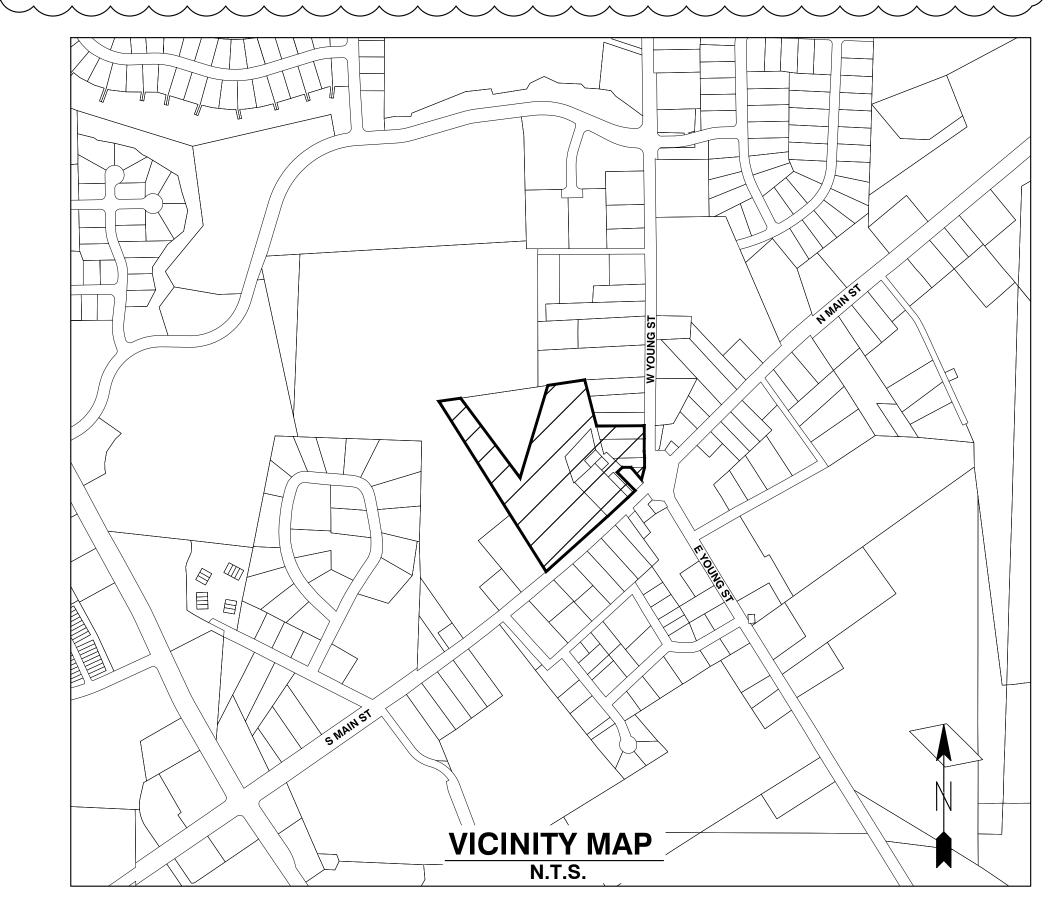
	STRIDGES AND AD	BREVIATIO	113
400	ACCRECATE DAGE COURCE		EVICTING OURD INVEST
ABC	AGGREGATE BASE COURSE		EXISTING CURB INLET EXISTING GRATE INLET/YARD INLET
ALUM	ALUMINUM		EXISTING FLARED END SECTION
AST2	ALUMINIZED STEEL — TYPE 2		EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
B-B	BACK TO BACK	⊳	EXISTING BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY
BOA	BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY	\bowtie	EXISTING GATE VALVE
C&G	CURB AND GUTTER	\triangleright	EXISTING REDUCER
CFS	CUBIC FEET PER SECOND		EXISTING WATER METER
CI	CURB INLET	(\$)	EXISTING SAN SEWER MANHOLE
CL	CENTER LINE	© ~~	EXISTING CLEAN OUT EXISTING POWER POLE
СМР	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE		EXISTING FOWER FOLE EXISTING TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
CO	CLEAN OUT	*	EXISTING AREA LIGHT
СОМ	COMMUNICATION	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ 	EXISTING SIGN
CONC	CONCRETE		NEW CURB INLET
DCV	DOUBLE CHECK VALVE		NEW GRATE INLET/YARD INLET
		►	NEW FLARED END SECTION
DDCV	DOUBLE DETECTOR CHECK VALVE	•	NEW FIRE HYDRANT
DI	DROP INLET	₩•	NEW BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY
DIP	DUCTILE IRON PIPE	₩	NEW GATE VALVE NEW REDUCER
EASE	EASEMENT		NEW WATER METER
ELEC	ELECTRIC	 (7)	NEW TEE
EX	EXISTING	n	NEW PLUG
FES	FLARED END SECTION		NEW MANHOLE
FH	FIRE HYDRANT	•	NEW CLEAN OUT
FM	FORCE MAIN	•	NEW SIGN
FT	FEET		IRON PIPE
FT/SEC	FEET PER SEC	lacktriangledown	BENCHMARK
GALV	GALVANIZED		TEMP SILT FENCE
GV	GATE VALVE	TPF TPF	TEMP TREE PROTECTION FENCE
HDPE	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE		TEMP COMBINATION SILT/TREE PROTECTION FENCE
L	LENGTH		TEMP DIVERSION DITCH
LF	LINEAR FEET	- • - • -	
	MANHOLE		DISTORDED LIMITS
MH			STREAM
PAVE	PAVEMENT	——————————————————————————————————————	EXISTING GAS LINE
PE	FINISHED PAD ELEVATION	com com	EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS LINE
PP	POWER POLE		EXISTING UNDERGROUND TELEPHONE
PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE	———— E ——— E —	EXISTING UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC
R	RADIUS	OHE OHE	EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC
R/W	RIGHT-OF-WAY	w w	EXISTING WATER LINE
RED	REDUCER	FM FM	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN
RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	ss ss	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
RPZ	REDUCED PRESSURE ZONE	==========	EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE
SS	SANITARY SEWER		
STA	STATION		
TDD	TEMPORARY DIVERSION DITCH		
TELE	TELEPHONE		
TSB	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN		NEW SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN
UG	UNDERGROUND		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
WCR	WHEEL CHAIR RAMP	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBLE ROUTE

NOTE: ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCEPTED POLICIES OF THE TOWN OF ROLESVILLE AND

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT

TOWN OF ROLESVILLE, WAKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS TOWN OF ROLESVILLE PROJECT NO. SITE PLAN APPLICATION NO. CUP-SB-21-01



SHEET INDEX

	COVER
C0.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMOLITION PLAN
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C2.1	UTILITY PLAN
C3.1	GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
C3.2	BMP DETAILS
C3.3	EROSION CONTROL PLAN - STAGE 1
C3.4	EROSION CONTROL PLAN - STAGE 2
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C3.6	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
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A2.31	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 3
A2.32	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 3
A2.51	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 5
A2.61	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 6
A2.62	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 6
A2.71	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDGS 1& 7
A2.72	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDGS 1& 7
A2.81	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 8
N	

KDM DEVELOPMENT CORPORAT 1080 PITTSFORD VICTOR RD, STE 202 **PITTSFORD NY 14534-3805**

CONTACT: KENYON BURHNAM

PHONE: 585-465-0099

TOWN OF ROLESVILLE

ROLESVILLE, NC 27571-0250

OWNER:

P.O. BOX 250

DEVELOPER:

EMAIL: KBURNHA2@U.ROCHESTER.EDU

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

WHEELCHAIR RAMP

WATER LINE

WATER METER

YARD INLET

- ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE MUNICIPALITY STANDARDS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND DETAILS. WORK IN THIS PROJECT SHALL ALSO CONFORM TO THESE PLANS, THE LATEST EDITIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (NCDOT) ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS. THE ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS. THE NORTH CAROLINA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, THE NORTH CAROLINA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REGULATIONS, THE FINAL GEOTECHNICAL REPÓRT, AND GENERAL DESIGN STANDARDS. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN ANY OF THESE STANDARDS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR PLANS, THE MOST STRINGENT SHALL
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR TRENCH SAFETY DURING ALL PHASES OF
- THE LOCATION AND SIZE OF EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN IS APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY LOCATING AND PROTECTING ALL PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UTILITIES WHICH LIE IN OR ADJACENT TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE NORTH CAROLINA ONE-CALL UTILITIES LOCATION SERVICE (ULOCO) AT 1-800-632-4949 FOR PROPER IDENTIFICATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES WITHIN THE SITE.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SALVAGE AND PROTECT ALL EXISTING POWER POLES, SIGNS, MANHOLES, TELEPHONE RISERS, WATER VALVES, ETC. DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION PHASES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR, AT HIS OWN EXPENSE, ANY EXISTING UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

- TRAFFIC CONTROL ON PUBLIC STREETS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN, THE "MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES," AND AS FURTHER DIRECTED BY CITY AND
- ANY DISCREPANCIES FOUND BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND SITE CONDITIONS OR ANY INCONSISTENCIES OR AMBIGUITIES IN DRAWINGS OR SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER, IN WRITING, WHO SHALL PROMPTLY ADDRESS SUCH INCONSISTENCIES OR AMBIGUITIES. WORK DONE BY THE CONTRACTOR AFTER HIS DISCOVERY OF SUCH DISCREPANCIES, INCONSISTENCIES, OR AMBIGUITIES SHALL BE DONE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S RISK.
- A PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE SHALL BE HELD PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE THE MEETING WITH THE CITY ENGINEERING DIVISION.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ALL REQUIRED PERMITS AND APPROVALS PRIOR TO

- ALL AREAS SHALL BE GRADED FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE, AND AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ADEQUATE SITE DRAINAGE DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE SILT FENCES (OR OTHER METHODS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AND APPLICABLE MUNICIPALITY) AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT SILT AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM FLOWING ONTO ADJACENT PROPERTIES. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL EROSION, CONSERVATION, AND SILTATION ORDINANCES, CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL EMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES UPON COMPLETION OF PERMANENT DRAINAGE FACILITIES AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A STAND OF GRASS OR OTHER GROWTH TO PREVENT EROSION.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAR AND GRUB THE SITE AND PLACE, COMPACT, AND MOISTURE CONDITION ALL FILL PER THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S SPECIFICATIONS. THE FILL MATERIAL TO BE USED SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO PLACEMENT.
- 11. MATERIALS USED TO CONSTRUCT EMBANKMENTS FOR ANY PURPOSE, BACKFILL AROUND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, OR IN UTILITY TRENCHES FOR ANY OTHER DEPRESSION REQUIRING FILL OR BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY THE STANDARD PROCTOR TEST AS SET OUT IN ASTM STANDARD D698. STONE BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% MAXIMUM DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY THE MODIFIED PROCTOR TEST AS SET OUT IN ASTM STANDARD D1557. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL, PRIOR TO ANY OPERATIONS INVOLVING FILLING OR BACKFILLING, SUBMIT THE RESULTS OF THE PROCTOR TEST TOGETHER WITH A CERTIFICATION THAT THE SOIL TESTED IS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE MATERIALS TO BE USED ON THE PROJECT. TESTS SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY A CERTIFIED MATERIALS TESTING LABORATORY AND THE CERTIFICATIONS MADE BY A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REPRESENTING THE LABORATORY.
- 12. PROPOSED CONTOURS AND GUTTER GRADIENTS ARE APPROXIMATE. PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATIONS AND ROADWAY PROFILES/SUPERELEVATIONS ARE TO BE USED IN CASE OF DISCREPANCY.
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW, VERIFY AND COORDINATE ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON PLANS, INCLUDING THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATION OF CURB INLETS AND GRATE INLETS AND ALL UTILITIES CROSSING THE STORM SEWER PRIOR TO STARTING PROJECT.
- 14. ALL CURB JOINTS SHALL EXTEND THROUGH THE CURB. MINIMUM LENGTH OF OFFSET JOINTS AT RADIUS POINTS IS 1.5 FEET. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE SEALED WITH JOINT SEALANT.
- 15. ALL HANDICAP RAMPING, STRIPING, AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL CONFORM TO ADA REQUIREMENTS AND THE "NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUILDING CODE, VOL. 1-C ACCESSIBILITY CODE.
- 16. OWNER SHALL PROVIDE FENCING AND OTHER SAFETY MEASURES NECESSARY IN AND AROUND ANY PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MEASURES (PONDS, WETLANDS, ETC.) OBTAINING PROPER PERMITS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER.

- 17. RETAINING WALLS EXCEEDING 30 INCHES IN HEIGHT SHALL INCLUDE FALL PROTECTION IN THE FORM OF A HANDRAIL OR FENCING ON THE HIGH SIDE OF THE RETAINING WALL.
- PROPER COMPACTION OF ALL FILL SOILS PLACED ON SITE SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. COMPACTION SHALL BE ADEQUATE TO SUPPORT THE PROPOSED USE OF AREAS IN WHICH FILL SOILS ARE PLACED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HIRE A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO TEST AND VERIFY THAT COMPACTION IS ADEQUATE FOR THE PROPOSED USE OF IN THE AREA OF FILL
- ALL ASPECTS OF THIS PROJECT SHALL BE IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH CURRENT ADA STANDARDS. IF THE CONTRACTOR NOTES ANY ASPECTS OF THE PROJECT WHICH ARE NOT IN COMPLIANCE, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO ANY FURTHER WORK BEING PERFORMED. ANY WORK PERFORMED AFTER THE CONTRACTOR NOTES SUCH A NON COMPLIANCE IS SUBJECT TO REMOVAL AND REPAIR AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- . THE CONTRACTOR OR OWNER SHALL EMPLOY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO TEST ALL EMBANKMENTS AND FILL PLACEMENT FOR PROPER COMPACTION. PROPER COMPACTION SHALL BE PER THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S RECOMMENDATIONS OR THESE PLANS, WHICHEVER IS MORE STRINGENT. EMBANKMENTS FOR PONDS SHALL BE PLACED IN 6 INCH LOOSE LAYERS AND SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A DENSITY OF NO LESS THAN 95% OF THE STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DENSITY AT A MOISTURE CONTENT OF + OR - TWO PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE OUTLET STRUCTURE AT ALL AT ALL PHASES OF INSTALLATION AND SHALL RETAIN WITH GEOTECHNICAL TESTING DATA. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO RETAIN ALL SHIPPING RECORDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE OUTLET STRUCTURE MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES. ALL OF THE ABOVE DATA MAY BE REQUIRED AS PART OF THE MUNICIPALITY AS-BUILT PROCESS AND SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE ENGINEER UPON REQUEST. THE CONTRACTOR AND OWNER SHALL HAVE DOCUMENTATION OF THESE TESTS
- 21. RETAINING WALLS SHOWN HEREIN SHALL BE DESIGNED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER WITH EXPERIENCE DESIGNING RETAINING WALLS. AT LEAST 14 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION OF RETAINING WALLS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE OWNER'S GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO SCHEDULE AND COORDINATE ALL APPROPRIATE INSPECTIONS, TESTING, AND VERIFICATION NECESSARY DURING RETAINING WALL CONSTRUCTION. THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS INSPECTION, TESTING AND VERIFICATION FOR THE DURATION OF RETAINING WALL CONSTRUCTION. PROPER SCHEDULING, EXECUTION, AND RECORD KEEPING FOR ALL REQUIRED INSPECTIONS, TESTING. AND VERIFICATION SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. SUCH RECORDS SHALL BE RETAINED AND SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE OWNER AND BASS, NIXON & KENNEDY, INC. ALL MONITORING, TESTING, AND VERIFICATION SHALL CONFORM TO THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE NC BUILDING CODE CHAPTER 18, SECTION 1806 OR THE WALL DESIGN ENGINEER'S SPECIFICATIONS,



QUANTITY SUMMARY

211125 11111252(2)	
PHASE NUMBER(S)	1
NUMBER OF LOT(S)	1
LOT NUMBER(S) BY PHASE	N/A
NUMBER OF UNITS	180
LIVABLE BUILDINGS	6
OPEN SPACE (AC)	2.32
NUMBER OF OPEN SPACE LOTS	N/A
PUBLIC WATER (LF)	875
PRIVATE SEWER (LF)	550
PUBLIC STREET (LF)	0
PUBLIC SIDEWALK (LF)	0
PUBLIC SIDEWALK (LF)	0

ENGINEER:

BASS, NIXON & KENNEDY, INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS 6310 CHAPEL HILL ROAD, SUITE 250 **RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27607**

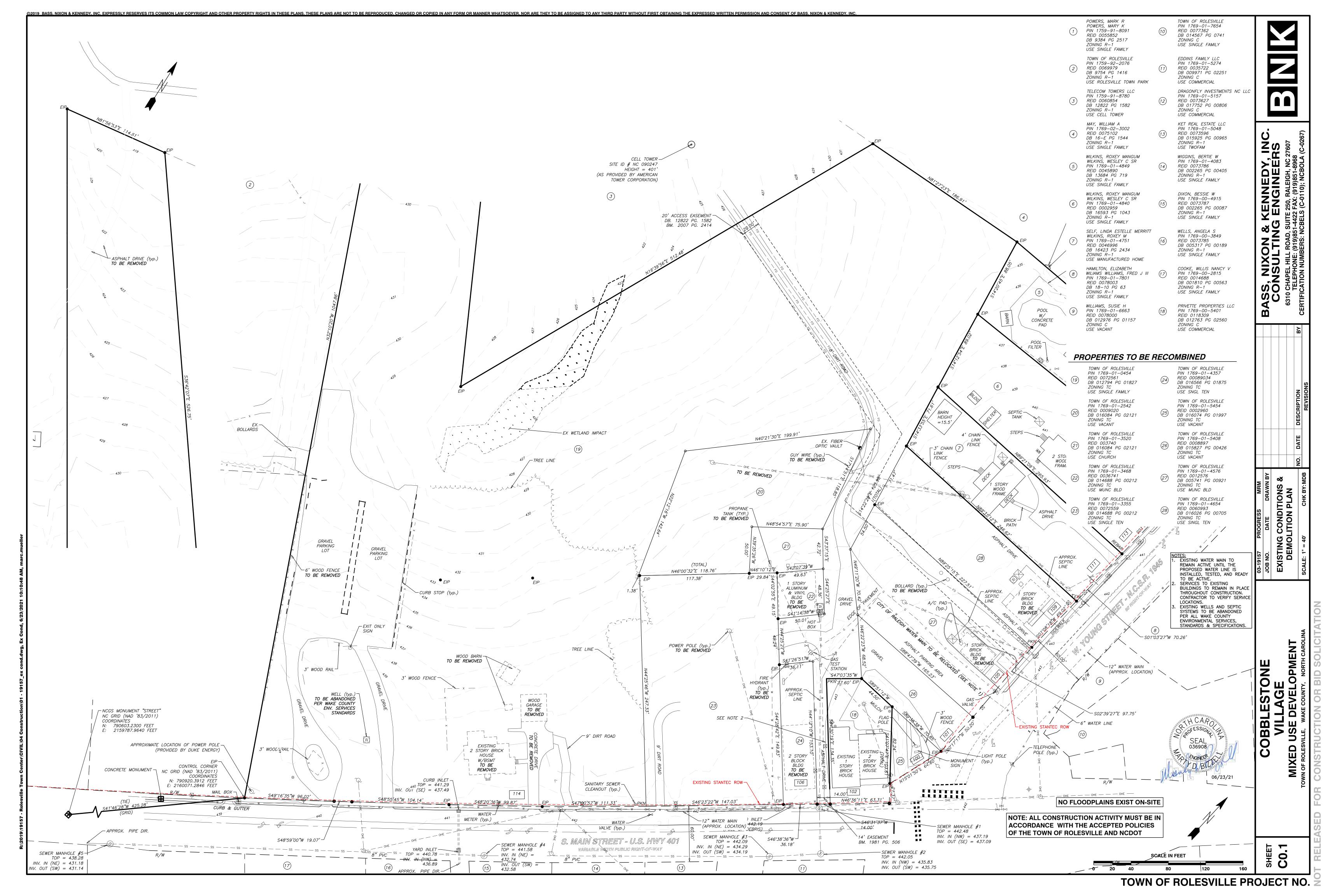
TELEPHONE: (919) 851-4422 FAX: (919) 851-8968

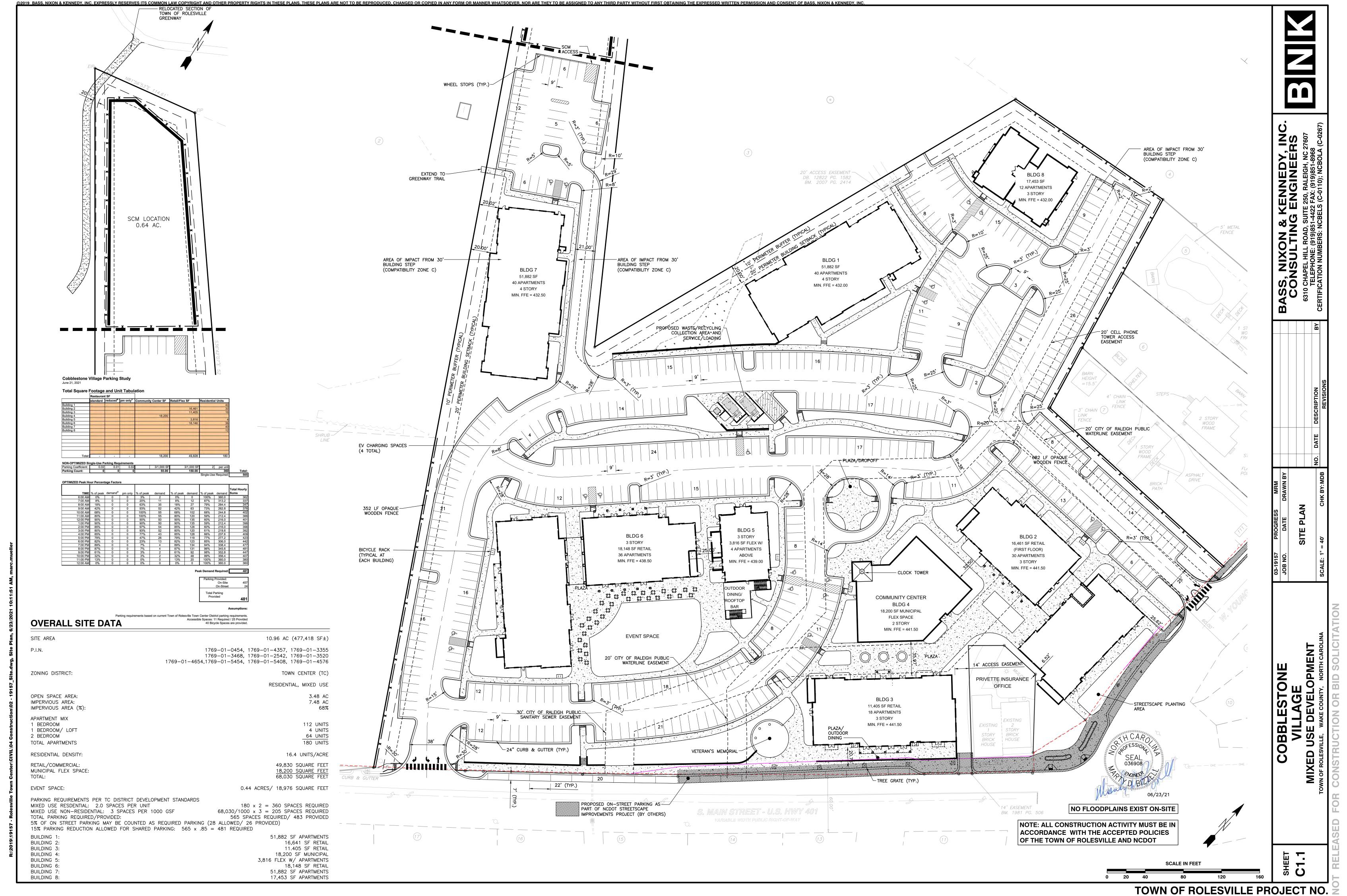
CERTIFICATION NUMBERS: NCBELS (C-0110) NCBOLA (C-0267)

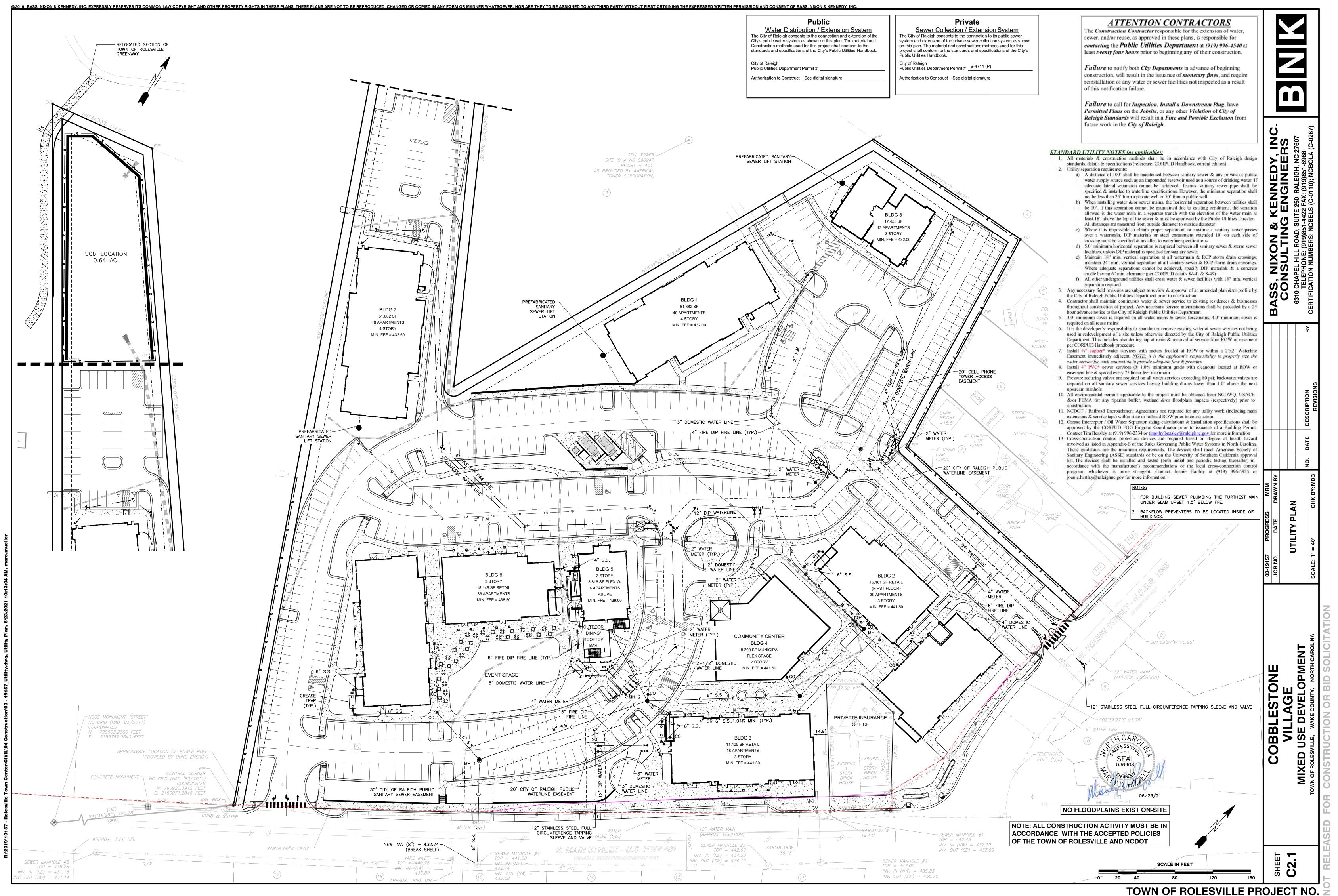
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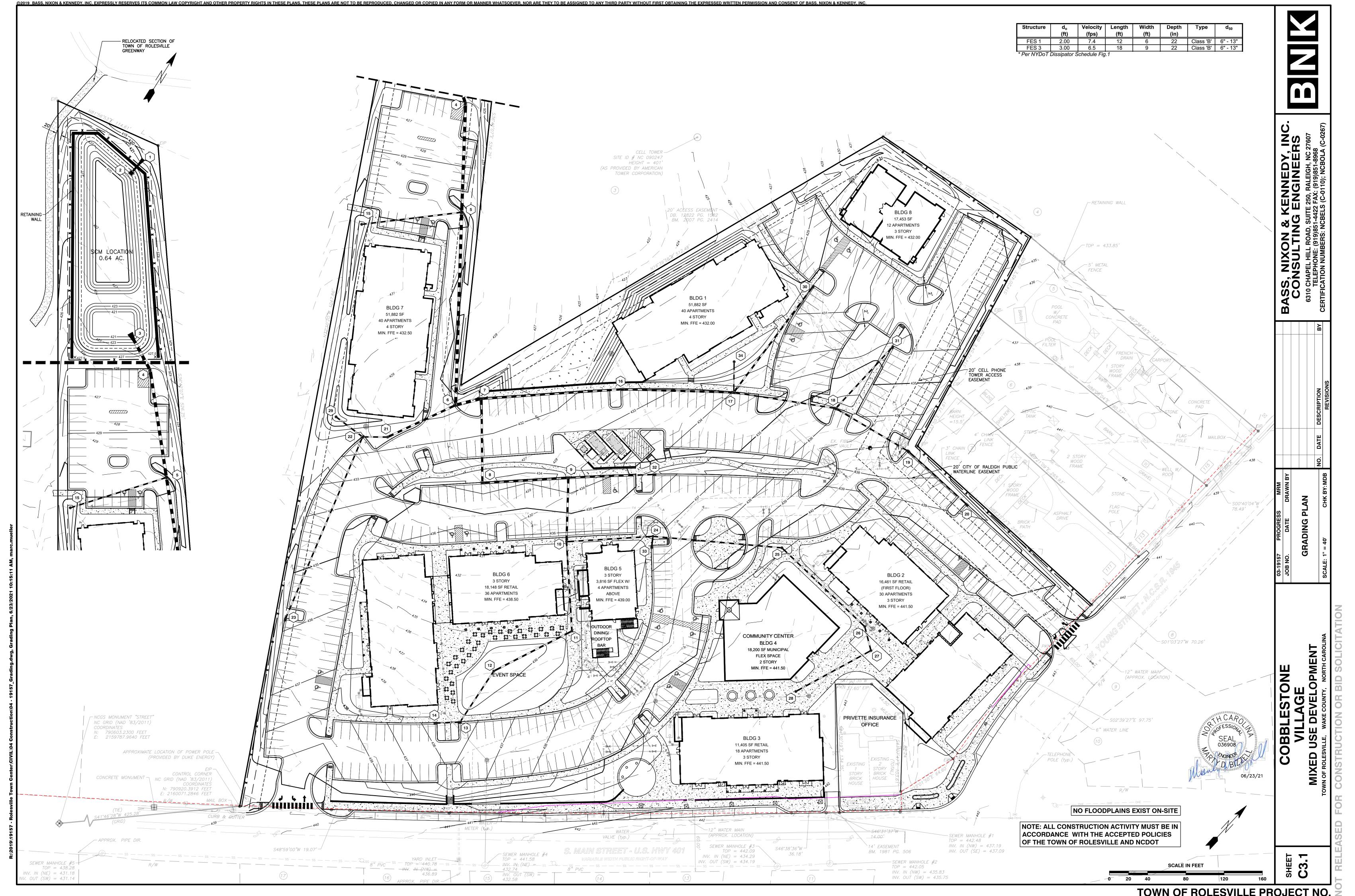
CONTACT: MARTY D. BIZZELL, PE, CPESC EMAIL: Marty.Bizzell@BNKinc.com

	SION CONTROL, STORMWATE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMEN'
APP	ROVED
ERO	SION CONTROL S
STO	RMWATER MGMT. S
FLO	OD STUDY S
DAT	E
	
WAKE COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA	ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANT SIGNATURE









STORMDRAINAGE PIPE TABLE							
U.S. STRUCTURE	D.S. STRUCTURE	U.S. INVERT	D.S. INVERT	LENGTH	DIAMETER	MATERIAL	SLOPE
2	1	420.00	419.80	18.80	24	HDPE	1.06%
4	3	421.26	421.00	43.91	36	HDPE	0.60%
5	4	422.04	421.36	113.45	36	HDPE	0.60%
6	5	423.35	422.14	201.82	36	HDPE	0.60%
7	6	423.62	423.45	28.04	36	HDPE	0.60%
8	7	425.82	424.94	88.24	24	HDPE	1.00%
9	8	426.82	425.92	90.21	24	HDPE	1.00%
10	9	427.59	426.92	67.14	24	HDPE	1.00%
11	10	428.63	427.69	93.66	18	HDPE	1.00%
12	11	429.65	428.73	91.93	18	HDPE	1.00%
13	12	430.39	429.75	63.96	15	HDPE	1.00%

	STORMDRAINAGE PIPE TABLE						
U.S. STRUCTURE	D.S. STRUCTURE	U.S. INVERT	D.S. INVERT	LENGTH	DIAMETER	MATERIAL	SLOPE
14	13	430.75	430.49	25.95	15	HDPE	1.00%
15	5	424.10	423.05	105.41	15	HDPE	1.00%
16	7	424.61	423.72	147.77	24	HDPE	0.60%
17	16	425.41	424.71	116.44	24	HDPE	0.60%
18	17	428.85	427.77	107.92	15	HDPE	1.00%
19	18	431.57	430.69	88.39	15	HDPE	1.00%
20	19	432.50	431.67	83.01	15	HDPE	1.00%
21	6	424.24	423.45	78.65	24	HDPE	1.00%
22	21	424.60	424.34	26.08	15	HDPE	1.00%
23	22	426.78	424.70	207.76	15	HDPE	1.00%
24	10	432.22	430.86	90.55	15	HDPE	1.50%

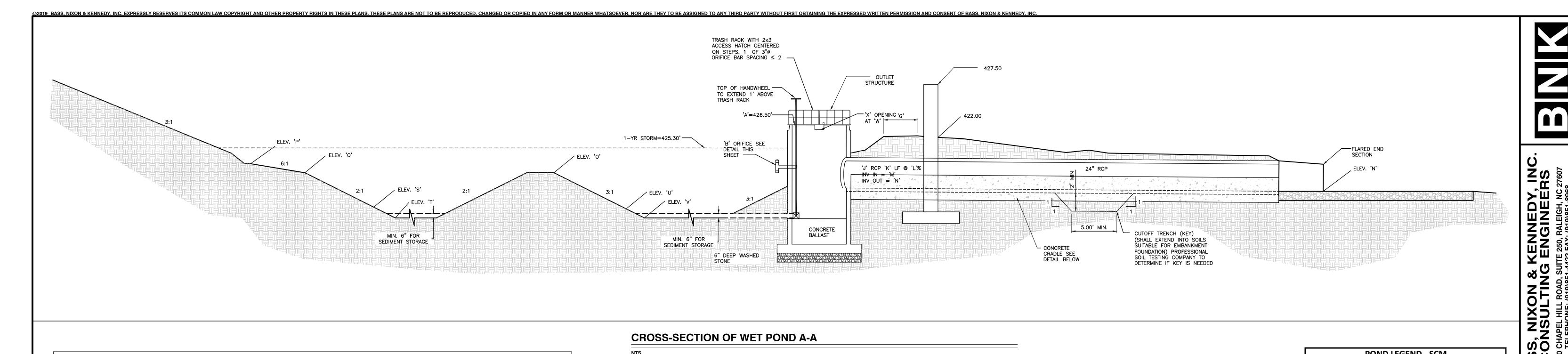
STORMDRAINAGE PIPE TABLE							
U.S. STRUCTURE	D.S. STRUCTURE	U.S. INVERT	D.S. INVERT	LENGTH	DIAMETER	MATERIAL	SLOP
25	24	434.35	432.32	135.44	15	HDPE	1.50%
26	25	438.26	437.54	119.60	15	HDPE	0.609
27	26	438.42	438.26	25.90	15	HDPE	0.60
28	27	438.96	438.42	89.48	15	HDPE	0.60
29	22	425.05	424.70	34.83	15	HDPE	1.009
30	17	426.34	425.51	137.91	18	HDPE	0.60
31	18	429.82	428.95	87.08	15	HDPE	1.009
32	9	429.50	428.60	90.23	15	HDPE	1.009
33	24	432.43	432.32	11.23	15	HDPE	1.009
34	17	428.09	427.77	32.09	12	HDPE	1.009

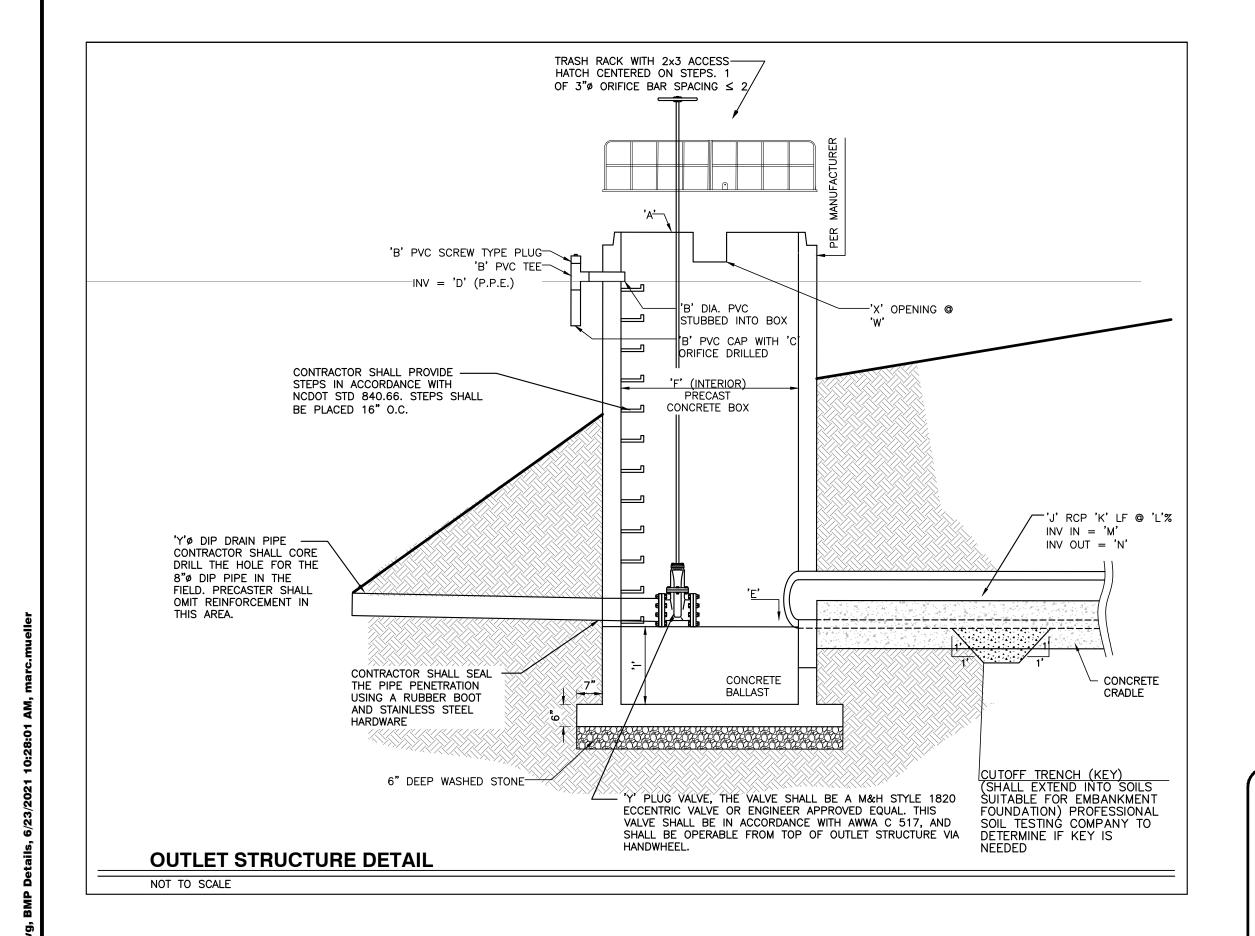
STRUCTURE NAME	INSERTION RIM ELEVATION (FLOWLINE)	STRUCTURE TYPE
1	422.45 INV. IN= 419.80 (2)	24" FES
2	425.18 INV. OUT= 420.00 (1)	RISER
3	424.83 INV. IN= 421.00 (4)	36" FES
4	428.06 INV. IN= 421.36 (5) INV. OUT= 421.26 (3)	NCDOT CURB INLET
5	429.99 INV. IN= 422.14 (6) INV. IN= 423.05 (15) INV. OUT= 422.04 (4)	NCDOT CURB INLET
6	430.99 INV. IN= 423.45 (7) INV. IN= 423.45 (21) INV. OUT= 423.35 (5)	NCDOT CURB INLET
7	431.10 INV. IN= 424.94 (8) INV. IN= 423.72 (16) INV. OUT= 423.62 (6)	NCDOT CURB INLET
8	433.95 INV. IN= 425.92 (9) INV. OUT= 425.82 (7)	NCDOT CURB INLET
9	433.95 INV. IN= 426.92 (10) INV. IN= 428.60 (32) INV. OUT= 426.82 (8)	NCDOT CURB INLET

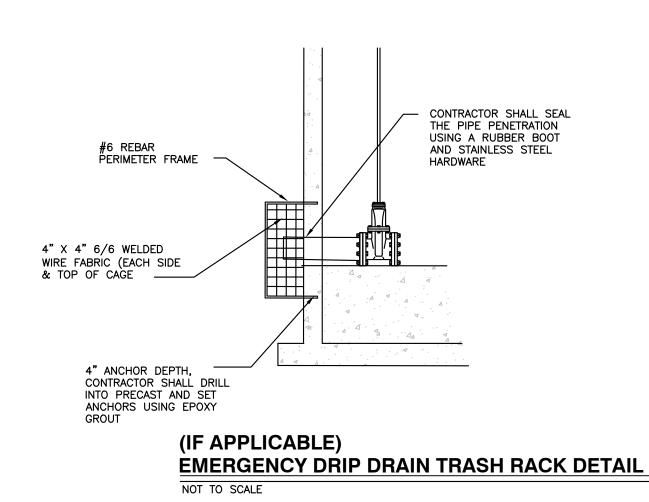
STORMDRAINAGE STRUCTURE TABLE		
STRUCTURE NAME	INSERTION RIM ELEVATION (FLOWLINE)	STRUCTURE TYPE
10	436.44 INV. IN= 427.69 (11) INV. IN= 430.86 (24) INV. OUT= 427.59 (9)	HDPE YARD INLET
11	437.44 INV. IN= 428.73 (12) INV. OUT= 428.63 (10)	HDPE YARD INLET
12	435.50 INV. IN= 429.75 (13) INV. OUT= 429.65 (11)	HDPE YARD INLET
13	436.00 INV. IN= 430.49 (14) INV. OUT= 430.39 (12)	NCDOT CURB INLET
14	436.00 INV. OUT= 430.75 (13)	NCDOT CURB INLET
15	428.50 INV. OUT= 424.10 (5)	HDPE YARD INLET
16	432.34 INV. IN= 424.71 (17) INV. OUT= 424.61 (7)	NCDOT CURB INLET
17	434.06 INV. IN= 427.77 (18) INV. IN= 425.51 (30) INV. IN= 427.77 (34) INV. OUT= 425.41 (16)	NCDOT CURB INLET
18	436.03 INV. IN= 430.69 (19) INV. IN= 428.95 (31) INV. OUT= 428.85 (17)	NCDOT CURB INLET

STORMDRAINAGE STRUCTURE TABLE		
STRUCTURE NAME	INSERTION RIM ELEVATION (FLOWLINE)	STRUCTURE TYPE
19	437.51 INV. IN= 431.67 (20) INV. OUT= 431.57 (18)	NCDOT CURB INLET
20	438.65 INV. OUT= 432.50 (19)	NCDOT CURB INLET
21	431.60 INV. IN= 424.34 (22) INV. OUT= 424.24 (6)	HDPE YARD INLET
22	432.00 INV. IN= 424.70 (23) INV. IN= 424.70 (29) INV. OUT= 424.60 (21)	NCDOT CURB INLET
23	435.97 INV. OUT= 426.78 (22)	NCDOT CURB INLET
24	437.18 INV. IN= 432.32 (33) INV. IN= 432.32 (25) INV. OUT= 432.22 (10)	HDPE YARD INLET
25	440.83 INV. IN= 437.54 (26) INV. OUT= 434.35 (24)	HDPE YARD INLET
26	441.63 INV. IN= 438.26 (27) INV. OUT= 438.26 (25)	HDPE YARD INLET
27	441.50 INV. IN= 438.42 (28) INV. OUT= 438.42 (26)	HDPE YARD INLET

STORMDRAINAGE STRUCTURE TABLE			
STRUCTURE NAME	INSERTION RIM ELEVATION (FLOWLINE)	STRUCTURE TYPE	
28	441.72 INV. OUT= 438.96 (27)	HDPE YARD INLET	
29	428.50 INV. OUT= 425.05 (22)	HDPE YARD INLET	
30	430.24 INV. OUT= 426.34 (17)	NCDOT CURB INLET	
31	434.19 INV. OUT= 429.82 (18)	NCDOT CURB INLET	
32	435.81 INV. OUT= 429.50 (9)	NCDOT CURB INLET	
33	437.54 INV. OUT= 432.43 (24)	NCDOT CURB INLET	
34	431.00 INV. OUT= 428.09 (17)	HDPE YARD INLET	







CROSS-SECTION OF WET POND A-A

NTS

WET POND - SCM	
Square Riser Inside Length (ft):	4.
Riser Wall Thickness (in):	<u> </u>
Pond Bottom Elevation (ft):	420.0
Riser Crest Elevation (ft):	426.5
Density of Riser Matl (lb/cf):	150.0
Pipe Inside Diameter (in):	2
Pipe Wall Thickness (in):	
Length of Pipe Exposed (ft):	1.0
Density H2O (lb/cf):	62.4
Volume H2O Displaced by Riser (cf):	131.6
Weight H2O Displaced by Riser (lb):	8213.4
Volume H2O Displaced by Pipe (cf):	4.9
Weight H2O Displaced by Pipe (lb):	306.3
Total Uplift Force (lb):	8519.7
Weight of Riser (lb):	4,14
Weight of Pipe (lb):	265.0
Pipe/Riser Downward Force (lb):	4408.8

roight of thoof (ib):	.,
Weight of Pipe (lb):	265.07
Pipe/Riser Downward Force (lb):	4408.82
Ballast Concrete:	
Minimum Factor of Safety:	1.2
Required ballast thickness (in):	37.02
Provided Ballast Thickness (in):	40
Total Downward Force (lb):	10,692
Provided Factor of Safety:	1.25

<u>PLAN VIEW</u>

PREFABRICATED ALUMINUM HINGE WELDED TO FRAME (3) HINGES PROVIDED

3"x1/4" PERIMETER SUPPORT PLATE ANCHOR BOLT TO TOP OF STRUCTURE.

TRASH RACK DETAIL

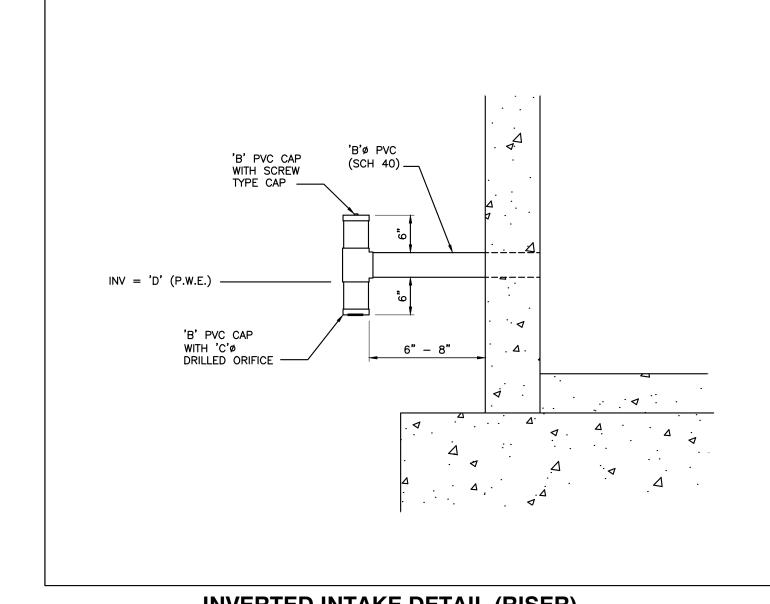
TYPICAL LOCATION OF

3" x1/4" CHANNEL CLOSURE PLATE

4x4 CONCRETE BOX

SIDE VIEW

TRASH RACK SUBMITTAL - Aluminum Trashrack for 4x4 Box



INVERTED INTAKE DETAIL	(RISER)

, 3/8"ø SCH. 40 (.675" O.D.) ALUMINUM PIPE CONSTRUCTION

LOCKABLE ACCESS HATCH (2'x4') WITH LOCK, PROVIDE KEY OR COMBINATION TO HOA

ALUMINUM TRASH RACK MATERIALS AND WELDING SPECIFICATIONS

6061-T6 ULTIMATE (45) YIELD (40) ULTIMATE SHEARING STRENGTH ksi (30)

NOTE: WELDING OF ALUMINUM HAS LITTLE, IF ANY, ROOT PENETRATION INTO BASE METAL. TO ACHIEVE ROPER JOINT ATTACHMENT BEVELING OF BASE METAL IS NECESSARY AND GENEROUS AMOUNT OF

WELD ROD IS REQ'D. WE USE BOTH 4043 AND 5356 FILLER RODS TO ACHIEVE THE BEST STRENGTH AND CORROSION RESISTANCE FOR THE APPLICATION. ALL PIPES THAT CROSS PERPENDICULAR TO ONE ANOTHER

ARE WELDED TOP AND BOTTOM WITH A 1/4" TO 3/8" WIDE FILLET. PIPES THAT MEET THE BASE PLATES ARE WELDED COMPLETELY AROUND WITH A 1/4" TO 3/8" WELD FILLET. ALL WELDS ARE DONE IN A MANNER TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM STRENGTH AND IN AN EFFORT TO MINIMIZE ANNEALING OF THE BASE METAL IN ORDER TO AVOID CRACKING.

ULTIMATE STRENGTH (29,000#) YIELD STRENGTH (17,000 #)

TYPICAL MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF TIG WELDED JOINT ON ALUMINUM ALLOYS:

PIPES CROSSING PERPENDICULAR

STAINLESS STEEL CABLE CATCH

SIDE VIEW

- 4000 PSI MONOLITHIC CONCRETE CRADLE UNDER FULL LENGTH OF PIPE. CONCRETE SHALL BE 2-2.5" SLUMP. CERTIFICATION THAT CONCRETE MEETS THESE SPECIFICATION'S SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE OWNER. PLACE UNDER PIPE WITH HAND EQUIPMENT AND VIBRATE INTERNALLY FOR CONSOLIDATION, FINISH SHALL BE "ROUGH". FLOWABLE FILLS, SLURRIES, OR OR GELS ARE

POND LEGEND - SCM

Design

4 in

2.5 in

426.50 ft

424.50 ft

420.00 ft

428.00 ft

4ft x 4ft

10 ft

40 in

24 in

18 ft

2.78 %

420.00 ft

419.80 ft

424.00 ft

425.00 ft

424.00 ft

421.00 ft

421.00 ft

420.00 ft

426.20 ft

Special Instructions Place Drawdown pipe opposite of outlet pipe and ensure a minimum of 12" clearance between drawdown pipe opening and ground

elevation to allow for proper drainage. Place secondary weir above

drawdown pipe on same side of outlet structure.

12 in

6:1

As-Built

Description

B Diameter of PVC Drawdown Pipe

C Drawdown Orifice Opening

Drawdown Pipe Elevation /

E Inside Bottom Riser Elevation

Permanent Pool

F Outlet Structure Size

G Top of Berm Width

I Ballast Thickness

J Size of Outlet Pipe

K Length of Outlet Pipe

L Slope of Outlet Pipe

M Invert in Outlet Pipe

N Invert Out Outlet Pipe

R | Slope of Litoral Shelf

Permanent Pool

O Top Elevation Forebay Berm

T | Bottom Elevation Forebay

W | Elevation Secondary Weir

X | Width Secondary Weir

||Sediment Cleanout Elevation

V | Bottom Elevation Permanent Pool

P Elevation Top of Litoral Shelf

Q Elevation Bottom of Litoral Shelf

S | Sediment Cleanout Elevation Forbay | 422.00 ft

H Top of Dam

A Top of Riser

QQ €

DETAIL

OBBLESTONE
VILLAGE
D USE DEVELOPME

MIXED

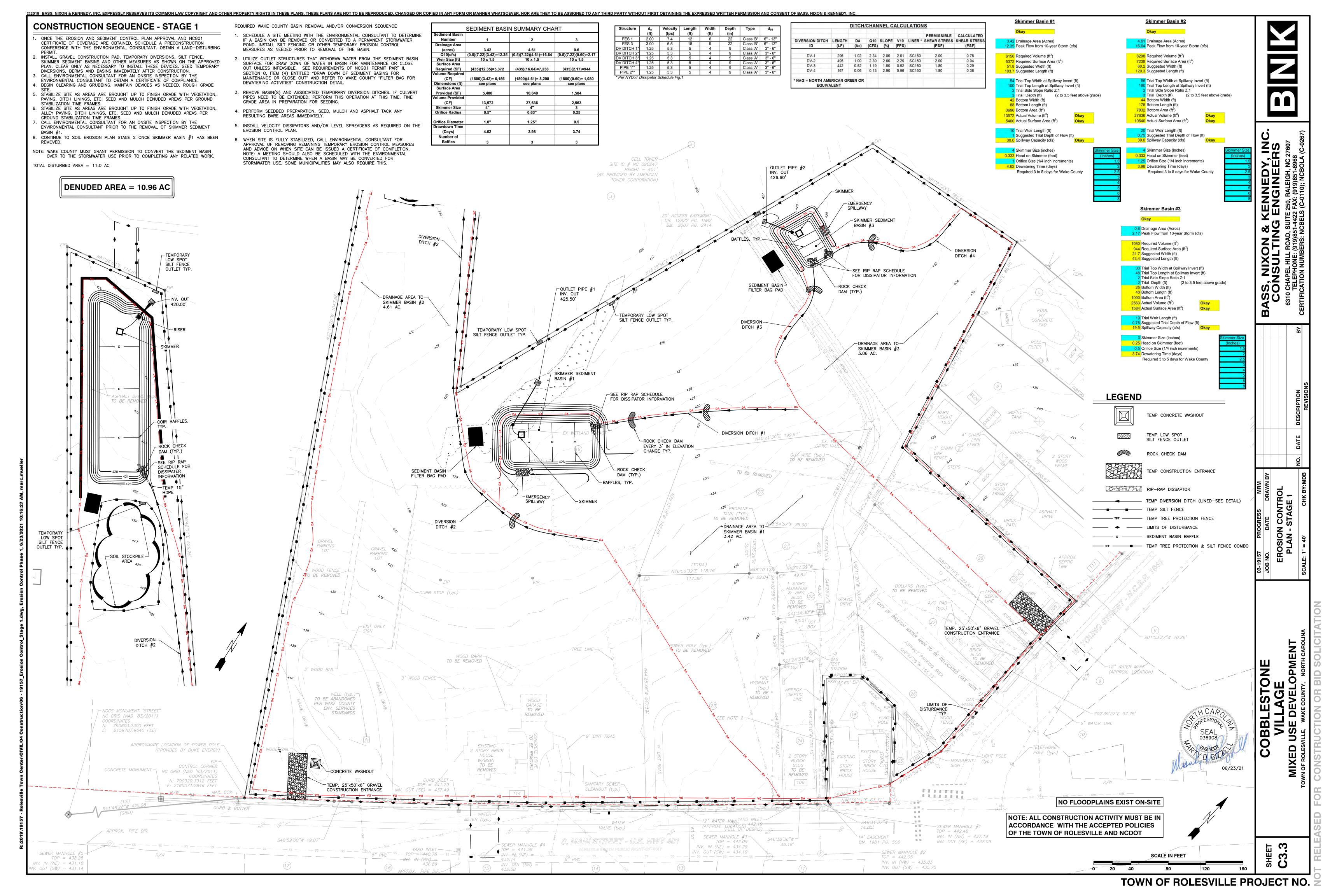
CONCRETE CRADLE DETAIL

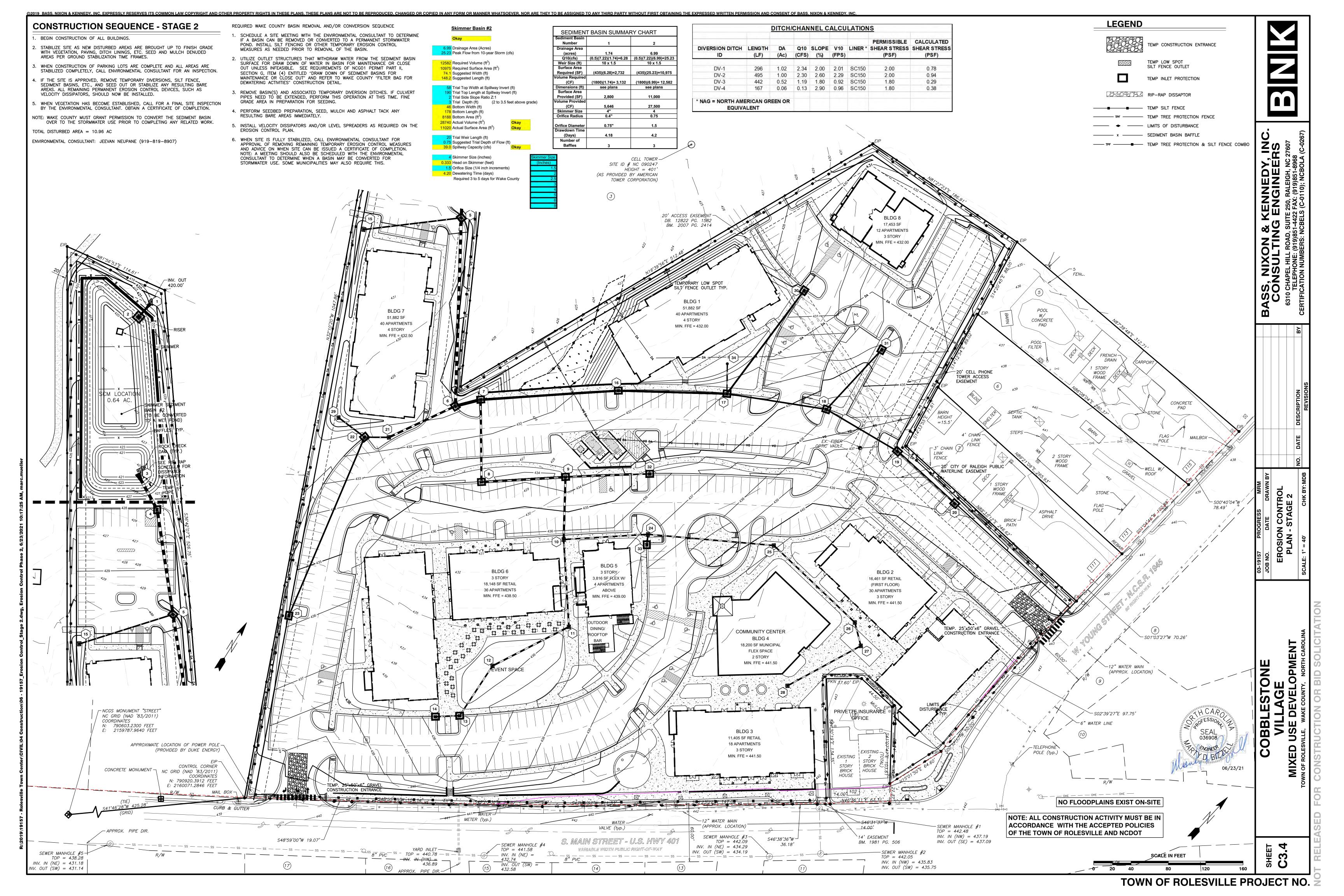
NOT TO SCALE

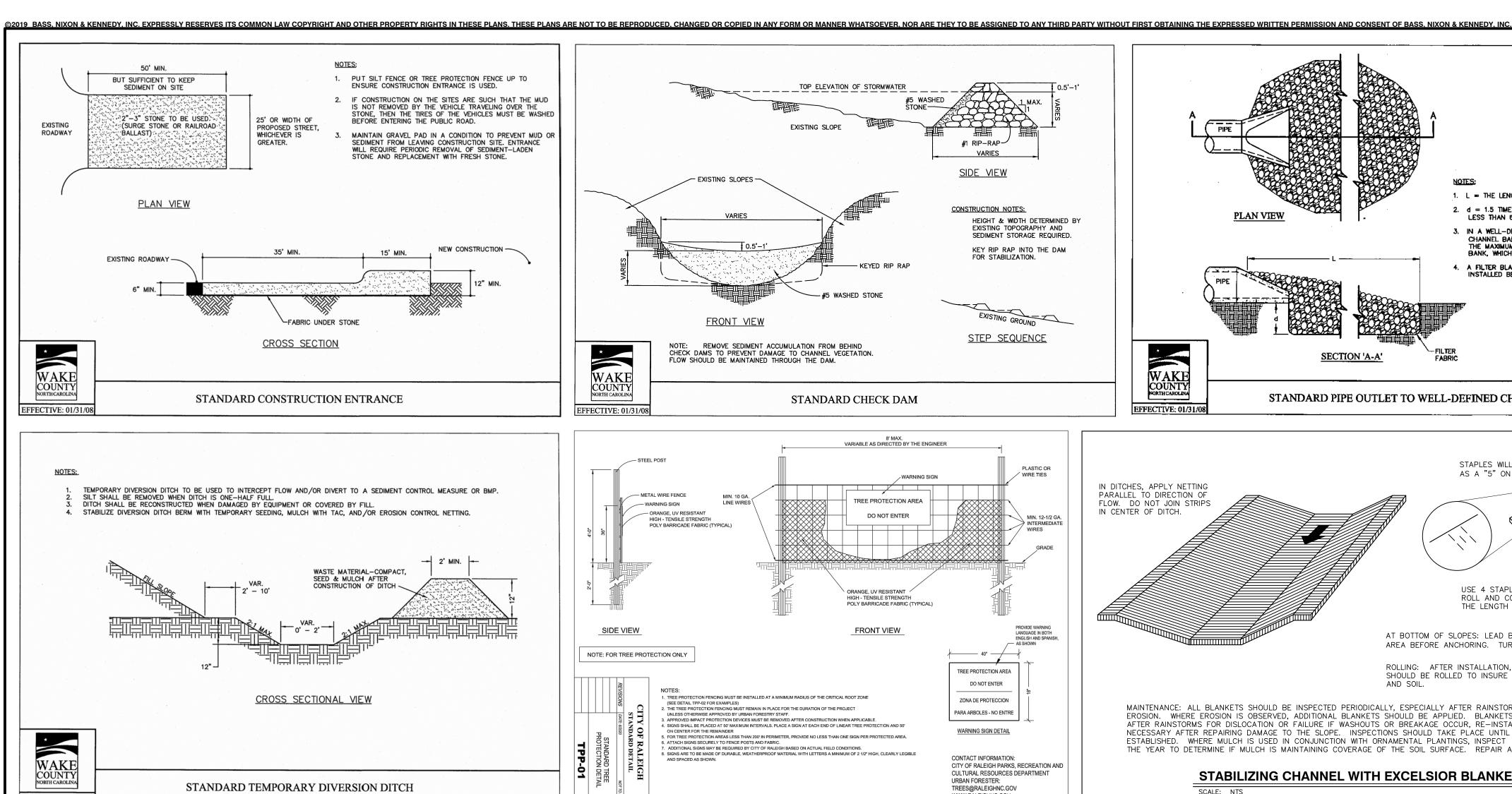


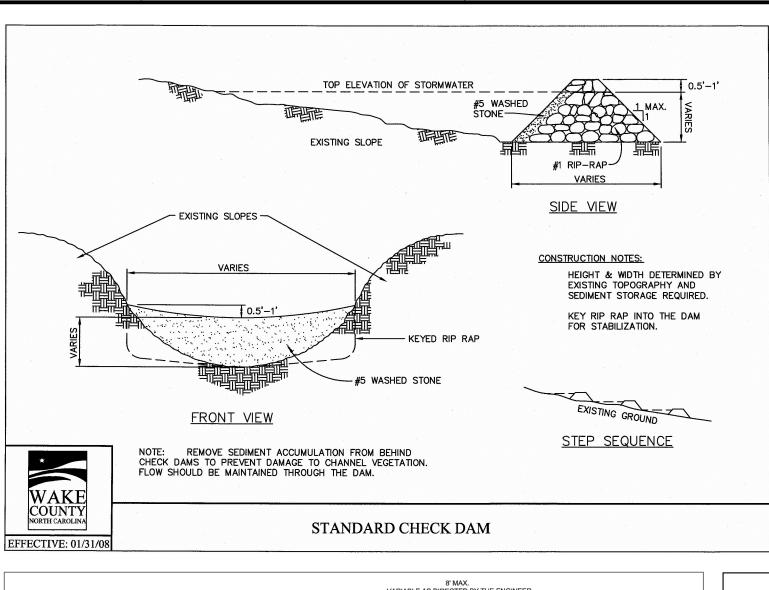
NO FLOODPLAINS EXIST ON-SITE

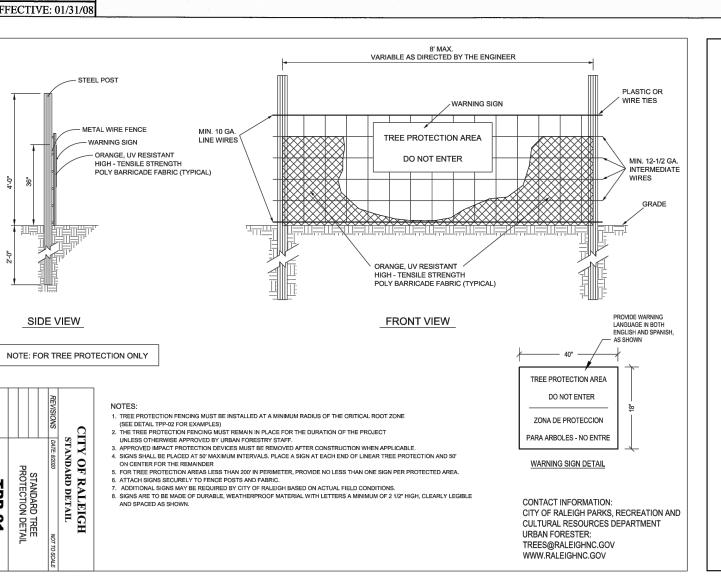
NOTE: ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCEPTED POLICIES OF THE TOWN OF ROLESVILLE AND NCDOT

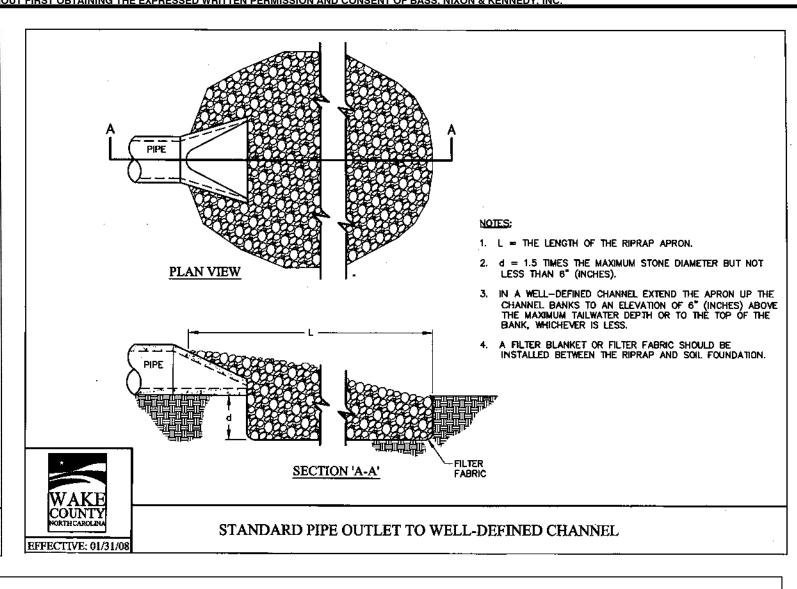


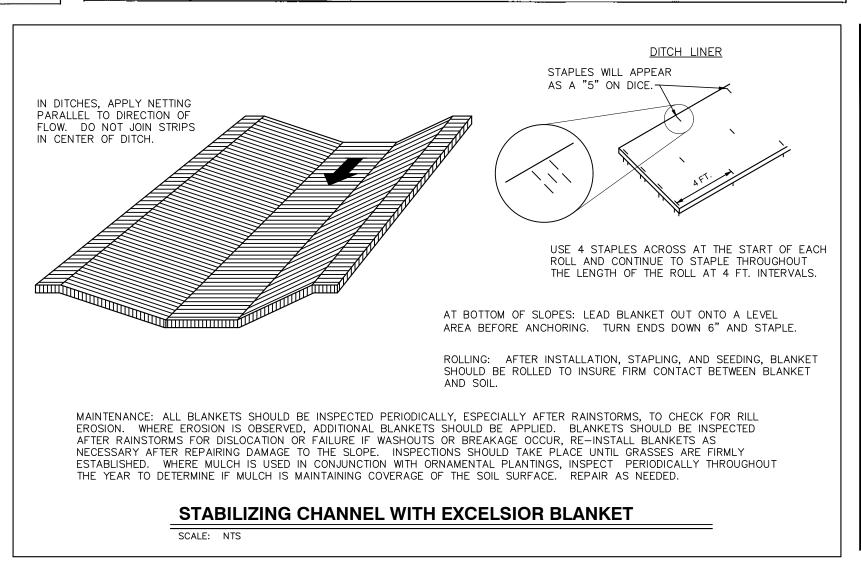


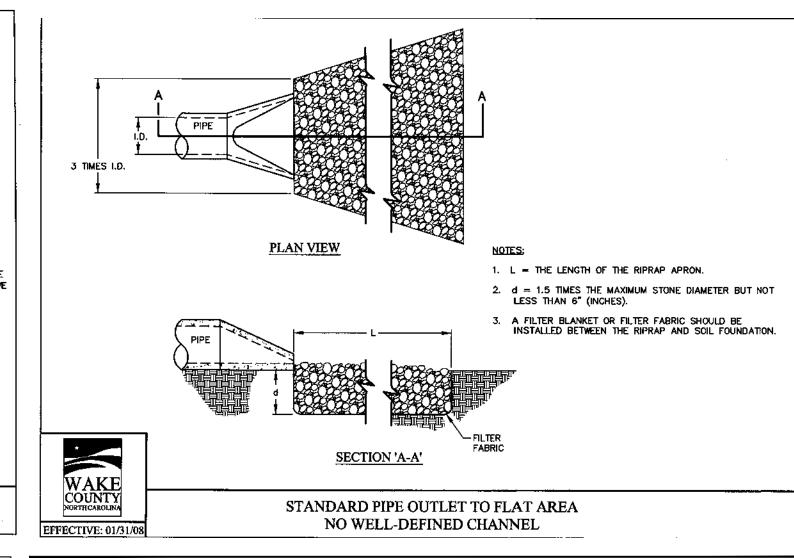


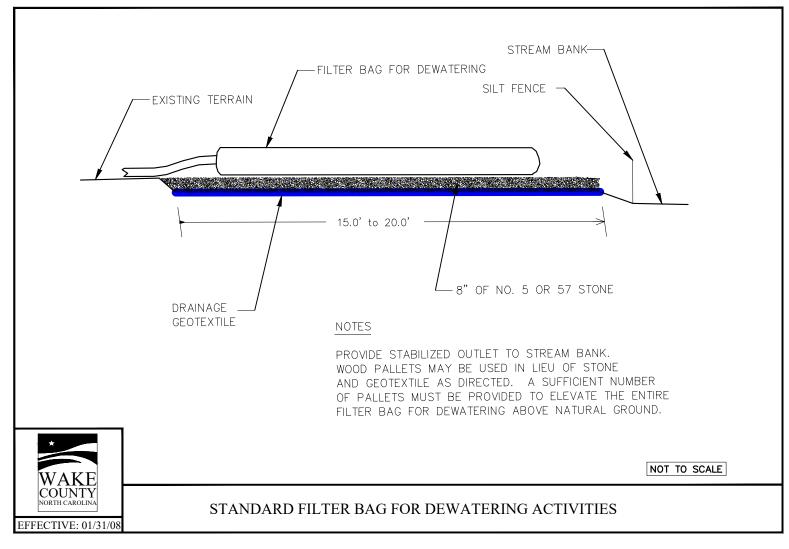


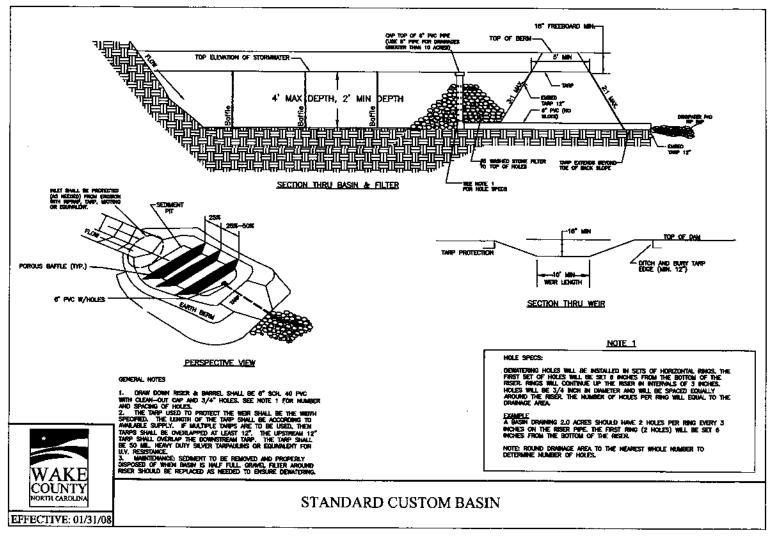






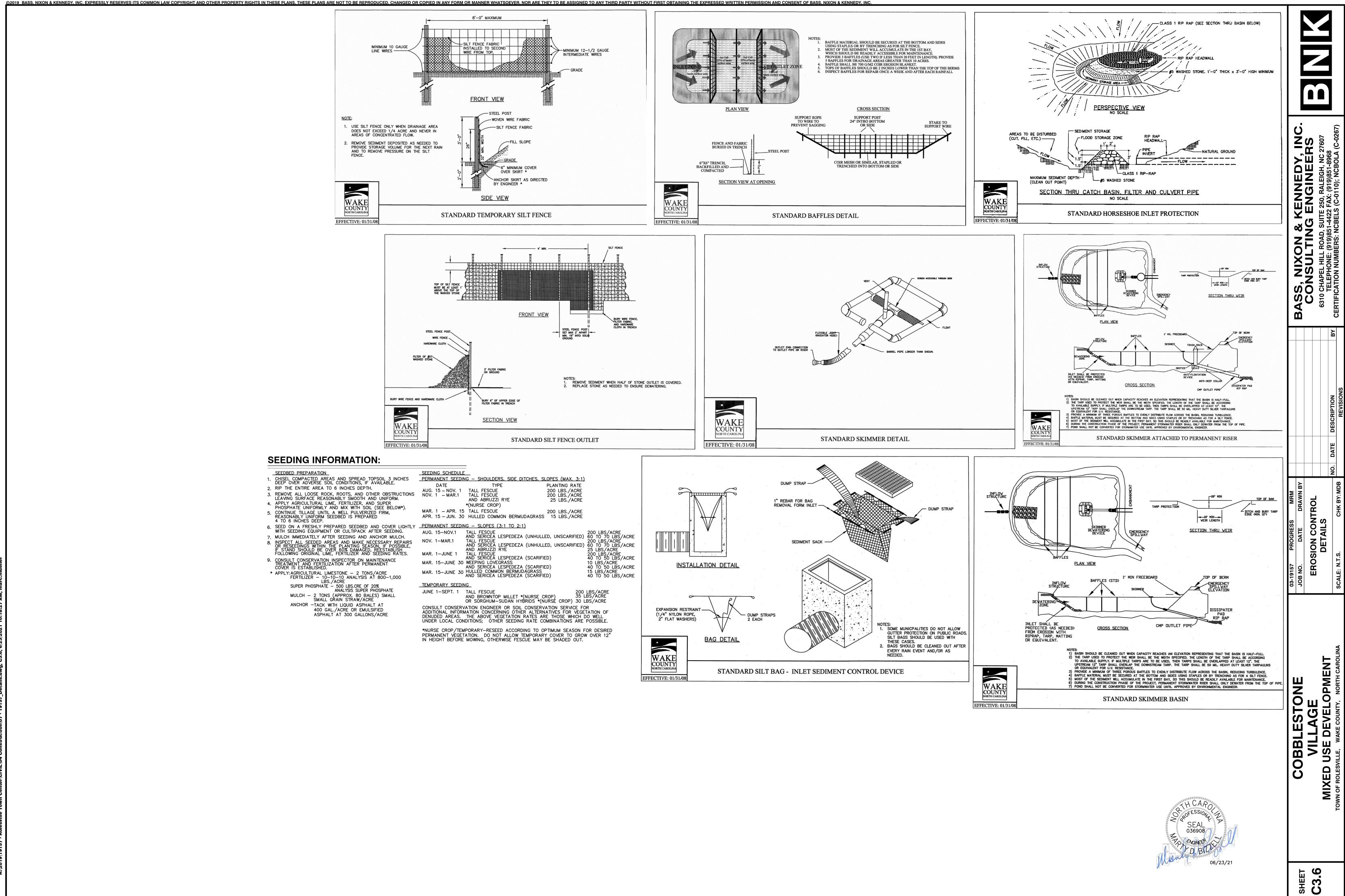








SS, NIXON & KENNEDY CONSULTING ENGINEE 10 CHAPEL HILL ROAD, SUITE 250, RALEIGH, NO TELEPHONE: (919)851-4422 FAX: (919)851-89 FICATION NUMBERS: NCBELS (C-0110); NCBOL



TOWN OF ROLESVILLE PROJECT NO. \geq

ENT H CAROL

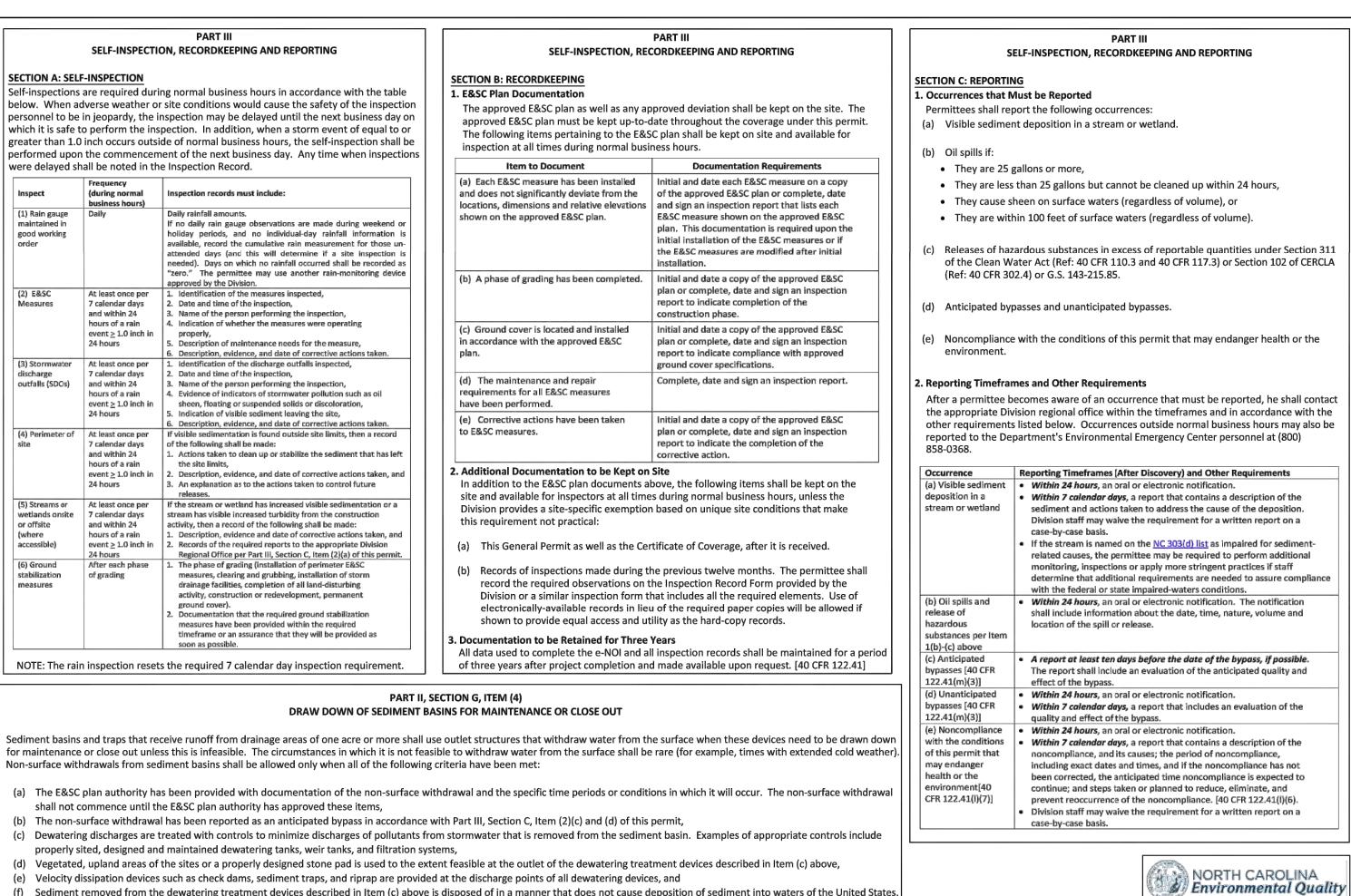
OPMI

ED

NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING

EFFECTIVE: 03/01/19

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19



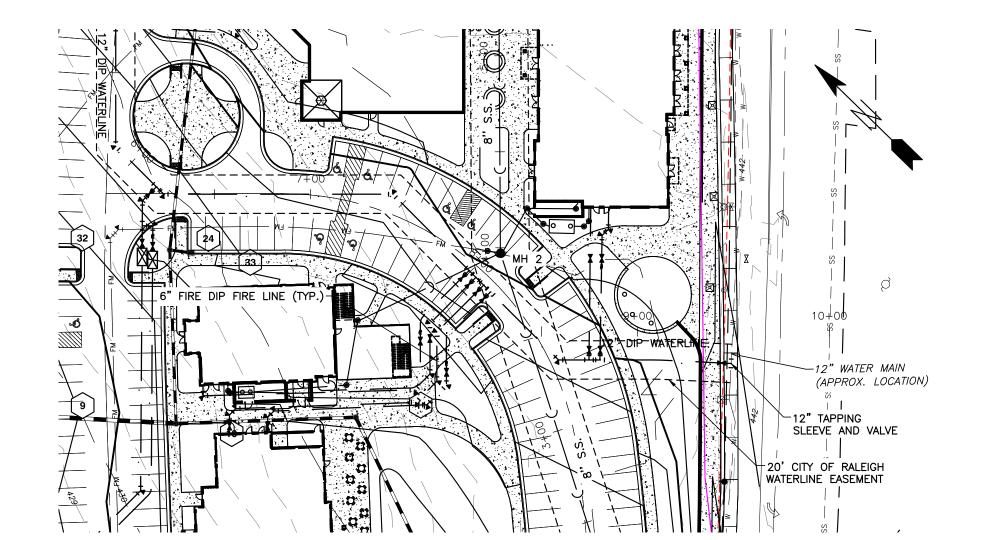
NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

(f) Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.



20' CITY OF RALEIGH WATERLINE EASEMENT

20' CITY OF RALEIGH WATERLINE EASEMENT



Public

Water Distribution / Extension System

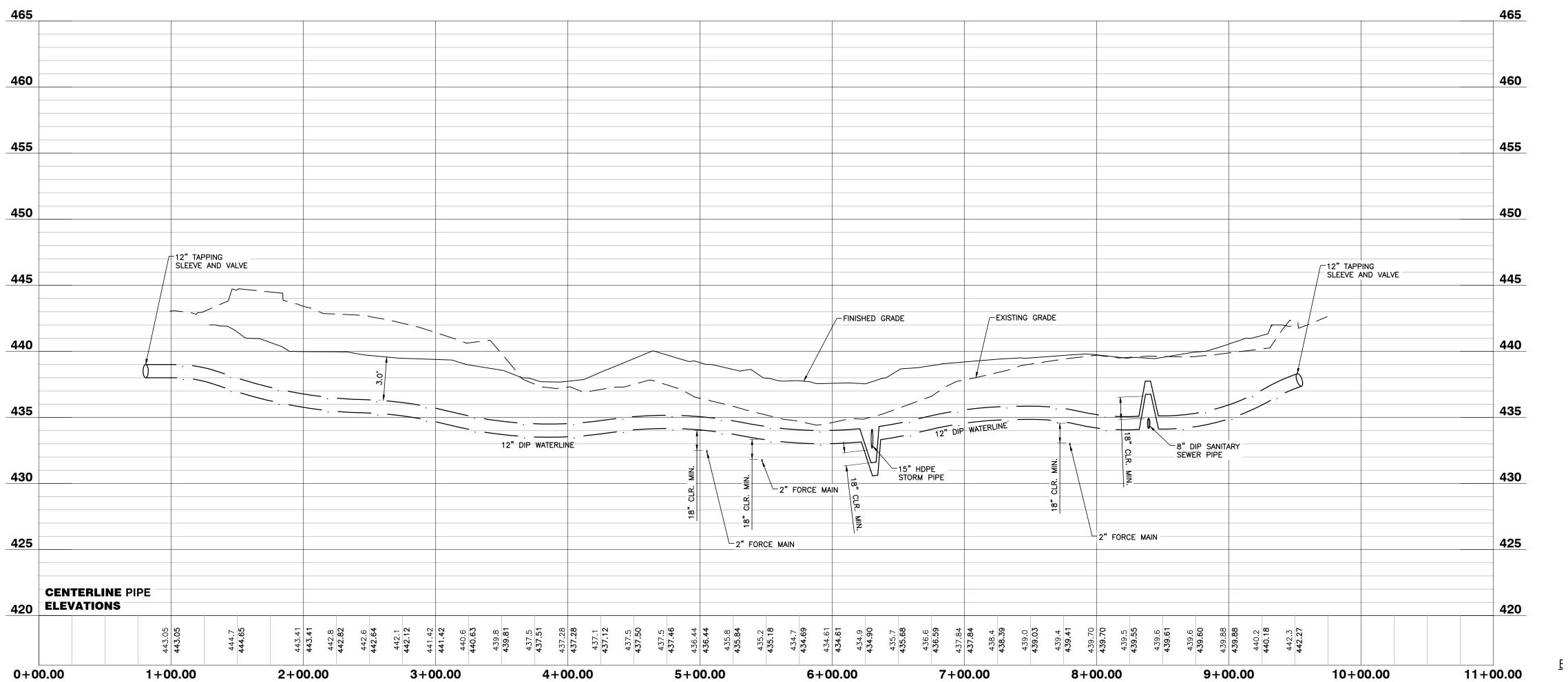
The City of Raleigh consents to the connection and extension of the City's public water system as shown on this plan. The material and Construction methods used for this project shall conform to the standards and specifications of the City's Public Utilities Handbook.

City of Raleigh
Public Utilities Department Permit#

Authorization to Construct See digital signature

NOTE: ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY MUST BE IN

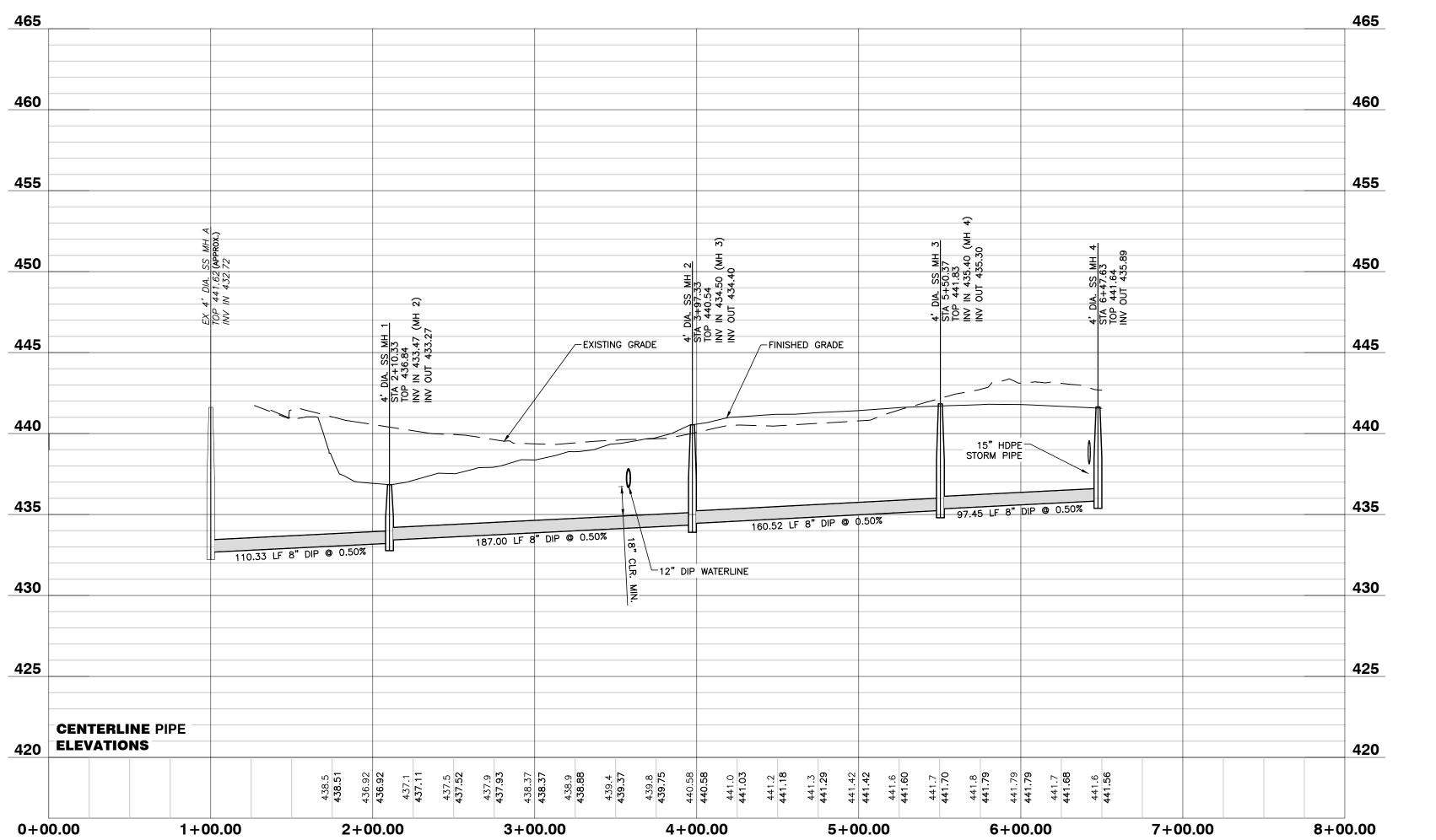
PUBLIC WATERLINE PROFILE

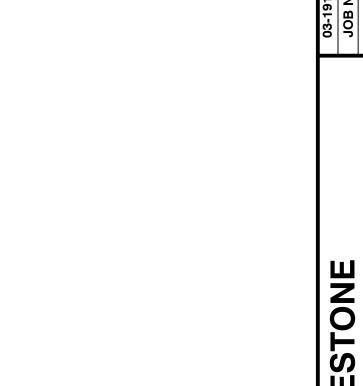




ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCEPTED POLICIES OF THE TOWN OF ROLESVILLE AND NCDOT

SANITARY SEWER PROFILE





Private

Sewer Collection / Extension System

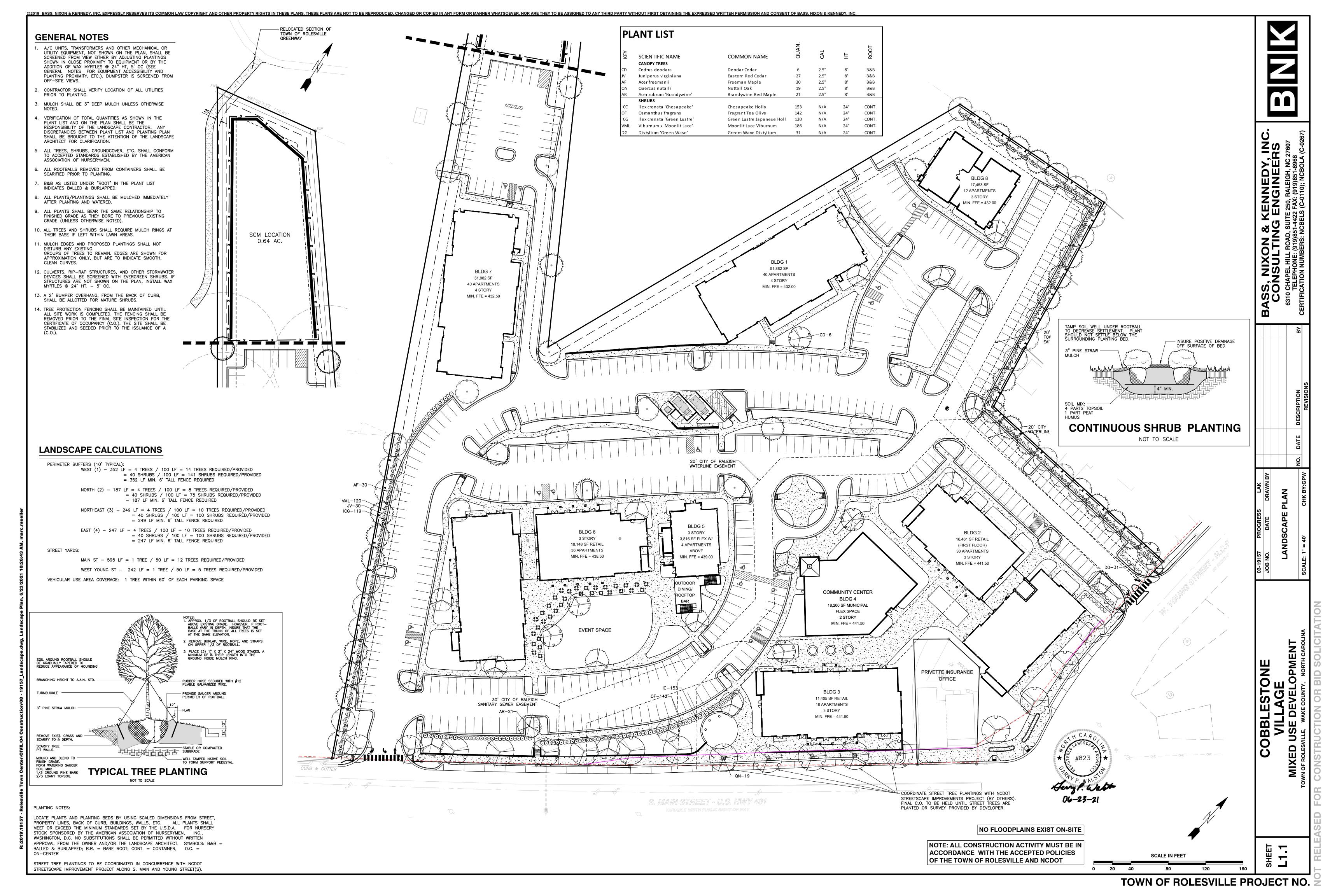
The City of Raleigh consents to the connection to its public sewer system and extension of the private sewer collection system as shown on this plan. The material and constructions methods used for this project shall conform to the standards and specifications of the City's Public Utilities Handbook.

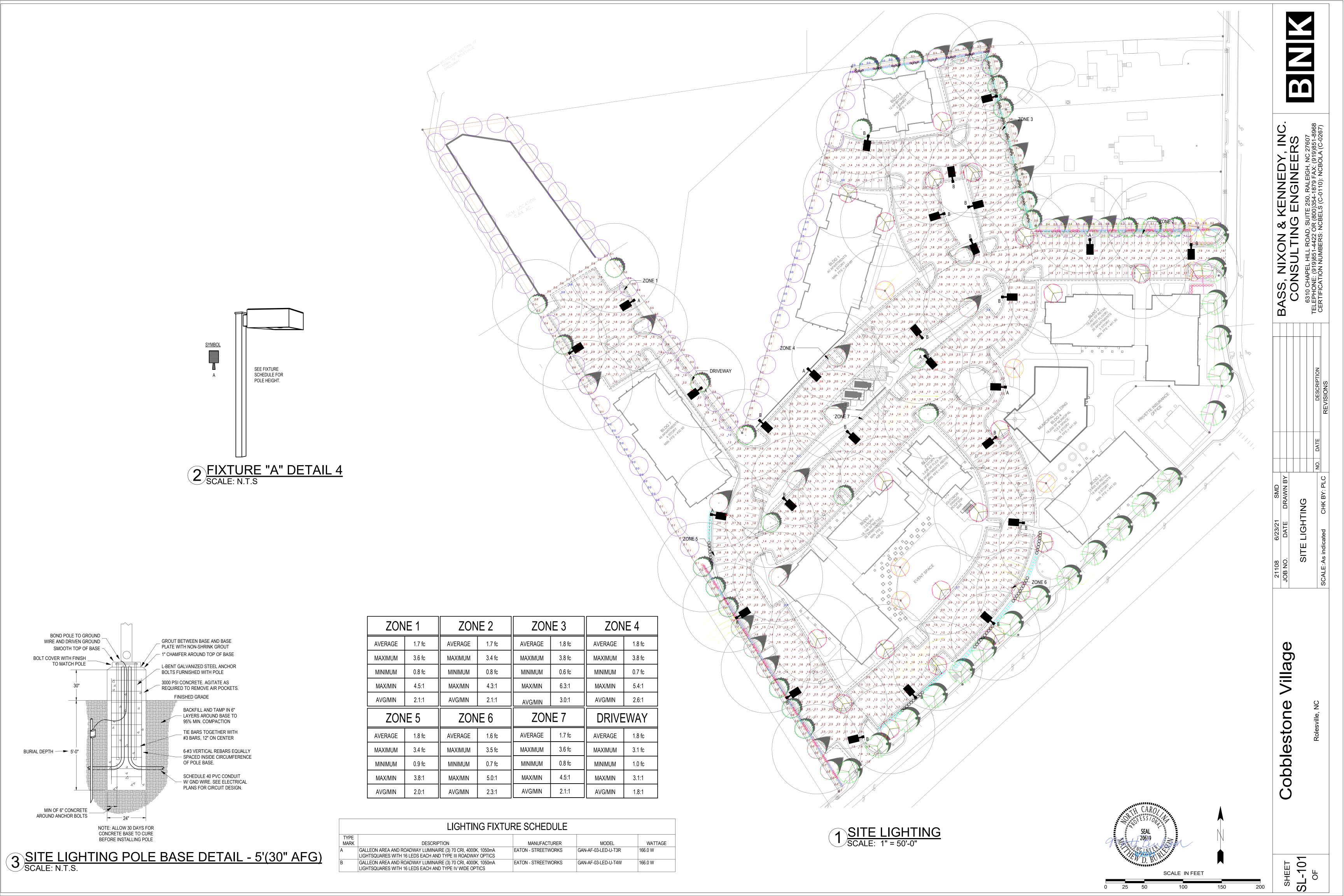
City of Raleigh
Public Utilities Department Permit # S-4711 (P)

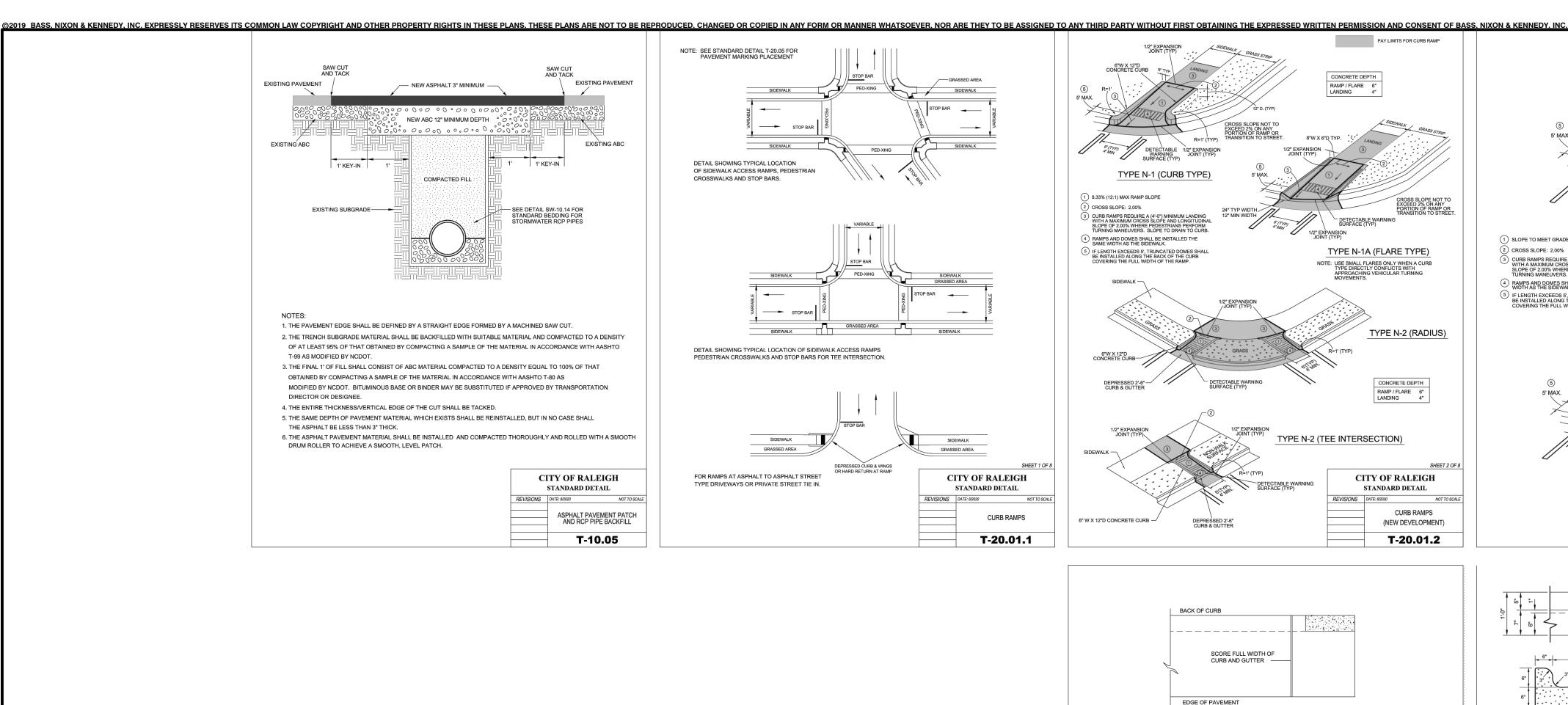
Authorization to Construct See digital signature

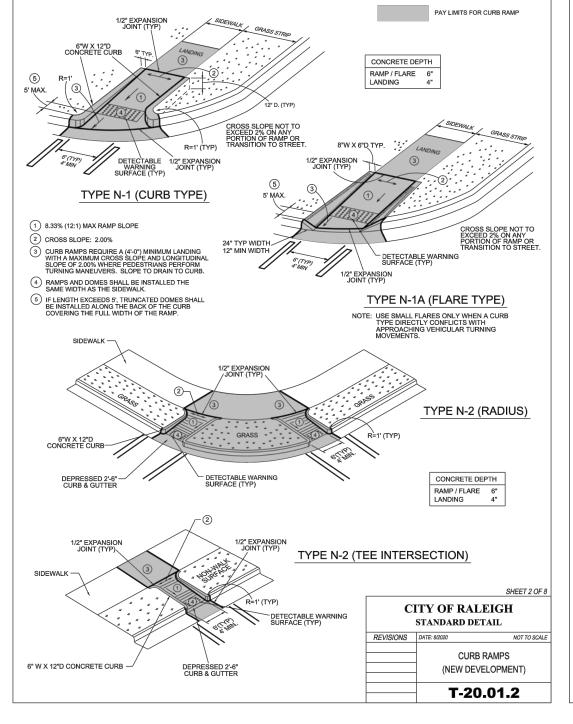
NOTE: ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCEPTED POLICIES OF THE TOWN OF ROLESVILLE AND NCDOT

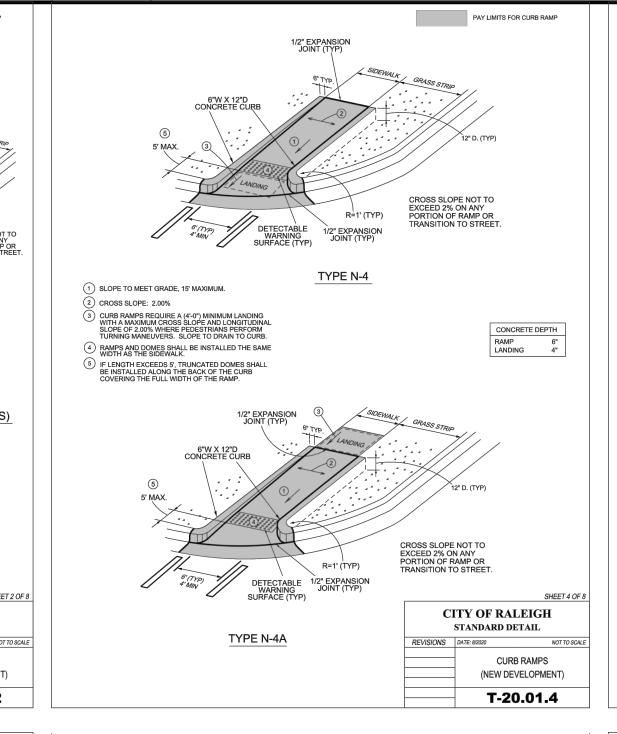
NO FLOODPLAINS EXIST ON-SITE

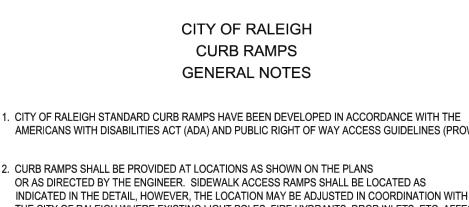












AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) AND PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY ACCESS GUIDELINES (PROWAG).

2. CURB RAMPS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. SIDEWALK ACCESS RAMPS SHALL BE LOCATED AS INDICATED IN THE DETAIL, HOWEVER, THE LOCATION MAY BE ADJUSTED IN COORDINATION WITH THE CITY OF RALEIGH WHERE EXISTING LIGHT POLES, FIRE HYDRANTS, DROP INLETS, ETC. AFFECT

3. DOUBLE WHEELCHAIR RAMPS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL PUBLIC STREET INTERSECTIONS WHERE SIDEWALK IS REQUIRED.

4. THE WALKING SURFACE SHALL BE SLIP RESISTANT. THE COLOR FOR THE DETECTABLE WARNING AREA SHALL BE YELLOW FOR CONTRAST.

5. NO SLOPE ON THE SIDEWALK ACCESS RAMP SHALL EXCEED 1"/FT (12:1) IN RELATIONSHIP TO

6. IN NO CASE SHALL THE WIDTH OF THE SIDEWALK ACCESS RAMP BE LESS THAN 48"

ALL RAMPS SHALL BE INSTALLED THE SAME WIDTH AS THE SIDEWALK.

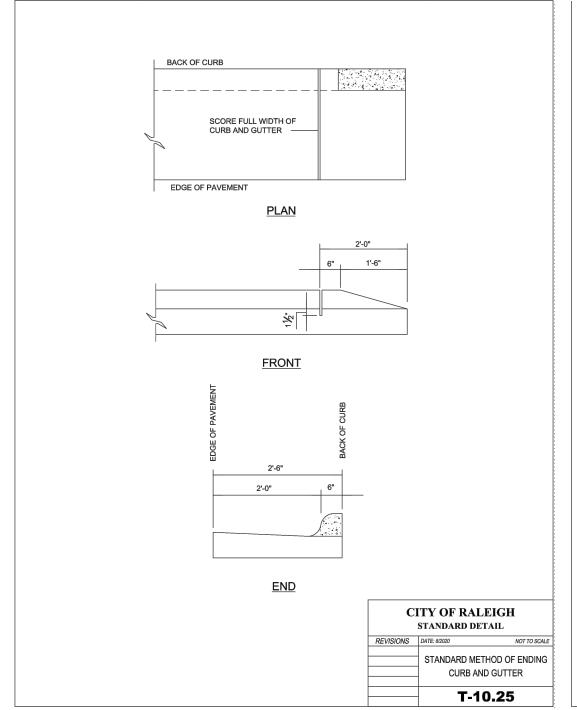
THE GRADE OF THE STREET.

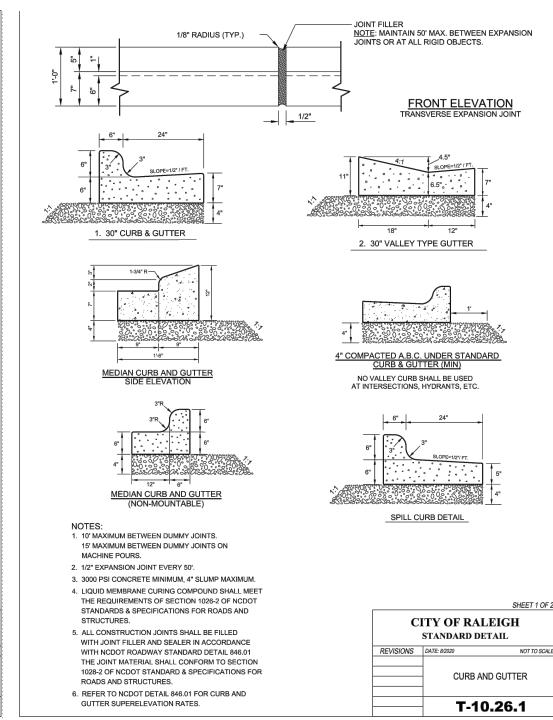
7. USE CLASS A (3000 PSI) CONCRETE WITH A SIDEWALK FINISH IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A ROUGH NONSKID SURFACE.

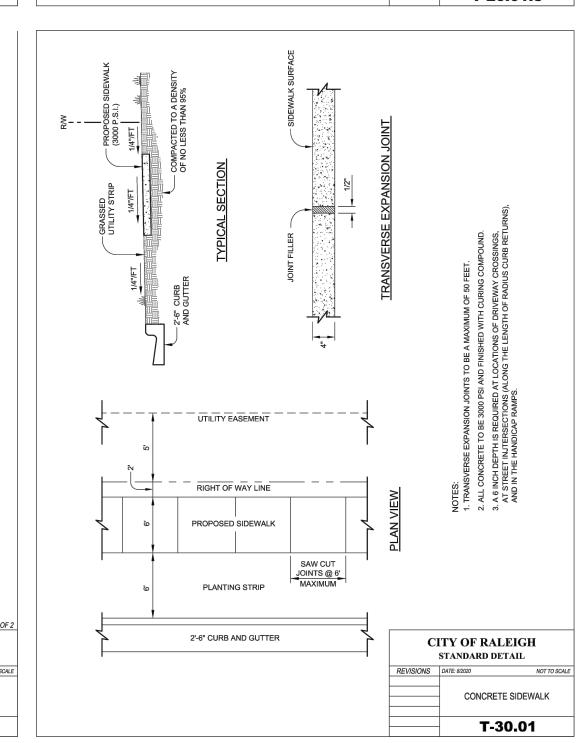
8. A 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT INSTALLED FULL DEPTH WILL BE REQUIRED WHERE THE CONCRETE SIDEWALK ACCESS RAMP JOINS THE CURB AND ALSO WHERE NEW CONCRETE ABUTS EXISTING CONCRETE.

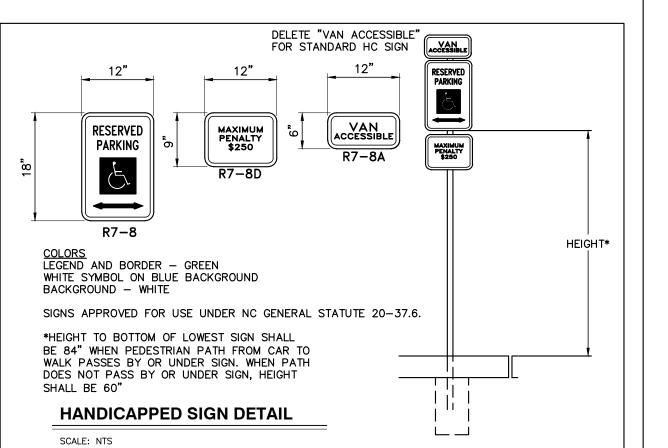
9. CURB RAMPS SHOULD BE PLACED PARALLEL TO THE DIRECTION OF TRAVEL.

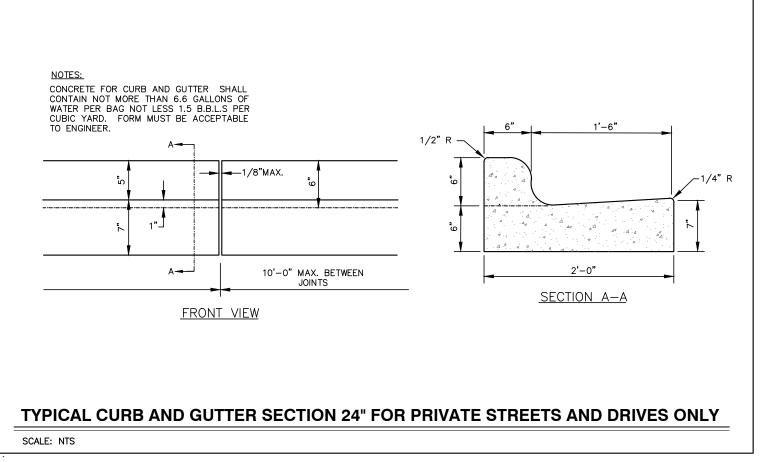
CITY OF RALEIGH STANDARD DETAIL REVISIONS DATE: 8/2020 CURB RAMP NOTES T-20.01.8







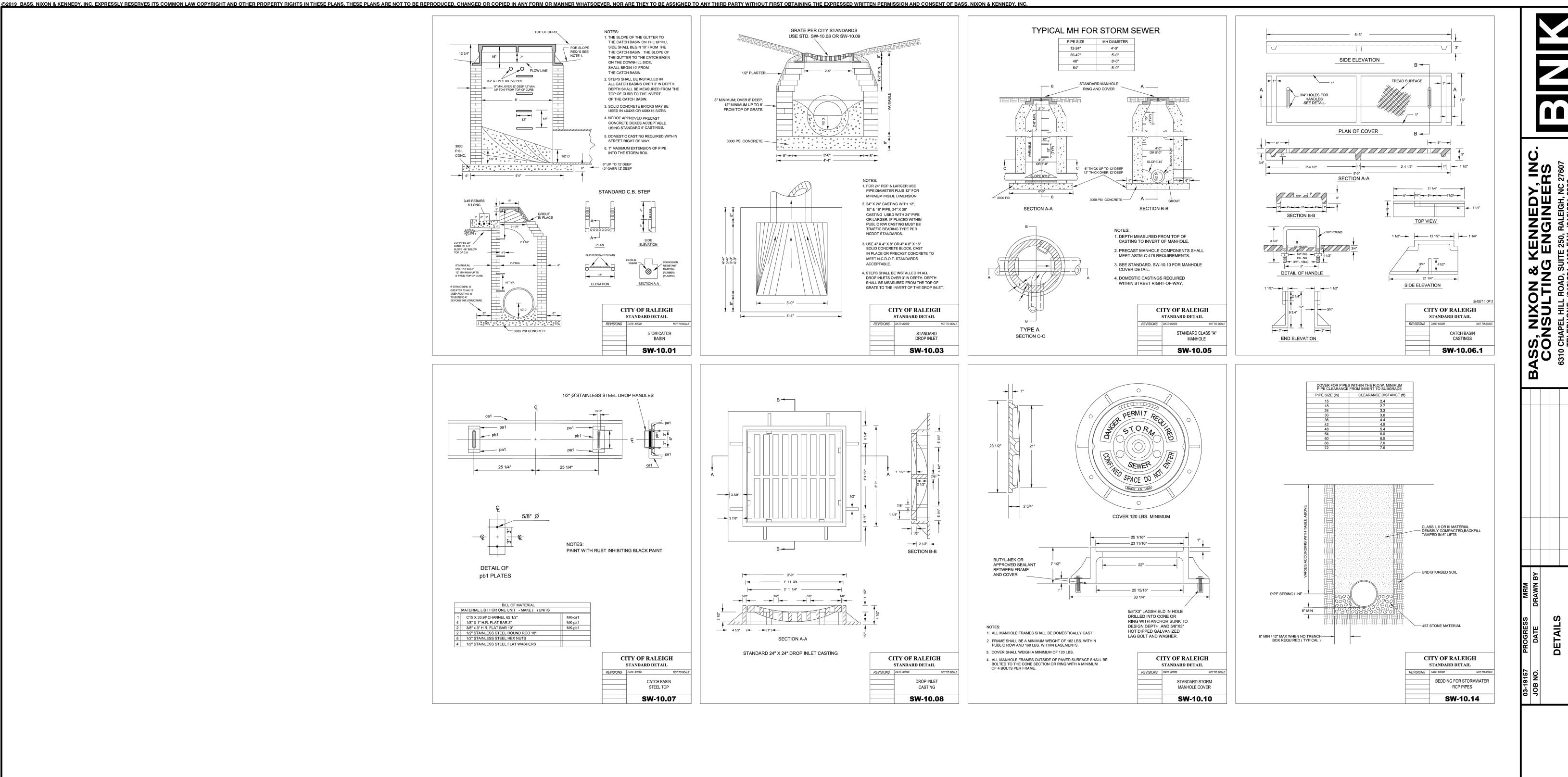






(ENNED) ENGINEI

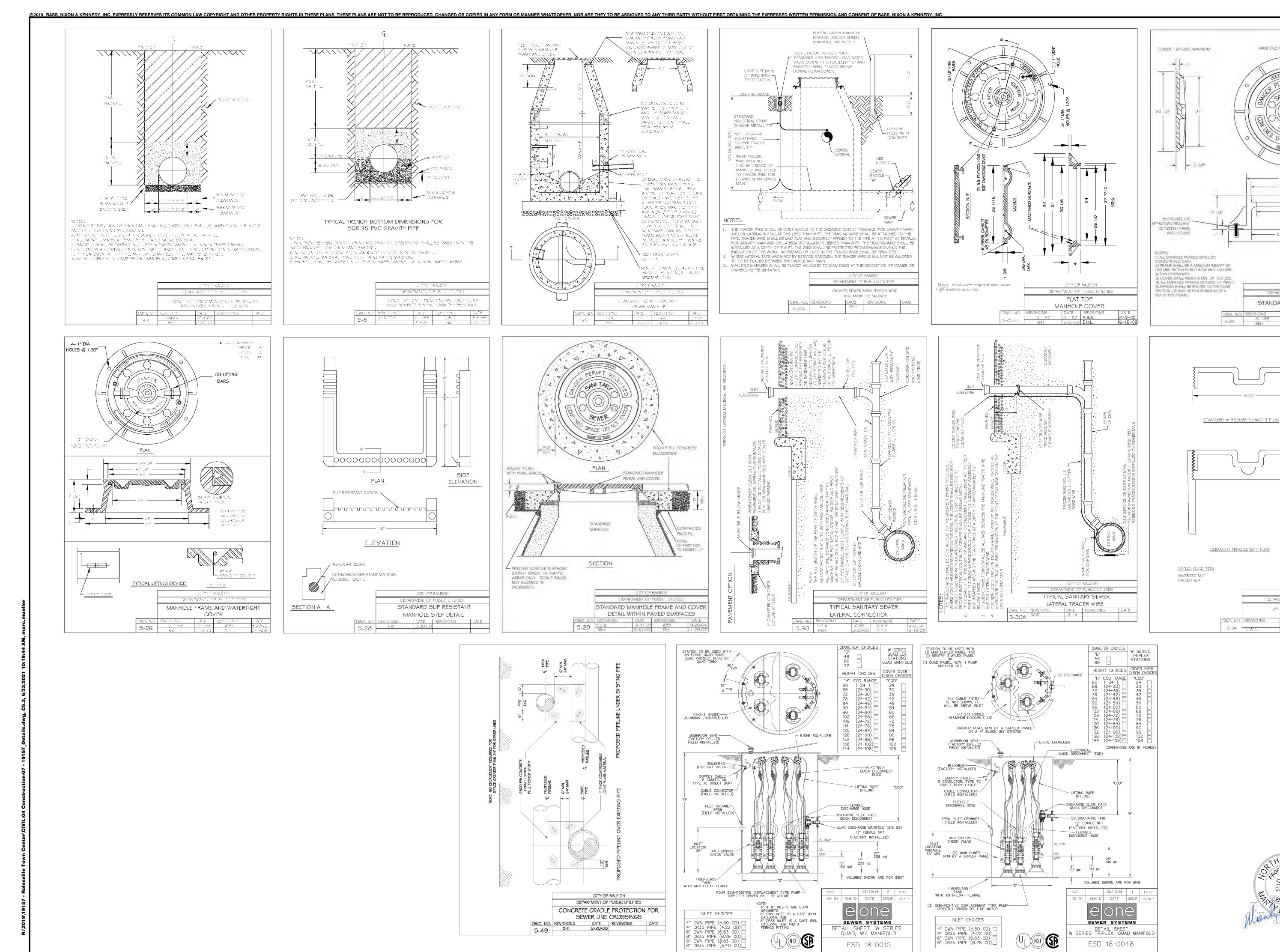
S, NIXO

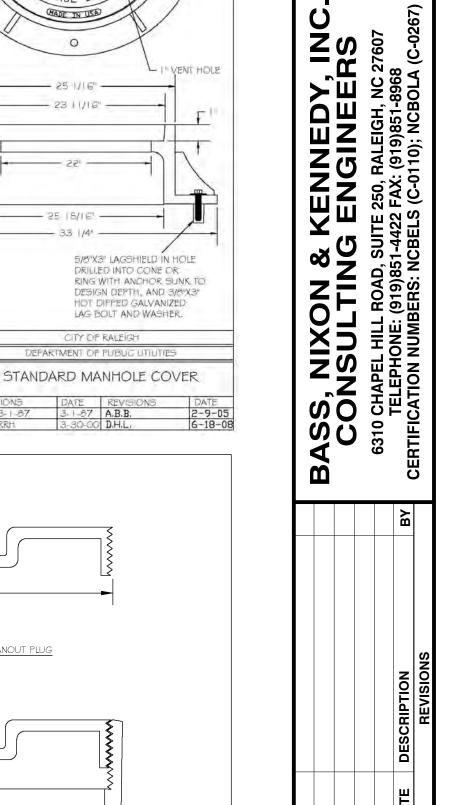




VILLAGE
MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT
TOWN OF ROLESVILLE, WAKE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

C5.2





MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER

25 1/16" -----

DRILLED INTO CONE OR

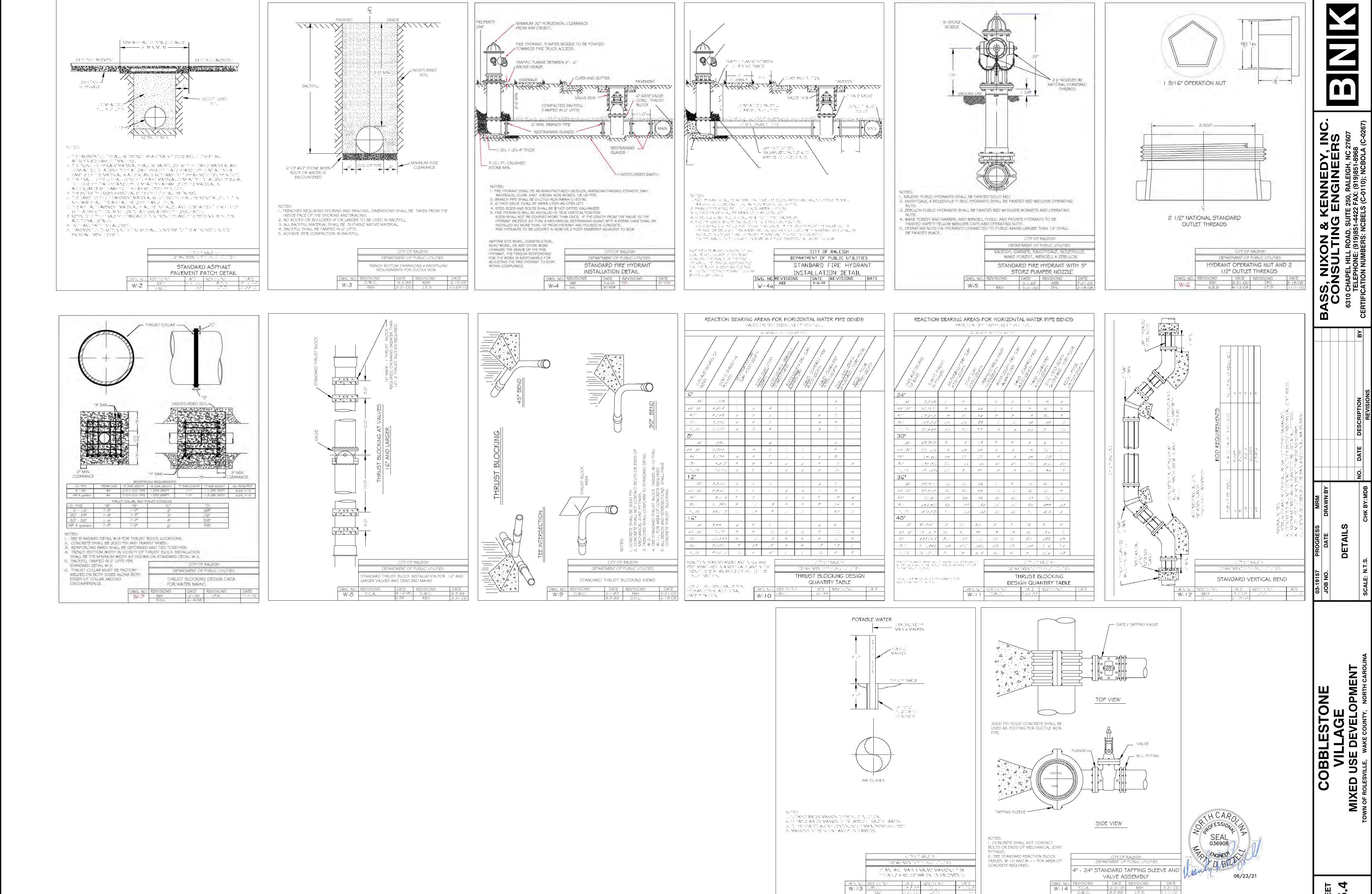
LAG BOLT AND WASHER.

4" CLEANOUT PLUG

23 1 1/16" ---

OBBLESTONE
VILLAGE
D USE DEVELOPME MIXED

HEET 5.3



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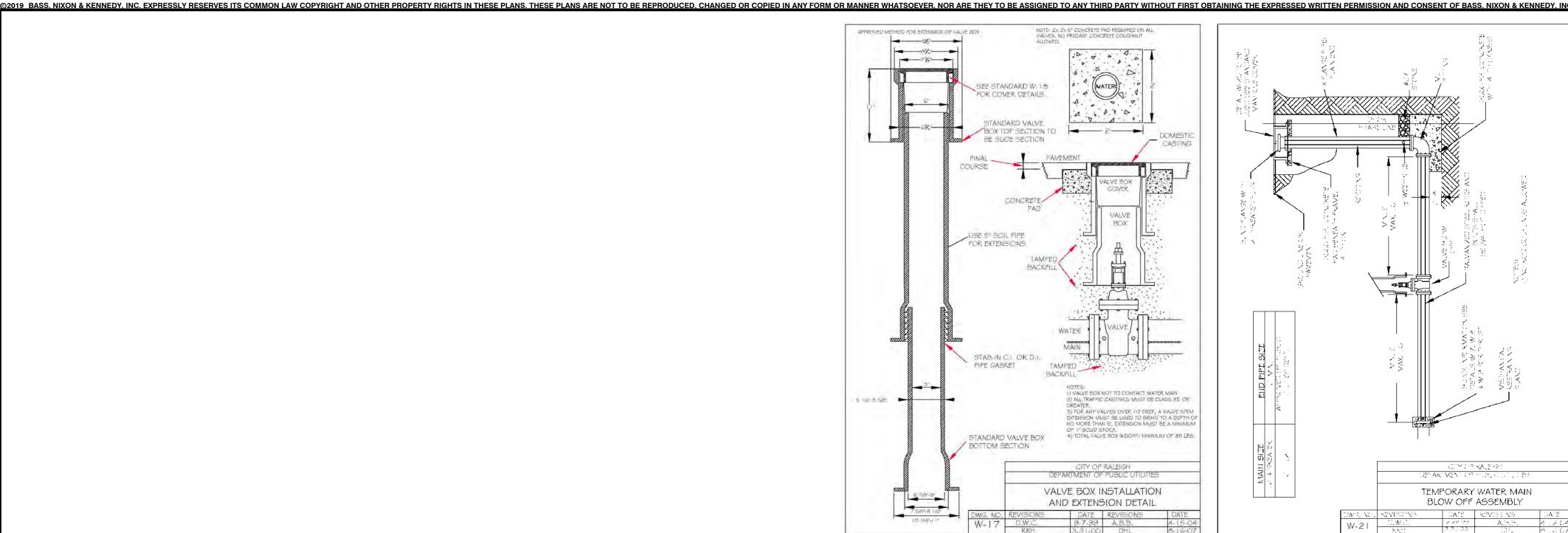
TOWN OF ROLESVILLE PROJECT NO. \geq

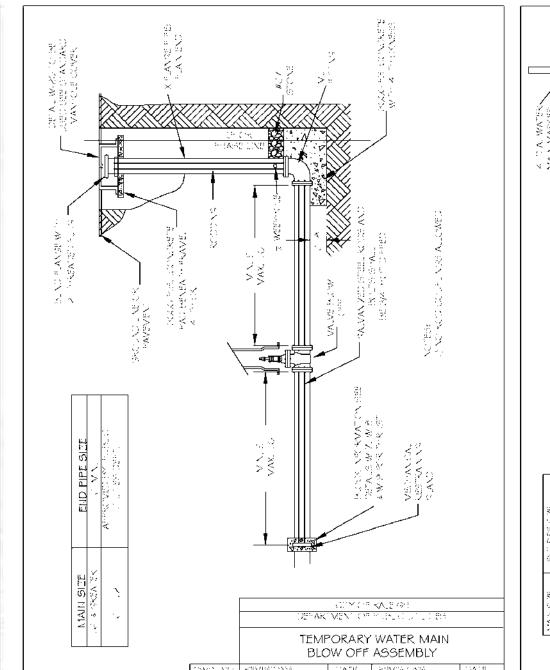
SS, NIXON & KENNEDY, INC CONSULTING ENGINEERS 310 CHAPEL HILL ROAD, SUITE 250, RALEIGH, NC 27607 TELEPHONE: (919)851-4422 FAX: (919)851-8968 TIFICATION NUMBERS: NCBELS (C-0110); NCBOLA (C-0267)

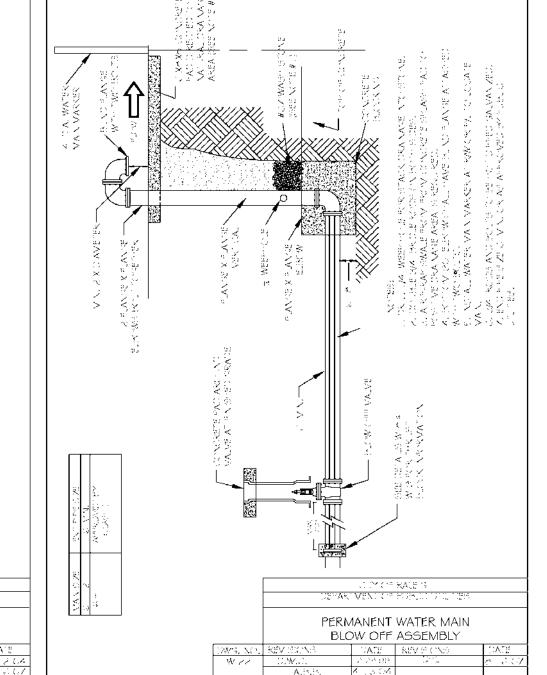
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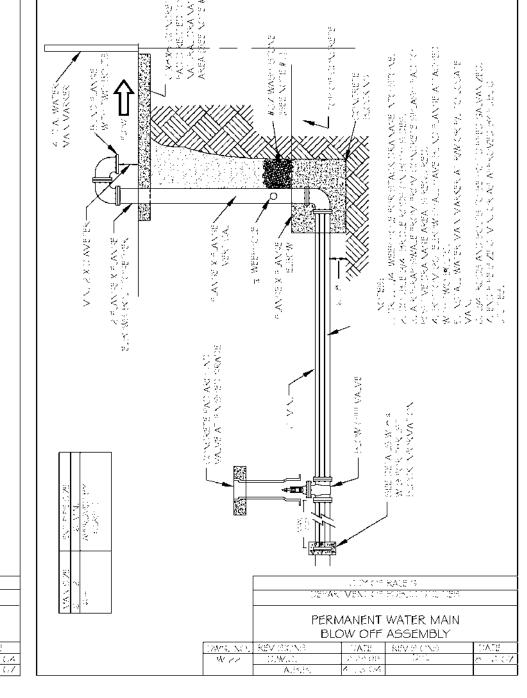
DETAIL

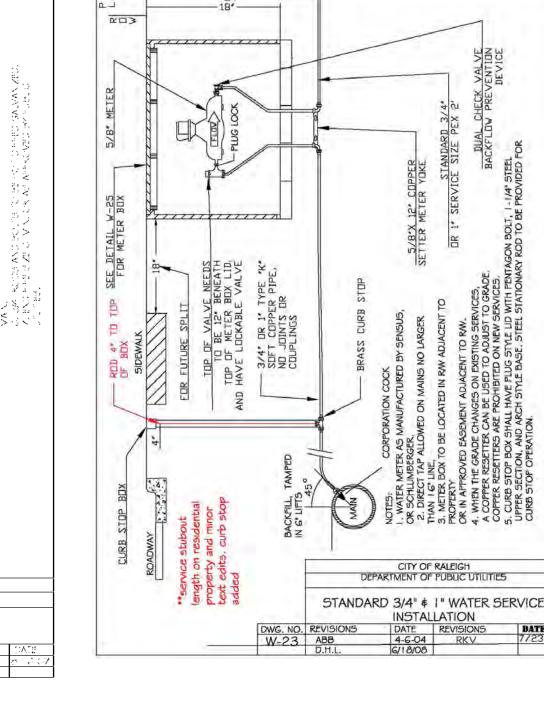
COBBLESTONE
VILLAGE
XED USE DEVELOPMENT

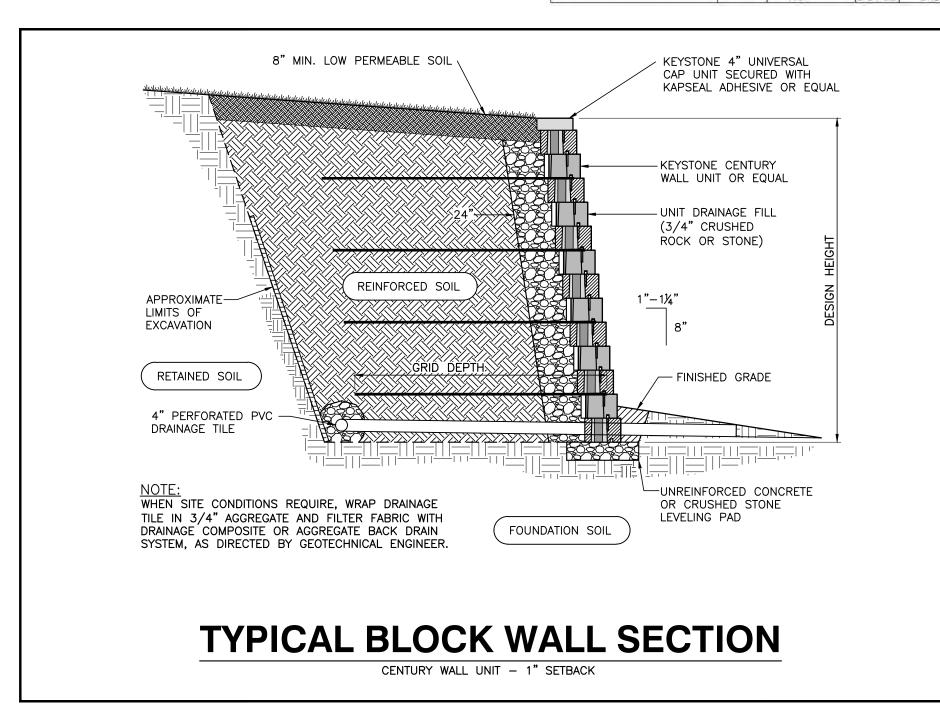


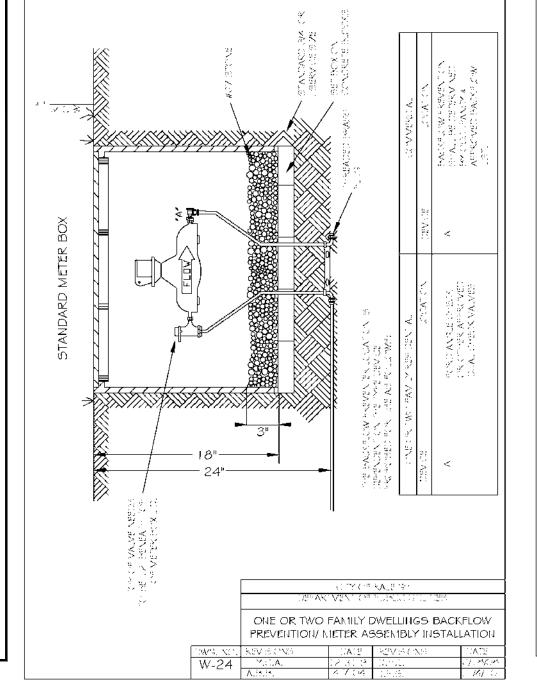


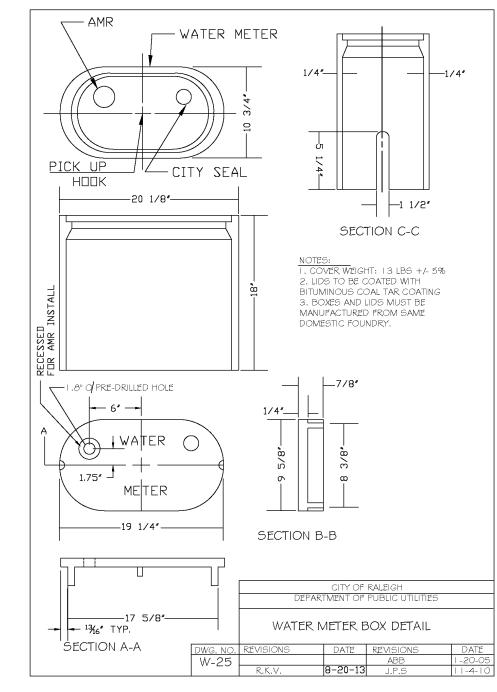


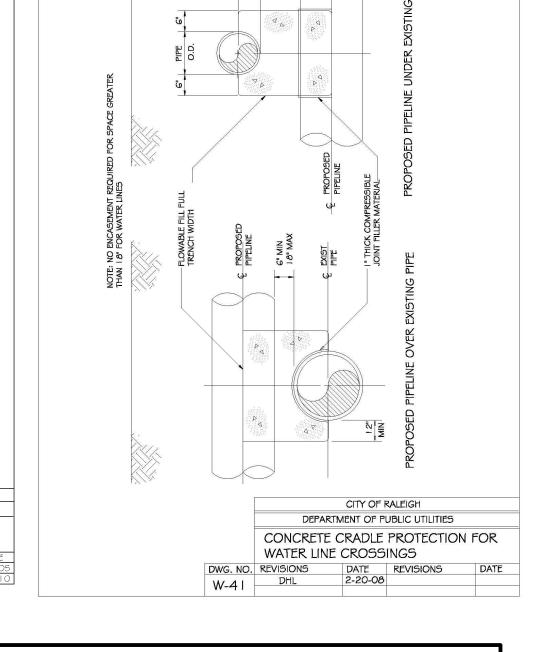


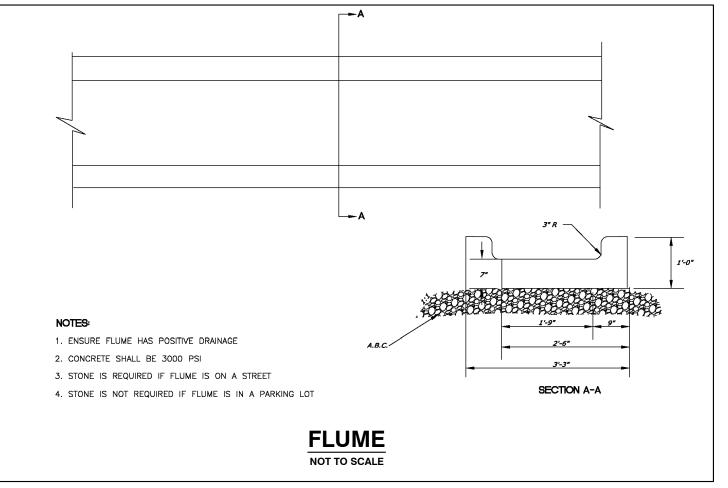


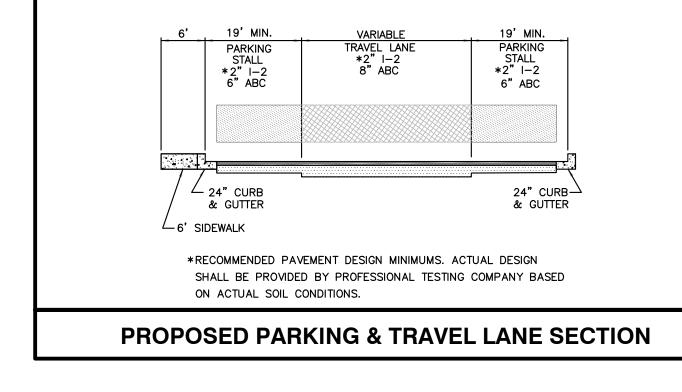














Section 7.4: - Town Center Overlay District

TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE): TOTAL FACADÈ AREA (WxH): REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

> 7.4.18 Windows, doors, display windows and/or arcades shall make up at least 40 percent of the street façade on the first story as measured from two feet above grade to ten feet above grade. Blank walls are not permitted adjacent to streets.

BLDG 2 - EAST ELEVATION 1



BLDG 2 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS

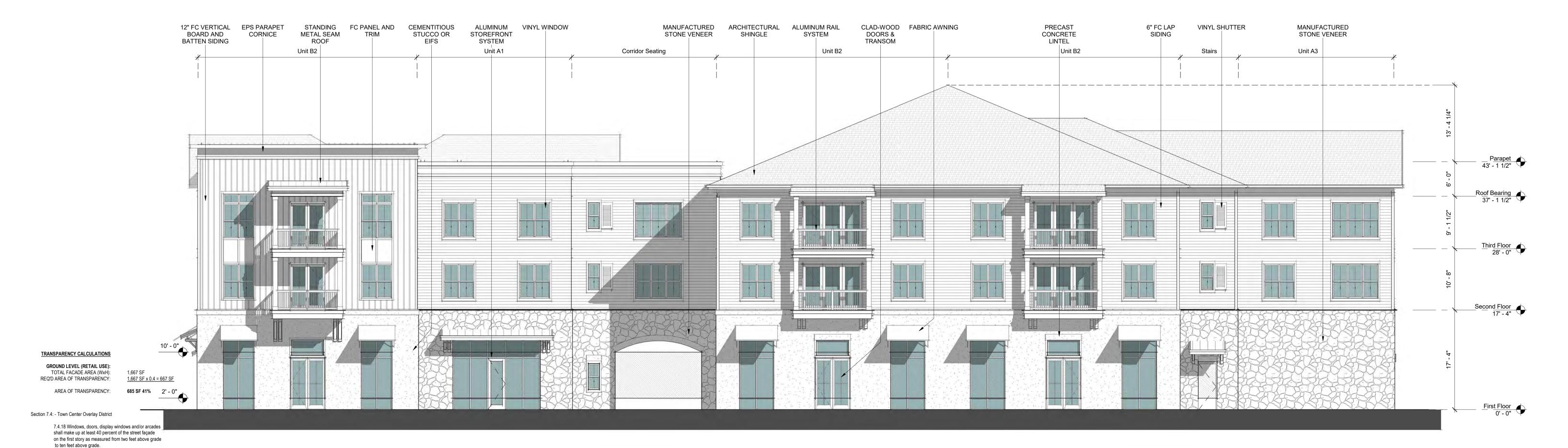
GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE): TOTAL FACADE AREA (WxH):

AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

836 SF 836 SF x 0.4 = 334 SF

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BLDG 2 - NORTH ELEVATION 1 ALUMINUM RAIL CLAD-WOOD VINYL SHUTTER STANDING VINYL WINDOW FC PANEL AND EPS PARAPET FC PANEL & CLAD-WOOD FABRIC AWNING ALUMINUM 12" FC VERTICAL EPS PARAPET MANUFACTURED ARCHITECTURAL 6" FC LAP CEMENTITIOUS DOORS & STOREFRONT BOARD AND METAL SEAM SYSTEM TRIM CLAD DOORS & CORNICE STONE VENEER SIDING STUCCO OR SHINGLE SYSTEM BATTEN SIDING COLUMN TRANSOM Unit A3 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A2 Beyond Unit A1m1 Unit A1m1 Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Corridor Parapet 43' - 1 1/2" Roof Bearing 37' - 1 1/2" Third Floor 28' - 0" Second Floor 17' - 4" First Floor 0' - 0"

BLDG 2 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



Blank walls are not permitted adjacent to streets.

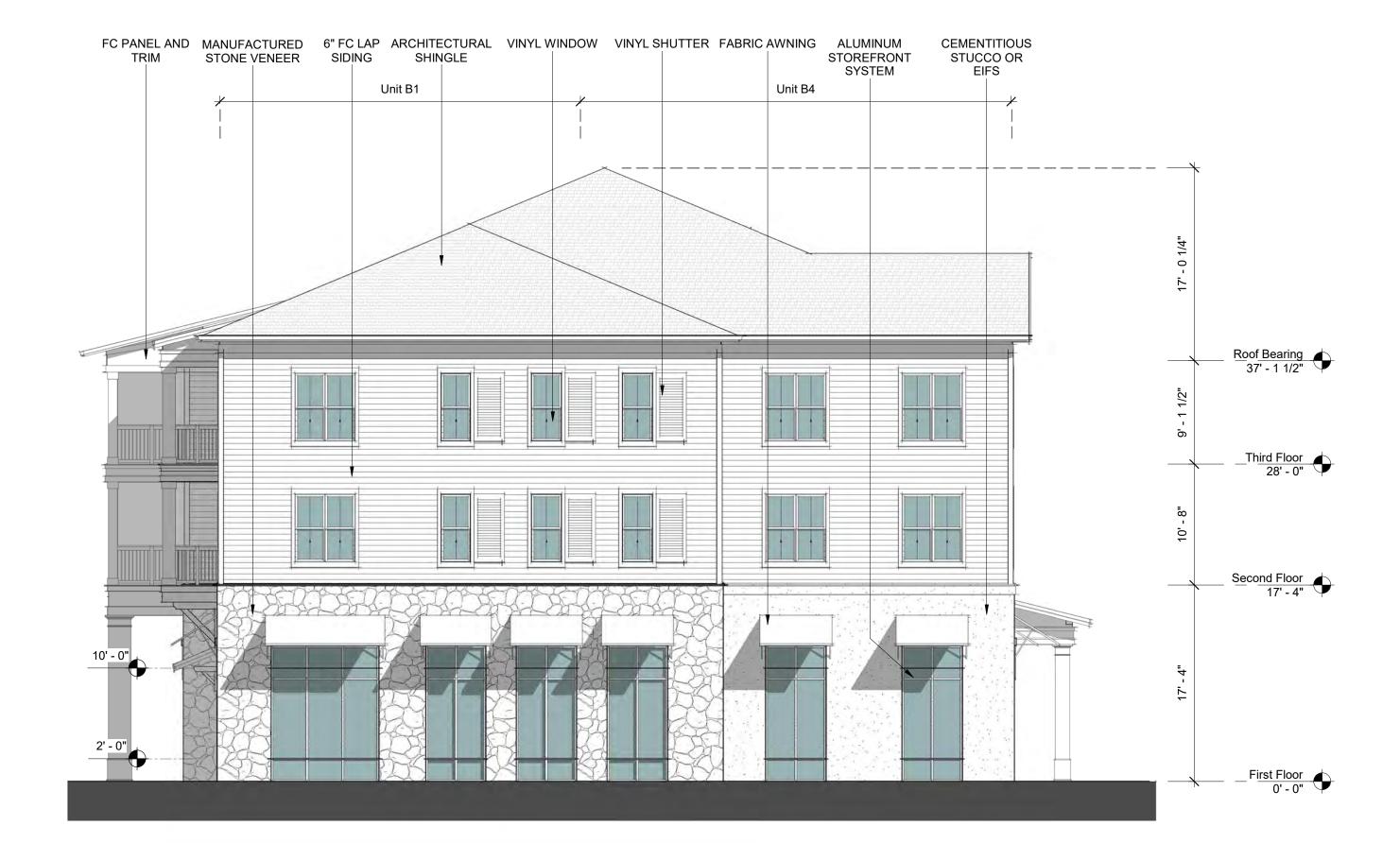


BLDG 3 - SOUTH ELEVATION

1/8" = 1'-0"



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TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS

GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE): TOTAL FACADÈ AREA (WxH): REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY: $\underline{563 \text{ SF} \times 0.4} = 225 \text{ SF}$

AREA OF TRANSPARENCY: 289 SF 51%

Section 7.4: - Town Center Overlay District

7.4.18 Windows, doors, display windows and/or arcades shall make up at least 40 percent of the street façade on the first story as measured from two feet above grade to ten feet above grade. Blank walls are not permitted adjacent to streets.

BLDG 3 - EAST ELEVATION 1



TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE): TOTAL FACADE AREA (WxH):

563 SF 563 SF x 0.4 = 225 SF REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY: AREA OF TRANSPARENCY: 289 SF 51%

BLDG 3 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



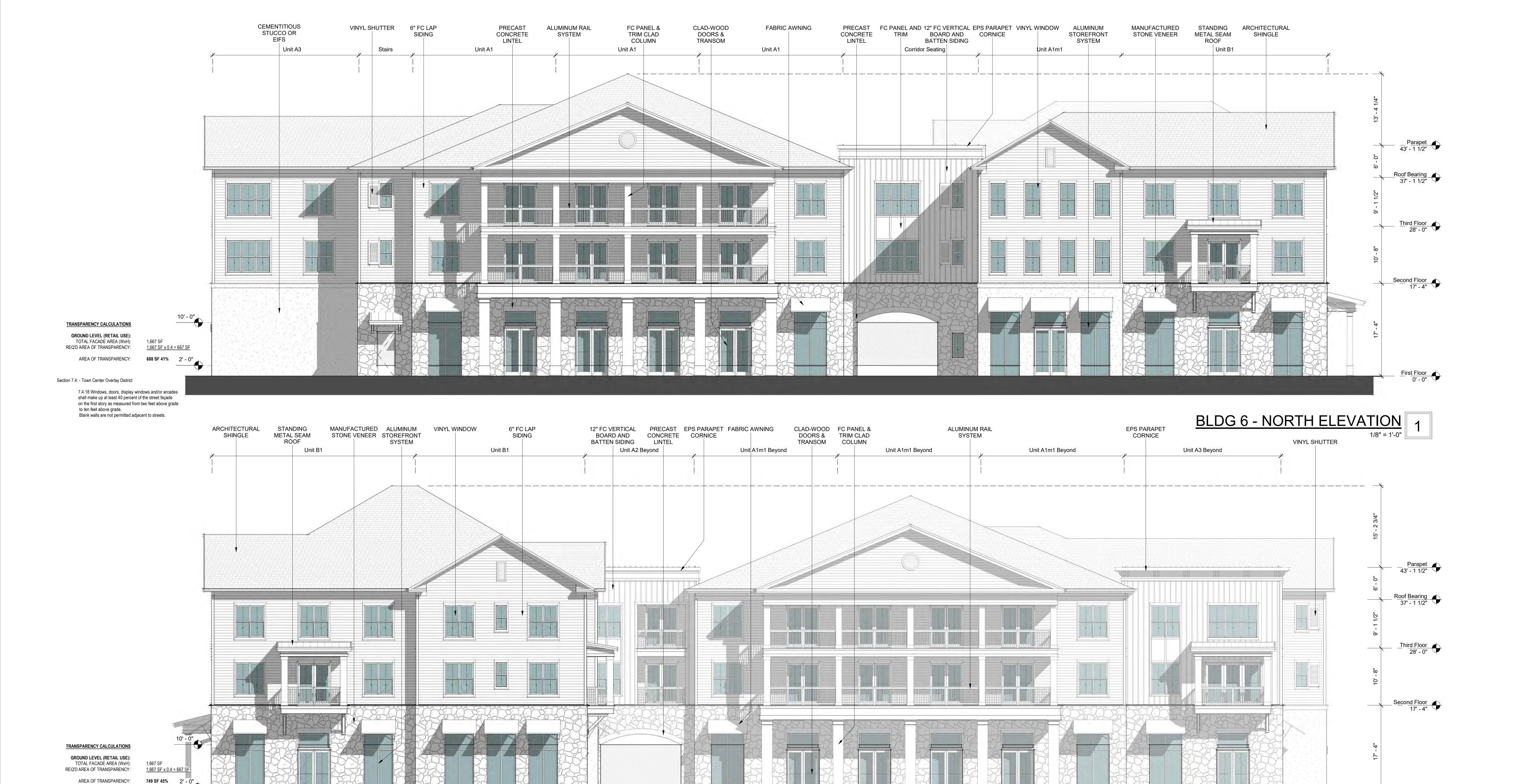




COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

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BLDG 6 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS - BLDG 6 A2.61

First Floor 0' - 0"



BLDG 6 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



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BLDG 1 & 7 - REAR ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



BLDG 1 & 7 - FRONT ELEVATION

1/8" = 1'-0"





BLDG 1 & 7 - LEFT SIDE ELEVATION

1/8" = 1'-0"



BLDG 1 & 7 - RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"





ARCHITECTURAL ASPIALT SHINGLES

FIBER CEMENT LAP SIGNIG

FIBER CEMENT BOARD & BATTEN SIGNIG

FIBER CEMENT PANELS & TRIM

VINYL WINDOWS

ALUMINUM GUARDRALS

MANUFACTURED STONE HEADER

MANUFACTURED STONE HEADER

MANUFACTURED STONE SILL

FIRST FOO.

0 ° ° ° °

BLDG 8 - REAR ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2

BLDG 8 - RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



FIBER CEMENT LAP SIDING
FIBER CEMENT BOARD & BATTEN' SIDING
FIBER CEMENT PANELS & TRIM

VINYL WINDOWS

ALUMINUM GUARDRALLS

MANUFACTURED STONE HEADER

MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER

MANUFACTURED STONE SILL

FIRST FROM

FIBER CEMENT PANELS & TRIM

VINYL WINDOWS

ALUMINUM GUARDRALLS

MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER

ARCHITECTURAL ASPHALT SHINGLES

BLDG 8 - FRONT ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"

BLDG 8 - LEFT SIDE ELEVATION

1/8" = 1'-0"





BLDG 2 - EAST ELEVATION



BLDG 2 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"











A.20



BLDG 2 - NORTH ELEVATION 1 1/8" = 1'-0" FABRIC AWNING ALUMINUM 12" FC VERTICAL EPS PARAPET MANUFACTURED STOREFRONT BOARD AND CORNICE STONE VENEER **EIFS SYSTEM** VINYL SHUTTER STANDING VINYL WINDOW **EPS PARAPET** FC PANEL & 6" FC LAP MANUFACTURED FC PANEL & METAL RAILING ARCHITECTURAL METAL SEAM CORNICE TRIM CLAD SIDING STONE VENEER TRIM CLAD ROOF COLUMN BATTEN SIDING COLUMN SYSTEM Unit A3 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A2 Beyond Unit A1m1 Corridor Unit A1m1 First Floor 0' - 0"

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE
ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

BLDG 2 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



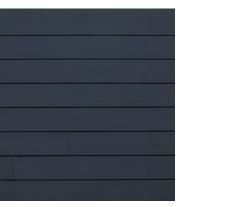
BLDG 3 - NORTH ELEVATION 1

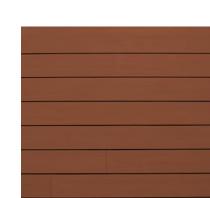


BLDG 3 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"









FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE

FIBER CEMENT SIDING

SW2803 - ROCKWOOD TERRA COTTA





FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW8917 - SHELL WHITE







FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/CORNICES SW7005 - PURE WHITE

EIFS FINISH SW6203 - SPARE WHITE





GEORGIA RENAISSANCE - MONTECITO

CORONADO STONE VENEER TUSCAN VILLA - PRAIRIE MOSS



TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS **GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE):** TOTAL FACADE AREA (WxH): REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

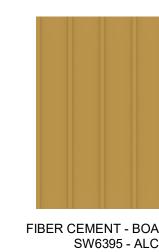
ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA



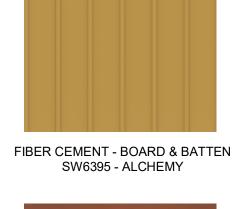


BLDG 3 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2





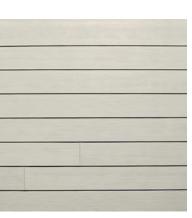
FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW9128 - GREEN ONYX





FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE

FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW2803 - ROCKWOOD TERRA COTTA





FIBER CEMENT SIDING

FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW7064 - PASSIVE





FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/CORNICES SW7005 - PURE WHITE

EIFS FINISH SW6203 - SPARE WHITE

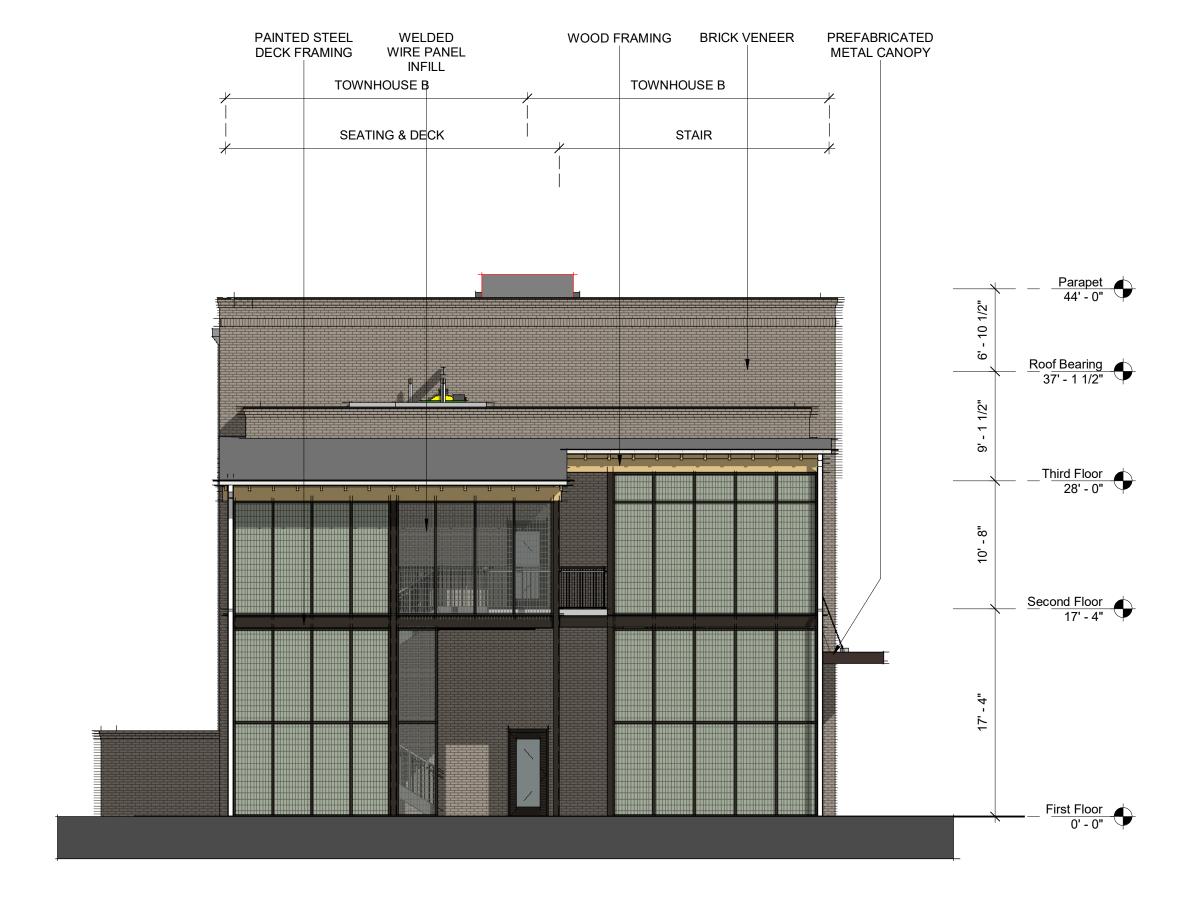




ARRISCRAFT WATERTABLE GEORGIA RENAISSANCE - MONTECITO







BLDG 5 - WEST ELEVATION 4



BLDG 5 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



BLDG 5 - EAST ELEVATION 3

to ten feet above grade.

Blank walls are not permitted adjacent to streets.

BLDG 5 - NORTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
1

CLINE DESIGN

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

05.25.21



BLDG 6 - NORTH ELEVATION 1/8" = 1'-0" 12" FC VERTICAL MANUFACTURED EPS PARAPET FABRIC AWNING **EPS PARAPET** ARCHITECTURAL STANDING FC PANEL & TRIM CLAD MANUFACTURED ALUMINUM VINYL WINDOW 6" FC LAP METAL RAILING BOARD AND STONE LINTEL CORNICE SHINGLE METAL SEAM STONE VENEER STOREFRONT CORNICE VINYL SHUTTER SIDING BATTEN SIDING ROOF SYSTEM COLUMN Unit A2 Beyond Unit B1 Unit B1 Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Unit A3 Beyond Unit A1m1 Beyond Parapet 44' - 0" Second Floor 17' - 4" First Floor
0' - 0"



TRANSPARENCY CALCULATIONS

GROUND LEVEL (RETAIL USE): TOTAL FACADE AREA (WxH): REQ'D AREA OF TRANSPARENCY:

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

AU . UUL

BLDG 6 - SOUTH ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"



BLDG 6 - EAST ELEVATION 1



BLDG 6 - WEST ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



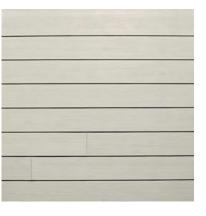






FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE

FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW2803 - ROCKWOOD TERRA COTTA





FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW8917 - SHELL WHITE

FIBER CEMENT SIDING SW7064 - PASSIVE





FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/CORNICES SW7005 - PURE WHITE

EIFS FINISH SW6203 - SPARE WHITE





ARRISCRAFT WATERTABLE GEORGIA RENAISSANCE - MONTECITO

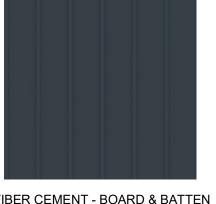
CORONADO STONE VENEER



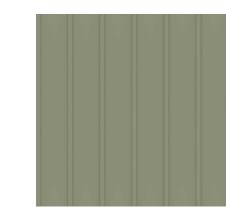
A.26

05.25.21





FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE



FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW9128 - GREEN ONYX



FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/ CORNICES/ PANELS SW7005 - PURE WHITE



FIBER CEMENT - 6" SIDING SW7064 - PASSIVE



CORONADO STONE VENEER TUSCAN VILLA - PRAIRIE MOSS

BLDG 1 & 7 - FRONT ELEVATION

1/8" = 1'-0"



BLDG 1 & 7 - REAR ELEVATION 2

MATERIAL SWATCHES - APTS



COBBLESTONE VILLAGE



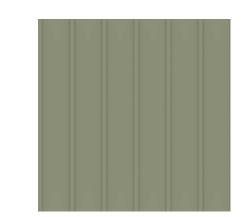
BLDG 1 & 7 - LEFT SIDE ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



BLDG 1 & 7 - RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION 1



FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE



FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW9128 - GREEN ONYX



FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/ CORNICES/ PANELS SW7005 - PURE WHITE



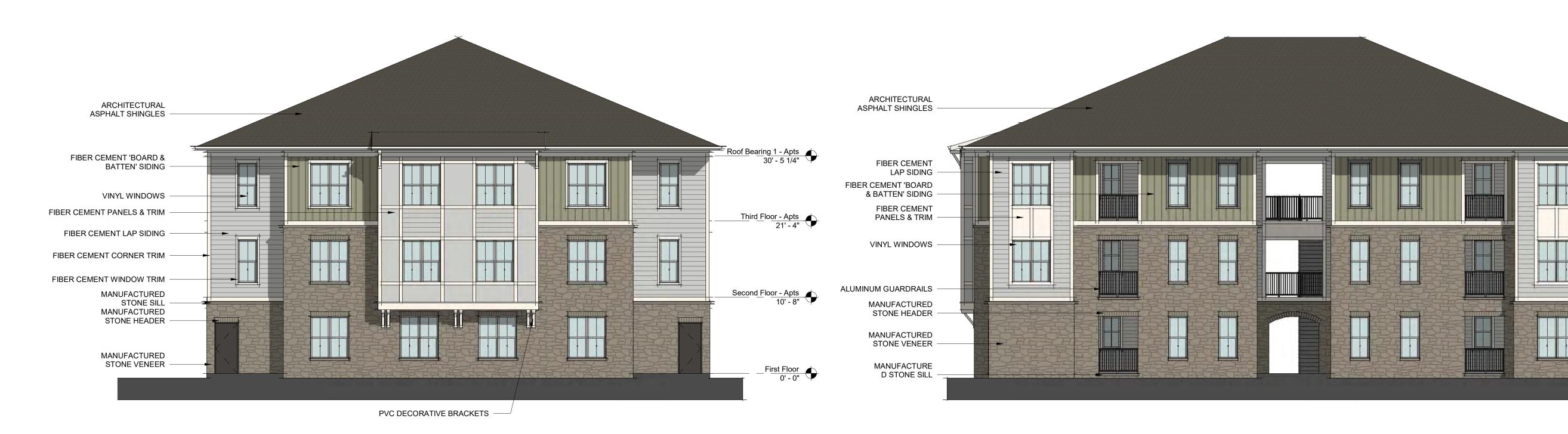
FIBER CEMENT - 6" SIDING SW7064 - PASSIVE



CORONADO STONE VENEER TUSCAN VILLA - PRAIRIE MOSS

MATERIAL SWATCHES - APTS

A.28



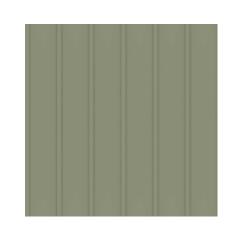
FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN

Third Floor - Apts 21' - 4"

Second Floor - Apts
10' - 8"

First Floor 0' - 0"

SW2739 - CHARCOAL BLUE

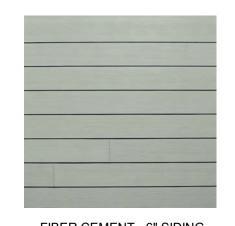


FIBER CEMENT - BOARD & BATTEN SW9128 - GREEN ONYX

BLDG 8 - REAR ELEVATION
1/8" = 1'-0"
2



FIBER CEMENT - TRIM/ CORNICES/ PANELS SW7005 - PURE WHITE



FIBER CEMENT - 6" SIDING SW7064 - PASSIVE



CORONADO STONE VENEER TUSCAN VILLA - PRAIRIE MOSS

BLDG 8 - RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION 4

STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF ——

BLDG 8 - LEFT SIDE ELEVATION 3

Roof Bearing 1 - Apts 30' - 5 1/4" Third Floor - Apts 21' - 4" Second Floor - Apts 10' - 8" First Floor
0' - 0"

ARCHITECTURAL ASPHALT SHINGLES FIBER CEMENT LAP SIDING FIBER CEMENT 'BOARD & BATTEN' SIDING FIBER CEMENT Third Floor - Apts 21' - 4" PANELS & TRIM VINYL WINDOWS -ALUMINUM GUARDRAILS Second Floor - Apts 10' - 8" MANUFACTURED STONE HEADER MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER MANUFACTURED STONE SILL First Floor
0' - 0"

BLDG 8 - FRONT ELEVATION 1

MATERIAL SWATCHES - APTS



ARCHITECTURAL

BATTEN' SIDING

VINYL WINDOWS

PANELS & TRIM

FIBER CEMENT CORNER TRIM

FIBER CEMENT WINDOW TRIM

MANUFACTURED STONE SILL

MANUFACTURED

STONE VENEER

ASPHALT SHINGLES

FIBER CEMENT 'BOARD &

FIBER CEMENT LAP SIDING

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE

PVC DECORATIVE BRACKETS ——

RAMEY KEMP ASSOCIATES

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Cobblestone Crossing Mixed - Use **Traffic Impact Analysis Rolesville, North Carolina**



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TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

FOR

COBBLESTONE CROSSING MIXED-USE

LOCATED

IN

ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Prepared For: Town of Rolesville 502 Southtown Circle Rolesville, NC 27571

Prepared By:
Ramey Kemp & Associates, Inc.
5808 Faringdon Place, Suite 100
Raleigh, NC 27609
License #C-0910

3-15-2021

MARCH 2021

RKA Project No. 20498

Prepared By: TF

Reviewed By: MK

TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS COBBLESTONE CROSSING MIXED-USE ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Development Overview

A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) was conducted for the proposed Cobblestone Crossing Mixed-Use development in accordance with the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) capacity analysis guidelines. The proposed development is to be located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Main Street and Young Street in Rolesville, North Carolina. The proposed development is expected to consist of 180 apartments, 18,200 square feet (sq. ft.) of municipal flex space, and 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space and is estimated to be built out in 2023. Site access is proposed via one (1) full movement site driveway on Main Street and one (1) right-in/right-out site driveway on Young Street.

2. Existing Traffic Conditions

The study area for the TIA was determined through coordination with the Town and NCDOT and consists of the following existing intersections:

- Main Street and Young Street
- Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive
- Main Street and Burlington Mills Road
- Young Street and US 401 Bypass
- Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, previously conducted turning movement counts were utilized, where available, to determine existing peak hour traffic volumes. Peak hour turning movement counts were conducted at the following study intersection during the weekday AM and PM peak hours at the listed dates:

- Main Street and Young Street May 22, 2018
- Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive September 10, 2019
- Young Street and US 401 Bypass January 29, 2019



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An annual growth rate of 3% was applied to the turning movement counts at these three (3) intersections from the year they were counted to the existing 2020 analysis year.

Peak hour turning movement counts were conducted by Quality Counts, LLC at all study intersections during the weekday AM (7:00 – 9:00AM) and PM (4:00 – 6:00PM) peak hours in December 2020. Based on coordination with NCDOT and Town staff at the TIA scoping meeting, previously collected traffic counts were grown to 2020 using a 3% annual growth rate and then compared to the December 2020 traffic counts to determine an adjustment factor for the two (2) remaining study intersections to account for the changes in traffic patterns due to COVID-19. This comparison indicated that the December 2020 traffic counts at the three (3) intersections are lower in AM peak hour with negligible differences in the PM peak hour than what would be estimated in conditions not impacted by COVID-19 closures. Therefore, the adjustment factor was calculated to be 58% for the weekday AM peak hour with no adjustment in the PM peak hour. This adjustment factor was applied at the two (2) remaining study intersections where no historic count data was available.

3. Site Trip Generation

The proposed development is assumed to consist of 180 apartments, 18,200 sq. ft. of municipal flex space, and 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space. Average weekday daily, AM peak hour, and PM peak hour trips for the proposed development were estimated using methodology contained within the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition. Table E-1 provides a summary of the trip generation potential for the site.



WEEKDAY WEEKDAY DAILY AM PEAK PM PEAK LAND USE INTENSITY TRIPS HOUR (VPH) HOUR (VPH) (ITE Code) (VPD) Enter Exit Enter Exit Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) 19 37 180 Units 1,320 64 63 (220)Municipal Flex Space 18,200 sq. ft. 530 21 11 20 22 (495)**Shopping Center** 50,000 sq. ft. 3,760 110 67 156 169 (820)**Total Trips** 5,610 **150** 142 239 228 Internal Capture -39 -37 (18% PM)* **Total External Trips** 150 191 142 200 Pass-By Trips: Shopping Center -45 -45 (34% PM) **Total Primary Trips 150** 142 **155** 146

Table E-1: Site Trip Generation

4. Future Traffic Conditions

Through coordination with the Town and NCDOT, it was determined that an annual growth rate of 3% would be used to generate projected (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. The following approved adjacent developments were identified to be considered under future traffic conditions:

- Redford Place
- Jones Dairy Road Residential
- Townhome Development north of proposed Cobblestone Crossing

The study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- Existing (2020) Traffic Conditions
- No-Build (2023) Traffic Conditions
- Build (2023) Traffic Conditions



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^{*}Utilizing methodology contained in the NCHRP Report 684.

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Based on coordination with the Town and NCDOT, it was determined that the roadway improvements associated with the NCDOT State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) U-6241 (Main Street Improvements) should be considered in this study. STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median along Main Street west of Rogers Road. These improvements associated with STIP U-6241 will alter the existing lane configurations at the study intersections along Main Street.

The Town's goal and long-term vision for the intersection of Main Street and Young Street is to be a town center, safe for pedestrians and bicyclists. As a result, exclusive turn lanes at the intersection of Main Street & Young Street are expected to be removed to provide improved pedestrian facilities (sidewalk, signalized push-button pedestals, shortened pedestrian crossing lengths for all legs of this intersection, etc.) to make this a walkable, pedestrian friendly area. Modified lane configurations and signal phasing were considered at this intersection to provide acceptable traffic operations while maintaining the long-term vision of this intersection. It should be noted that signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241. These optimized signal timings were held constant under build (2023) traffic conditions to evaluate the proportional impacts the proposed site traffic is expected to have at this intersection.

5. Capacity Analysis Summary

The analysis considered weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic for existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) conditions. Refer to Table E-2 on the following page for the capacity analysis summary performed at each study intersection.



Table E-2: Capacity Analysis Summary

Intersection	Approach Existing (2020) Condition		20) itions	No-Build (2023) Conditions		Build (2023) Conditions	
	F.D.	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
	EB	B D	A B	С	D	D D	D E
Main Street and	WB	В	D	D D	D E	D D	E
Young Street	NB	С	D	D	D	D	D
	SB						
	Overall	C (21)	C (24)	D (43)	D (46)	D (47)	D (53)
	EB	В	С	С	В	D	С
Main Street and	WB	С	С	D	В	D	С
Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive	NB	D	D	F	D	F	D
Rediord Flace Drive	SB	C (25)	C (20)	F (50)	E (21)	F	E (26)
	Overall	C (25)	C (29)	D (50)	C (31)	E (64)	D (36)
	EB	В	A	С	В	С	В
Main Street and	WB	В	A	С	В	С	В
Burlington Mills	NB	-	-	Е	D	Е	D
Road	SB	D	D	F	Е	F	Е
	Overall	B (18)	B (16)	C (31)	C (20)	C (32)	C (22)
	WB	В	A	В	A	В	A
	NB*	В	В	В	В	В	В
	SB	С	В	С	В	С	В
Young Street and US	Overall	B (14)	A (8)	B (18)	A (10)	B (19)	A (10)
401 Bypass	EB	A	A	A	A	A	A
	NB	В	В	В	В	В	В
	SB**	A	В	A	В	A	В
	Overall	A (7)	A (9)	A (7)	A (10)	A (7)	A (10)
	EB	D^2	C^2	F ²	F ²	F ²	F ²
Young Street and	WB	C ²	C ²	F ²	D^2	F ²	E ²
Granite Falls Boulevard	NB	A ¹	A ¹	B ¹	A ¹	B ¹	A ¹
Doulevaru	SB	A^1	A^1	A^1	A^1	A1	A^1
	EB	-	-	-	-	B^1	A^1
Main Street and Site	WB	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drive 1	SB	-	-	-	-	F ²	F ²
	EB	-	-	-	-	B ²	B ²
Young Street and Site Drive 2	NB	-	-	-	-	-	-
SIC DIVE 2	SB	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{1.} Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.



Level of service for minor-street approach.
 Synchro analyzed the EB left-turns as NB through movements due to the nature of the superstreet and synchro limitations.
 Synchro analyzed the WB left-turns as SB through movements due to the nature of the superstreet and synchro limitations.

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6. Recommendations

Based on the findings of this study, specific geometric and traffic control improvements have been identified at study intersections. The improvements are summarized below and are illustrated in Figure E-1.

Improvements by STIP U-6241

STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median island along Main Street west of Rogers Road. These improvements associated with STIP U-6241 will alter the existing lane configurations at the study intersections along Main Street.

Recommended Improvements by Developer

Main Street and Site Drive 1

- Construct the southbound approach with one ingress and two egress lanes.
- Provide stop control for the southbound approach.
- Install an eastbound left-turn lane with at least 125 feet of storage and appropriate decel and taper.

Young Street and Site Drive 2

- Construct the eastbound approach with one ingress and egress lane.
- Provide stop control for the eastbound approach.



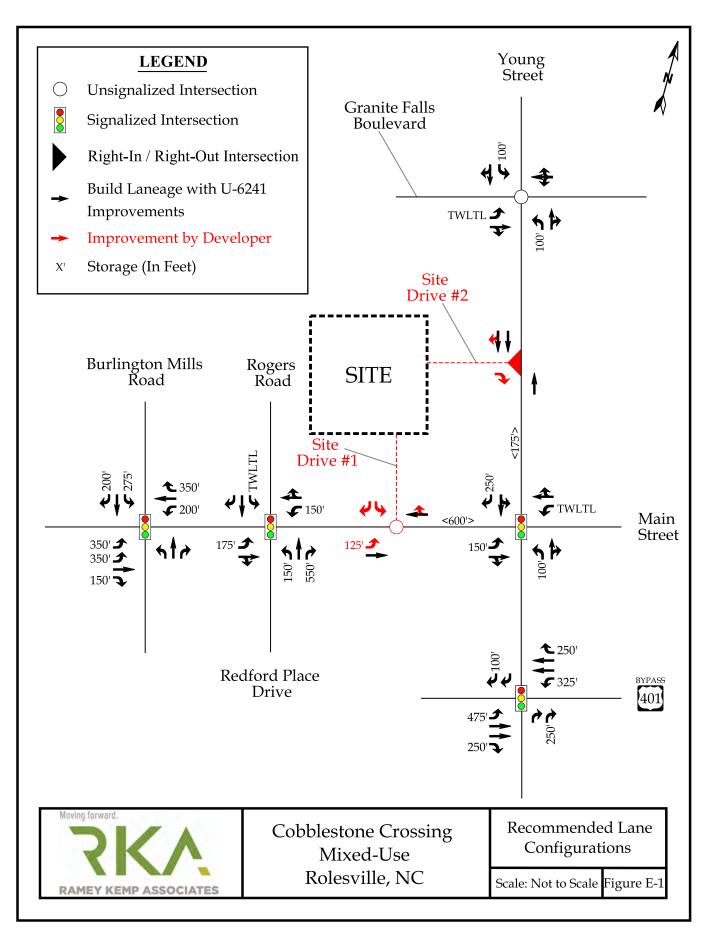


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Capacity Calculations - Young Street and Site Drive 2



TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS COBBLESTONE CROSSING MIXED-USE ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

1. INTRODUCTION

The contents of this report present the findings of the Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) conducted for the proposed Cobblestone Crossing Mixed-Use development to be located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Main Street and Young Street in Rolesville, North Carolina. The purpose of this study is to determine the potential impacts to the surrounding transportation system created by traffic generated by the proposed development, as well as recommend improvements to mitigate the impacts.

The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2023, is assumed to consist of the following uses:

- 180 apartments
- 18,200 square feet (sq. ft.) of municipal flex space
- 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space

The study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- Existing (2020) Traffic Conditions
- No-Build (2023) Traffic Conditions
- Build (2023) Traffic Conditions

1.1. Site Location and Study Area

The proposed development is located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Main Street and Young Street in Rolesville, North Carolina. Refer to Figure 1 for the site location map.

The study area for the TIA was determined through coordination with the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and the Town of Rolesville (Town) and consists of the following existing intersections:



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- Main Street and Young Street
- Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive
- Main Street and Burlington Mills Road
- Young Street and US 401 Bypass
- Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard

Refer to Appendix A for the approved scoping documentation.

1.2. Proposed Land Use and Site Access

The site is expected to be located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Main Street and Young Street. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2023, is assumed to consist of the following uses:

- 180 apartments
- 18,200 sq. ft. of municipal flex space
- 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space

Site access is proposed via one (1) full movement site driveway on Main Street and one (1) right-in/right-out site driveway on Young Street. Refer to Figure 2 for a copy of the preliminary site plan.

1.3. Adjacent Land Uses

The proposed development is located in an area consisting primarily of commercial and residential development.

1.4. Existing Roadways

Existing lane configurations (number of traffic lanes on each intersection approach), lane widths, storage capacities, and other intersection and roadway information within the study area are shown in Figure 3. Table 1 provides a summary of this information, as well.



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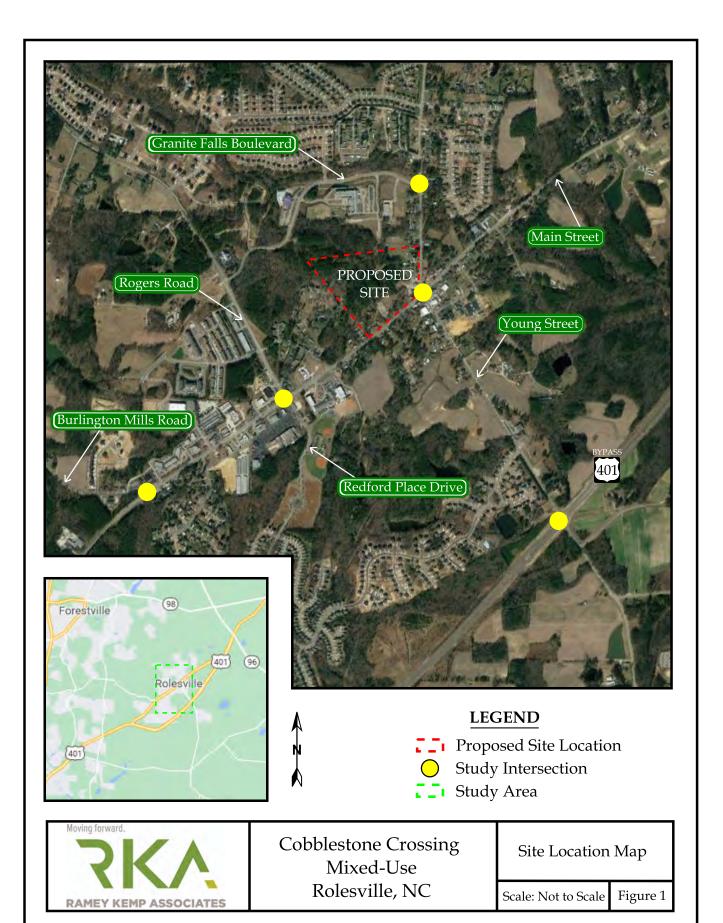
Moving forward.

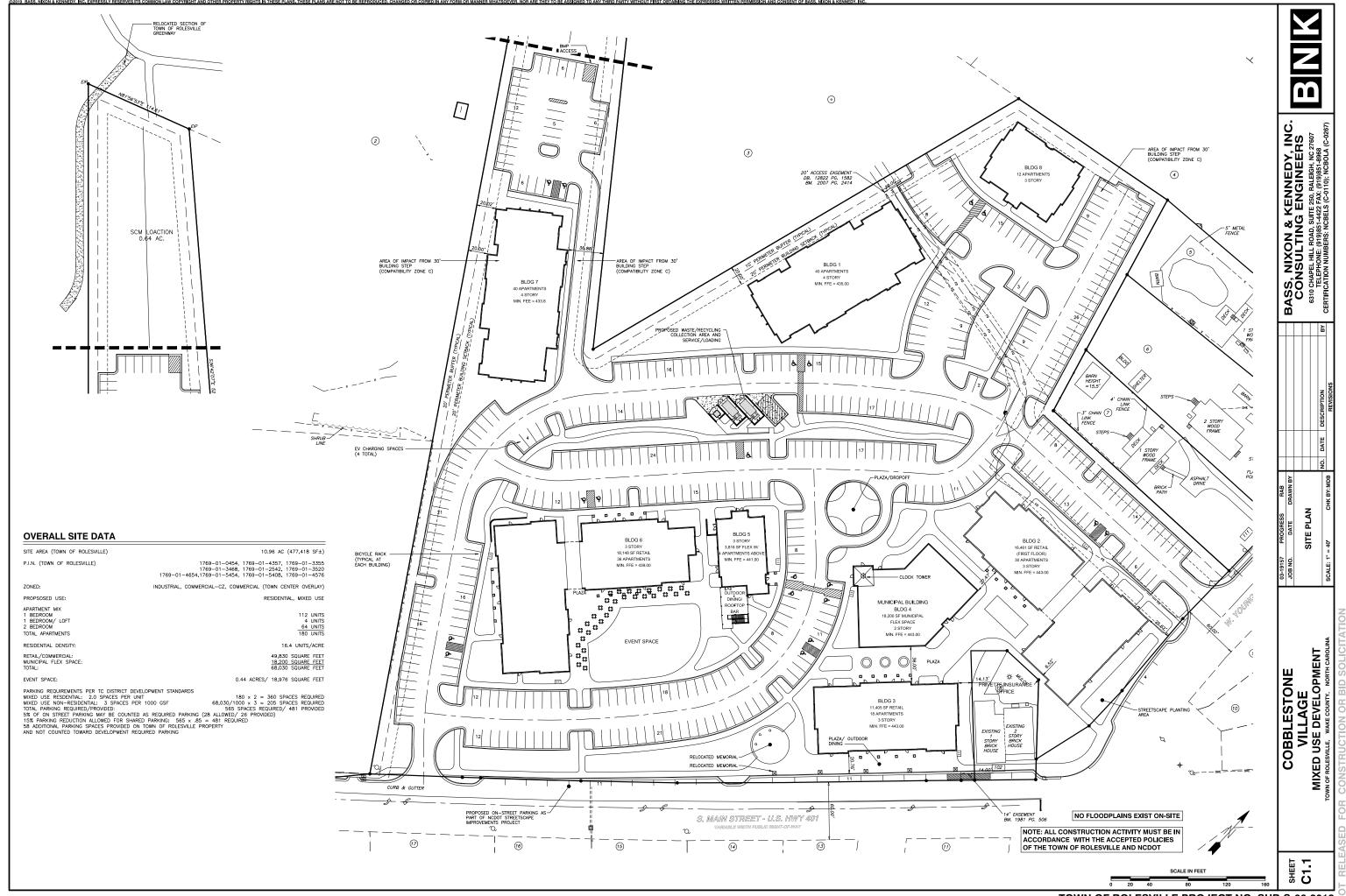
Table 1: Existing Roadway Inventory

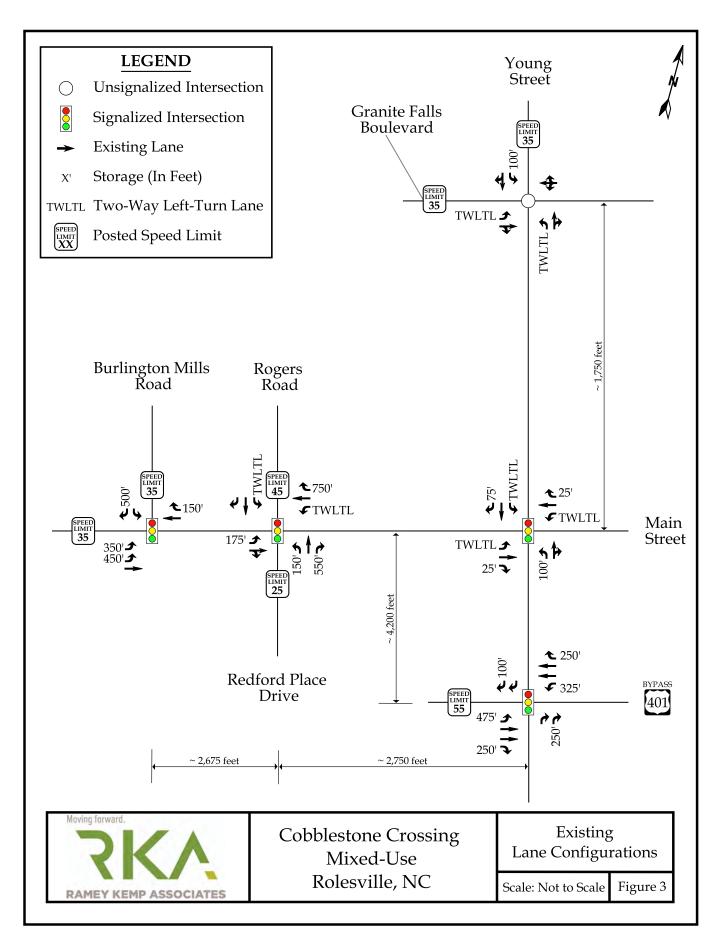
Road Name	Route Number	Typical Cross Section	Speed Limit	Maintained By	2019 AADT (vpd)
Main Street	US 401 Business	3-lane divided by TWLTL	35 mph	35 mph NCDOT	
Young Street	SR 1003 / SR 1945	Varies; 2- lane undivided & 3-lane divided by TWLTL	35 mph	NCDOT	8,600
US 401 Bypass		4-lane divided	55 mph	NCDOT	17,500
Rogers Road	SR 2052	5-lane divided by TWLTL	45 mph	NCDOT	9,000
Redford Place Drive	N/A	3-lane divided by TWLTL	25 mph	Town	5,620*
Burlington Mills Road	SR 2051	2-lane undivided	35 mph	NCDOT	4,500
Granite Falls Boulevard	N/A	3-lane divided by TWLTL	35 mph	Town	1,570*

^{*}ADT based on the existing (2020) peak hour traffic volumes and assuming the weekday PM peak hour volume is 10% of the average daily traffic.









- 2. EXISTING (2020) PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS
- Existing (2020) Peak Hour Traffic

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, previously conducted turning movement counts were utilized, where available, to determine existing (2020) peak hour traffic volumes. Peak hour turning movement counts were conducted at the following study intersections during the weekday AM and PM peak hours at the listed dates:

- Main Street and Young Street May 22, 2018
- Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive September 10, 2019
- Young Street and US 401 Bypass January 29, 2019

An annual growth rate of 3% was applied to the turning movement counts at these three (3) intersections from the year they were counted to the existing 2020 analysis year.

Peak hour turning movement counts were conducted by Quality Counts, LLC at all study intersections during the weekday AM (7:00 – 9:00AM) and PM (4:00 – 6:00PM) peak hours in December 2020. Based on coordination with NCDOT and Town staff at the TIA scoping meeting, previously collected traffic counts were grown to 2020 using a 3% annual growth rate and then compared to the December 2020 traffic counts to determine an adjustment factor for the two (2) remaining study intersections to account for the changes in traffic patterns due to COVID-19. This comparison indicated that the December 2020 traffic counts at the three (3) intersections are lower in AM peak hour with negligible differences in the PM peak hour than what would be estimated in conditions not impacted by COVID-19 closures. Therefore, the adjustment factor was calculated to be 58% for the weekday AM peak hour with no adjustment in the PM peak hour. This adjustment factor was applied at the two (2) remaining study intersections where no historic count data was available.

Refer to Figure 4 for existing (2020) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. A copy of the count data is located in Appendix B of this report.



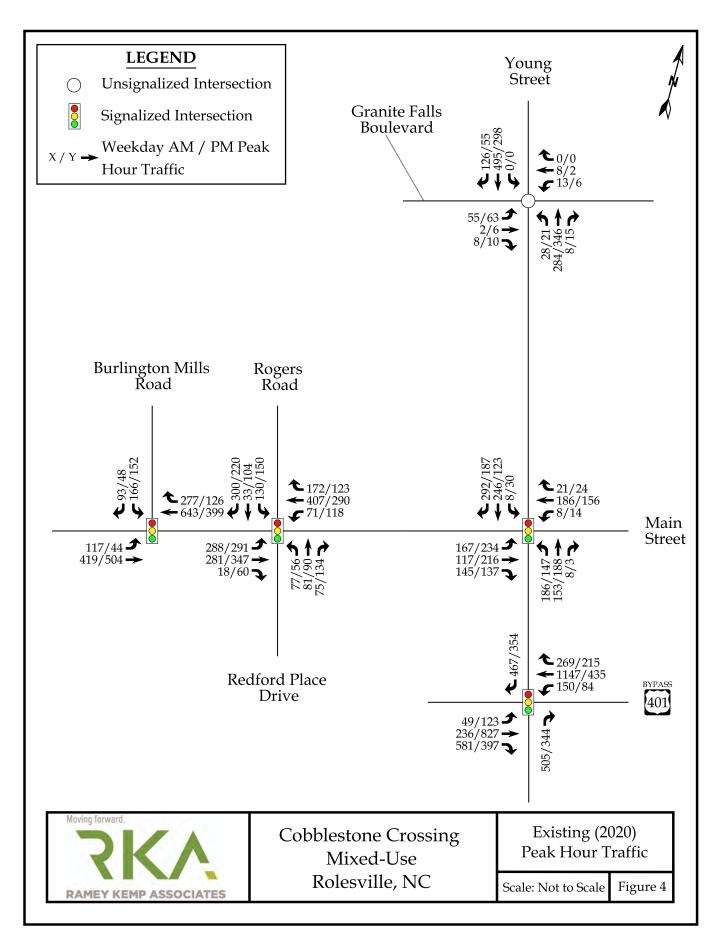
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2.2. Analysis of Existing (2020) Peak Hour Traffic

The existing (2020) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed to determine the current levels of service at the study intersections under existing roadway conditions. Signal information was obtained from NCDOT and is included in Appendix C. The results of the analysis are presented in Section 7 of this report.





3. NO-BUILD (2023) PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS

In order to account for growth of traffic and subsequent traffic conditions at a future year, nobuild traffic projections are needed. No-build traffic is the component of traffic due to the growth of the community and surrounding area that is anticipated to occur regardless of whether or not the proposed development is constructed. No-build traffic is comprised of existing traffic growth within the study area and additional traffic created as a result of adjacent approved developments.

3.1. Ambient Traffic Growth

Through coordination with the Town and NCDOT, it was determined that an annual growth rate of 3% would be used to generate projected (2023) peak hour traffic volumes. Refer to Figure 5 for projected (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes.

3.2. Adjacent Development Traffic

Through coordination with the Town and NCDOT, the following adjacent developments were identified to be included as approved adjacent developments in this study:

- Redford Place
- Jones Dairy Road Residential
- Townhome Development north of proposed Cobblestone Crossing

Table 2 provides a summary of the adjacent developments. Additional adjacent development information can be found in Appendix D.



Table 2: Adjacent Development Information

Development Name	Location	Build- Out Year	Land Use / Intensity	TIA Performed
Redford Place	East of Redford Place Drive, South of US 401 Business (Main Street)	2023	13,000 sq. ft. medical office 6,500 sq. ft. retail	October 2019 by Stantec
Jones Dairy Road Residential	Along Jones Dairy Road and Averette Road	2024	250 townhomes 600 single-family homes	October 2018 by RKA
Townhome Development	North of Main Street, south of Scarboro Street	2023	60 townhomes	N/A

Through coordination with Town staff, the townhome development located north of the proposed site will have 54 - 57 townhomes constructed within the same timeframe as Cobblestone Crossing. The TIA considers 60 townhomes as the build intensity for analysis purposes, to be conservative.

The TIA for the Redford Place development considered two land use scenarios. The land use scenario that yielded the higher trip generation potential for the Redford Place development was utilized for analysis purposes, to be conservative.

Future Roadway Improvements

Based on coordination with the Town and NCDOT, it was determined that the roadway improvements associated with the NCDOT State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) U-6241 (Main Street Improvements) should be considered in this study. STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median along Main Street west of Rogers Road. These improvements associated with STIP U-6241 will alter the existing lane configurations at the study intersections along Main Street. Refer to Appendix E for a copy of the latest STIP U-6241 pavement marking plans.



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3.4. No-Build (2023) Peak Hour Traffic

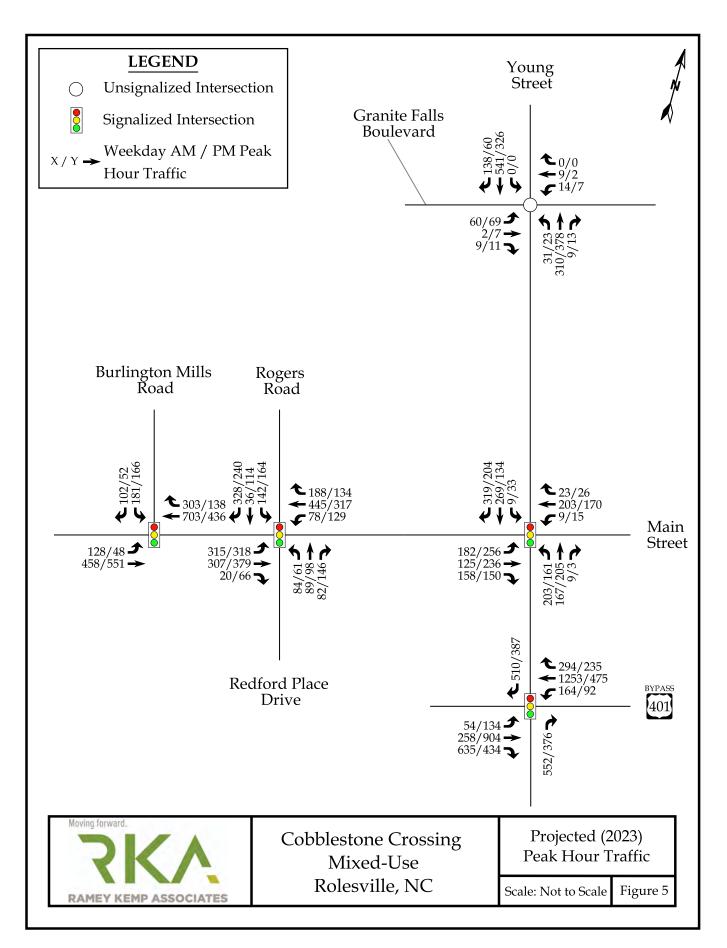
The no-build (2023) peak hour traffic volumes were determined by projecting the existing (2020) peak hour traffic to the year 2023 and adding the adjacent development trips. Refer to Figure 7 for an illustration of the no-build (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections.

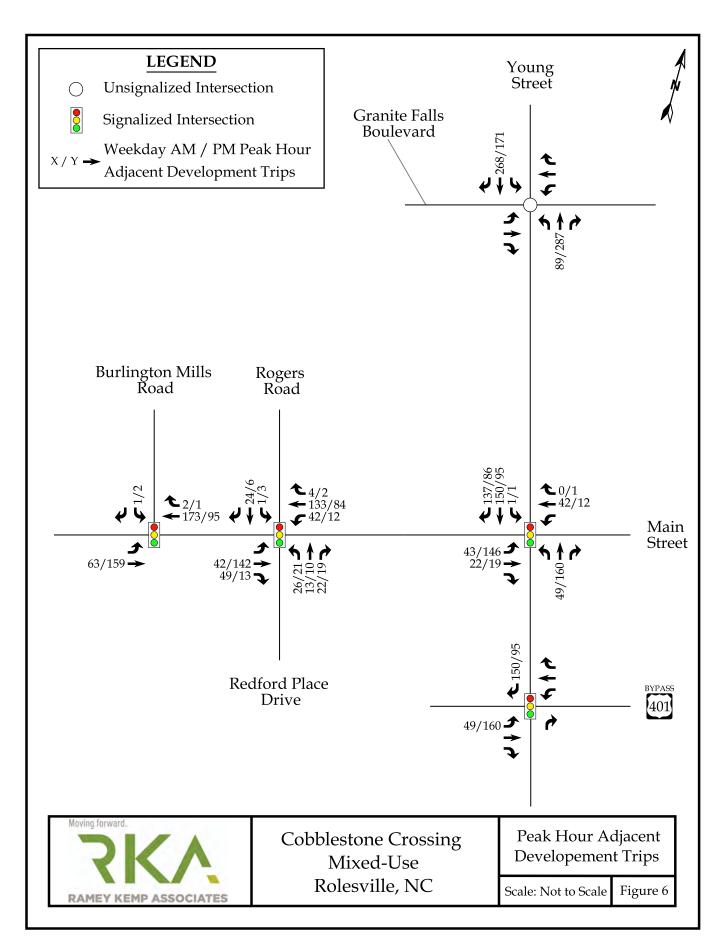
3.5. Analysis of No-Build (2023) Peak Hour Traffic

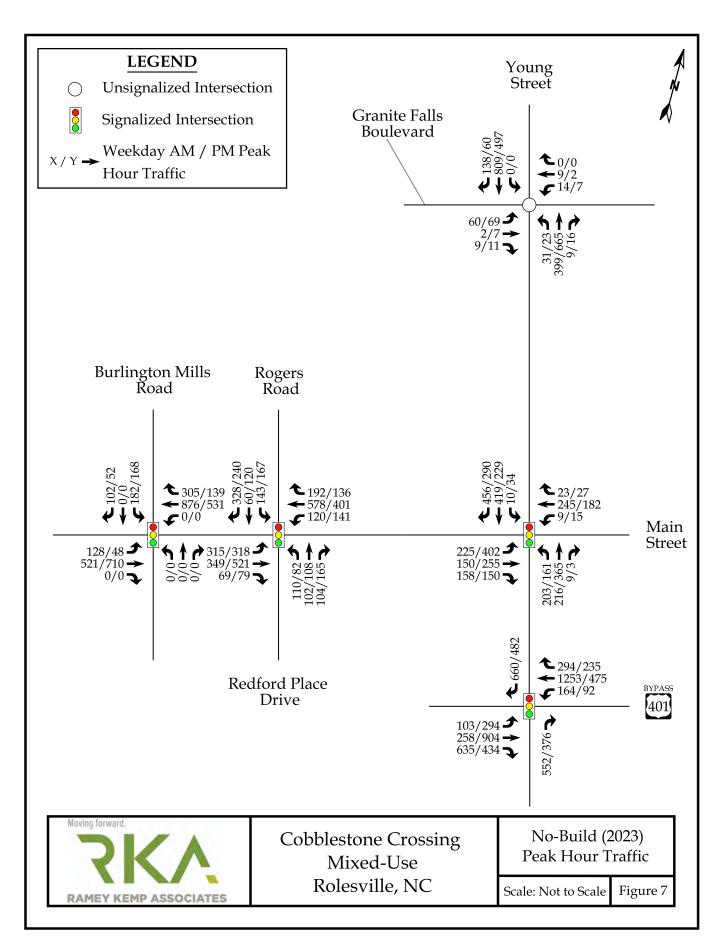
The no-build (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed with future geometric roadway conditions and traffic control to determine the levels of service at the study intersections. The analysis results are presented in Section 7 of this report.

As previously discussed in Section 3.3 of this report, STIP U-6241 is expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street. The Town's goal and long-term vision for the intersection of Main Street and Young Street is to be a town center, safe for pedestrians and bicyclists. As a result, exclusive turn lanes at the intersection of Main Street & Young Street are expected to be removed to provide improved pedestrian facilities (sidewalk, signalized push-button pedestals, shortened pedestrian crossing lengths for all legs of this intersection, etc.) to make this a walkable, pedestrian friendly area. Modified lane configurations and signal phasing were considered at this intersection to provide acceptable traffic operations while maintaining the long-term vision of this intersection. It should be noted that signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241.









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4. SITE TRIP GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

4.1. Trip Generation

The proposed development is assumed to consist of 180 apartments, 18,200 sq. ft. of municipal flex space, and 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space. Average weekday daily, AM peak hour, and PM peak hour trips for the proposed development were estimated using methodology contained within the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition. Table 3 provides a summary of the trip generation potential for the site.

Table 3: Trip Generation Summary

Land Use (ITE Code)	Intensity	Daily Traffic (vpd)	Weekday AM Peak Hour Trips (vph)		Weekday PM Peak Hour Trips (vph)	
			Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise) (220)	180 Units	1,320	19	64	63	37
Municipal Flex Space (495)	18,200 sq. ft.	530	21	11	20	22
Shopping Center (820) 50,000 sq. ft.		3,760	110	67	156	169
Total Trips	Total Trips 5,610				239	228
Internal Capture (18% PM)*				-	-39	-37
Total External Trips				142	200	191
Pass-By Trips: Shopping Center (34% PM)			-	-	-45	-45
Total Primary Trips			150	142	155	146

^{*}Utilizing methodology contained in the NCHRP Report 684.

It is estimated that the proposed development will generate approximately 5,610 total site trips on the roadway network during a typical 24-hour weekday period. Of the daily traffic volume, it is anticipated that 292 trips (150 entering and 142 exiting) will occur during the weekday AM peak hour and 467 trips (239 entering and 228 exiting) will occur during the weekday PM peak hour.

Internal capture of trips between the retail and residential uses was considered in this study. Internal capture is the consideration for trips that will be made within the site between different



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land uses, so the vehicle technically never leaves the internal site but can still be considered as a trip to that specific land use. Based on NCHRP Report 684 methodology, a weekday PM peak hour internal capture of 18% was applied to the trips generated from the residential and retail uses only. The internal capture reductions are expected to account for approximately 76 trips (39 entering and 37 exiting) during the weekday PM peak hour. Refer to Appendix F for the NCHRP internal capture reports.

Pass-by trips were also taken into consideration in this study. Pass-by trips are made by the traffic already using the adjacent roadway, entering the site as an intermediate stop on their way to another destination. Pass-by percentages are applied to site trips after adjustments for internal capture. Pass-by trips are expected to account for approximately 90 trips (45 entering and 45 exiting) during the weekday PM peak hour. It should be noted that the pass-by trips were balanced, as it is likely that these trips would enter and exit in the same hour.

The total primary site trips are the calculated site trips after the reduction for internal capture and pass-by trips. Primary site trips are expected to generate approximately 292 trips (150 entering and 142 exiting) during the weekday AM peak hour and 301 trips (155 entering and 146 exiting) during the weekday PM peak hour.

4.2. Site Trip Distribution and Assignment

Trip distribution percentages used in assigning site traffic for this development were estimated based on a combination of existing traffic patterns, population centers adjacent to the study area, and engineering judgment.

It is estimated that the residential site trips will be regionally distributed as follows:

- 35% to/from the west via Main Street
- 5% to/from the east via Main Street
- 25% to/from the west via US 401 Bypass
- 15% to/from the north via Rogers Road
- 10% to/from the north via Burlington Mills Road
- 10% to/from the north via Young Street



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It is estimated that the retail/commercial site trips will be regionally distributed as follows:

- 15% to/from the west via Main Street
- 5% to/from the east via Main Street
- 30% to/from the north via Rogers Road
- 5% to/from the south via Redford Place Drive
- 5% to/from the north via Burlington Mills Road
- 30% to/from the north via Young Street
- 5% to/from residential areas along Young Street
- 5% to/from the west via Granite Falls Boulevard

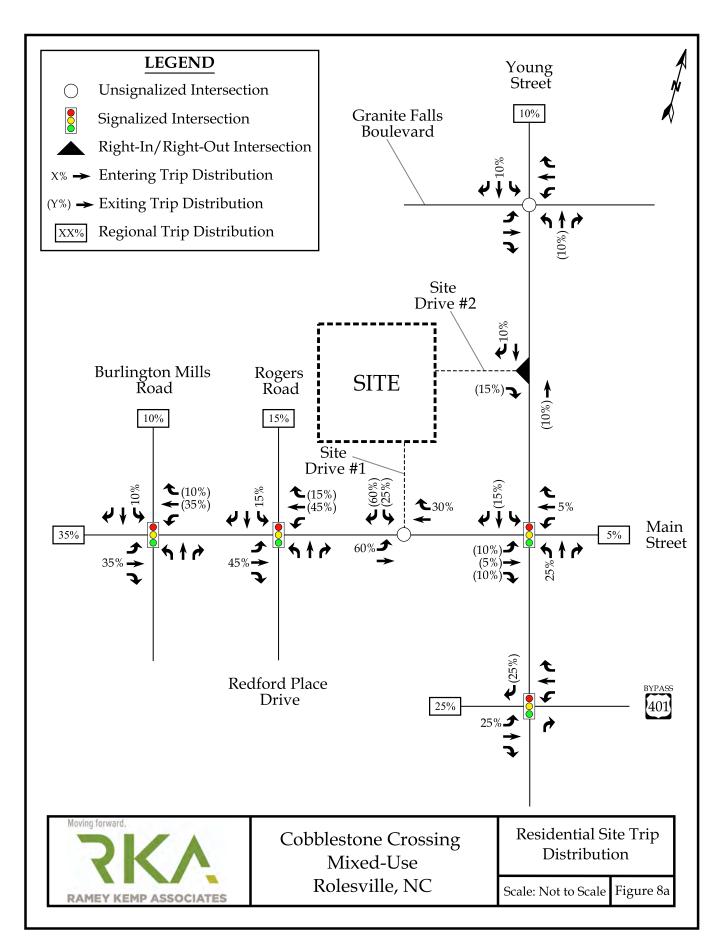
The residential site trip distribution is shown in Figure 8A, the retail/commercial site trip distribution is shown in Figure 8B. Refer to Figure 9A for the residential site trip assignment, and Figure 9B for the retail/commercial site trip assignment.

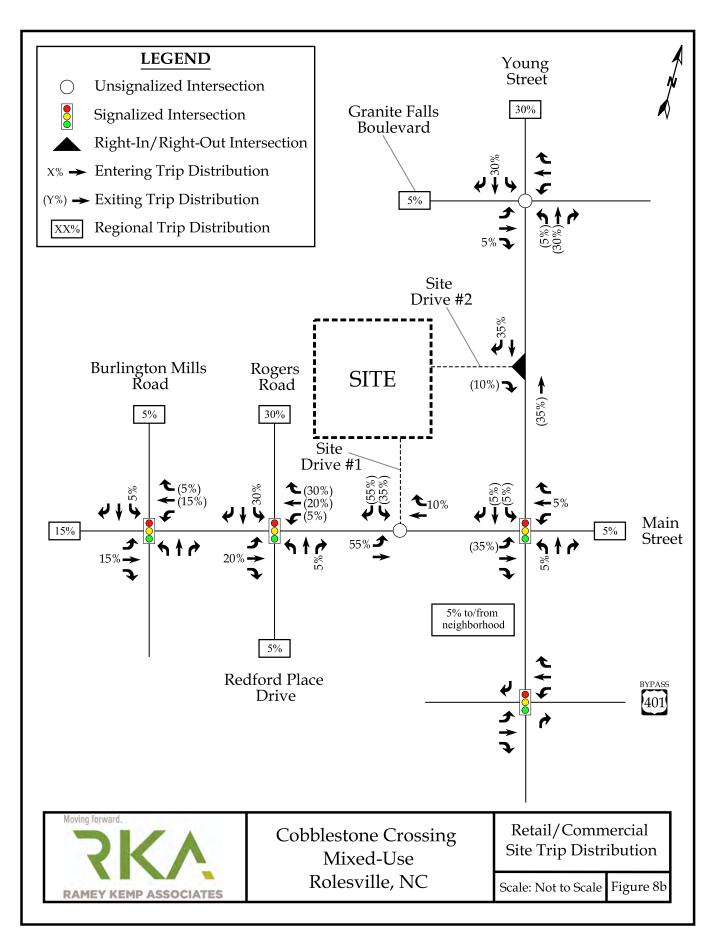
The pass-by site trips were distributed based on existing traffic patterns with consideration given to the proposed driveway access and site layout. Refer to Figure 10 for the pass-by site trip distribution. Pass-by site trips are shown in Figure 11.

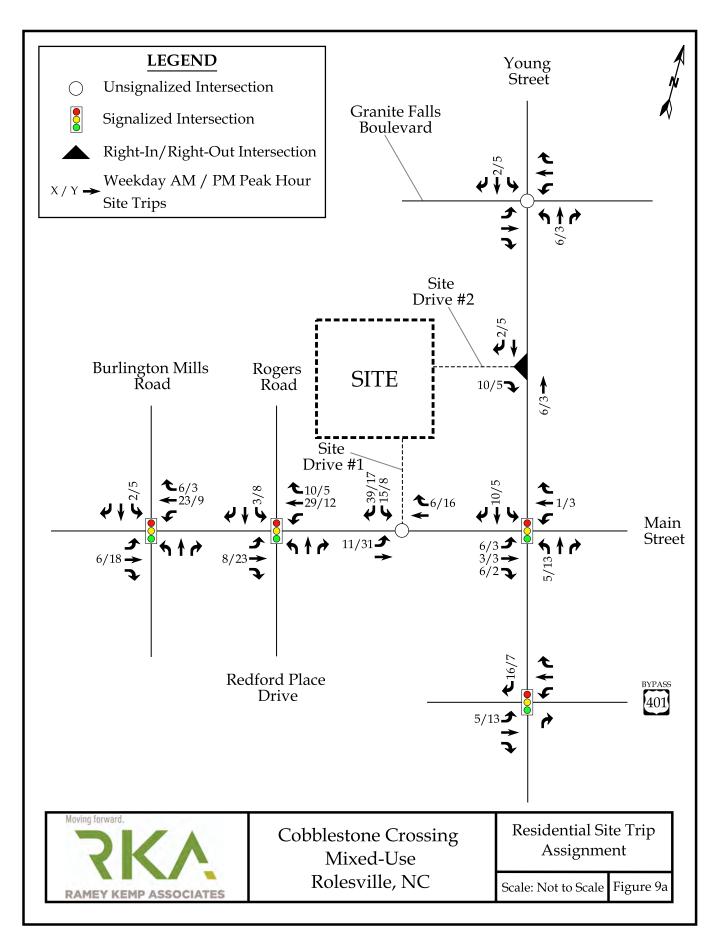
The total site trips were determined by adding the primary site trips and the pass-by site trips. Refer to Figure 12 for the total peak hour site trips at the study intersections.

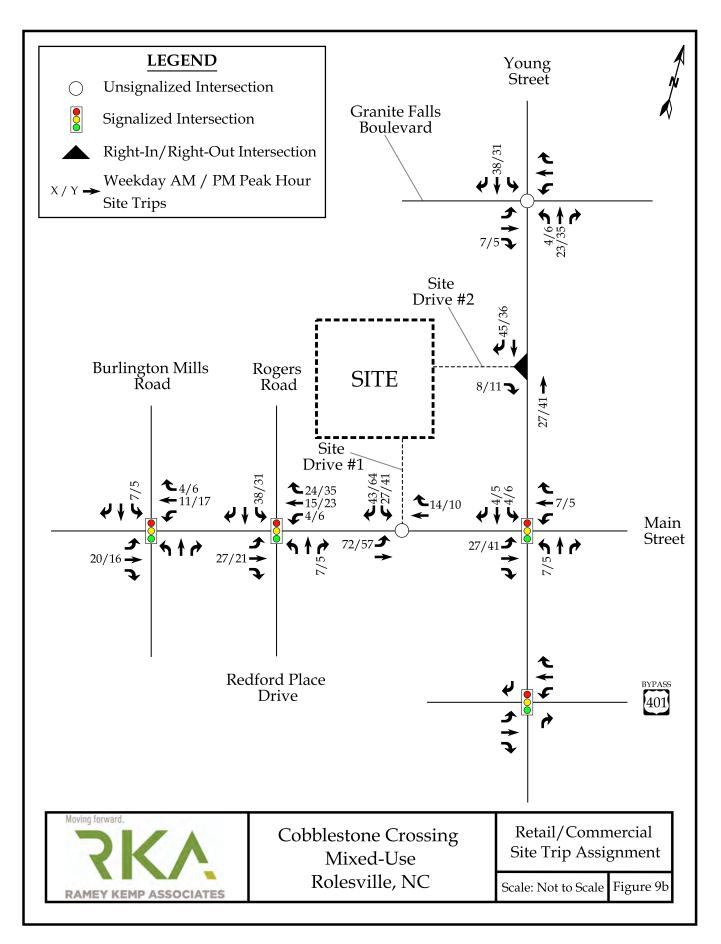


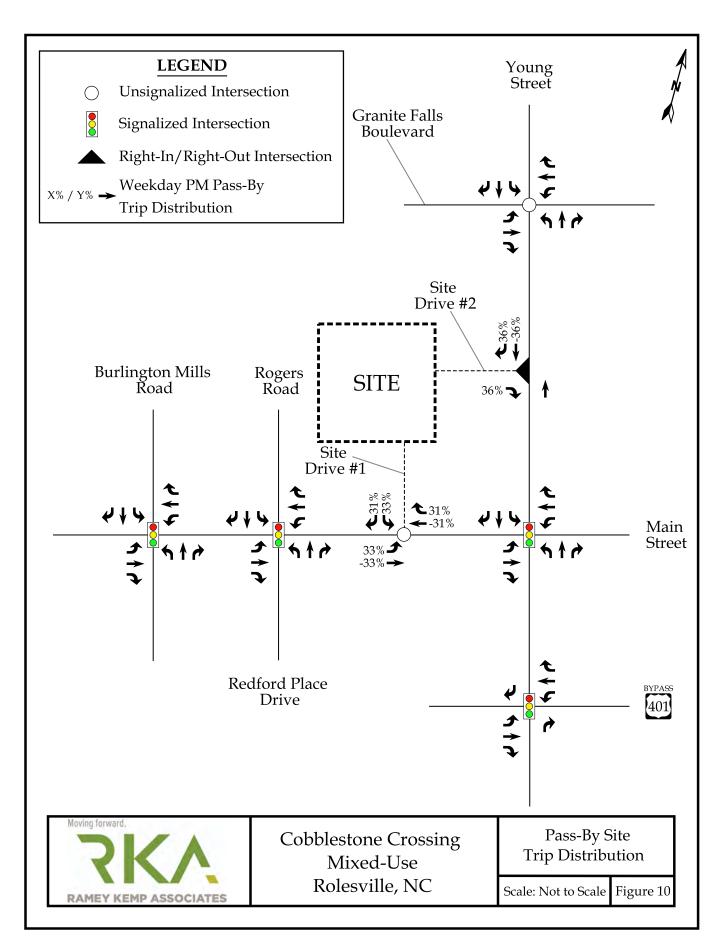
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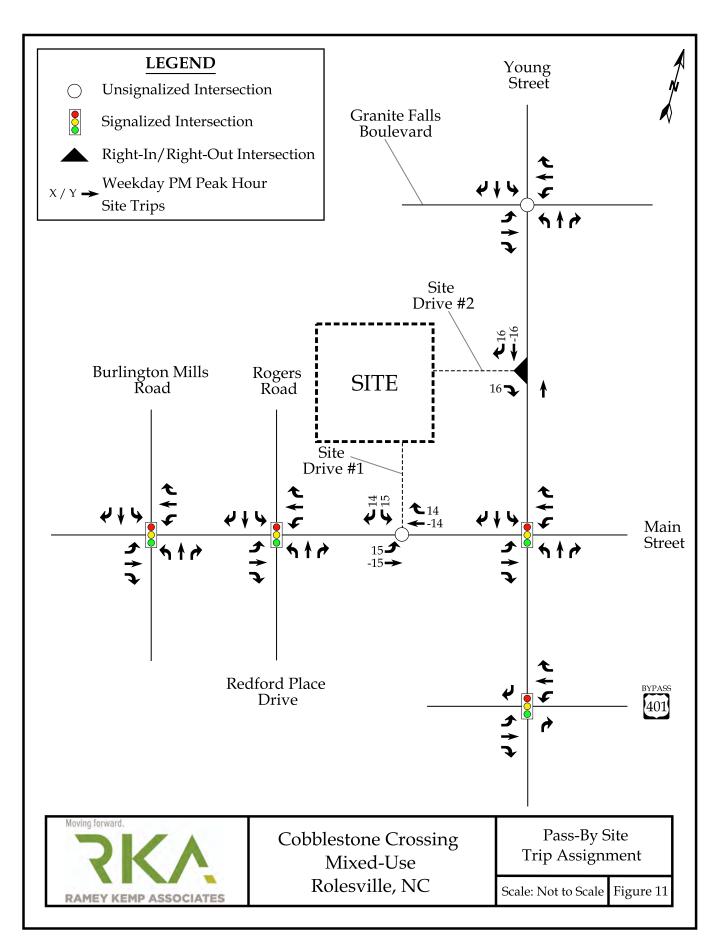


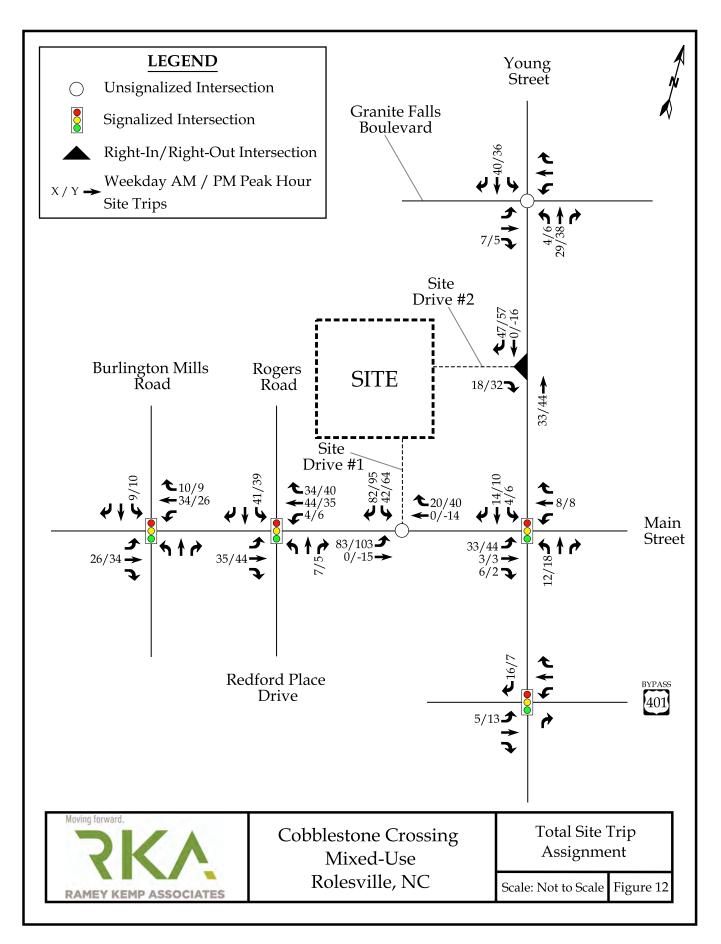












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- 5. BUILD (2023) PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS
- 5.1. Build (2023) Peak Hour Traffic

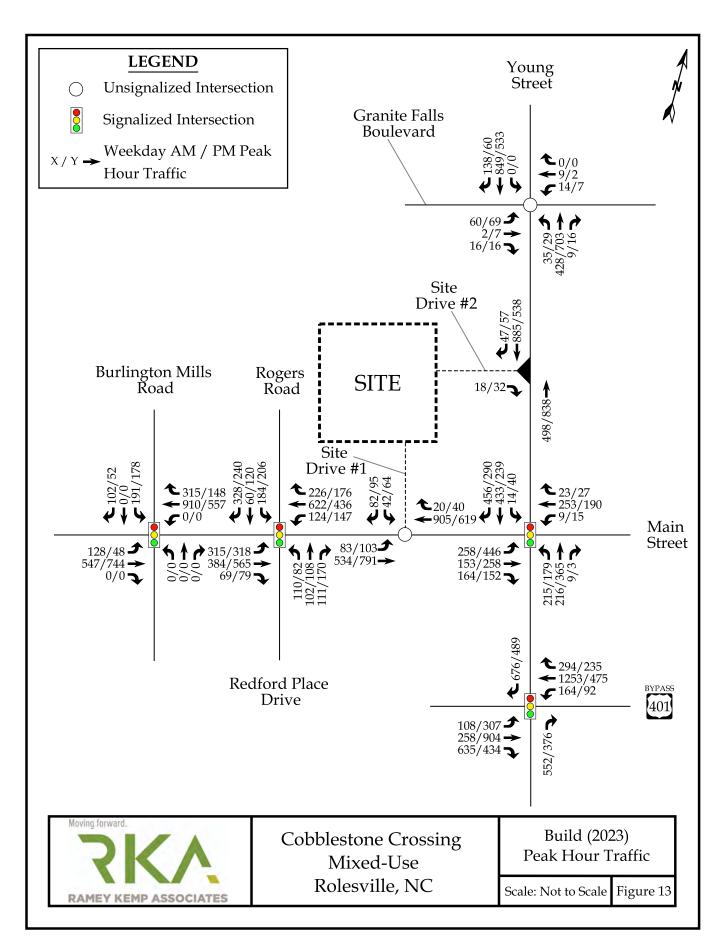
To estimate traffic conditions with the site fully built-out, the total site trips were added to the no-build (2023) peak hour traffic to determine the build (2023) peak hour traffic volumes. Refer to Figure 13 for an illustration of the build (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections with the proposed site fully developed.

5.2. Analysis of Build (2023) Peak Hour Traffic

Study intersections were analyzed with the build (2023) weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes using the same methodology previously discussed for no-build traffic conditions. Intersections were analyzed with improvements necessary to accommodate future traffic volumes. The results of the capacity analysis for each intersection are presented in Section 7 of this report.



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6. TRAFFIC ANALYSIS PROCEDURE

Study intersections were analyzed using the methodology outlined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), 6th Edition published by the Transportation Research Board. Capacity and level of service are the design criteria for this traffic study. A computer software package, Synchro (Version 10.3), was used to complete the analyses for most of the study area intersections. Please note that the unsignalized capacity analysis does not provide an overall level of service for an intersection; only delay for an approach with a conflicting movement.

The HCM defines capacity as "the maximum hourly rate at which persons or vehicles can reasonably be expected to traverse a point or uniform section of a lane or roadway during a given time period under prevailing roadway, traffic, and control conditions." Level of service (LOS) is a term used to represent different driving conditions, and is defined as a "qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream, and their perception by motorists and/or passengers." Level of service varies from Level "A" representing free flow, to Level "F" where breakdown conditions are evident. Refer to Table 4 for HCM levels of service and related average control delay per vehicle for both signalized and unsignalized intersections. Control delay as defined by the HCM includes "initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay". An average control delay of 50 seconds at a signalized intersection results in LOS "D" operation at the intersection.

Table 4: Highway Capacity Manual - Levels-of-Service and Delay

UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTION		SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION		
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)	LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)	
A	0-10	A	0-10	
В	10-15	В	10-20	
C	15-25	С	20-35	
D	25-35	D	35-55	
E	35-50	E	55-80	
F	>50	F	>80	

Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to the NCDOT Congestions Management Guidelines.



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7. CAPACITY ANALYSIS

7.1. Main Street and Young Street

The existing signalized intersection of Main Street and Young Street was analyzed under existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 5. Refer to Table 5 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix G for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 5: Analysis Summary of Main Street and Young Street

A P P P ANALYSIS R		LANE	PEAK	DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		
SCENARIO	0 A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)	
Existing (2020) Conditions	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT	B D B C	C (21)	A B D D	C (24)	
No-Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, 1 TH-RT <u>1 LT-TH, 1 RT</u>	C D D D	D (43)	D D E D	D (46)	
Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, 1 TH-RT <u>1 LT-TH, 1 RT</u>	D D D D	D (47)	D E E D	D (53)	

Improvements and/or revised lane configurations associated with STIP U-6241 shown underlined.

Capacity analysis indicates that this intersection currently operates at an overall LOS C during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under future traffic conditions, STIP U-6241 is expected to modify the lane configurations at this intersection to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities. Signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under nobuild (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241. These optimized signal timings were held constant under build (2023) traffic conditions to evaluate the proportional impacts the proposed site traffic is expected to have at this intersection. Under no-build (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS D during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. It should be noted that the



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proposed development is expected to account for less than 5% of the overall traffic at this intersection during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions.



Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive 7.2.

The existing signalized intersection of Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive was analyzed under existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 6. Refer to Table 6 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix H for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 6: Analysis Summary of Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	PEAK	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)	
Existing (2020) Conditions	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT	B C D	C (25)	C C D C	C (29)	
No-Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT	C D F F	D (50)	B B D E	C (31)	
Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, <u>1 TH-RT</u> 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT	D D F F	E (64)	C C D E	D (36)	

Improvements and/or revised lane configurations associated with STIP U-6241 shown underlined.

Capacity analysis indicates that this intersection currently operates at an overall LOS C during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under future traffic conditions, STIP U-6241 is expected to modify the lane configurations at this intersection to provide improvements to the bike facilities. Signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241. These optimized signal timings were held constant under build (2023) traffic conditions to evaluate the proportional impacts the proposed site traffic is expected to have at this intersection. Under nobuild (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS D during the weekday AM peak hour and an overall LOS C during the weekday PM peak hour.



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Under build (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS E and LOS D during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

The exclusive westbound right-turn lane at this intersection is expected to be removed as a result of the modified lane configurations associated with STIP U-6241 improvements to provide exclusive bikes lanes in both directions on Main Street. Based on coordination with NCDOT and Town staff, Old Rogers Road could provide an alternative route for westbound right-turning traffic at this intersection if the unpaved portion near Rogers Road is brought up to current roadway design standards and under ownership of the Town. This alternative route could be utilized by westbound traffic on Main Street to circumvent the signalized intersection of Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive heading north on Rogers Road.

Geometric improvements and signal timing modifications were considered at this intersection; however, it should be noted that the proposed development is expected to account for less than 7% of the overall traffic at this intersection during both the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. Because signal timings were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241, it is unlikely that signal timing modifications under build (2023) traffic conditions would provide significant operational benefit to this intersection.



Moving forward.

7.3. Main Street and Burlington Mills Road

The existing signalized intersection of Main Street and Burlington Mills Road was analyzed under existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 7. Refer to Table 7 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix I for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 7: Analysis Summary of Main Street and Burlington Mills Road

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE		OAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
Existing (2020) Conditions	EB WB SB	2 LT, 1 TH 1 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 RT	B B D	B (18)	A A D	B (16)
No-Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB <u>NB</u> SB	2 LT, 1 TH, <u>1 RT</u> <u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH, 1 RT <u>1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT</u> 1 LT, <u>1 TH</u> , 1 RT	C C E F	C (31)	B B D E	C (20)
Build (2023) Conditions w/STIP U- 6241 Lanes	EB WB <u>NB</u> SB	2 LT, 1 TH, <u>1 RT</u> <u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH, 1 RT <u>1 LT, 1 TH, 1 RT</u> 1 LT, <u>1 TH</u> , 1 RT	C C E F	C (32)	B B D E	C (22)

Improvements and/or revised lane configurations associated with STIP U-6241 shown underlined.

Capacity analysis indicates that this intersection currently operates at an overall LOS B during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under future traffic conditions, STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. Signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241. These optimized signal timings were held constant under build (2023) traffic conditions to evaluate the proportional impacts the proposed site traffic is expected to have at this intersection. Under nobuild (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS C during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.



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7.4. Young Street and US 401 Bypass

The existing signalized intersection of Young Street and US 401 Bypass was analyzed under existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 8. This intersection currently operates as a reduced conflict intersection (superstreet). Due to the nature of a superstreet and the signal design for this intersection type, this intersection operates under two (2) separate signal controllers resulting in capacity analysis results being reported as two (2) separate signalized intersections. Additionally, there are constraints when modelling this intersection in Synchro resulting in certain movements being labelled differently. For example, the eastbound left-turn movement at this intersection is represented as the northbound through movement due to Synchro constraints. Refer to Table 8 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix J for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 8: Analysis Summary of Young Street and US 401 Bypass

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE		DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
Existing	WB NB* SB	2 TH, 1 RT 1 TH 2 RT	B B C	B (14)	A B B	A (8)
(2020) Conditions	EB NB SB**	2 TH, 1 RT 2 RT 1 TH	A B A	A (7)	A B B	A (9)
No-Build	WB NB* SB	2 TH, 1 RT 1 TH 2 RT	B B C	B (18)	A B B	A (10)
(2023) Conditions	EB NB SB**	2 TH, 1 RT 2 RT 1 TH	A B A	A (7)	A B B	A (10)
Build (2023)	WB NB* SB	2 TH, 1 RT 1 TH 2 RT	B B C	B (19)	A B B	A (10)
Conditions	EB NB SB**	2 TH, 1 RT 2 RT 1 TH	A B A	A (7)	A B B	A (10)

^{*} Synchro analyzed the EB left-turns as NB through movements due to the nature of the superstreet and synchro limitations.

^{**} Synchro analyzed the WB left-turns as SB through movements due to the nature of the superstreet and synchro limitations.



Moving forward.

Capacity analysis indicates that this intersection currently operates at an overall LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under no-build (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to continue operating at an overall LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. It should be noted that all intersection approaches are expected to operate at LOS C or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under all analysis scenarios. Additionally, all left-turn movements were coded with protected only phasing to provide for a conservative analysis.



Moving forward.

7.5. Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard

The existing unsignalized intersection of Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard was analyzed under existing (2020), no-build (2023), and build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 9. Refer to Table 9 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix K for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 9: Analysis Summary of Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
Existing (2020) Conditions	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT	D ² C ² A ¹	N/A	C ² C ² A ¹ A ¹	N/A
No-Build (2023) Conditions	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT	F ² F ² B ¹ A ¹	N/A	F ² D ² A ¹	N/A
Build (2023) Conditions	EB WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT 1 LT, 1 TH-RT	F ² F ² B ¹ A ¹	N/A	F^2 E^2 A^1 A^1	N/A

^{1.} Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

Capacity analysis indicates that the major street left-turn movements currently operate at LOS A and the minor street approaches currently operate at LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under no-build (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions, the major street left-turn movements are expected to operate at LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. The minor street approaches are expected to operate at LOS E or LOS F under no-build (2023) and build (2023) conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, with the exception of the westbound approach which is expected to operate at LOS D during the weekday PM peak hour under no-build (2023) conditions. These levels of service are not uncommon for stop-controlled minor street approaches with heavy mainline traffic volumes.



^{2.} Level of service for minor-street approach.

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Due to the poor level of service expected for the minor street approaches, a traffic signal was considered at this intersection under no-build (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions to achieve acceptable levels-of-service. The peak hour signal warrant from the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) was considered; however, this intersection does not meet the peak hour warrants for either peak hour under no-build (2023) or build (2023) traffic conditions. It is not expected that this intersection would satisfy the MUTCD 8-hour and 4-hour warrants, which NCDOT favors for installation of a traffic signal. These longer period warrants are not typically met for residential and school areas due to the distinct peak traffic period for these types of development. For these reasons, signalization is not recommended at this intersection.



Moving forward.

Main Street and Site Drive 1 7.6.

The proposed unsignalized intersection of Main Street and Site Drive 1 was analyzed under build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 10. Refer to Table 10 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix L for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

WEEKDAY AM WEEKDAY PM Ρ PEAK HOUR PEAK HOUR Р LEVEL OF SERVICE LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSIS R LANE SCENARIO **CONFIGURATIONS** 0 Α Overall Overall Approach Approach C (seconds) (seconds) Н EB 1 LT, 1 TH B^1 A^1 Build (2023) WB 1 TH-**RT** N/A N/A Conditions 1 LT, 1 RT F^2 F^2 SB

Table 10: Analysis Summary of Main Street and Site Drive 1

Improvements and/or revised lane configurations shown in **BOLD**.

Capacity analysis indicates that the eastbound major street left-turn movement at this intersection is expected to operate at LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. The southbound minor street approach is expected to operate at LOS F during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. These levels of service are not uncommon for a stop-controlled minor street approach with heavy mainline traffic volumes.

Due to the poor level of service expected for the minor street approach, a traffic signal was considered at this intersection under build (2023) traffic conditions to achieve acceptable levelsof-service. The peak hour signal warrant from the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) was considered and this intersection meets the peak hour warrants for both the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. It is not expected that this intersection would satisfy the MUTCD 8-hour and 4-hour warrants, which NCDOT favors for installation of a traffic signal. These longer period warrants are not typically met for residential and school areas due to the distinct peak traffic period for these types of



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Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

^{2.} Level of service for minor-street approach.

Moving forward.

development. Additionally, this intersection is located approximately 600 feet west of the existing signalized intersection of Main Street and Young Street, which is less than NCDOT's desirable spacing between signalized intersections (1,000 to 1,200 feet). For these reasons, signalization is not recommended at this intersection.

Right and left-turn lanes were considered based on the NCDOT Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways and a left-turn lane is recommended at the eastbound approach.



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7.7. Young Street and Site Drive 2

The proposed right-in/right-out (RIRO) intersection of Young Street and Site Drive 2 was analyzed under build (2023) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 11. Refer to Table 11 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix M for the Synchro capacity analysis reports.

Table 11: Analysis Summary of Young Street and Site Drive 2

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKD PEAK LEVEL OF	HOUR	PEAK	DAY PM HOUR SERVICE
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
Build (2023) Conditions	EB NB SB	1 RT 1 TH 1 TH, 1 TH -RT	B ² 	N/A	B ² 	N/A

Improvements and/or revised lane configurations shown in BOLD.

- 1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.
- 2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis indicates that the minor street approach is expected to operate at LOS B during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions.

A right turn-lane was considered based on the NCDOT *Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways*. Site Drive 2 is expected to tie-in to Young Street within the storage for the proposed southbound (Young Street) right-turn lane at the intersection of Main Street and Young Street; therefore, no additional turn lanes on Young Street are recommended.



Moving forward.

8. CONCLUSIONS

This Traffic Impact Analysis was conducted to determine the potential traffic impacts of the proposed Cobblestone Crossing Mixed-Use development, located in the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Young Street and Main Street in Rolesville, North Carolina. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2023, is expected to of 180 apartment units, 18,200 sq. ft. of municipal flex space, and 50,000 sq. ft. of retail space. Site access is proposed via one (1) full movement site driveway on Main Street and one (1) right-in/right-out site driveway on Young Street.

The scope of work for this study was developed based on coordination with the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and the Town of Rolesville (Town). A copy of the approved scoping documentation has been provided in Appendix A.

Existing Peak Hour Traffic

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, previously conducted turning movement counts were utilized, where available, to determine existing (2020) peak hour traffic volumes. Additionally, peak hour turning movement counts conducted by Quality Counts, LLC in December 2020 at the remaining study intersection where no historic count data was available. A NCDOT and Town approved adjustment factor was applied at the study intersections where turning movement counts were collected during the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Refer to Section 2.1 for a more detailed explanation of how existing (2020) peak hour traffic volumes were determined.

Trip Generation

It is estimated that the proposed development will generate approximately 5,610 total site trips on the roadway network during a typical 24-hour weekday period. Of the daily traffic volume, it is anticipated that 292 primary trips (150 entering and 142 exiting) will occur during the weekday AM peak hour and 301 primary trips (155 entering and 146 exiting) will occur during the weekday PM peak hour.



Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to NCDOT Congestion Management Guidelines. Refer to Section 6.1 of this report for a detailed description of any adjustments to these guidelines made throughout the analysis.

Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

The roadway improvements associated with NCDOT STIP U-6241 (Main Street Improvements) were considered in the analysis of future traffic conditions based on coordination with the Town and NCDOT. STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median island along Main Street west of Rogers Road. The Town's goal and long-term vision for the intersection of Main Street and Young Street, is to be a town center, safe for pedestrians and bicyclists. As a result, exclusive turn lanes at the intersection of Main Street & Young Street are expected to be removed to provide improved pedestrian facilities (sidewalk, signalized push-button pedestals, shortened pedestrian crossing lengths for all legs of this intersection, etc.) to make this a walkable, pedestrian friendly area. Modified lane configurations and signal phasing were considered at the intersection of Main Street and Young Street to provide acceptable traffic operations while maintaining the long-term vision of this intersection. It should be noted that signal timings along the Main Street corridor were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241. These optimized signal timings were held constant under build (2023) traffic conditions to evaluate the proportional impacts the proposed site traffic is expected to have at this intersection.

All the study area intersections (including the proposed site driveways) are expected to operate at acceptable levels-of-service under existing and future year conditions with the exception of the intersections listed below. A summary of the study area intersections that are expected to need improvements are as follows:



Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive

Under build (2023) traffic conditions, this intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS E and LOS D during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, respectively. The exclusive westbound right-turn lane at this intersection is expected to be removed as a result of the modified lane configurations associated with STIP U-6241 improvements to provide exclusive bikes lanes in both directions on Main Street. Based on coordination with NCDOT and Town staff, Old Rogers Road could provide an alternative route for westbound right-turning traffic at this intersection if the unpaved portion near Rogers Road is brought up to current roadway design standards and under ownership of the Town. This alternative route could be utilized by westbound traffic on Main Street to circumvent the signalized intersection of Main Street and Rogers Road / Redford Place Drive heading north on Rogers Road.

Geometric improvements and signal timing modifications were considered at this intersection; however, it should be noted that the proposed development is expected to account for less than 7% of the overall traffic at this intersection during both the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. Because signal timings were optimized under no-build (2023) traffic conditions due to the improvements associated with STIP U-6241, it is unlikely that signal timing modifications under build (2023) traffic conditions would provide significant operational benefit to this intersection.

Young Street and Granite Falls Boulevard

Under no-build (2023) and build (2023) conditions, the minor street approaches are expected to operate at LOS E or LOS F during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. These levels of service are not uncommon for stop-controlled minor street approaches with heavy mainline traffic volumes.

Due to the poor level of service expected for the minor street approaches, a traffic signal was considered at this intersection under no-build (2023) and build (2023) traffic conditions to achieve acceptable levels-of-service. The peak hour signal warrant from the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD) was considered; however, this intersection does not meet the peak hour warrants for either peak hour under no-build (2023) or build (2023) traffic conditions.



Moving forward.

It is not expected that this intersection would satisfy the MUTCD 8-hour and 4-hour warrants, which NCDOT favors for installation of a traffic signal. These longer period warrants are not typically met for residential and school areas due to the distinct peak traffic period for these types of development. For these reasons, signalization is not recommended at this intersection.

Main Street and Site Drive 1

The southbound minor street approach is expected to operate at LOS F during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. These levels of service are not uncommon for a stop-controlled minor street approach with heavy mainline traffic volumes.

Due to the poor level of service expected for the minor street approach, a traffic signal was considered at this intersection under build (2023) traffic conditions to achieve acceptable levels-of-service. The peak hour signal warrant from the *Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD) was considered and this intersection meets the peak hour warrants for both the weekday AM and PM peak hours under build (2023) traffic conditions. It is not expected that this intersection would satisfy the MUTCD 8-hour and 4-hour warrants, which NCDOT favors for installation of a traffic signal. These longer period warrants are not typically met for residential and school areas due to the distinct peak traffic period for these types of development. Additionally, this intersection is located approximately 600 feet west of the existing signalized intersection of Main Street and Young Street, which is less than NCDOT's desirable spacing between signalized intersections (1,000 to 1,200 feet). For these reasons, signalization is not recommended at this intersection.

Right and left-turn lanes were considered based on the NCDOT *Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways* and a left-turn lane is recommended at the eastbound approach.



9. RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of this study, specific geometric improvements have been identified and are recommended to accommodate future traffic conditions. See a more detailed description of the recommended improvements below. Refer to Figure 14 for an illustration of the recommended lane configuration for the proposed development.

Improvements by STIP U-6241

STIP U-6241 is expected to realign Burlington Mills Road and install a traffic signal at the relocated intersection on Main Street. STIP U-6241 is also expected to provide improvements to the pedestrian and bike facilities along Main Street and add a concrete median island along Main Street west of Rogers Road. These improvements associated with STIP U-6241 will alter the existing lane configurations at the study intersections along Main Street.

Recommended Improvements by Developer

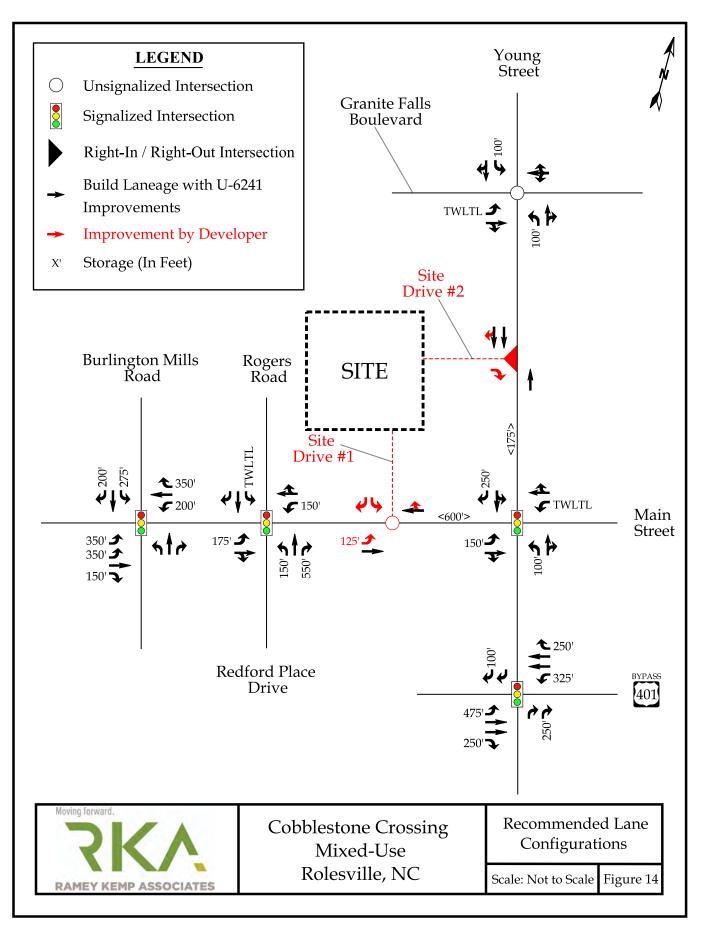
Main Street and Site Drive 1

- Construct the southbound approach with one ingress and two egress lanes.
- Provide stop control for the southbound approach.
- Install an eastbound left-turn lane with at least 125 feet of storage and appropriate decel and taper.

Young Street and Site Drive 2

- Construct the eastbound approach with one ingress and egress lane.
- Provide stop control for the eastbound approach.







STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER GOVERNOR J. ERIC BOYETTE SECRETARY

April 13, 2021

Cobblestone Crossing Mixed-Use

Traffic Impact Analysis Review Report Congestion Management Section

TIA Project: SC-2021-074

Division: 5

County: Wake



Doumit Y. Ishak, Regional Engineer Clarence B. Bunting, IV, P.E. Project Engineer Braden M. Walker, P.E. Project Design Engineer

Cobblestone Crossing Mixed-Use

SC-2021-074 Rolesville Wake County

Per your request, the Congestion Management Section (CMS) of the Transportation Mobility and Safety Division has completed a review of the subject site. The comments and recommendations contained in this review are based on data for background conditions presented in the Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) and are subject to the approval of the local District Engineer's Office and appropriate local authorities.

Date Initially Received by CMS	03/15/21	Date of Site Plan	N/A
Date of Complete Information	03/15/21	Date of Sealed TIA	03/15/21

Proposed Development

The TIA assumes the development is to be completed by 2023 and consist of the following:

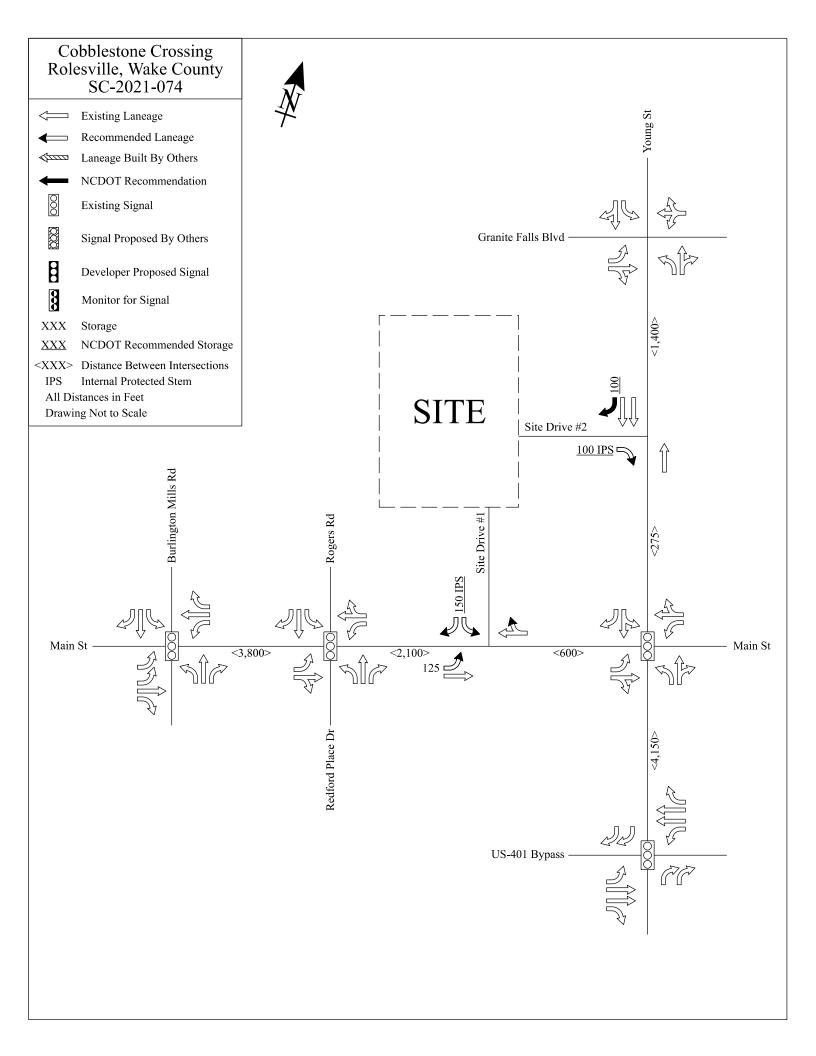
Land Use	Land Use Code	Size
Multi-Family Housing (Low-Rise)	220	180 d.u.
Municipal Flex Space	495	18,200 sq.ft.
Shopping Center	820	50,000 sq.ft.

Trip Generation - Unadjusted Volumes During a Typical Weekday							
	IN OUT TOTAL						
AM Peak Hour	150	142	292				
PM Peak Hour	239	228	467				
Daily Trips			5,610				

General Reference

For reference to various documents applicable to this review please reference the following link: http://www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/traffic/teppl/Topics/C-37/C-37.html

Once the driveway permit has been approved and issued, a copy of the final driveway permit requirements should be forwarded to this office. If we can provide further assistance, please contact the Congestion Management Section.





BASS, NIXON & KENNEDY, INC., CONSULTING ENGINEERS 6310 CHAPEL HILL ROAD, SUITE 250, RALEIGH, NC 27607 919/851-4422 FAX 919/851-8968 www.BNKinc.com

COBBLESTONE VILLAGE ROLESVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

SHARED PARKING ANALYSIS



6/29/21

PREPARED BY MARTY D. BIZZELL, PE, CPESC BASS, NIXON & KENNEDY, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS May 2021 **REVISED JUNE 2021**

Cobblestone Village Mixed-Use Development Shared Parking Analysis

The proposed Cobblestone Village Mixed Use Development is to be located in Rolesville, NC at the intersection of S. Main Street and W. Young Street. A number of uses including residential apartments, restaurants, retail and community center are proposed for the mixed-use development. The mixed-use development proposes to include 180 residential apartments, 18,200 square feet of community center use and 49,830 square feet of retail/restaurant space.

A shared parking study has been performed to determine the parking demand for the development. A number of items were considered when determining the parking demand for the development including land use and hours of operation.

The parking requirements were taken from the Town of Rolesville's Town Center ordinance. The ordinance breaks parking requirements into two land uses, mixed-use residential and mixed-use nonresidential. The mixed-use residential requires two parking spaces per dwelling unit. The mixed-use nonresidential requires three spaces for each 1,000 square feet of gross floor area.

Based upon 180 mixed-use residential units and 49,830 square feet of mixed-use nonresidential mixed-use space, the parking requirement are as follows:

180 mixed use residential units x 2 spaces per unit = 360 spaces

49,830 sf mixed-use nonresidential @ 3 spaces per 1,000 sf = 150 spaces

18,200 sf mixed-use nonresidential (Comm. Center) @ 3 spaces per 1,000 sf = 55 spaces

Total Single-Use Parking Requirement = 565 spaces

Once the parking requirement was established, a shared parking analysis was performed. Shared Parking is defined as the concept of parking which recognizes that uses in proximity to one another may have parking demands which permit such uses to share the same marginal parking spaces provided to accommodate peak parking conditions in a common parking facility.

An optimized parking analysis was performed using parking demand and parking distribution data from the Institute of Transportation Engineers "Parking Generation Manual" 5th Edition. Parking distribution data expressed in percent of peak parking demand given hourly was

performed for each use. This analysis was performed for weekday and on Saturday. A peak hour parking demand was determined from each of the analysis.

Conclusion

The shared parking analysis shows that during weekdays, the peak parking demand for the development occurs at 7:00 p.m. with a total parking demand of 437 parking spaces needed. The Saturday analysis also shows that the peak parking demand occurred at 10:00 a.m. with a parking demand of 457 parking spaces.

The site plan proposes a total of 457 on-site spaces and 24 on-street parking spaces for a total of 481 parking spaces proposed. Therefore, based on the results of the shared parking analysis performed for Cobblestone Village, the peak hour parking demand of 457 parking spaces will be met.

For events that may be held at Cobblestone Village, it is difficult to quantify a parking demand due to a number of factors such as what the event may be, type of event, time of event, etc. The developer of Cobblestone Village is committed to working with the Town of Rolesville to identify overflow parking locations/facilities that can be utilized during an event where additional parking is needed.

Cobblestone Village Shared Parking Analysis June 29, 2021

Total Square Footage and Unit Tabulation

	Restaurant SF Community Center SF		Retail/Flex SF	Residential Units
Building 1				40
Building 2	11,523		4,938	30
Building 3	7,984		3,421	18
Building 4		18,200		
Building 5	2,671		1,145	4
Building 6	12,702		5,444	36
Building 7				40
Building 8				12
Total:	34,880	18,200	14,948	180

NON-OPTIMIZED Single-Use Parking Requirements

Parking Coefficient:	3/1,000 SF	3/1,000 SF	3/1,000 SF	2 per unit	
Parking Count:	105	55.00	45.00	360	Total:
				Sin	ale-I Ise Required: 565

OF HIVIZED FEAR III	our Percentage Facto	DIS WEEKD	AI		T				Total Hourly
TIME	% of peak	demand	% of peak	demand	% of peak	demand	% of peak	demand	Sums
6:00 AM	10%	11	0%	0	0%	0	90%	324	335
7:00 AM	25%	27	58%	32	0%	0	77%	277	337
8:00 AM	68%	72	72%	40	15%	7	56%	202	321
9:00 AM	72%	76	95%	53	32%	15	45%	162	306
10:00 AM	77%	81	94%	52	54%	25	40%	144	302
11:00 AM	83%	88	95%	53	71%	32	37%	133	307
12:00 PM	100%	105	83%	46	99%	45	36%	130	326
1:00 PM	91%	96	65%	36	100%	45	36%	130	307
2:00 PM	56%	59	56%	31	90%	41	37%	133	265
3:00 PM	42%	45	64%	36	83%	38	43%	155	274
4:00 PM	42%	45	75%	42	81%	37	45%	162	286
5:00 PM	64%	68	84%	47	84%	38	55%	198	351
6:00 PM	87%	92	100%	55	86%	39	66%	238	424
7:00 PM	79%	83	99%	55	80%	36	73%	263	437
8:00 PM	65%	69	0%	0	63%	29	77%	277	376
9:00 PM	42%	45	0%	0	42%	19	86%	310	374
10:00 PM	21%	23	0%	0	15%	7	92%	331	362
11:00 PM	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	97%	349	350
12:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	100%	360	360

TIME	% of peak	demand	Total Hourly Sums						
6:00 AM	15%	16	0%	0	0%	0	98%	353	36
7:00 AM	28%	30	50%	28	0%	0	96%	346	40
8:00 AM	52%	55	75%	42	27%	13	92%	331	44:
9:00 AM	75%	79	100%	55	46%	21	80%	288	44:
10:00 AM	91%	96	89%	49	67%	31	78%	281	45
11:00 AM	100%	105	80%	44	85%	39	71%	256	444
12:00 PM	90%	95	68%	38	95%	43	68%	245	42
1:00 PM	80%	84	60%	33	100%	45	66%	238	400
2:00 PM	67%	71	60%	33	98%	45	65%	234	383
3:00 PM	45%	48	53%	30	92%	42	68%	245	369
4:00 PM	39%	41	52%	29	86%	39	70%	252	36
5:00 PM	40%	42	49%	27	79%	36	73%	263	368
6:00 PM	40%	42	50%	28	71%	32	77%	277	380
7:00 PM	58%	61	50%	28	69%	32	81%	292	413
8:00 PM	40%	42	0%	0	60%	27	82%	295	36
9:00 PM	35%	37	0%	0	51%	23	86%	310	370
10:00 PM	33%	35	0%	0	38%	18	87%	313	36
11:00 PM	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	92%	331	332
12:00 AM	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	93%	335	33

SATURDA	Y Peak Demand Required:	457
	Parking Provided:	
	On-Site	457
	On-Street	24
	Total Parking Provided	404

WEEKDAY Peak Demand Required:

Assumptions:

481

437

Cobblestone Village Event Overflow Parking Narrative

Dear Members of Rolesville Planning Staff and Town Board,

An Item which has frequently been brought up as an area of concern for the impending Cobblestone Village Development Plan was posed to the team as a simple question: "What will people do for Overflow Parking during Events?" While it's impossible to accurately judge the number of people that will attend an event orchestrated by either the Town or the Development Team, we have identified a few options for Overflow Parking which will help to provide additional parking solutions to those traveling by car to attend. Attached is a reference map which lays out the locations of these intended "Overflow Lots," and I've been asked to provide a written narrative which helps to describe our intended improvement to these lots and the surrounding areas in order to best utilize the available resources.

Overflow Lot A and B, shaded in Red and Light Blue, consist of roughly 105 "dirt lot" spaces which are currently used to provide additional parking service to Main Street Park. We would like to request the ability to provide a mix of permanent and temporary "Guidance by Signage" to help make individuals aware that, during cooperative Town and Cobblestone Events, they will be able to use these parking lots in order to attend the festivities being held on and about Main and Young Street. Our intention is to provide permanent but non-invasive signage within the park itself to help direct community members along the trails to access Cobblestone Village during these events. We would also make use of temporary signage put up prior to the event, then taken down after, helping to direct traffic to these Overflow Lots. This area is about a 3-5 minutes' walk away from the Town Center, and will do wonders in helping to provide easy access while reducing congestion at the Main and Young intersection.

Overflow Lot C, shaded in Green, is an additional 30 space temporary, public lot that is being constructed as a part of the Main Street Redevelopment Plan. Cobblestone would like to request the ability to, at some point during construction, improve this Parking Lot to a permanent Public Overflow

Parking Area, meeting town standards. If the timeline of these two projects are not able to line up, then

Cobblestone would offer to deposit \$50,000 from its construction budget in to an Escrow (or otherwise)

Account to cover the cost of this expenditure by the Town at a later date. Cobblestone is willing to

commit to conditions stating as such in order to ensure this Public Overflow Lot is built in order to help

better serve the surrounding community.

With these additional 135 spaces available, Cobblestone believes that there will be sufficient

Overflow Parking during Town-Sponsored events for residents and out-of-towners alike. We do anticipate

a high demand for spaces during events and festivals, but with this level of Overflow Parking, we believe

that this demand will be met.

Thank you,

Kenyon Burnham

Vice President

KDM Development and Cobblestone Village



Overflow Lot A Est. 65 Spaces

Overflow Lot B Est. 40 Spaces

Overflow Lot C
30 Spaces
Town built as part of
Main Street Project

Total: 105 Spaces of Event Overflow Parking