

Proj	ject Name	Tidal Wave Auto Spa	Watershed	Lower Neuse	Jurisdiction	Rolesville
			Date			
			Processing		Disturbed	
Date	Received	11/14/2023	Initiated	11/14/2023	Acreage	2.02
			S&E			
			Plan Review		S&E Permit	
S&E Permi	it Number	SEC-113756-2023	Fee	\$ 505.00 PAID	Fee	\$ 505.00 PENDING
			SW			
			Plan Review		SW Permit	
SW Permi	it Number	SEC-113756-2023	Fee	\$ 505.00 PAID	Fee	\$ 505.00 PENDING
Applicant:			Engineer:			
Name	SHJ Devel	opment, LLC	Name:	Tommie L. Little, I	PE/SeamonWhit	teside
Address:	115 E Mai	n St, Thomaston, GA 30286	Address:	230 E. Peterson D	r., Charlotte, NO	28217
Phone:	706-647-0	)414	Phone:	864-612-6101		
Email:	martie@s	hjconstructiongroup.com	Email:	pevans@seamon	whiteside.com	

#### Plan Date/Revision Date: 10/30/23

Review Status:		Construction Plan Not Approved and Incomplete (Items 1-4 required to be a complete submittal)	
12/12/2023	$\boxtimes$	Construction Plan Not Approved and requires additional information	

#### **Construction Plan Review Comments**

Items marked with an "X" were noted as either insufficient or not provided. Engineer comments are in **RED** and provide the necessary requirements for construction plan approval.

References for Erosion and Sediment Control: *Wake County Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Article 10* References for Stormwater Management are as follows:

**ROLESVILLE**: Town of Rolesville Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Section 7.5: Stormwater Management Standards **WENDELL**: Town of Wendell Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Chapter 6: Environmental Protection, adopted 7/26/10. **ZEBULON**: Town of Zebulon, NC Code of Ordinances: Chapter 151 and Chapter 152.249.

	<b>LEBOLON</b> . Town of Zebulon, we could of orunnances. endpier 151 and endpier 152.245.				
		Erosion Control and Stormwater Joint Application (Required to initiate processing)			
		#7 should be Lower Neuse			
	1.	#8 acreage does not match size of parcel or disturbed area.			
		II.CThis is a Custom Plan not Wake County Standard Plan			
		III.I. – Provide email and phone numbers for property owner.			
		IV. – Provide signature authority for Martie Murphy			
		Review Fees (Required to initiate processing)			
	2.	RESUBMITTALS: The first resubmittal is free, but all subsequent Stormwater resubmissions require a \$150			
		Resubmission Fee and Erosion Control resubmissions require a \$75 Resubmission Fee			



		Notarized Wake County Financial Responsibility/Ownership Form (Required to initiate processing)				
		7. – Complete phone and email information.				
		8. – Provide copy of the most current deed.				
		Part	B. 1. Must be filled out for financially responsible party.			
		Part	B. 2 (a) must be filled out with name of designated agent (person).			
$\square$	3.	Part B. 2(b) must be fill out with name of registered agent for LLC.				
		Provide signature authority for Martie Murphy				
		The	application must include the owner's notarized written consent for the applicant to submit an erosion and			
		sedi	mentation control plan and to conduct the anticipated land-disturbing activity if the applicant is not the			
		own	er of the land to be disturbed [10-30-2-(B) - (2)-(c)]			
		-Let	ter of consent required from any property owner where LOD extends.			
$\square$	4.	Othe	er documents:			
	$\square$	a.	Documentation of construction plan approval from the municipality.			
		b.	401/404 Documentation (Buffer determination letters, PCN application, comments, and approval)			
		c. Encroachment agreement(s) completed, signed and notarized for all off-site construction				
	5.	NCDOT Approval (provide documentation upon receipt for our records)				
		Cover letter stating the purpose of the submission, describing site drainage, stormwater management				
$\square$	6.	objectives, and how the proposed stormwater management plan will meet the objectives and be implemented				
	RESUBMITTALS: A letter detailing any changes, comments, proposed solutions to review comme		UBMITTALS: A letter detailing any changes, comments, proposed solutions to review comments, etc.			
	7.	Copy of the USGS Quad Map with delineated project limits				
		Copy of the Wake County Soil Survey map with delineated project limits.				
$\square$	8	-This refers to the 1970 soils map, not the current USDA maps. Map can be found at NC DEQ website:				
	0.	https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/a16078049de54d42a2bc384b9ceda91f				
		Two	(2) conject of a complete set of construction drawings for 1st submission, five (5) conjector approval			
	9.	i wo (2) copies of a complete set of construction drawings for 1st submission, five (5) copies for approval				
		Two (2) copies of the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool; digital submittal and hardcopy (Site Data Sheet,				
	10.	Drainage Area Sheets, Site Summary Sheet, BMP Sheets, and BMP Summary sheet) The tool is located at				
		http://www.wakegov.com/water/stormwater/management/program/Pages/default.aspx				
	11.	Drainage Area Maps with stormwater discharge points and Tc flow paths (existing/post construction/post BMP)				
	12.	2 sets of Stormwater and Erosion Control Calculations:				
		a.	Sediment basin design (See <u>website</u> for Wake County design criteria)			
		b.	Ditches, swales, and channels: Q10/V10. Tractive force (shear stress), capacity and geometry.			
		Dissipaters: Q10 velocities, stone size and dimensions.				
		-Provide calculations and label stone size and dimensions on EC plan sheets.				



		d.	Velocity calculations for stormwater runoff at points of discharge resulting from a 10-year storm after development were not provided or do not comply.	
		e.	Support data for all stormwater practice designs, such as inflow/outflow rates, stage/storage data,	
		f.	Other hydraulic and hydrologic computations critical to the plan/designs	
		g.	Signature, Date and Professional Seal: for all Stormwater design management proposals, i.e. calculations, BMP designs, operations/maintenance/budget/as-built/inspections/manuals. -SIA document must be signed and sealed.	
$\square$	13.	Drat -Agr	ft Stormwater Agreement, Draft Maintenance Agreement reements are draft at this time. Rolesville Agreement will be used, not Wake County.	
$\boxtimes$	14.	Prop	bosed Site Plan:	
		a.	Location/Vicinity Map	
		b.	North arrow, graphic scale, drafting version date, legend and professional seal	
		c.	Existing and proposed contours: plan and profiles for roadways	
		d.	Boundaries of tract: including project limits	
		e.	Show all Riparian Buffers [Article 9-21]; (Neuse: [15A NCAC 02B.0233 & 0242]	
		f.	Delineation of current FEMA boundaries (floodway, flood fringe & future/0.2%)	
		g.	Proposed improvements: roads, buildings, parking areas, grassed, landscaped, and natural areas.	
		h.	Lot lines, lot numbers, road names, and impervious limit on each lot rounded to nearest whole number	
		i.	Utilities: community water and sewer, plan/profiles, easements and sediment controls.	
		j.	Stormwater Network: inlets, culverts, swales, ditches, channels and drainage easements.	
	$\boxtimes$	k.	<ul> <li>TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of gravel entrances, diversion ditches, silt fence, sediment basins, inlet protection, etc.</li> <li>-Why are there doubles of plan sheets?</li> <li>-Clearly show that silt fence and all measures are INSIDE the LOD.</li> <li>-A portion of the gravel drive to be removed is outside LOD. Please clarify.</li> </ul>	
		I.	Location and requirements for stockpiles (see website for <u>Stockpile Requirements</u> )	
	$\boxtimes$	m.	Wake County Construction Sequence (Provide project specific details as needed) -Jeevan Neupane will be the Wake Count field consultant. Please his name and phone number in construction sequence.	
		n.	Wake County Basin Removal Sequence Wake County must grant permission to convert the sediment basin over to stormwater use prior to completing any related work (construction sequence or note elsewhere on the plan should indicate this).	



	X	0.	Wake County Construction Details		
			-Add Wake County signature block to cover sheet.		
		р.	Wake County Stabilization Guidelines		
		q.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS:		
		r.	PERMANENT EROSION CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of dissipaters, ditch linings, armoring, level spreaders, retaining walls, etc.		
		s.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT SEDIMENT CONTROLS:		
	$\boxtimes$	t.	PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES: locations and types of all proposed stormwater management structures (grass swale, wet/dry detention basin, filtering/infiltration basin, bioretention, etc.) -Provide cross-section of SCM in plan sheets. -Why is SCM and stormwater pipes shown as existing (gray) in Ph 2?		
		u.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT:		
		v.	Table with impervious calculations - existing and proposed impervious surfaces: roads, well lots, recreation sites, single family residences, etc. (consistent with the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool inputs)		
	$\boxtimes$	w.	Proposed stormwater easements, access lanes, and backwater easements		
		х.	A note should be added to the recorded plat distinguishing areas of disconnected impervious		
		у.	RESIDENTIAL ONLY Perpetuity statement Maximum Impervious Area Square Footage on each Individual Lot will be Stringently Enforced with no Exceptions into Perpetuity. Plans approved with a maximum impervious surface of (insert) SF per lot.		
Standards and Requirements					
Items marked with an "X" note relevant standards to be applied to the proposed development. Notes in <b>RED</b> provide review comments and/or any required elements to comply with standard. Ordinance references are shown in brackets.					
Stormwater Management Requirements					
$\boxtimes$	15.	<b>Stormwater Review Required</b> - All residential subdivision development must submit a plan to comply with the applicable municipalities' stormwater ordinance. Office, institutional, commercial or industrial development that <u>disturbs</u> greater than 20,000 square feet is required to comply with the stormwater management regulations. Development and redevelopment that disturb less than 20,000 square feet are not exempt if such activities are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, even though multiple, separate or distinct activities take place at different times on different schedules. <b>Rolesville</b> [7.5.1(E)], <b>Wendell</b> [ 6.5(F)], <b>Zebulon</b> [151.05]			



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	16.	<b>Stormwater Permit</b> – is required for all development and redevelopment unless exempt pursuant to the Code of Ordinances. A permit may only be issued subsequent to a properly submitted, reviewed and approved stormwater management plan and permit application. <b>Rolesville</b> [7.5.1(E)(3)], <b>Wendell</b> [6.5(F)(3)], <b>Zebulon</b> [151.21(A)] Note: A permit may not be required if there are no post-construction requirements (i.e. SCMs).		
$\boxtimes$	17.	<b>SCMs</b> - For projects requiring stormwater treatment for quality and/or quantity control, the applicant must 1) comply with the NC BMP Manual <b>Rolesville</b> [7.5.1(G)], <b>Wendell</b> [6.5(H)], <b>Zebulon</b> [151.07] 2) as well as <i>Completion of Improvements and Maintenance</i> , prior to issuance of a certificate of compliance or occupancy. <b>Rolesville</b> [7.5.5], <b>Wendell</b> [6.5(O)], <b>Zebulon</b> [151.50 – 151.56]		
	18.	<b>Standards Based on Project Density</b> - In accordance with the definitions, projects are identified as Ultra Low- Density (15% or less Built-Upon Area, referred to as BUA, and less than one dwelling unit per acre), Low- Density (more than 15% BUA and no more than 24% BUA), and High-Density (24% or more BUA). <b>Rolesville</b> [7.5.4], <b>Wendell</b> [ 6.5(M)], <b>Zebulon</b> [151.35]		
		<ul> <li>Standards for Ultra-Low and Low-Density Projects: <ul> <li>Use of vegetated conveyances to maximum extent practicable</li> <li>Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones</li> <li>Recorded deed restrictions or protective covenants to ensure future development maintains consistency with approved project plans</li> <li>Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.</li> <li>For Low-Density only, no net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre- development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.</li> <li>Residential runoff after development must not exceed the Target Curve Numbers listed in the chart "Maximum Composite Curve Number, by Soil Group".</li> <li>Ultra-Low and Low-Density projects may be eligible for target curve number credits.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Wendell Only: Nitrogen export limited to 3.6 pounds per acre per year unless project achieves classification as an LID Project.</li> <li>Rolesville [7.5.4(A)(1-3)], Wendell [6.5(M)(1-3)], Zebulon [151.35(A-C)]</li> </ul>		



	$\boxtimes$	<ul> <li>Standards for High-Density Projects: <ul> <li>Measures shall control and treat runoff from the first inch of rain. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.</li> <li>Structural measures shall be designed to have a minimum of 85 % average annual removal for Total Suspended Solids (TSS)</li> <li>Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.</li> <li>No net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre -development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.</li> <li>Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones</li> </ul> </li> <li>Wendell Only: Nitrogen export limited to 3.6 pounds per acre per year unless project achieves classification as an LID Project.</li> <li>Rolesville [7.5.4(A)(4)], Wendell [6.5(M)(4)], Zebulon [151.35(D)]</li> </ul>
	$\boxtimes$	<ul> <li><u>General Standards</u>:</li> <li>Downstream Impact Analysis – DIA must be performed in accordance with the "10% rule", and a copy provided with the application.</li> <li>Rolesville [7.5.4(B)(1)], Wendell [6.5(N)(1)], Zebulon [151.36(A)]</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Low Impact Development (LID) Classification:         <ul> <li>All development or redevelopment may be submitted for LID classification</li> <li>Development must mimic the pre-developed hydrologic conditions of the site, as defined as "woods in good condition" for the 2-yr, 24 hr storm, within 10%.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Techniques required to achieve LID classification         <ul> <li>Natural site design</li> <li>Bio-retention systems or on-site infiltration (at least one must be used)</li> <li>At least two other techniques from the list provided in Rolesville [7.5.4(B)(5)(e)] and Zebulon [151.36(E)(5)]</li> <li>At least one other technique from the list provided in Wendell [6.5(N)(5)(e)]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Wal (App	ke Cou olies to	nty UDO Article 10 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Requirements Rolesville, Wendell and Zebulon)
$\boxtimes$	19.	<b>Erosion Control:</b> This project will require a Land Disturbance Permit if it involves <u>greater than one acre of</u> <u>disturbance</u> . See <u>website</u> for details.
$\boxtimes$	20.	<b>10-20-1 Minimum Standards</b> - All soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and measures must conform to the minimum applicable standards specified in <i>North Carolina's Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual</i> and the <i>Wake County Sedimentation and Erosion Control Plan Review Manual</i> . Erosion control devices must be installed to prevent any offsite sedimentation for any construction site regardless of the size of the land disturbance.



		10-20-3 Operation in Lakes or Natural Watercourses -Land disturbing activity in connection with			
	21.	construction in, on, over, or under a lake of natural watercourse must minimize the extent and duration of			
		disruption of the stream channel. Where relocation of a stream forms an essential part of the proposed			
		activity, the relocation must minimize unnecessary changes in the stream flow characteristics.			
	22	10-2	10-20-10 Standards for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones		
	22.	Land	d-disturbing activities to be conducted in High Quality Water Zones must be designed as follows:		
			Uncovered areas in High Quality Water (HQW) zones must be limited at any time to a maximum total		
		u.	area of 20 acres within the boundaries of the tract.		
	_		Maximum Peak Rate of Runoff - Erosion and sedimentation control measures, structures, and devices		
		b.	within HQW zones must be planned, designed and constructed to provide protection from the runoff of		
			the 25-year storm.		
			Settling Efficiency - Sediment basins within HQW zones must be designed and constructed so that the		
		c.	basin will have a settling efficiency of at least 70% for the 40 micron (0.04mm) size soil particle		
		•••	transported into the basin by the runoff of that 2-year storm which produces the maximum peak rate		
			of runoff.		
			Grade - The angle for side slopes must be sufficient to restrain accelerated erosion (side slopes no		
		d.	steeper than 2 horizontal to 1 vertical if a vegetative cover is used for stabilization unless soil conditions		
		-	permit a steeper slope or where the slopes are stabilized by using mechanical devices, structural		
		-	devices or other acceptable ditch liners)		
	23.	<b>Senate Bill 1020;</b> "SECTION 3.(h) Additional standards for land-disturbing activities in the water supply			
		watersned":			
		a.	Erosion and sedimentation control measures, structures, and devices shall be planned, designed, and constructed to provide protection from the runoff of the 25 year storm.		
			Sediment basins shall be planned, designed, and constructed so that the basin will have a settling		
		b.	efficiency of at least seventy percent (70%) for the 40-micron size soil particle transported into the		
			basin by the runoff of the two-year storm that produces the maximum neak rate of runoff		
			Newly constructed open channels shall be planned, designed, and constructed with side slopes no		
	_		steeper than two horizontal to one vertical if a vegetative cover is used for stabilization unless soil		
		c.	conditions permit steeper slopes or where the slopes are stabilized by using mechanical devices.		
			structural devices, or other acceptable ditch liners.		
Neuse Riparian Buffer Rules					
	Due to the location of this project, it should be noted that a rule to protect and maintain existing buffers				
		alo	ng watercourses in the Neuse River Basin became effective on July 22, 1997. The Neuse River Riparian		
	24	Are	a Protection and Maintenance Rule (15A NCAC 2B.0233) applies to all perennial and intermittent		
	24.	streams, lakes, ponds and estuaries in the Neuse River Basin with forest vegetation on the adjacent land or			
	"riparian area".				
Add	itional	Sugg	ested Changes/Comments		
	xx.				
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Wake County Environmental Services Department Water Quality Division, Watershed Management Section 336 Fayetteville St. • P.O. Box 550 • Raleigh, NC 27602 TEL 919 856-7400 • FAX 919 743-4772

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