

PARKERS RIDGE

82 SCHOOL STREET ROLESVILLE, NC 27571

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

PREPARED FOR:

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INTRODUCTION

On behalf of our client, Lennar Corporation, BGE, Inc. (BGE) submits this Engineer's Report in support of Parker Ridge project. This report contains the approach and results of the stormwater design for the subject property. The subject property is located at 82 School Street in the Town of Rolesville (Town), North Carolina. The site is comprised of four (4) parcels identified by the following parcel identification numbers (PINs): 1758-98-8411, 1758-98-3710, 1758-88-4270 E, and 1758-88-4270 W. The project area is approximately 86.74-acre (see project aerial map).

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing site condition is primarily undeveloped and tree-covered with several existing ponds. The predominant soil types within the proposed limit of construction are Rawlings-Rion complex (RgD), Urban land (Ur), and Wake-Rolesville complex (WaD) as taken from the Web Soil Survey 2.1 – National Cooperative Soil Survey by NRCS).

For the western parcel most of the site drains to the stream that runs through the site and into the southwest corner shown as POA #3 on the Pre-Development Exhibit. For the east parcel majority of the site drains into the existing pond located in the center of the east parcel and flows into Harris Creek exiting south of our site with a small portion draining to a more southern stream connection. These areas are shown on the Pre-Development Exhibit as POA#1 and POA#2.

FLOODPLAIN, FLOODWAY AND WATERSHED

The proposed site does not lie within a 100-year floodplain boundary as determined by FEMA FIRM Panel(s): #3720176800K and #3720175800K dated July 18, 2022.

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The overall proposed project will include the development of 114 attached townhouse lots and 161 single-family lots with associated infrastructure. The proposed impervious buildout for the development is as follows:

Table 1 Impervious Area

| POST-DEVELOPMENT IMPERVIOUS AREAS | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|--|--|
| PAVEMENT | 8.21 | AC | | |
| SIDEWALK | 2.45 | AC | | |
| LOTS - TOWNHOMES | 5.7 | AC | | |
| LOTS - SINGLE-FAMILY (MAX.) | 8.94 | AC _ | | |
| TOTAL ONSITE IMPERVIOUS AREA: | 25.3 | AC | | |

The project will have 7 full access points, two from the roundabout on Redford Place Drive, one west and one east. Two south connecting to Long Melford Drive and one future connection northeast of Street H. There are also two access points from Alley 2 and Alley 3 just west of Redford Place Drive.

STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN

The existing topographic information was used to grade the property and identify the contributing drainage areas to the stormwater devices.

This project includes four (4) separate drainage systems that will drain to four (4) different proposed wet ponds located throughout the site. All four (4) of the proposed ponds will discharge to the existing Harris Creek located at the southern portion of both parcels. With Bypass also flowing into Harris Creek. The on-site storm sewer collection system was designed to capture and convey the 1-, 10, and 100- year storm event for the proposed development. Per local design standards, the Rational Method and Manning's Equation will be used for the storm sewer system design utilizing AutoDesk's Hydraflow Storm Sewers software. A Manning's n value of 0.013 will be used for the reinforced concrete pipe and 0.024 for HDPE. Runoff coefficients (C) used for open space and impervious cover were 0.35 and 0.95, respectively. The starting HGL used for the 10 yr calculations is the 10 yr WSE for the detention pond, and the starting HGL for the 100 yr WSE for the 100 yr calculations.

WATER QUALITY

The proposed wet detention ponds (SCM's) have been designed based on the town's water quantity requirements to attenuate the post-development peak runoff rates for the 1-, 10-, and 100-year storm events to pre-developed rates. The ponds are designed with weirs to safely pass the 100-year storm event and provides a minimum of one foot of freeboard above the peak stage to the top of the embankment.

The pre-development drainage area that was established for the project area includes stormwater runoff that will be conveyed to 5 points of analysis (POA's). The post-development drainage area was established based on proposed grading conditions, where all stormwater is either conveyed into a pond, and into a post-POA. The curve numbers (CN) and time of concentration (Tc) for each drainage basin were calculated based on existing and proposed conditions using the TR-55 method. The 4 proposed ponds (SCM's) were analyzed with Hydraflow modeling software for verification that the proposed design meets the Town of Rolesville's and NCDEQ's minimum requirements.

WATER QUANTITY

The proposed wet detention ponds (SCM's) have been designed based on both the NCDEQ's MDC and the town's water quantity requirements to attenuate the post-development peak runoff rates for the 1-, 10, and 100- year, 24-hour storm events. The post development flows are required to be less than the pre-developed rates by means of stormwater detention. The wet pond is designed to reduce the flows of each storm event mentioned above with a weir, the riser and an emergency spillway to safely pass the 100-year storm event.

The post-development drainage area was established based on existing and proposed site conditions. The curve numbers (CN) and time of concentration (Tc) for each drainage basin were calculated based on existing and proposed conditions using the TR-55 method. The 4 proposed ponds (SCM's) were analyzed with Hydraflow modeling software for verification that the proposed design meets the Town of Rolesville and NCDEQ's minimum requirements. For the pre-development condition and the tree save areas, the curve # of roughly 77 was used while 80 was used for the open space (grass) and 98 was used for the impervious areas. Information on Peak Flow Analysis is available below in Table 2.

Table 2 Peak Flow Analysis

| | Pre-Development (cfs) | | Post-Development (cfs) | | | Percent Difference | | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--------|------------------------|-------|--------|--------------------|------|-------|--------|
| POA# | 1-yr | 10-yr | 100-yr | 1-yr | 10-yr | 100-yr | 1-yr | 10-yr | 100-yr |
| POA #1 | 34.25 | 89.35 | 157.92 | 16.85 | 59.09 | 141.27 | -45% | -34% | -11% |
| POA #2 | 32.35 | 76.33 | 128.55 | 3.463 | 54.1 | 129.55 | -89% | -29% | -0.78% |
| POA #3 | 81.28 | 208.92 | 367.67 | 34.43 | 125.52 | 288.98 | -58% | -40% | -21% |
| POA #4 | 10.04 | 25.45 | 44.48 | 1.191 | 3.152 | 5.592 | -88% | -88% | -87% |
| POA #5 | 5.429 | 12.81 | 21.57 | 2.496 | 5.565 | 9.145 | -54% | -57% | -58% |
| POA #6 | 3.604 | 8.504 | 14.32 | 1.344 | 3.221 | 5.460 | -63% | -62% | -62% |

SUMMARY

Based on the results of the stormwater models, all points of analysis are reduced in the post development condition. As a result, the proposed design meets the requirements for the Town of Rolesville and NCDEQ for stormwater conveyance, and stormwater treatment and detention. The stormwater detention information is as follows:

SCM #1 SCM #3

| Drainage Area: | 9.22 ac | Drainage Area: | 11.64 ac |
|------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|
| Impervious Area: | 5.21 ac | Impervious Area: | 6.21 ac |
| Average Pond Depth: | 3.5 feet | Average Pond Depth: | 3.5 feet |
| Surface Area Required: | 7359 sf | Surface Area Required: | 8842 sf |
| Surface Area Proposed: | 8489 sf | Surface Area Proposed: | 11217 sf |
| 1" Detention Volume: | 18800 cf | 1" Detention Volume: | 17154 cf |

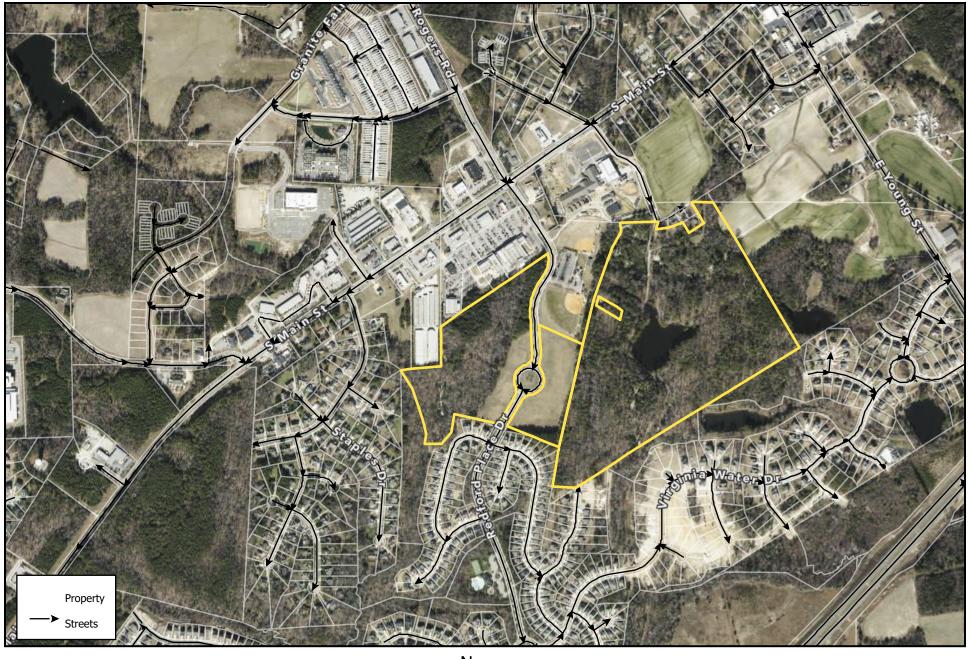
Top of Dam El: 390 at 10' wide Top of Dam El: 390 at 10' wide

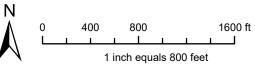
SCM #2 SCM #4

Drainage Area: 20.21 ac Drainage Area: 9.70 ac Impervious Area: 9.98 ac Impervious Area: 4.34 ac Average Pond Depth: 3.5 feet Average Pond Depth: 3.5 feet Surface Area Required: 18411 sf Surface Area Required: 8562 sf Surface Area Proposed: 20384 sf Surface Area Proposed: 14636 sf 1" Detention Volume: 36641 cf 1" Detention Volume: 15968 cf

Top of Dam El: 357 at 10' wide Top of Dam El: 386 at 10' wide

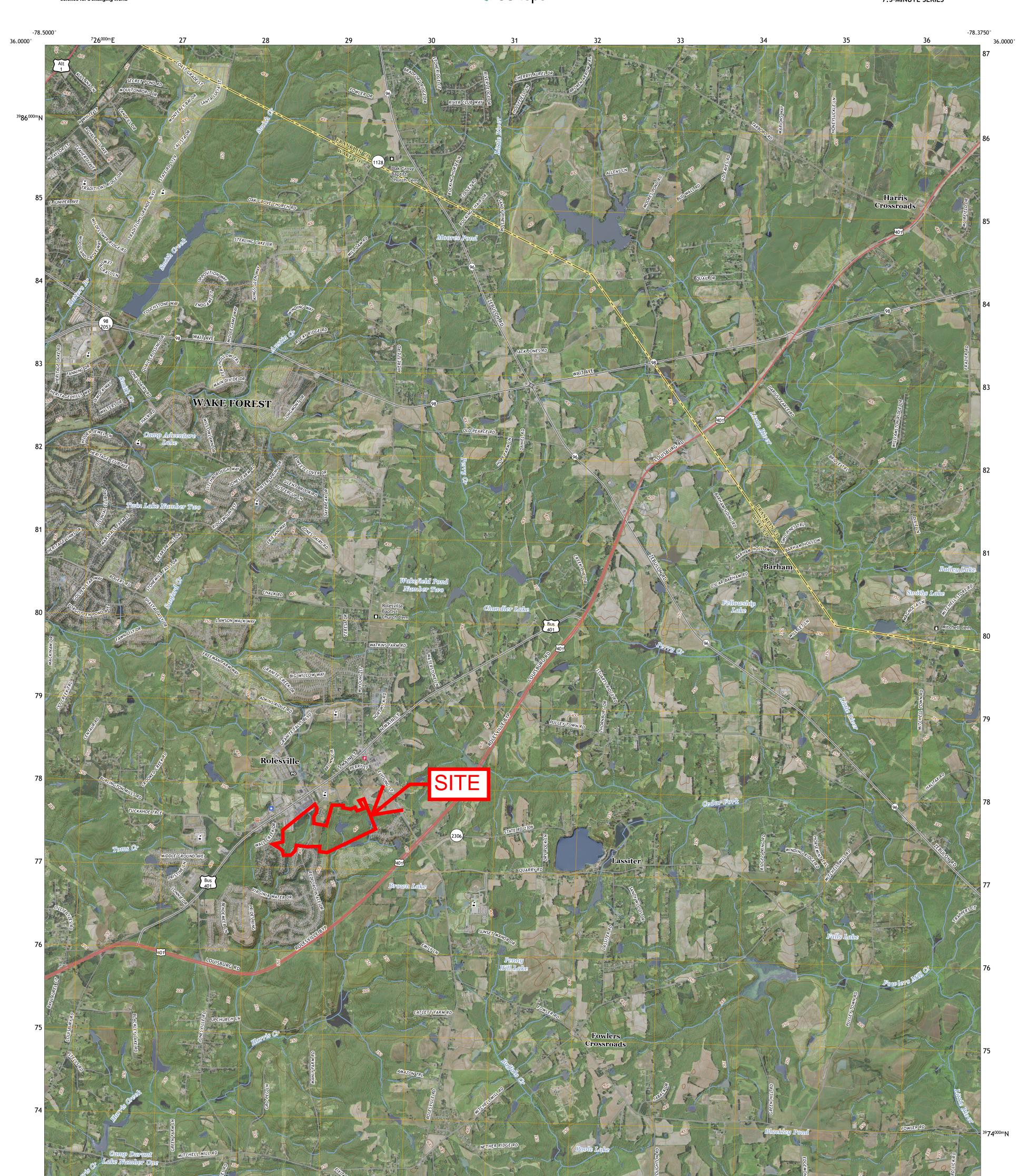
ATTACHMENT 1: PROJECT AERIAL MAP

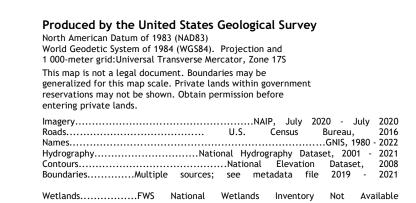




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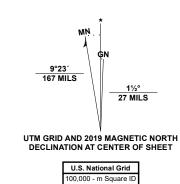
ATTACHMENT 2: USGS TOPO MAP





35.8750°

-78.5000°



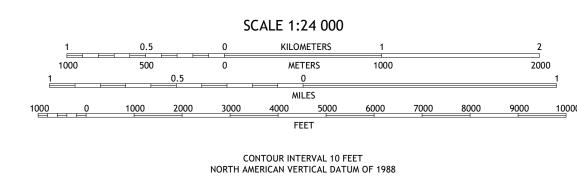
QV

Grid Zone Designation 17S

29

30

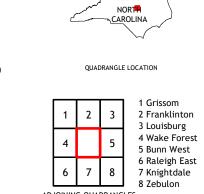
28



This map was produced to conform with the National Geospatial Program US Topo Product Standard.

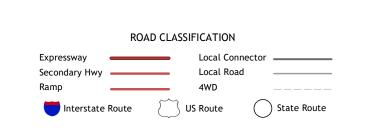
31

32



ADJOINING QUADRANGLES

33



35

-78.3750° 35.8750°

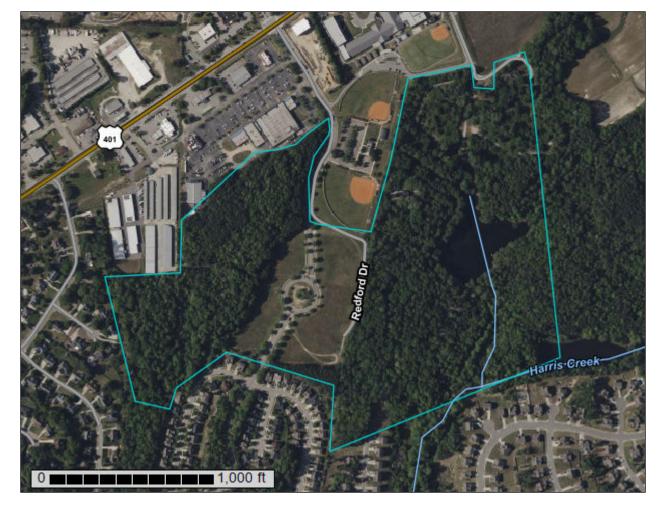
ATTACHMENT 3: SOIL SURVEY REPORT



NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Wake County, North Carolina



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

-

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

()

Blowout

 \boxtimes

Borrow Pit

Ж

Clay Spot

 \Diamond

Closed Depression

Š

Gravel Pit

.

Gravelly Spot

0

Landfill Lava Flow

٨.

Marsh or swamp

@

Mine or Quarry

0

Miscellaneous Water
Perennial Water

0

Rock Outcrop

+

Saline Spot

. .

Sandy Spot

Sodic Spot

_

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Ø

8

Spoil Area Stony Spot

Ø

Very Stony Spot

3

Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

Water Features

_

Streams and Canals

Transportation

ransp

Rails

~

Interstate Highways

__

US Routes

 \sim

Major Roads

~

Local Roads

Background

100

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Wake County, North Carolina Survey Area Data: Version 23, Sep 12, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Apr 24, 2022—May 9, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

| Map Unit Symbol | Map Unit Name | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI | |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|--|
| HeB | Helena sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes | 11.1 | 13.2% | |
| RgB | Rawlings-Rion complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes | 6.1 | 7.2% | |
| RgC | Rawlings-Rion complex, 6 to 10 percent slopes | 0.6 | 0.7% | |
| RgD | Rawlings-Rion complex, 10 to 15 percent slopes | 17.4 | 20.5% | |
| Ur | Urban land | 16.4 | 19.4% | |
| W | Water | 3.9 | 4.6% | |
| WaD | Wake-Rolesville complex, 10 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky | 13.4 | 15.8% | |
| WaE | Wake-Rolesville complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very rocky | 11.6 | 13.7% | |
| WfB | Wedowee-Saw complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes | 1.2 | 1.4% | |
| WgB | Wedowee-Urban land complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes | 2.8 | 3.4% | |
| WgC | Wedowee-Urban land complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes | 0.1 | 0.2% | |
| Totals for Area of Interest | | 84.7 | 100.0% | |

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties

and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Wake County, North Carolina

HeB—Helena sandy loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2qqqq

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Helena and similar soils: 92 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Helena

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: sandy loam BE - 12 to 19 inches: sandy clay loam

Bt1 - 19 to 39 inches: clay Bt2 - 39 to 43 inches: clay loam BCg - 43 to 46 inches: clay loam C - 46 to 80 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 30 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F136XY810SC - Acidic upland forest, seasonally wet

Hydric soil rating: No

RgB—Rawlings-Rion complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xhb9

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Rawlings and similar soils: 55 percent Rion and similar soils: 35 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rawlings

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam

Bt - 8 to 20 inches: sandy clay loam

C - 20 to 40 inches: gravelly sandy loam

R - 40 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F136XY830NC - Acidic upland forest, dry-moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rion

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite derived from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam
Bt1 - 8 to 17 inches: sandy clay loam
Bt2 - 17 to 38 inches: sandy loam
C - 38 to 80 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

RgC—Rawlings-Rion complex, 6 to 10 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xhbb

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Rawlings and similar soils: 55 percent Rion and similar soils: 35 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rawlings

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam

Bt - 8 to 20 inches: sandy clay loam

C - 20 to 40 inches: gravelly sandy loam

R - 40 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F136XY830NC - Acidic upland forest, dry-moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rion

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite derived from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam

Bt1 - 8 to 17 inches: sandy clay loam

Bt2 - 17 to 38 inches: sandy loam

C - 38 to 80 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

RgD—Rawlings-Rion complex, 10 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xhb8

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Rawlings and similar soils: 55 percent Rion and similar soils: 35 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Rawlings

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam

Bt - 8 to 20 inches: sandy clay loam

C - 20 to 40 inches: gravelly sandy loam

R - 40 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F136XY830NC - Acidic upland forest, dry-moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rion

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite derived from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam
Bt1 - 8 to 17 inches: sandy clay loam
Bt2 - 17 to 38 inches: sandy loam
C - 38 to 80 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 7.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Ur—Urban land

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2qwpc

Elevation: 70 to 1,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 51 inches Mean annual air temperature: 54 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 190 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Impervious layers over human-transported material

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

W-Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2qqjv

Elevation: 70 to 450 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 51 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Water

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

WaD—Wake-Rolesville complex, 10 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xhbf

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wake, very rocky, and similar soils: 50 percent Rolesville, very rocky, and similar soils: 40 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wake, Very Rocky

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: gravelly loamy coarse sand C - 7 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand

R - 11 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to low (0.00 to

0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F136XY870GA - Outer piedmont acidic upland woodlands and

glades, dry *Hydric soil rating:* No

Description of Rolesville, Very Rocky

Settina

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: loamy sand Bw - 12 to 26 inches: loamy sand C - 26 to 32 inches: loamy coarse sand

Cr - 32 to 38 inches: bedrock R - 38 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock; 20 to 80 inches

to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to low (0.00 to

0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F136XY870GA - Outer piedmont acidic upland woodlands and

glades, dry *Hydric soil rating:* No

WaE—Wake-Rolesville complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xhbg

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wake, very rocky, and similar soils: 50 percent Rolesville, very rocky, and similar soils: 40 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wake, Very Rocky

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: gravelly loamy coarse sand C - 7 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand

R - 11 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to low (0.00 to

0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F136XY870GA - Outer piedmont acidic upland woodlands and

glades, dry *Hydric soil rating:* No

Description of Rolesville, Very Rocky

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: loamy sand Bw - 12 to 26 inches: loamy sand C - 26 to 32 inches: loamy coarse sand

Cr - 32 to 38 inches: bedrock R - 38 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock; 20 to 80 inches

to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to low (0.00 to

0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F136XY870GA - Outer piedmont acidic upland woodlands and

glades, dry *Hydric soil rating:* No

WfB—Wedowee-Saw complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xn42

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Wedowee and similar soils: 60 percent Saw and similar soils: 35 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wedowee

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite residuum weathered from granite and gneiss and/or

saprolite residuum weathered from schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
E - 4 to 7 inches: sandy loam
BC - 23 to 35 inches: clay loam
C - 35 to 80 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Saw

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from granite and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam Bt - 8 to 20 inches: clay

BC - 20 to 26 inches: sandy clay loam
C - 26 to 29 inches: sandy loam
R - 29 to 80 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to low (0.00 to

0.01 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F136XY830NC - Acidic upland forest, dry-moist

Hydric soil rating: No

WgB-Wedowee-Urban land complex, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xn43

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wedowee and similar soils: 55 percent

Urban land: 40 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wedowee

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite residuum weathered from granite and gneiss and/or

saprolite residuum weathered from schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
E - 4 to 7 inches: sandy loam
BC - 23 to 35 inches: clay loam
C - 35 to 80 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Impervious layers over human transported material

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

WgC—Wedowee-Urban land complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xn44

Elevation: 70 to 560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 39 to 47 inches

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Mean annual air temperature: 55 to 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 250 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wedowee and similar soils: 55 percent

Urban land: 40 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wedowee

Setting

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Saprolite residuum weathered from granite and gneiss and/or

saprolite residuum weathered from schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 4 inches: sandy loam
E - 4 to 7 inches: sandy loam
BC - 23 to 35 inches: clay loam
C - 35 to 80 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F136XY820GA - Acidic upland forest, moist

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Impervious layers over human transported material

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydric soil rating: No

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ATTACHMENT 4: FEMA FLOOD MAP

DATUM INFORMATION

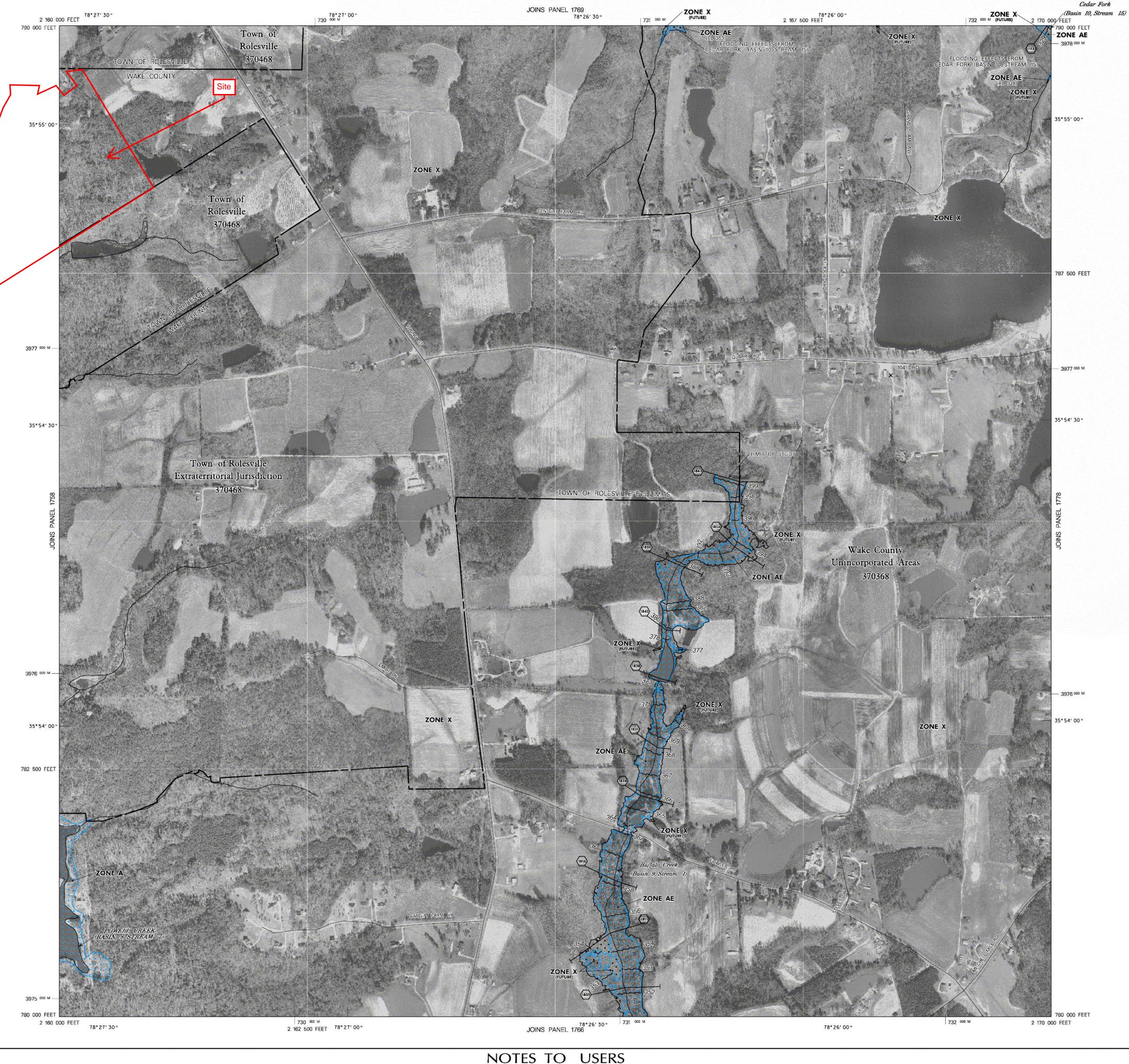
The projection used in the preparation of this map was the North Carolina State Plane (FIPSZONE 3200). The horizontal datum was the North American Datum of 1983, GRS80 ellipsoid. Differences in datum, ellipsoid, projection, or Universal Transverse Mercator zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdictional boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM. All coordinates on this map are in U.S. Survey Feet, where 1 U.S. Survey Foot = 1200/3937 Meters.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. An average offset between NAVD 88 and the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29) has been computed for each North Carolina county. This offset was then applied to the NGVD 29 flood elevations that were not revised during the creation of this statewide format FIRM. The offsets for each county shown on this FIRM panel are shown in the vertical datum offset table below. Where a county boundary and a flooding source with unrevised NGVD 29 flood elevations are coincident, an individual offset has been calculated and applied during the creation of this statewide format FIRM. See Section 6.1 of the accompanying Flood Insurance Study report to obtain further information on the conversion of elevations between NAVD 88 and NGVD 29. To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the North Carolina Geodetic Survey at the address shown below. You may also contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at www.ngs.noaa.gov.

North Carolina Geodetic Survey 121 West Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27601 (919) 733-3836 www.ncgs.state.nc.us

County Average Vertical Datum Offset Table Vertical Datum Offset (ft) Example: NAVD 88 = NGVD 29 + (-0.88)

All streams listed in the Flood Hazard Data Table below were studied by detailed methods using field survey. Other flood hazard data shown on this map may have been derived using either a coastal analysis or limited detailed riverine analysis. More information on the flooding sources studied by these analyses is contained in the Flood Insurance Study report.







This digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) was produced through a unique cooperative partnership between the State of North Carolina and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The State of North Carolina has implemented a long term approach of floodplain management to decrease the costs associated with flooding. This is demonstrated by the State's commitment to map floodplain areas at the local level. As a part of this effort, the State of North Carolina has joined in a Cooperating Technical State agreement with FEMA to produce and maintain this digital FIRM.

www.ncfloodmaps.com

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible

updated or additional flood hazard information. To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles, Floodway Data, Limited Detailed Flood Hazard Data, and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Boundaries of regulatory floodways shown on the FIRM for flooding sources studied by detailed methods were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data for flooding sources studied by detailed methods as well as non-encroachment widths for flooding sources studied by limited detailed methods are provided in the FIS report for this jurisdiction. The FIS report also provides instructions for determining a floodway using non-encroachment widths for flooding sources studied by limited detailed methods.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 4.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures in this jurisdiction.

Base map information and geospatial data used to develop this FIRM were obtained from various organizations, including the participating local community(ies), state and federal agencies, and/or other sources. The primary base for this FIRM is aerial imagery acquired by Wake County. The time period of collection for the imagery is 1999. Information and geospatial data supplied by the local community(ies) that met FEMA base map specifications were considered the preferred source for development of the base map. See geospatial metadata for the associated digital FIRM for additional information about base map

Base map features shown on this map, such as **corporate limits**, are based on the most up-to-date data available at the time of publication. Changes in the corporate limits may have occurred since this map was published. Map users should consult the appropriate community official or website to verify current conditions of jurisdictional boundaries and base map features. This map may contain roads that were not considered in the hydraulic analysis of streams where no new hydraulic model was created during the production of this statewide format FIRM.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses, and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

If you have questions about this map, or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at www.fema.gov.

An accompanying Flood Insurance Study report, Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) or Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) revising portions of this panel, and digital versions of this FIRM may be available. Visit the North Carolina Floodplain Mapping Program website at www.ncfloodmaps.com, or contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-800-358-9616 for information on all related products associated with this FIRM. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at www.msc.fema.gov.

MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index or visit www.ncfloodmaps.com.

> EFFECTIVE DATE OF FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP PANEL MAY 2, 2006

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

For community map revision history prior to statewide mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your insurance agent, the North Carolina Division of Emergency Management or the National Flood Insurance Program at the

following phone numbers or websites: National Flood Insurance Program NC Division of Emergency Management (919) 715–8000 <u>www.nccrimecontrol.org/nfip</u> 1–800–638–6620 <u>www.fema.gov/nfip</u>

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHAs) SUBJECT TO INUNDATION BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD

The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the area subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface elevation of the 1% annual chance flood.

No Base Flood Elevations determined. Base Flood Elevations determined. ZONE AE

Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined. Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities

Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or

greater flood. Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations

Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of future conditions 1% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance and future conditions 1% annual chance floodplain.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs) CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

1% annual chance floodplain boundary 0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary and future conditions 1% annual chance floodplain boundary

Floodway boundary _______ Zone D Boundary

CBRS and OPA boundary Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different

Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities. ----513----Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; (EL 987) elevation in feet*

*Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 Cross section line

(23)-----(23) Transect line

97°07′30", 32°22′30" 4276000 M

• M1.5

ZONE X

1 477 500 FEET BM5510 🗸

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 17 2500-foot grid values: North Carolina State Plane coordinate system (FIPSZONE 3200, State Plane NAD 83 feet)

North Carolina Geodetic Survey bench mark (see explanation in the Datum Information section of this FIRM panel). National Geodetic Survey bench mark (see explanation in the Datum Information section of this FIRM panel). River Mile



MAP SCALE 1" = 500' (1 : 6,000)

PANEL 1768J

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

(1000)

PANEL 1768 (SEE LOCATOR DIAGRAM OR MAP INDEX FOR FIRM

NORTH CAROLINA

PANEL LAYOUT)

ROLESVILLE, TOWN OF 370468 1768 J WAKE COUNTY 370368 1768

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject

EFFECTIVE DATE MAY 2, 2006



MAP NUMBER

State of North Carolina Federal Emergency Management Agency



DATUM INFORMATION

The projection used in the preparation of this map was the North Carolina State Plane (FIPSZONE 3200). The horizontal datum was the North American Datum of 1983, GRS80 ellipsoid. Differences in datum, ellipsoid, projection, or Universal Transverse Mercator zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdictional boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM. All coordinates on this map are in U.S. Survey Feet, where 1 U.S. Survey Foot = 1200/3937 Meters.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. An average offset between NAVD 88 and the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29) has been computed for each North Carolina county. This offset was then applied to the NGVD 29 flood elevations that were not revised during the creation of this statewide format FIRM. The offsets for each county shown on this FIRM panel are shown in the vertical datum offset table below. Where a county boundary and a flooding source with unrevised NGVD 29 flood elevations are coincident, an individual offset has been calculated and applied during the creation of this statewide format FIRM. See Section 6.1 of the accompanying Flood Insurance Study report to obtain further information on the conversion of elevations between NAVD 88 and NGVD 29. To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for bench marks shown on this map, please contact the North Carolina Geodetic Survey at the address shown below. You may also contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at www.ngs.noaa.gov.

North Carolina Geodetic Survey 121 West Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27601 (919) 733-3836 www.ncgs.state.nc.us

| | et (ft) |
|-------------|---------|
| Wake - 0.88 | |

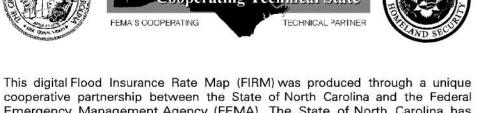
All streams listed in the Flood Hazard Data Table below were studied by detailed methods using field survey. Other flood hazard data shown on this map may have been derived using either a coastal analysis or limited detailed riverine analysis. More information on the flooding sources studied by these analyses is contained in the Flood Insurance Study report.

| Fl | Floodway Width (feet) Left/Right Distance From | | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|--|---|
| Cross Section | Stream Station | Flood Discharge (cfs) | 1 % Annual Chance (100-year) Water-Surface Elevation (feet NAVD 88) | the Center of Stream to Encroachment Boundary (Looking Downstream) of Total Floodway Width |
| TOMS CRI | EEK (BASIN 7 | , STREAM 1) | | |
| 164 | 16,350 ¹ | NA | 275.5 | 50 |
| POWELL | CREEK (BASII | N 8, STREAM 7 | ' } | |
| 239 | 23,890 ² | NA | 248.7 | 120 |
| 272 | 27,200 ² | NA | 259.9 | 110 |

² Feet above confluence with Hodges Creek (Basin 8, Stream 1)







cooperative partnership between the State of North Carolina and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The State of North Carolina has implemented a long term approach of floodplain management to decrease the costs associated with flooding. This is demonstrated by the State's commitment to map floodplain areas at the local level. As a part of this effort, the State of North Carolina has joined in a Cooperating Technical State agreement with FEMA to produce and maintain this digital FIRM.

www.ncfloodmaps.com

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MAP REPOSITORY Refer to listing of Map Repositories on Map Index or visit www.ncfloodmaps.com.

> EFFECTIVE DATE OF FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP PANEL MAY 2, 2006

EFFECTIVE DATE(S) OF REVISION(S) TO THIS PANEL

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(919) 715–8000 <u>www.nccrimecontrol.org/nfip</u> 1–800–638–6620 <u>www.fema.gov/nfip</u>

LEGEND

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No Base Flood Elevations determined. Base Flood Elevations determined.

greater flood.

Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood Elevations determined. Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths determined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities

Special Flood Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance flood by a flood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR indicates that the former flood control system is being restored to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or

Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no Base Flood Elevations Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE

The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free of encroachment so that the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases in flood heights.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS

Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; areas of future conditions 1% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS

ZONE X Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance and future conditions 1% annual chance floodplain. Areas in which flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS

OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs) CBRS areas and OPAs are normally located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

1% annual chance floodplain boundary 0.2% annual chance floodplain boundary and future conditions 1% annual chance floodplain boundary

_ _ _ _ _ Floodway boundary Zone D Boundary CBRS and OPA boundary

Boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and boundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base Flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities. Base Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet* ----513----Base Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone;

elevation in feet* *Referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988

> Cross section line Transect line

(23)-----(23) 97°07′30", 32°22′30"

(EL 987)

4276000 M 1 477 500 FEET BM5510 🗸

M1.5

Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 17 2500-foot grid values: North Carolina State Plane coordinate system (FIPSZONE 3200, State Plane NAD 83 feet)

North Carolina Geodetic Survey bench mark (see explanation in the Datum Information section of this FIRM panel). National Geodetic Survey bench mark (see explanation in the Datum Information section of this FIRM panel). River Mile



MAP SCALE 1" = 500' (1 : 6,000)

PANEL 1758J

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

PANEL 1758

(100)

(SEE LOCATOR DIAGRAM OR MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)

NORTH CAROLINA

COMMUNITY ROLESVILLE, TOWN OF

CID No. PANEL SUFFIX 370468 1758 J WAKE COUNTY

when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject EFFECTIVE DATE MAP NUMBER

Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used





3720175800J

State of North Carolina Federal Emergency Management Agency

ATTACHMENT 5: RAINFALL DATA



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3 Location name: Rolesville, North Carolina, USA* Latitude: 35.9195°, Longitude: -78.4618° Elevation: m/ft**

* source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

 $G.M.\ Bonnin,\ D.\ Martin,\ B.\ Lin,\ T.\ Parzybok,\ M.Yekta,\ and\ D.\ Riley$

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

| PDS | PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹ | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Duration | | | | Avera | ge recurren | ce interval (| years) | | | | |
| Duration | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 25 | 50 | 100 | 200 | 500 | 1000 | |
| 5-min | 0.403 (0.369-0.441) | 0.468 (0.429-0.512) | 0.534 (0.489-0.582) | 0.599 (0.548-0.654) | 0.665 (0.606-0.725) | 0.718 (0.651-0.782) | 0.764 (0.689-0.832) | 0.805 (0.722-0.879) | 0.851 (0.756-0.929) | 0.892 (0.786-0.976) | |
| 10-min | 0.644 (0.590-0.704) | 0.749 (0.687-0.818) | 0.855 (0.783-0.933) | 0.959 (0.877-1.05) | 1.06 (0.965-1.16) | 1.14 (1.04-1.25) | 1.21 (1.09-1.32) | 1.28 (1.14-1.39) | 1.35 (1.20-1.47) | 1.41 (1.24-1.54) | |
| 15-min | 0.805 (0.738-0.880) | 0.942 (0.863-1.03) | 1.08 (0.991-1.18) | 1.21 (1.11-1.32) | 1.34 (1.22-1.46) | 1.45 (1.31-1.58) | 1.53 (1.38-1.67) | 1.61 (1.44-1.76) | 1.69 (1.51-1.85) | 1.76 (1.55-1.93) | |
| 30-min | 1.10 (1.01-1.21) | 1.30 (1.19-1.42) | 1.54 (1.41-1.68) | 1.76 (1.61-1.92) | 1.99 (1.81-2.17) | 2.18 (1.98-2.38) | 2.35 (2.12-2.56) | 2.51 (2.25-2.74) | 2.70 (2.40-2.94) | 2.86 (2.52-3.12) | |
| 60-min | 1.38 (1.26-1.51) | 1.63 (1.50-1.78) | 1.97 (1.81-2.15) | 2.29 (2.09-2.50) | 2.65 (2.41-2.89) | 2.95 (2.68-3.22) | 3.24 (2.92-3.53) | 3.52 (3.15-3.84) | 3.87 (3.44-4.22) | 4.17 (3.67-4.56) | |
| 2-hr | 1.61 (1.46-1.78) | 1.91 (1.75-2.10) | 2.34 (2.13-2.56) | 2.74 (2.49-3.01) | 3.23 (2.91-3.53) | 3.65 (3.28-3.99) | 4.06 (3.62-4.43) | 4.47 (3.96-4.89) | 5.01 (4.40-5.48) | 5.49 (4.78-6.02) | |
| 3-hr | 1.71 (1.55-1.89) | 2.03 (1.85-2.24) | 2.49 (2.26-2.74) | 2.94 (2.67-3.24) | 3.49 (3.15-3.84) | 3.99 (3.57-4.38) | 4.47 (3.97-4.91) | 4.99 (4.40-5.46) | 5.67 (4.94-6.21) | 6.29 (5.42-6.91) | |
| 6-hr | 2.05 (1.87-2.26) | 2.44 (2.23-2.68) | 2.99 (2.72-3.28) | 3.54 (3.22-3.88) | 4.22 (3.81-4.62) | 4.83 (4.34-5.28) | 5.45 (4.85-5.95) | 6.10 (5.37-6.65) | 6.98 (6.07-7.61) | 7.79 (6.68-8.50) | |
| 12-hr | 2.41 (2.21-2.66) | 2.87 (2.64-3.15) | 3.54 (3.24-3.88) | 4.21 (3.84-4.61) | 5.06 (4.59-5.53) | 5.84 (5.25-6.35) | 6.62 (5.90-7.20) | 7.47 (6.57-8.11) | 8.64 (7.48-9.37) | 9.72 (8.29-10.6) | |
| 24-hr | 2.86 (2.66-3.08) | 3.45 (3.22-3.72) | 4.34 (4.04-4.68) | 5.04 (4.68-5.43) | 6.00 (5.56-6.46) | 6.77 (6.25-7.28) | 7.56 (6.95-8.14) | 8.37 (7.67-9.02) | 9.50 (8.66-10.2) | 10.4 (9.42-11.2) | |
| 2-day | 3.32 (3.09-3.57) | 3.99 (3.72-4.30) | 4.98 (4.63-5.36) | 5.76 (5.35-6.20) | 6.81 (6.31-7.34) | 7.65 (7.06-8.24) | 8.51 (7.84-9.17) | 9.40 (8.62-10.1) | 10.6 (9.68-11.5) | 11.6 (10.5-12.6) | |
| 3-day | 3.52 (3.28-3.77) | 4.23 (3.95-4.53) | 5.24 (4.89-5.62) | 6.05 (5.63-6.48) | 7.15 (6.63-7.67) | 8.02 (7.42-8.60) | 8.91 (8.22-9.57) | 9.84 (9.03-10.6) | 11.1 (10.1-12.0) | 12.1 (11.0-13.1) | |
| 4-day | 3.72 (3.48-3.98) | 4.46 (4.17-4.77) | 5.51 (5.15-5.89) | 6.34 (5.91-6.77) | 7.48 (6.95-7.99) | 8.39 (7.77-8.97) | 9.32 (8.60-9.97) | 10.3 (9.45-11.0) | 11.6 (10.6-12.4) | 12.6 (11.5-13.6) | |
| 7-day | 4.31 (4.04-4.60) | 5.15 (4.82-5.50) | 6.28 (5.88-6.70) | 7.18 (6.71-7.66) | 8.41 (7.83-8.98) | 9.39 (8.72-10.0) | 10.4 (9.63-11.1) | 11.4 (10.5-12.3) | 12.9 (11.8-13.8) | 14.0 (12.8-15.0) | |
| 10-day | 4.91 (4.61-5.23) | 5.84 (5.48-6.23) | 7.04 (6.59-7.49) | 7.97 (7.46-8.49) | 9.24 (8.62-9.84) | 10.2 (9.53-10.9) | 11.2 (10.4-12.0) | 12.3 (11.4-13.1) | 13.7 (12.6-14.6) | 14.7 (13.5-15.8) | |
| 20-day | 6.59 (6.20-7.01) | 7.78 (7.32-8.28) | 9.21 (8.66-9.80) | 10.3 (9.71-11.0) | 11.9 (11.1-12.6) | 13.1 (12.2-13.9) | 14.3 (13.3-15.2) | 15.5 (14.4-16.6) | 17.2 (15.9-18.4) | 18.5 (17.0-19.8) | |
| 30-day | 8.18 (7.72-8.68) | 9.62 (9.07-10.2) | 11.2 (10.6-11.9) | 12.4 (11.7-13.2) | 14.1 (13.2-14.9) | 15.3 (14.3-16.3) | 16.6 (15.5-17.6) | 17.8 (16.6-19.0) | 19.5 (18.1-20.8) | 20.7 (19.2-22.2) | |
| 45-day | 10.4 (9.89-11.0) | 12.2 (11.6-12.9) | 14.0 (13.3-14.8) | 15.4 (14.6-16.2) | 17.2 (16.2-18.1) | 18.5 (17.5-19.5) | 19.9 (18.7-21.0) | 21.2 (19.9-22.4) | 22.9 (21.4-24.3) | 24.2 (22.6-25.7) | |
| 60-day | 12.5 (11.9-13.1) | 14.6 (13.9-15.3) | 16.5 (15.7-17.4) | 18.0 (17.1-19.0) | 20.0 (18.9-21.0) | 21.4 (20.2-22.5) | 22.8 (21.5-24.0) | 24.2 (22.8-25.5) | 25.9 (24.4-27.4) | 27.3 (25.6-28.8) | |

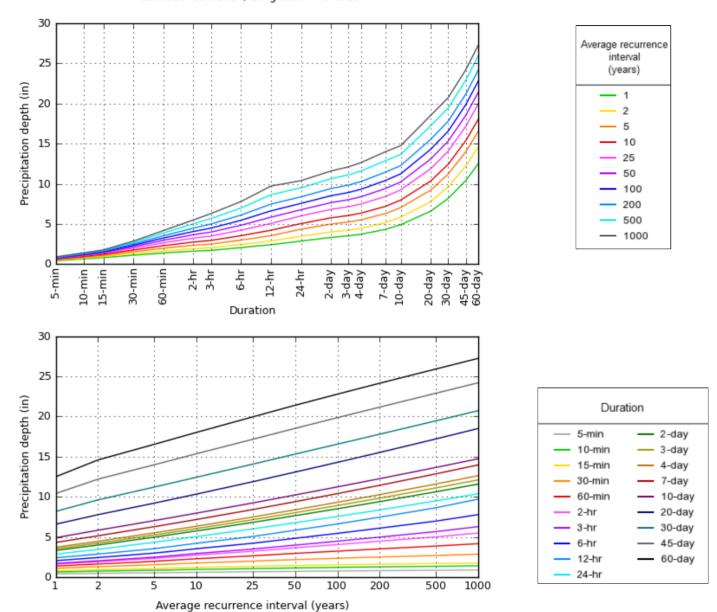
Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

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PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves Latitude: 35.9195°, Longitude: -78.4618°



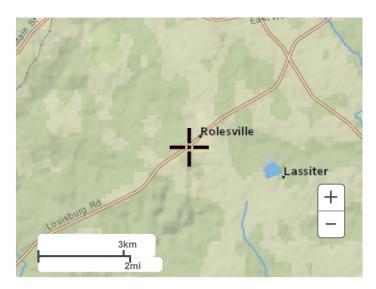
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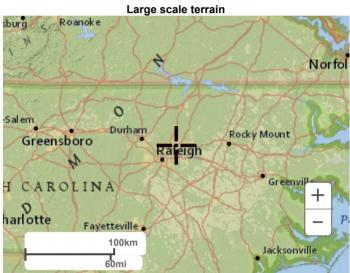
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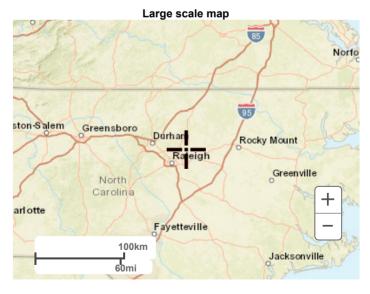
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Maps & aerials

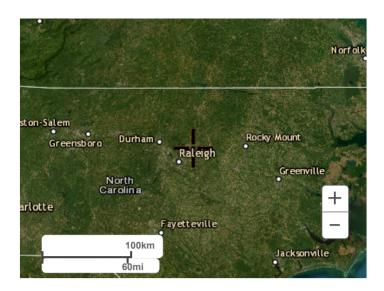
Small scale terrain







Large scale aerial



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1325 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Questions?: <u>HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov</u>

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NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 2, Version 3 Location name: Rolesville, North Carolina, USA* Latitude: 35.9195°, Longitude: -78.4618° Elevation: 426 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

G.M. Bonnin, D. Martin, B. Lin, T. Parzybok, M.Yekta, and D. Riley NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

| PDS-b | PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches/hour) ¹ Average recurrence interval (years) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Duration | | | | Avera | ge recurren | ce interval (| years) | | | | |
| Duration | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 25 | 50 | 100 | 200 | 500 | 1000 | |
| 5-min | 4.84 (4.43-5.29) | 5.62 (5.15-6.14) | 6.41 (5.87-6.98) | 7.19 (6.58-7.85) | 7.98 (7.27-8.70) | 8.62 (7.81-9.38) | 9.17 (8.27-9.98) | 9.66 (8.66-10.5) | 10.2 (9.07-11.1) | 10.7 (9.43-11.7) | |
| 10-min | 3.86 (3.54-4.22) | 4.49 (4.12-4.91) | 5.13 (4.70-5.60) | 5.75 (5.26-6.27) | 6.36 (5.79-6.93) | 6.86 (6.22-7.47) | 7.28 (6.56-7.94) | 7.66 (6.86-8.36) | 8.08 (7.18-8.82) | 8.43 (7.43-9.22) | |
| 15-min | 3.22 (2.95-3.52) | 3.77 (3.45-4.12) | 4.32 (3.96-4.72) | 4.85 (4.44-5.29) | 5.38 (4.89-5.86) | 5.79 (5.25-6.31) | 6.14 (5.53-6.69) | 6.44 (5.77-7.03) | 6.78 (6.02-7.40) | 7.05 (6.22-7.72) | |
| 30-min | 2.21 (2.02-2.41) | 2.60 (2.38-2.84) | 3.07 (2.82-3.35) | 3.51 (3.21-3.83) | 3.98 (3.62-4.34) | 4.36 (3.95-4.75) | 4.70 (4.24-5.12) | 5.02 (4.49-5.47) | 5.39 (4.79-5.89) | 5.71 (5.03-6.25) | |
| 60-min | 1.38 (1.26-1.50) | 1.63 (1.50-1.78) | 1.97 (1.80-2.15) | 2.29 (2.09-2.50) | 2.65 (2.41-2.89) | 2.95 (2.68-3.22) | 3.24 (2.92-3.53) | 3.52 (3.15-3.84) | 3.87 (3.44-4.22) | 4.17 (3.67-4.56) | |
| 2-hr | 0.804 (0.731-0.887) | 0.957 (0.874-1.05) | 1.17 (1.06-1.28) | 1.37 (1.24-1.50) | 1.61 (1.45-1.76) | 1.82 (1.64-2.00) | 2.03 (1.81-2.22) | 2.24 (1.98-2.44) | 2.51 (2.20-2.74) | 2.75 (2.39-3.01) | |
| 3-hr | 0.567 (0.516-0.629) | 0.676 (0.617-0.746) | 0.827 (0.753-0.913) | 0.979 (0.888-1.08) | 1.16 (1.05-1.28) | 1.33 (1.19-1.46) | 1.49 (1.32-1.63) | 1.66 (1.46-1.82) | 1.89 (1.65-2.07) | 2.09 (1.80-2.30) | |
| 6-hr | 0.341 (0.311-0.377) | 0.406 (0.372-0.448) | 0.498 (0.454-0.548) | 0.590 (0.537-0.648) | 0.704 (0.636-0.771) | 0.807 (0.724-0.882) | 0.909 (0.809-0.993) | 1.02 (0.897-1.11) | 1.16 (1.01-1.27) | 1.30 (1.12-1.42) | |
| 12-hr | 0.200 (0.183-0.220) | 0.238 (0.219-0.261) | 0.293 (0.269-0.321) | 0.349 (0.318-0.382) | 0.420 (0.380-0.458) | 0.484 (0.435-0.527) | 0.549 (0.489-0.597) | 0.620 (0.545-0.673) | 0.716 (0.620-0.778) | 0.806 (0.687-0.876) | |
| 24-hr | 0.119 (0.110-0.128) | 0.143 (0.134-0.155) | 0.180 (0.168-0.194) | 0.210 (0.195-0.226) | 0.250 (0.231-0.269) | 0.282 (0.260-0.303) | 0.314 (0.289-0.338) | 0.348 (0.319-0.375) | 0.395 (0.360-0.426) | 0.432 (0.392-0.467) | |
| 2-day | 0.069 (0.064-0.074) | 0.083 (0.077-0.089) | 0.103 (0.096-0.111) | 0.119 (0.111-0.129) | 0.141 (0.131-0.152) | 0.159 (0.147-0.171) | 0.177 (0.163-0.190) | 0.195 (0.179-0.211) | 0.221 (0.201-0.239) | 0.241 (0.219-0.261) | |
| 3-day | 0.048 (0.045-0.052) | 0.058 (0.054-0.062) | 0.072 (0.067-0.078) | 0.084 (0.078-0.090) | 0.099 (0.092-0.106) | 0.111 (0.103-0.119) | 0.123 (0.114-0.132) | 0.136 (0.125-0.146) | 0.154 (0.140-0.166) | 0.168 (0.152-0.181) | |
| 4-day | 0.038 (0.036-0.041) | 0.046 (0.043-0.049) | 0.057 (0.053-0.061) | 0.066 (0.061-0.070) | 0.077 (0.072-0.083) | 0.087 (0.080-0.093) | 0.097 (0.089-0.103) | 0.107 (0.098-0.114) | 0.120 (0.110-0.129) | 0.131 (0.119-0.141) | |
| 7-day | 0.025 (0.024-0.027) | 0.030 (0.028-0.032) | 0.037 (0.034-0.039) | 0.042 (0.039-0.045) | 0.050 (0.046-0.053) | 0.055 (0.051-0.059) | 0.061 (0.057-0.066) | 0.068 (0.062-0.072) | 0.076 (0.070-0.082) | 0.083 (0.075-0.089) | |
| 10-day | 0.020 (0.019-0.021) | 0.024 (0.022-0.025) | 0.029 (0.027-0.031) | 0.033 (0.031-0.035) | 0.038 (0.035-0.041) | 0.042 (0.039-0.045) | 0.046 (0.043-0.049) | 0.051 (0.047-0.054) | 0.056 (0.052-0.060) | 0.061 (0.056-0.065) | |
| 20-day | 0.013 (0.012-0.014) | 0.016 (0.015-0.017) | 0.019 (0.018-0.020) | 0.021 (0.020-0.022) | 0.024 (0.023-0.026) | 0.027 (0.025-0.029) | 0.029 (0.027-0.031) | 0.032 (0.030-0.034) | 0.035 (0.033-0.038) | 0.038 (0.035-0.041) | |
| 30-day | 0.011 (0.010-0.012) | 0.013 (0.012-0.014) | 0.015 (0.014-0.016) | 0.017 (0.016-0.018) | 0.019 (0.018-0.020) | 0.021 (0.019-0.022) | 0.022 (0.021-0.024) | 0.024 (0.023-0.026) | 0.027 (0.025-0.028) | 0.028 (0.026-0.030) | |
| 45-day | 0.009 (0.009-0.010) | 0.011 (0.010-0.011) | 0.012 (0.012-0.013) | 0.014 (0.013-0.015) | 0.015 (0.015-0.016) | 0.017 (0.016-0.018) | 0.018 (0.017-0.019) | 0.019 (0.018-0.020) | 0.021 (0.019-0.022) | 0.022 (0.020-0.023) | |
| 60-day | 0.008 (0.008-0.009) | 0.010 (0.009-0.010) | 0.011 (0.010-0.012) | 0.012 (0.011-0.013) | 0.013 (0.013-0.014) | 0.014 (0.014-0.015) | 0.015 (0.014-0.016) | 0.016 (0.015-0.017) | 0.018 (0.016-0.019) | 0.018 (0.017-0.020) | |

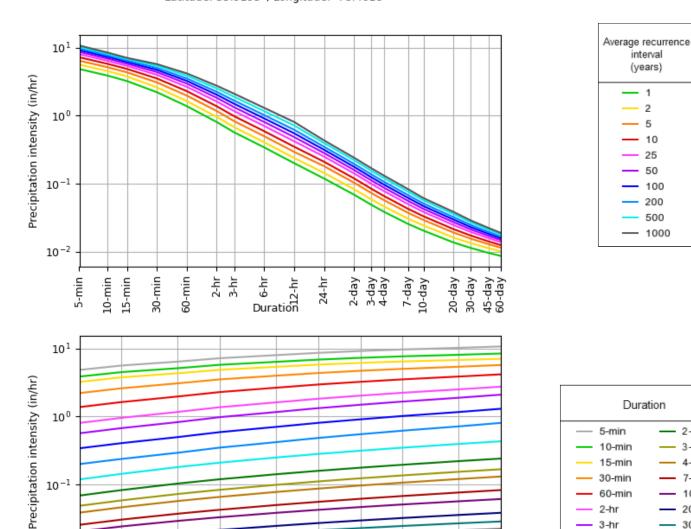
¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

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PDS-based intensity-duration-frequency (IDF) curves Latitude: 35.9195°, Longitude: -78.4618°



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 10^{-2}

Created (GMT): Fri Sep 22 12:13:49 2023

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2-day

3-day 4-day

7-day

10-day 20-day

30-day

45-day

60-day

6-hr

12-hr

24-hr

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100

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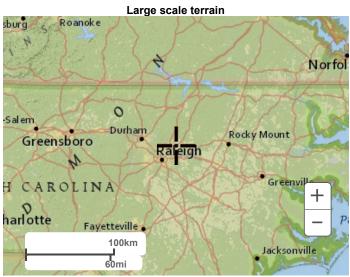
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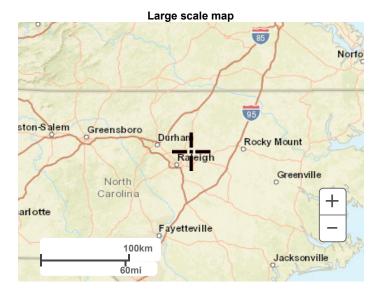
Average recurrence interval (years)

Maps & aerials

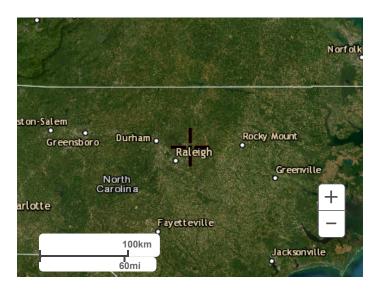
Small scale terrain







Large scale aerial

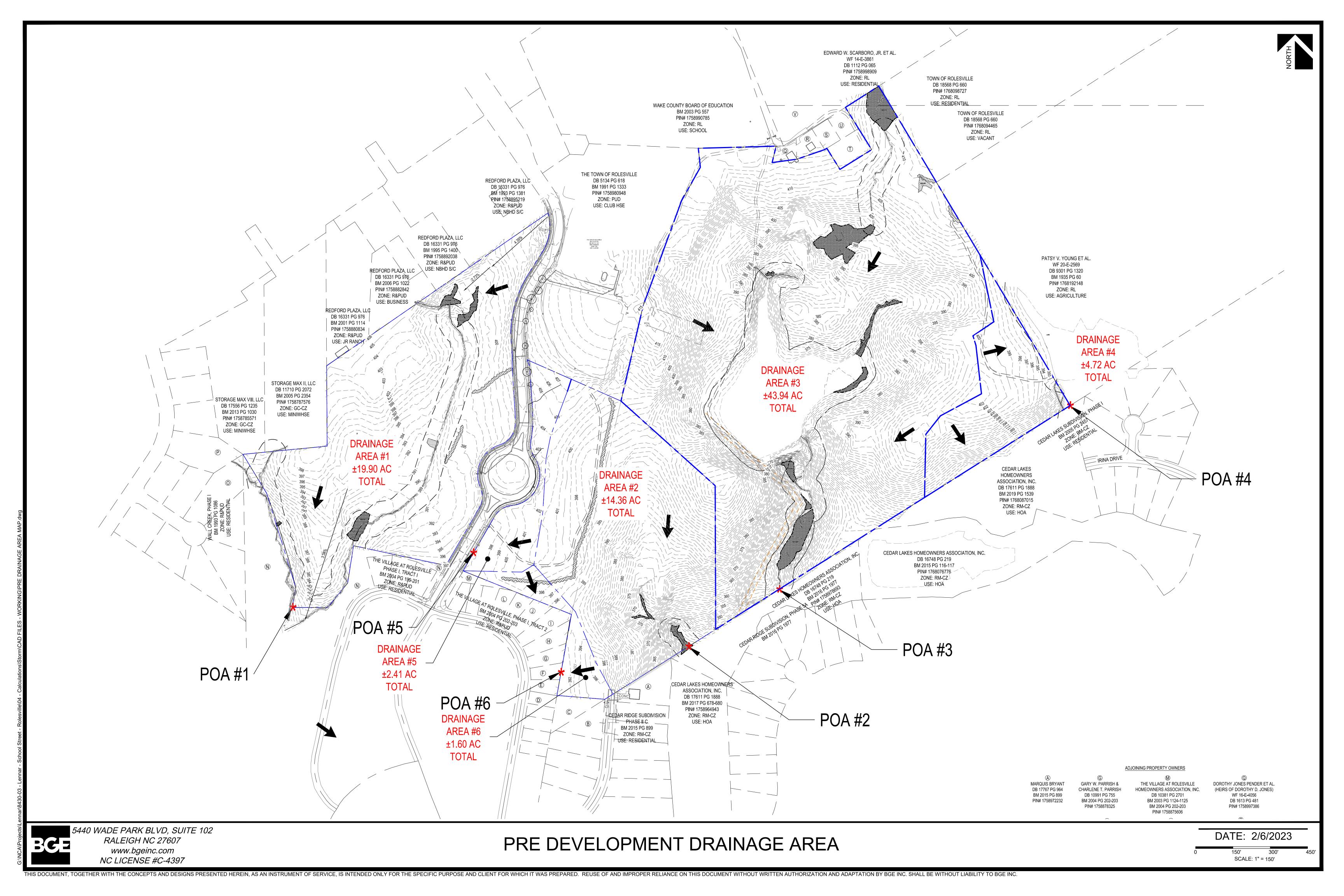


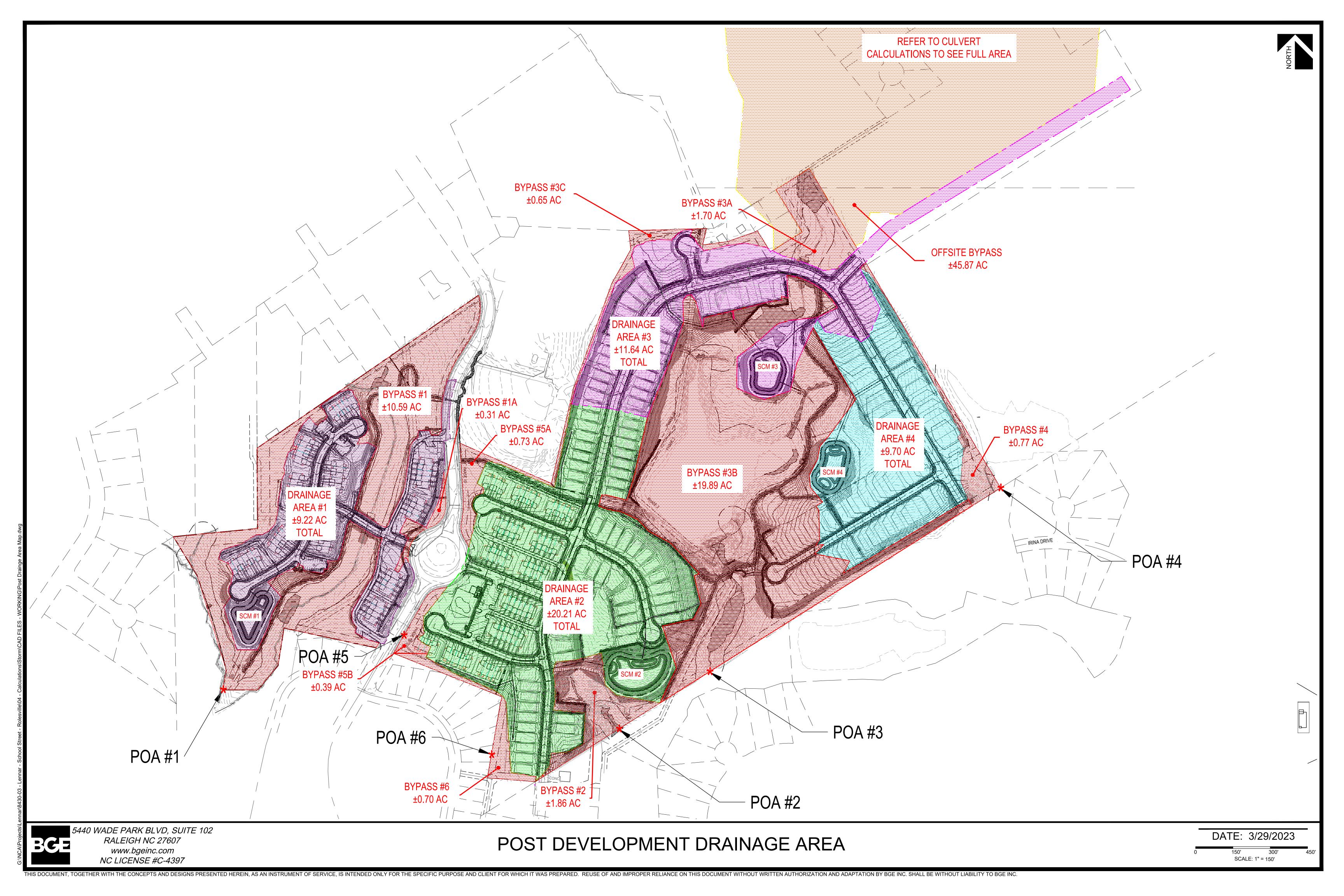
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Silver Spring, MD 20910
Questions?: HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov

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ATTACHMENT 6: PRE- AND POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA MAPS





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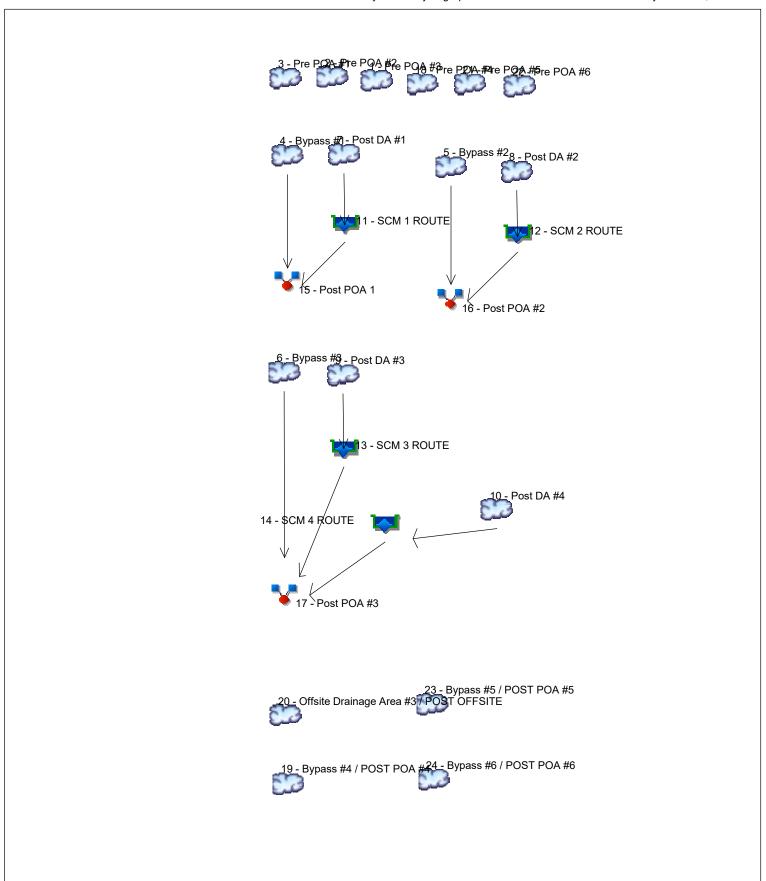
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Watershed Model Schematic



Hydrograph Return Period Recap

| _ | Hydrograph | Inflow | Peak Outflow (cfs) | | | | | | | | Hydrograph |
|-----|------------------|------------|--------------------|--------|------|------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| No. | type (origin) | hyd(s) | 1-yr | 2-yr | 3-yr | 5-yr | 10-yr | 25-yr | 50-yr | 100-yr | Description |
| 1 | SCS Runoff | | 81.28 | 113.63 | | | 208.92 | 268.97 | | 367.67 | Pre POA #3 |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | | 32.35 | 43.89 | | | 76.33 | 96.21 | | 128.55 | Pre POA #2 |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | | 34.25 | 48.19 | | | 89.35 | 115.26 | | 157.92 | Pre POA #1 |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | | 16.85 | 23.87 | | | 44.61 | 57.66 | | 79.15 | Bypass #1 |
| 5 | SCS Runoff | | 2.876 | 4.074 | | | 7.613 | 9.838 | | 13.51 | Bypass #2 |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | | 34.39 | 48.71 | | | 91.03 | 117.64 | | 161.50 | Bypass #3 |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | | 21.52 | 28.31 | | | 46.90 | 58.14 | | 76.32 | Post DA #1 |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | | 47.17 | 62.05 | | | 102.80 | 127.44 | | 167.28 | Post DA #2 |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | | 28.41 | 37.04 | | | 60.55 | 74.71 | | 97.60 | Post DA #3 |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | | 21.62 | 28.69 | | | 48.19 | 60.03 | | 79.20 | Post DA #4 |
| 11 | Reservoir | 7 | 2.097 | 4.580 | | | 27.13 | 44.96 | | 66.14 | SCM 1 ROUTE |
| 12 | Reservoir | 8 | 3.225 | 6.421 | | | 50.49 | 68.88 | | 119.55 | SCM 2 ROUTE |
| 13 | Reservoir | 9 | 1.829 | 4.264 | | | 41.67 | 63.26 | | 87.44 | SCM 3 ROUTE |
| 14 | Reservoir | 10 | 1.828 | 3.880 | | | 11.74 | 28.74 | | 57.54 | SCM 4 ROUTE |
| 15 | Combine | 4, 11, | 16.85 | 25.20 | | | 59.09 | 94.86 | | 141.27 | Post POA 1 |
| 16 | Combine | 5, 12, | 3.463 | 7.063 | | | 54.10 | 74.80 | | 129.55 | Post POA #2 |
| 17 | Combine | 6, 13, 14, | 34.43 | 50.45 | | | 125.52 | 187.24 | | 288.98 | Post POA #3 |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | | 10.04 | 14.02 | | | 25.45 | 32.66 | | 44.48 | Pre POA #4 |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | | 1.191 | 1.686 | | | 3.152 | 4.073 | | 5.592 | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | | 42.77 | 62.67 | | | 122.39 | 160.69 | | 224.46 | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFF |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | | 5.429 | 7.366 | | | 12.81 | 16.15 | | 21.57 | Pre POA #5 |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | | 3.604 | 4.890 | | | 8.504 | 10.72 | | 14.32 | Pre POA #6 |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | | 2.496 | 3.313 | | | 5.565 | 6.931 | | 9.145 | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | | 1.344 | 1.836 | | | 3.221 | 4.072 | | 5.460 | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Proj. file: SCMs.gpw

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

| Hyd. No. | Hydrograph type (origin) | Peak flow (cfs) | Time interval (min) | Time to Peak (min) | Hyd. volume (cuft) | Inflow hyd(s) | Maximum elevation (ft) | Total strge used (cuft) | Hydrograph Description |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | SCS Runoff | 81.28 | 2 | 718 | 162,567 | | | | Pre POA #3 |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | 32.35 | 2 | 718 | 65,226 | | | | Pre POA #2 |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | 34.25 | 2 | 720 | 78,533 | | | | Pre POA #1 |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | 16.85 | 2 | 722 | 44,360 | | | | Bypass #1 |
| 4 5 | SCS Runoff | 2.876 | | 722 | 7,570 | | | | Bypass #2 |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | | 2 | | | | | | |
| | | 34.39 | 2 | 722 | 90,511 | | | | Bypass #3 |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | 21.52 | 2 | 720 | 55,826 | | | | Post DA #1 |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | 47.17 | 2 | 720 | 122,369 | | | | Post DA #2 |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | 28.41 | 2 | 720 | 73,826 | | | | Post DA #3 |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | 21.62 | 2 | 720 | 56,035 | | | | Post DA #4 |
| 11 | Reservoir | 2.097 | 2 | 758 | 35,924 | 7 | 386.83 | 30,415 | SCM 1 ROUTE |
| 12 | Reservoir | 3.225 | 2 | 782 | 104,299 | 8 | 353.95 | 69,900 | SCM 2 ROUTE |
| 13 | Reservoir | 1.829 | 2 | 786 | 41,869 | 9 | 387.17 | 43,836 | SCM 3 ROUTE |
| 14 | Reservoir | 1.828 | 2 | 766 | 37,960 | 10 | 382.30 | 30,584 | SCM 4 ROUTE |
| 15 | Combine | 16.85 | 2 | 722 | 80,284 | 4, 11, | | | Post POA 1 |
| 16 | Combine | 3.463 | 2 | 776 | 111,869 | 5, 12, | | | Post POA #2 |
| 17 | Combine | 34.43 | 2 | 722 | 170,339 | 6, 13, 14, | | | Post POA #3 |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | 10.04 | 1 | 716 | 17,463 | | | | Pre POA #4 |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | 1.191 | 2 | 722 | 3,134 | | | | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | 42.77 | 2 | 730 | 165,240 | | | | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OF |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | 5.429 | 2 | 718 | 10,947 | | | | Pre POA #5 |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | 3.604 | 2 | 718 | 7,267 | | | | Pre POA #6 |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | 2.496 | 2 | 720 | 6,470 | | | | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | 1.344 | 2 | 720 | 3,497 | | | | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ms.gpw | | | | Return F | Period: 1 Ye | ear | Monday, 10 | 0 / 2 / 2023 |

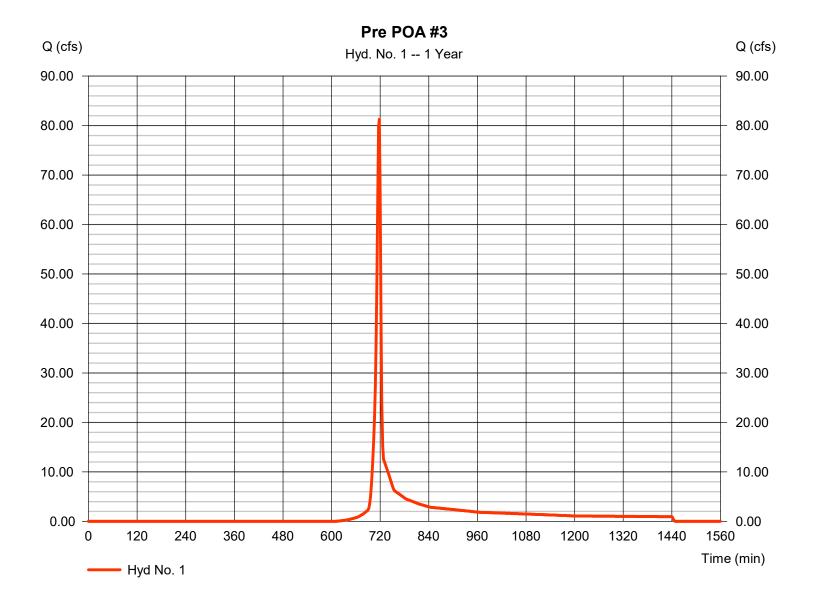
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

= 81.28 cfsHydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge Storm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 718 min = 162,567 cuft Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume Drainage area = 43.940 acCurve number = 79 Hydraulic length = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Tc method = TR55 Time of conc. (Tc) $= 3.10 \, \text{min}$ Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

| <u>Description</u> | <u>A</u> | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 300.0 = 2.20 = 7.06 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.12 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.12 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 193.00 = 4.30 = Paved =4.22 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.76 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.76 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 30.00 = 16.00 = 5.00 = 0.015 =33.84 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0})500.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.25 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.25 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 3.10 min |

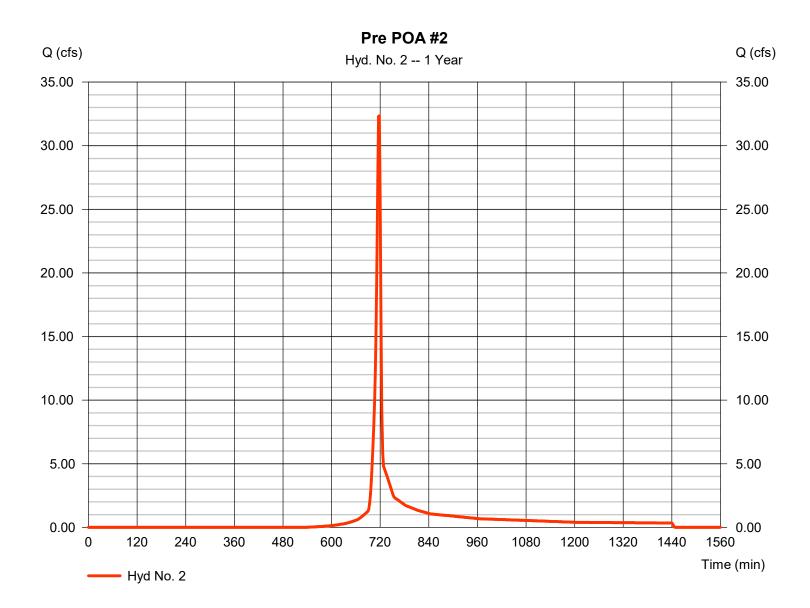
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 32.35 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 65.226 cuft Drainage area = 14.360 ac Curve number = 83 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.60 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

| <u>Description</u> | <u>A</u> | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 300.0 = 2.20 = 3.80 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.72 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.72 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 850.00 = 6.00 = Paved =4.98 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.85 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.85 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.015 =0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0}) | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.00 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.00 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 5.60 min |

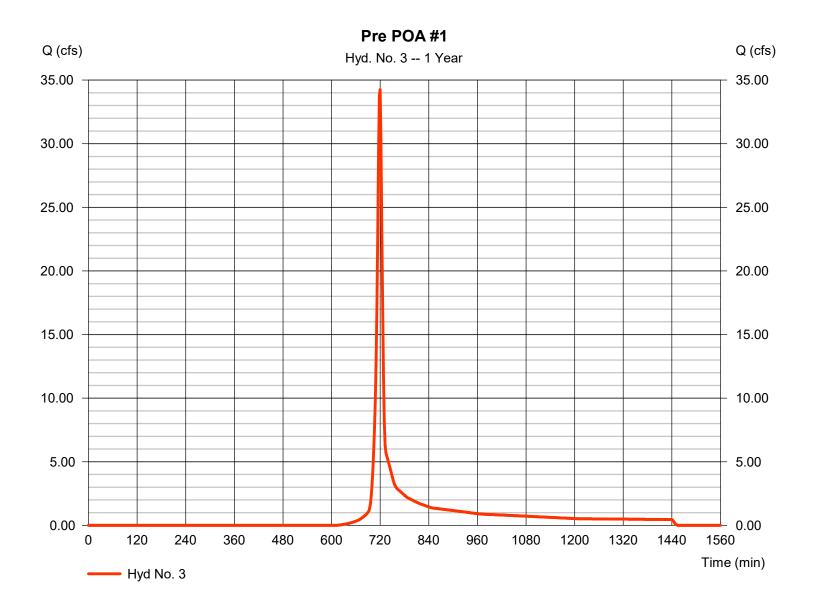
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 34.25 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 720 min = 78,533 cuft Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume Drainage area = 19.900 ac Curve number = 79 Hydraulic length = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 9.70 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

| <u>Description</u> | A | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 300.0 = 2.20 = 4.60 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.52 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.52 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 150.00 = 3.50 = Unpaved =3.02 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.83 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.83 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 16.00 = 20.00 = 1.00 = 0.015 =8.55 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0})3240.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 6.31 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 6.31 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 9.70 min |

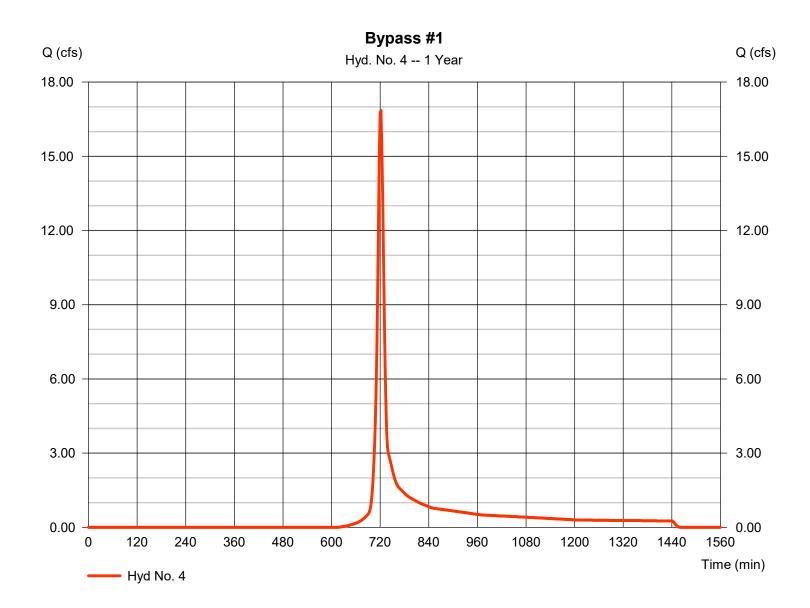
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

Bypass #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 16.85 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 44,360 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 10.900 ac= 79 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



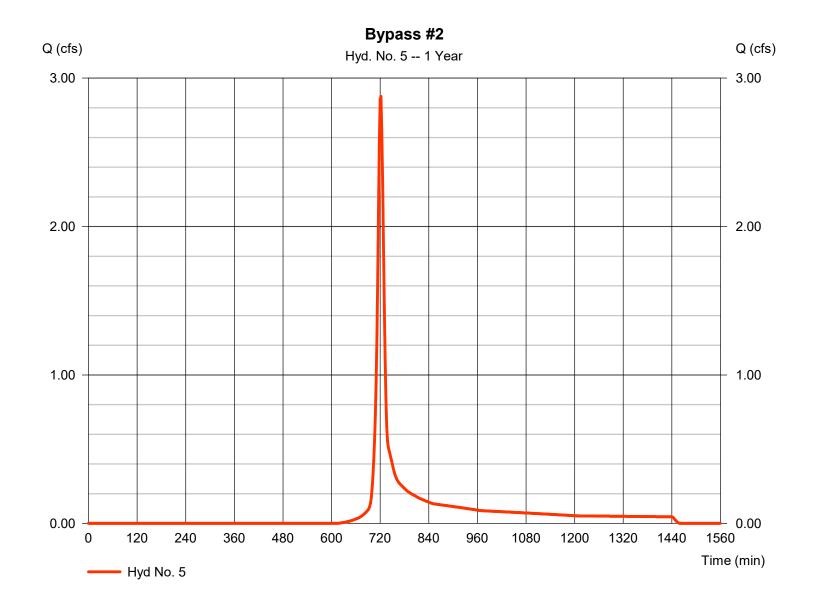
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 5

Bypass #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 2.876 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 7,570 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 1.860 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



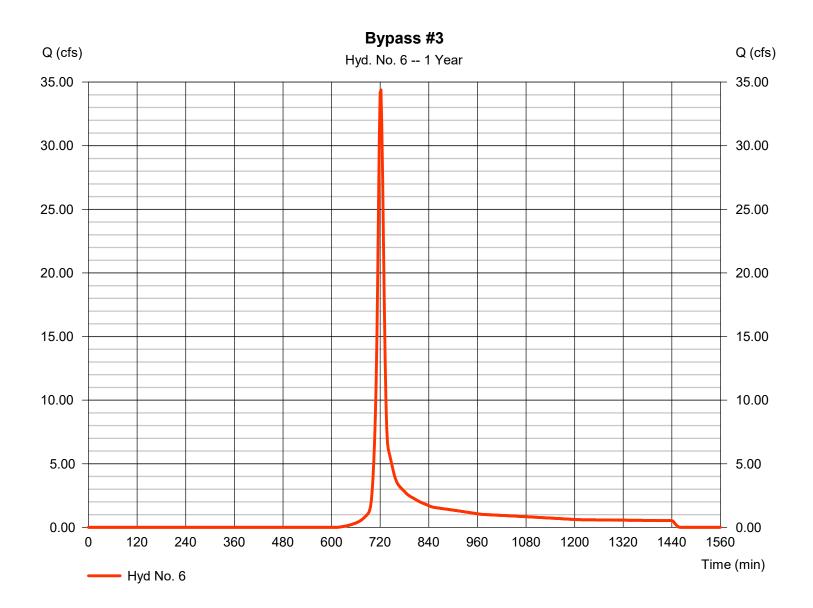
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 6

Bypass #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 34.39 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 90.511 cuftDrainage area = 22.240 ac Curve number = 79 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

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= 484

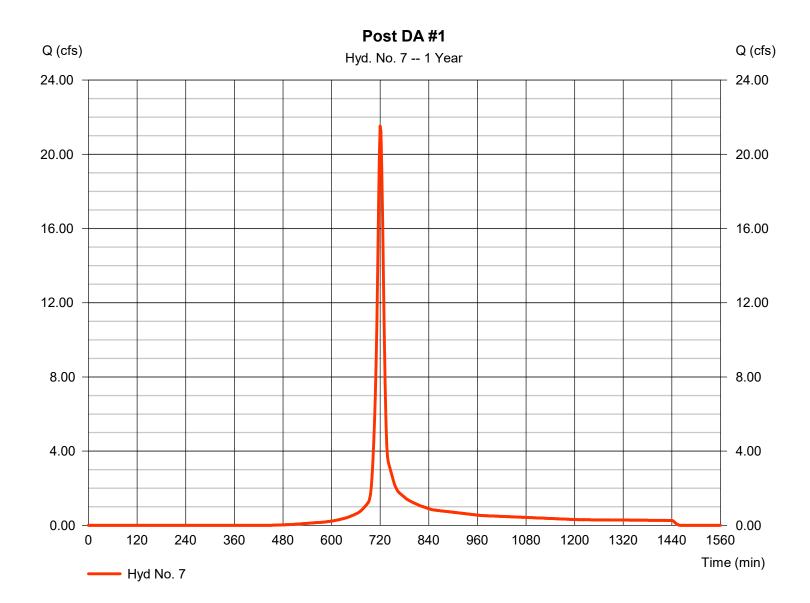
Hyd. No. 7

Storm duration

Post DA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 21.52 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 55,826 cuft Drainage area = 9.220 acCurve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

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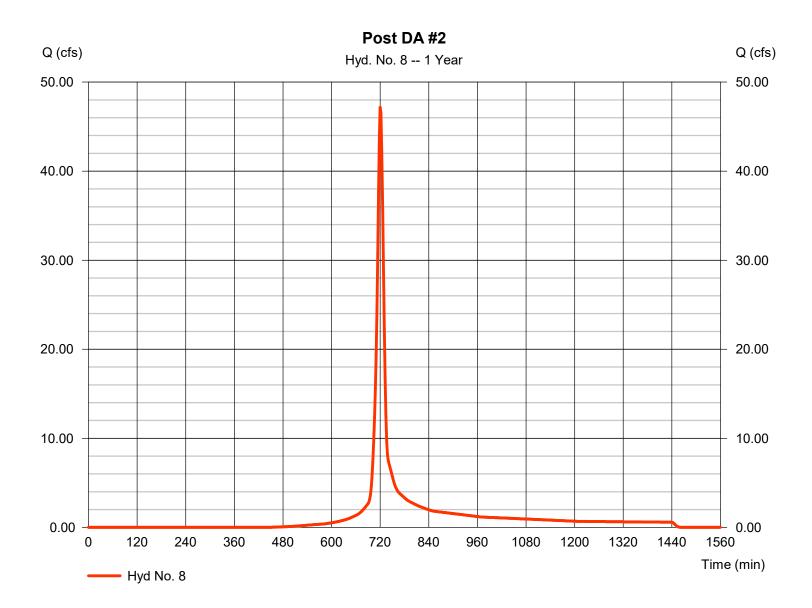
Hyd. No. 8

Post DA #2

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 47.17 cfsStorm frequency= 1 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 122,369 cuft

Drainage area = 20.210 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 2.86 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



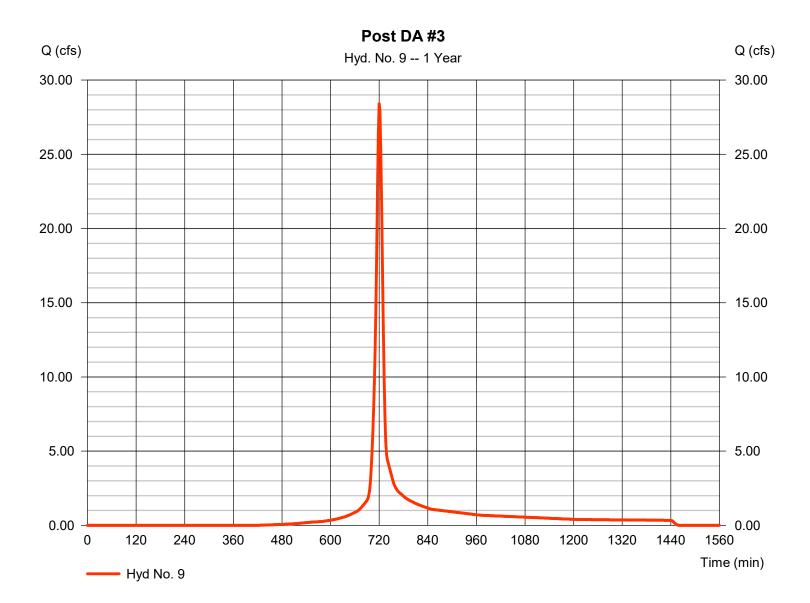
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 9

Post DA #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 28.41 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 73.826 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 11.640 ac = 88 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

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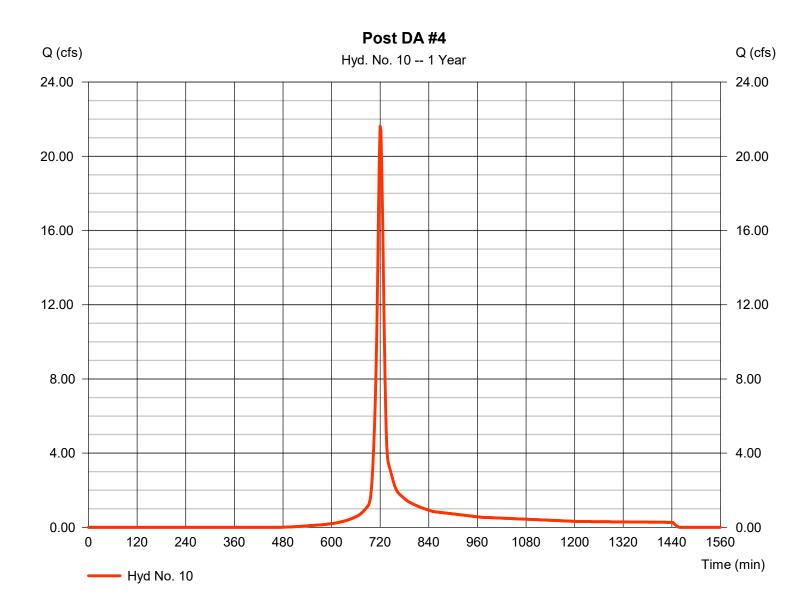
Hyd. No. 10

Post DA #4

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 21.62 cfsStorm frequency= 1 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 56,035 cuft

Drainage area = 9.700 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 2.86 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

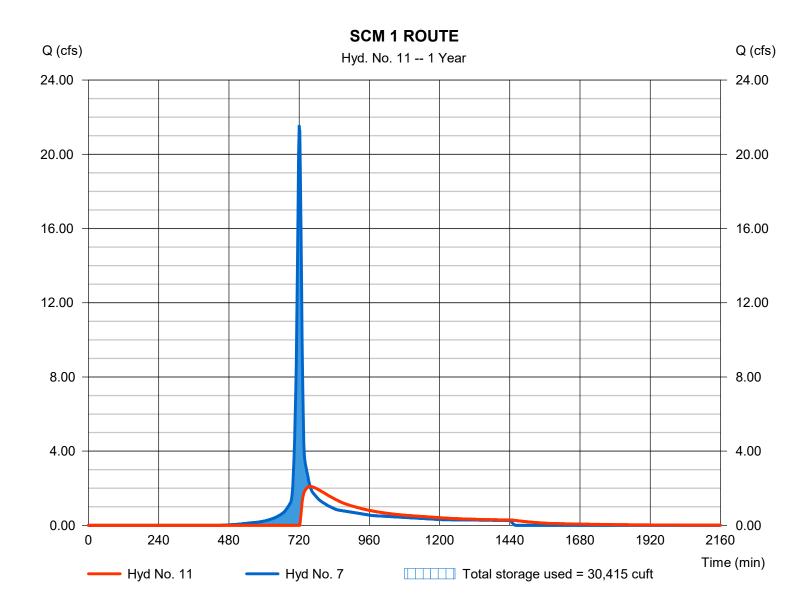
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 11

SCM 1 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 2.097 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 758 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 35,924 cuft Inflow hyd. No. = 7 - Post DA #1 Max. Elevation = 386.83 ft= SCM 1 Reservoir name Max. Storage = 30,415 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Pond No. 1 - SCM 1

Pond Data

Contours -User-defined contour areas. Conic method used for volume calculation. Begining Elevation = 384.50 ft

Stage / Storage Table

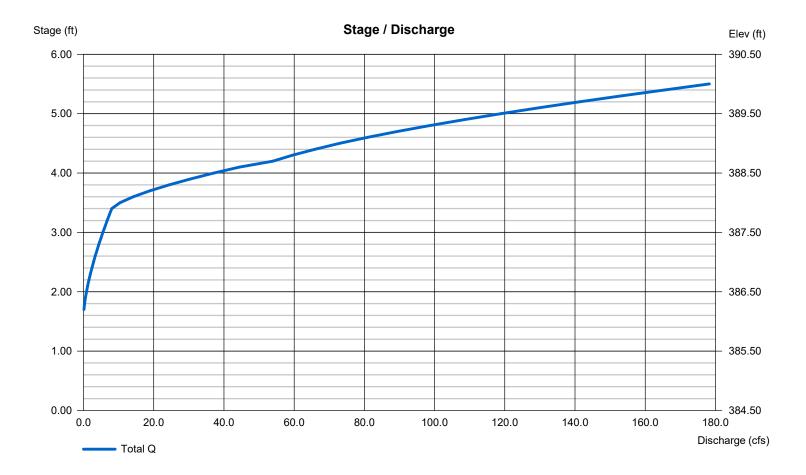
| Stage (ft) | Elevation (ft) | Contour area (sqft) | Incr. Storage (cuft) | Total storage (cuft) |
|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.00 | 384.50 | 10,590 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.50 | 385.00 | 12,050 | 5,656 | 5,656 |
| 1.50 | 386.00 | 13,565 | 12,799 | 18,454 |
| 2.50 | 387.00 | 15,138 | 14,343 | 32,797 |
| 3.50 | 388.00 | 16,767 | 15,944 | 48,741 |
| 4.50 | 389.00 | 18,453 | 17,602 | 66,343 |
| 5.50 | 390.00 | 20,196 | 19,316 | 85,659 |

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

| | [A] | [B] | [C] | [PrfRsr] | | [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |
|-----------------|----------|--------|------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| Rise (in) | = 24.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest Len (ft) | = 16.00 | 1.00 | 20.00 | Inactive |
| Span (in) | = 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest El. (ft) | = 387.90 | 386.10 | 388.60 | 0.00 |
| No. Barrels | = 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Weir Coeff. | = 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 |
| Invert El. (ft) | = 379.00 | 384.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Weir Type | = 1 | Rect | Rect | |
| Length (ft) | = 165.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Multi-Stage | = Yes | No | No | No |
| Slope (%) | = 0.61 | 0.00 | 0.00 | n/a | | | | | |
| N-Value | = .013 | .013 | .013 | n/a | | | | | |
| Orifice Coeff. | = 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | Exfil.(in/hr) | = 0.000 (by | Contour) | | |
| Multi-Stage | = n/a | No | No | No | TW Elev. (ft) | = 0.00 | | | |

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

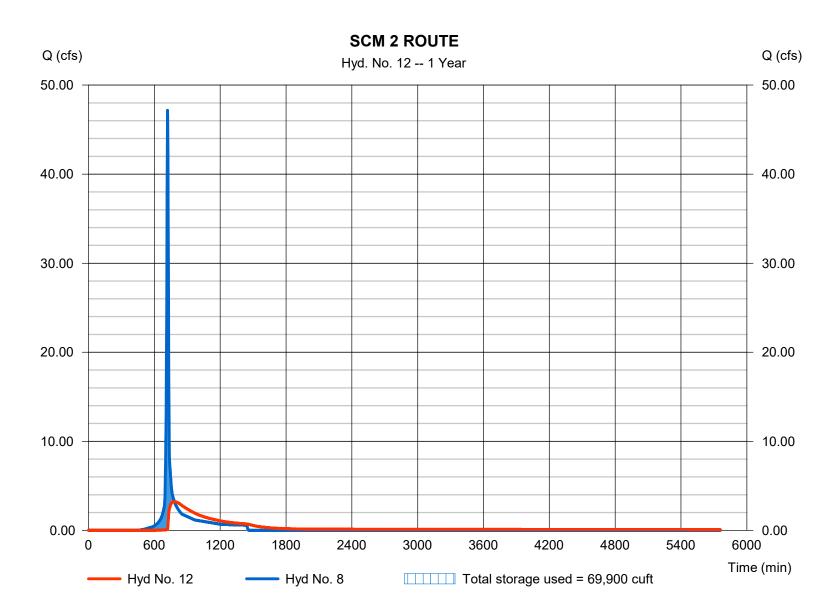
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 12

SCM 2 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 3.225 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 782 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 104,299 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation $= 353.95 \, ft$ = 8 - Post DA #2 Reservoir name = SCM 2 Max. Storage = 69,900 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Pond No. 2 - SCM 2

Pond Data

Contours -User-defined contour areas. Conic method used for volume calculation. Begining Elevation = 351.50 ft

Stage / Storage Table

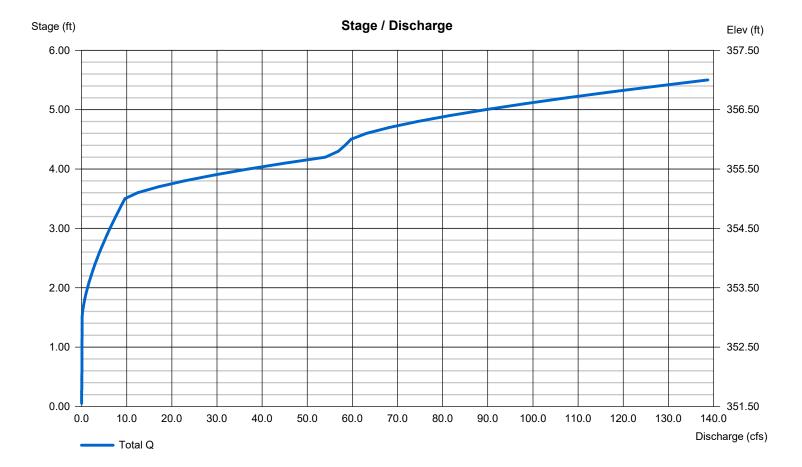
| Stage (ft) | Elevation (ft) | Contour area (sqft) | Incr. Storage (cuft) | Total storage (cuft) |
|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.00 | 351.50 | 25,295 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.50 | 352.00 | 27,224 | 13,125 | 13,125 |
| 1.50 | 353.00 | 29,209 | 28,208 | 41,333 |
| 2.50 | 354.00 | 31,251 | 30,221 | 71,555 |
| 3.50 | 355.00 | 33,350 | 32,292 | 103,846 |
| 4.50 | 356.00 | 35,504 | 34,418 | 138,264 |
| 5.50 | 357.00 | 37,716 | 36,601 | 174,865 |

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

| | [A] | [B] | [C] | [PrfRsr] | | [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |
|-----------------|----------|--------|------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| Rise (in) | = 24.00 | 2.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest Len (ft) | = 20.00 | 1.00 | 20.00 | Inactive |
| Span (in) | = 24.00 | 2.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest El. (ft) | = 355.00 | 353.00 | 356.00 | 0.00 |
| No. Barrels | = 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Weir Coeff. | = 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 |
| Invert El. (ft) | = 347.00 | 351.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Weir Type | = 1 | Rect | Rect | |
| Length (ft) | = 87.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Multi-Stage | = Yes | No | No | No |
| Slope (%) | = 1.15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | n/a | | | | | |
| N-Value | = .013 | .013 | .013 | n/a | | | | | |
| Orifice Coeff. | = 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | Exfil.(in/hr) | = 0.000 (by | Contour) | | |
| Multi-Stage | = n/a | No | No | No | TW Elev. (ft) | = 0.00 | | | |

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

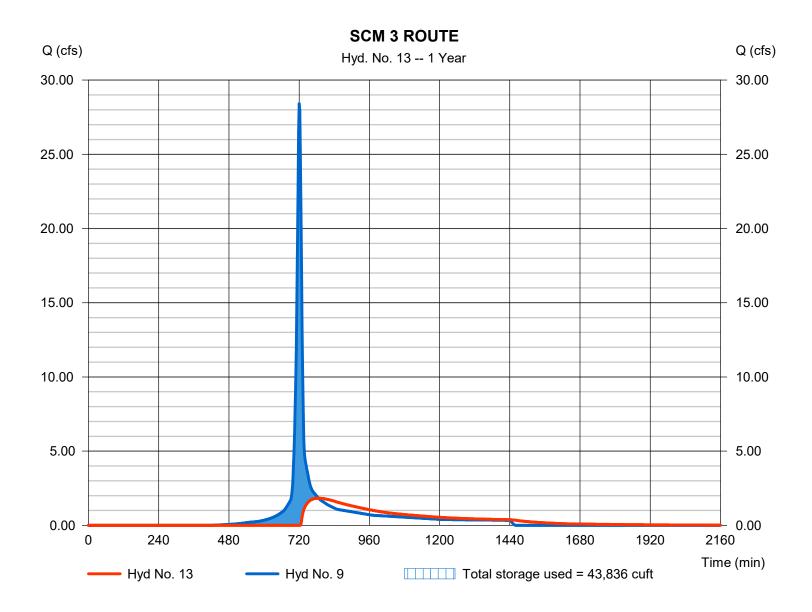
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 13

SCM 3 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 1.829 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 786 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 41,869 cuftInflow hyd. No. = 9 - Post DA #3 Max. Elevation = 387.17 ftReservoir name = SCM 3 Max. Storage = 43,836 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Pond No. 3 - SCM 3

Pond Data

Contours -User-defined contour areas. Conic method used for volume calculation. Begining Elevation = 384.50 ft

Stage / Storage Table

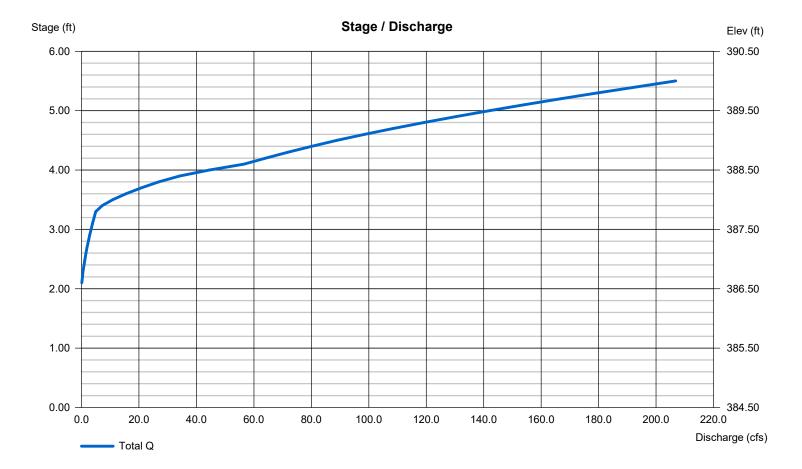
| Stage (ft) | Elevation (ft) | Contour area (sqft) | Incr. Storage (cuft) | Total storage (cuft) |
|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.00 | 384.50 | 14,183 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.50 | 385.00 | 15,527 | 7,424 | 7,424 |
| 1.50 | 386.00 | 16,222 | 15,872 | 23,296 |
| 2.50 | 387.00 | 18,385 | 17,290 | 40,586 |
| 3.50 | 388.00 | 19,899 | 19,135 | 59,721 |
| 4.50 | 389.00 | 20,679 | 20,286 | 80,007 |
| 5.50 | 390.00 | 22,278 | 21,471 | 101,479 |

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

| | [A] | [B] | [C] | [PrfRsr] | | [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |
|-----------------|----------|--------|------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| Rise (in) | = 24.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest Len (ft) | = 16.00 | 1.00 | 20.00 | Inactive |
| Span (in) | = 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest El. (ft) | = 387.80 | 386.50 | 388.35 | 0.00 |
| No. Barrels | = 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Weir Coeff. | = 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 |
| Invert El. (ft) | = 380.00 | 384.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Weir Type | = 1 | Rect | Rect | |
| Length (ft) | = 118.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Multi-Stage | = Yes | No | No | No |
| Slope (%) | = 0.85 | 0.00 | 0.00 | n/a | | | | | |
| N-Value | = .013 | .013 | .013 | n/a | | | | | |
| Orifice Coeff. | = 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | Exfil.(in/hr) | = 0.000 (by | Contour) | | |
| Multi-Stage | = n/a | No | No | No | TW Elev. (ft) | = 0.00 | | | |

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

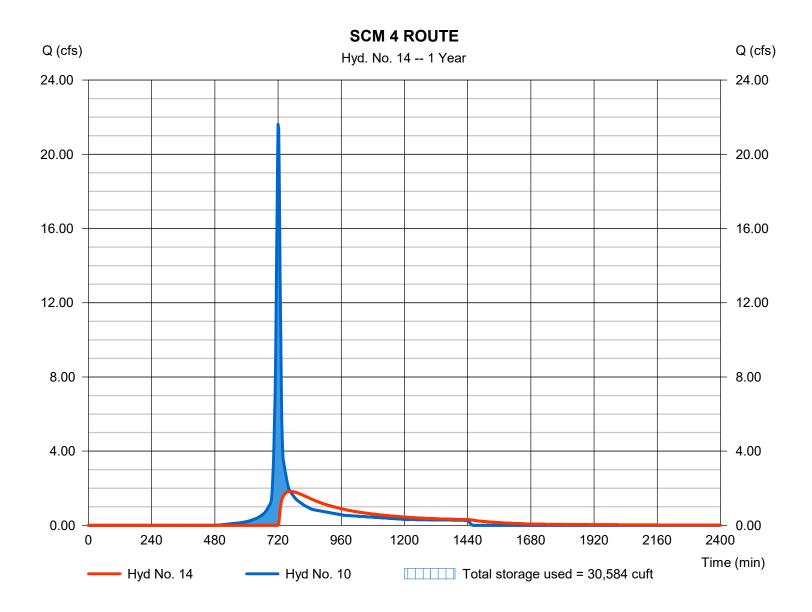
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 14

SCM 4 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 1.828 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 766 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 37,960 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 10 - Post DA #4 = 382.30 ftReservoir name = SCM 4 Max. Storage = 30,584 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Pond No. 4 - SCM 4

Pond Data

Contours -User-defined contour areas. Conic method used for volume calculation. Begining Elevation = 380.50 ft

Stage / Storage Table

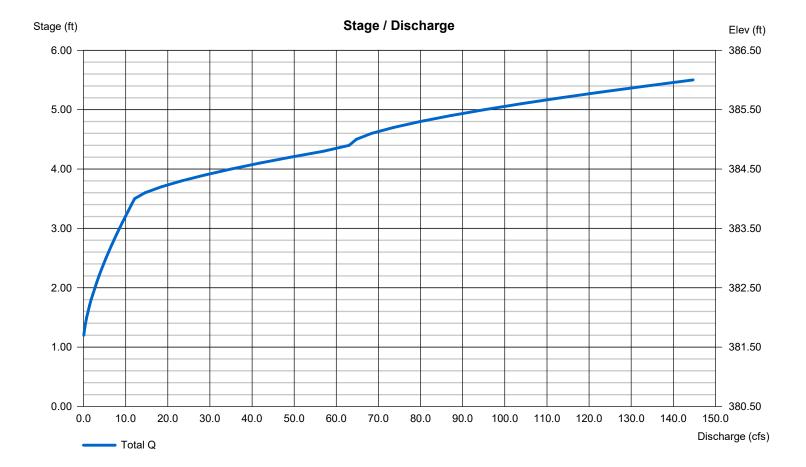
| Stage (ft) | Elevation (ft) | Contour area (sqft) | Incr. Storage (cuft) | Total storage (cuft) |
|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0.00 | 380.50 | 14,636 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.50 | 381.00 | 16,358 | 7,744 | 7,744 |
| 1.50 | 382.00 | 18,005 | 17,173 | 24,917 |
| 2.50 | 383.00 | 19,735 | 18,862 | 43,778 |
| 3.50 | 384.00 | 21,522 | 20,620 | 64,398 |
| 4.50 | 385.00 | 22,548 | 22,031 | 86,429 |
| 5.50 | 386.00 | 24,300 | 23,416 | 109,845 |

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

| | [A] | [B] | [C] | [PrfRsr] | | [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |
|-----------------|----------|--------|------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| Rise (in) | = 24.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest Len (ft) | = 16.00 | 1.00 | 20.00 | Inactive |
| Span (in) | = 24.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Crest El. (ft) | = 384.00 | 381.63 | 385.00 | 0.00 |
| No. Barrels | = 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Weir Coeff. | = 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 | 3.33 |
| Invert El. (ft) | = 375.00 | 380.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Weir Type | = 1 | Rect | Rect | |
| Length (ft) | = 63.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | Multi-Stage | = Yes | No | No | No |
| Slope (%) | = 1.60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | n/a | | | | | |
| N-Value | = .013 | .013 | .013 | n/a | | | | | |
| Orifice Coeff. | = 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.60 | Exfil.(in/hr) | = 0.000 (by | Contour) | | |
| Multi-Stage | = n/a | No | No | No | TW Elev. (ft) | = 0.00 | | | |

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).



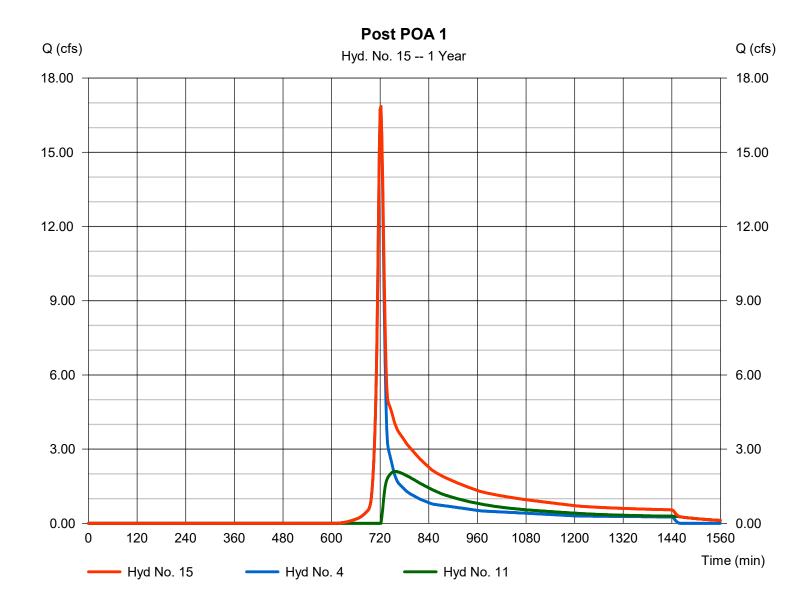
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Hyd. No. 15

Post POA 1

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 16.85 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 1 yrs= 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 80,284 cuft Inflow hyds. = 4, 11 Contrib. drain. area = 10.900 ac



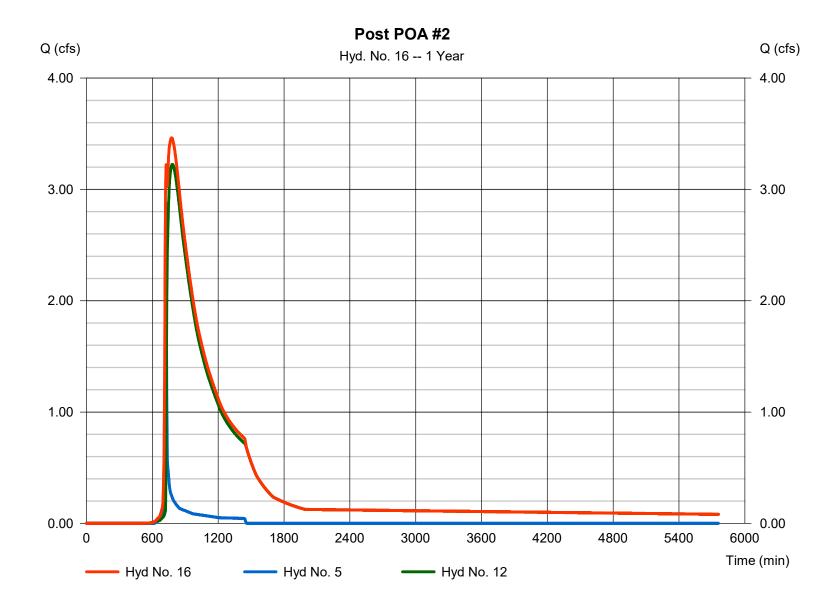
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 16

Post POA #2

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 3.463 cfsTime to peak Storm frequency = 1 yrs= 776 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 111,869 cuft Inflow hyds. = 5, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 1.860 ac



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

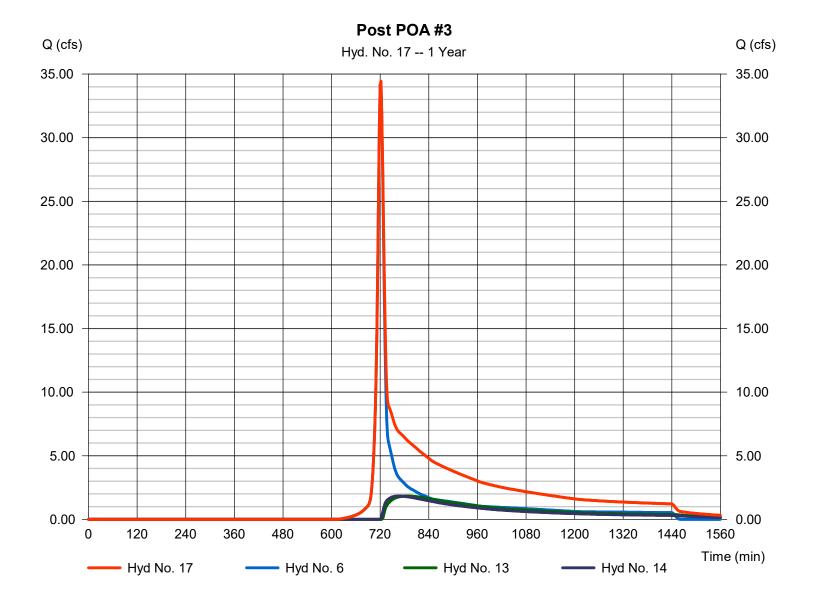
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 17

Post POA #3

Hydrograph type = Combine
Storm frequency = 1 yrs
Time interval = 2 min
Inflow hyds. = 6, 13, 14

Peak discharge = 34.43 cfs
Time to peak = 722 min
Hyd. volume = 170,339 cuft
Contrib. drain. area = 22.240 ac



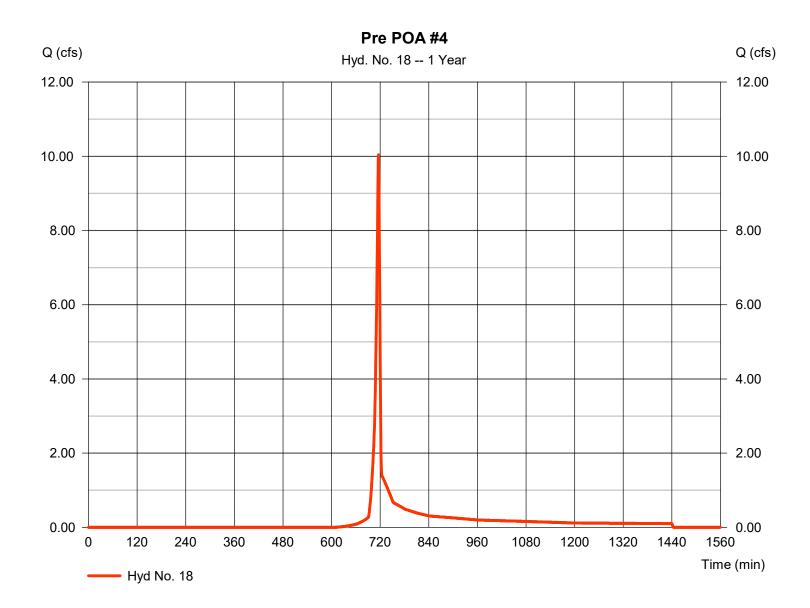
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 18

Pre POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 10.04 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 17,463 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 4.720 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 2.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 18

Pre POA #4

| <u>Description</u> | <u>A</u> | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 300.0 = 2.20 = 8.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.02 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.02 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 30.00 = 8.00 = Unpaved =4.56 | d | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.11 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.11 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.015 =0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0})0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.00 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.00 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 2.10 min |

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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 19

Bypass #4 / POST POA #4

120

Hyd No. 19

240

360

480

600

720

840

960

1080

1200

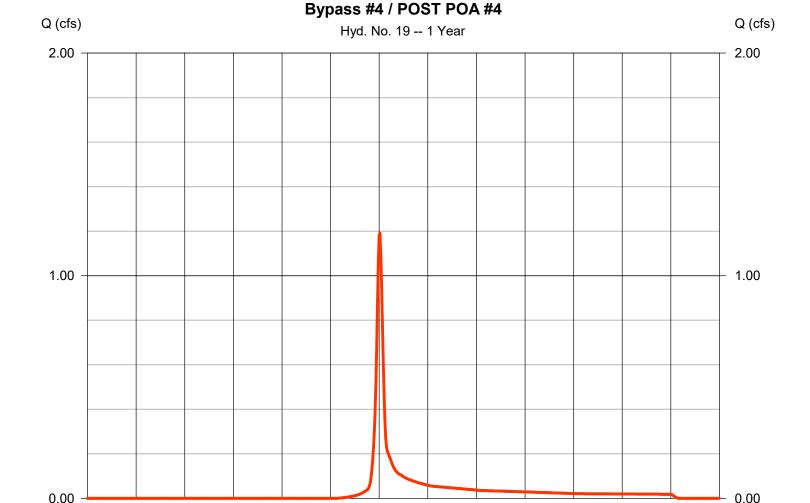
1320

1440

1560

Time (min)

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 1.191 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 3,134 cuft= 79 Curve number Drainage area = 0.770 acBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



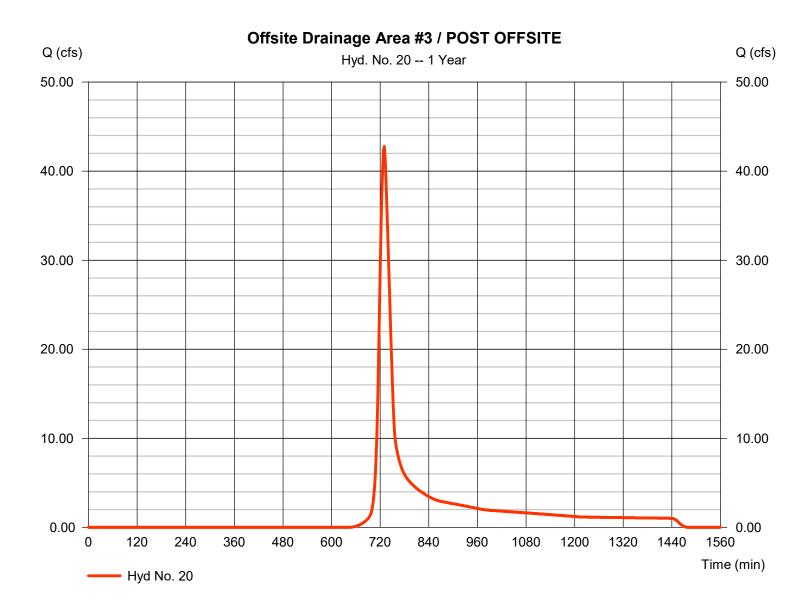
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 20

Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFFSITE

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 42.77 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 730 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 165,240 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 47.420 ac= 77 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



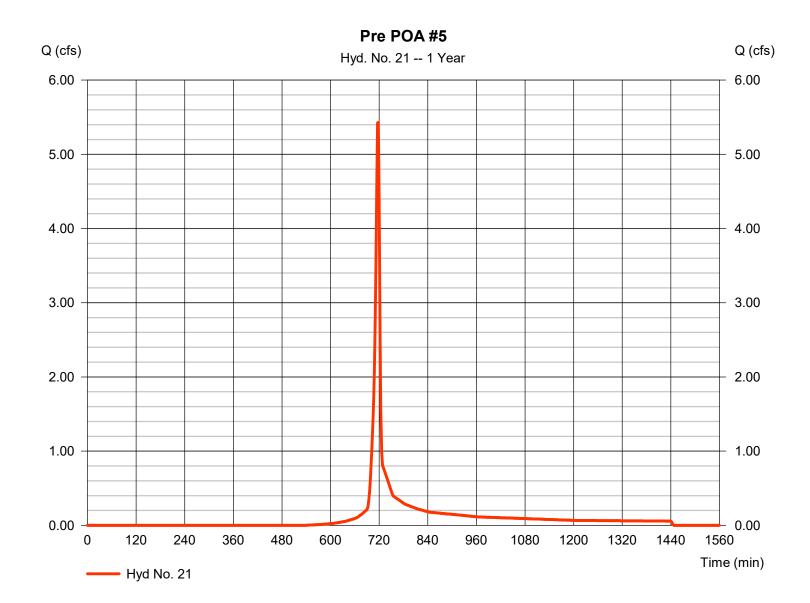
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 5.429 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 10,947 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 2.410 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.50 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



TR55 Tc Worksheet

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

| <u>Description</u> | <u>A</u> | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 300.0 = 3.45 = 2.09 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.76 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.76 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 253.00 = 2.32 = Unpaved =2.46 | d | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 1.72 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 1.72 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.015 =0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0})0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.00 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.00 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 4.50 min |

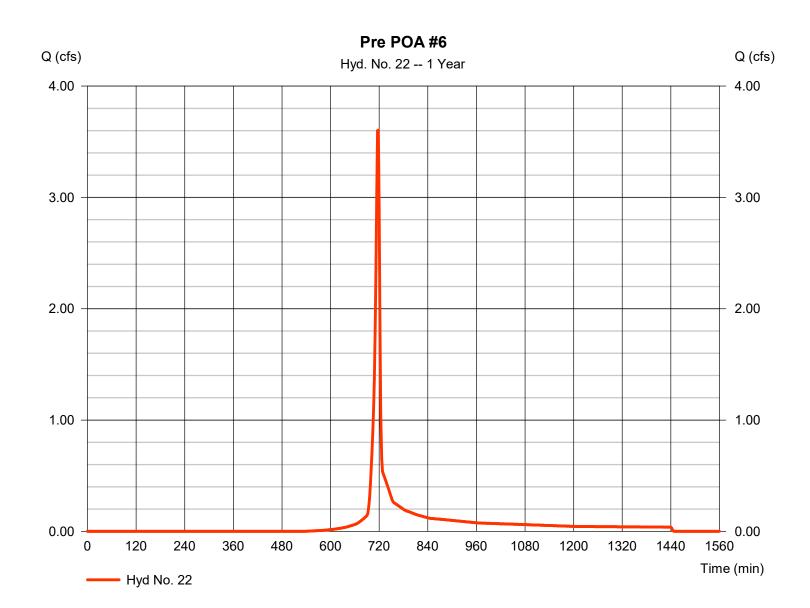
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 3.604 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 7.267 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 1.600 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.20 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

| <u>Description</u> | <u>A</u> | | <u>B</u> | | <u>C</u> | | <u>Totals</u> |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Sheet Flow Manning's n-value Flow length (ft) Two-year 24-hr precip. (in) Land slope (%) | = 0.011 = 146.0 = 3.45 = 3.87 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | 0.011 0.0 0.00 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 1.21 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 1.21 |
| Shallow Concentrated Flow Flow length (ft) Watercourse slope (%) Surface description Average velocity (ft/s) | = 437.00 = 2.35 = Unpaved =2.47 | t | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 Paved 0.00 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 2.94 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 2.94 |
| Channel Flow X sectional flow area (sqft) Wetted perimeter (ft) Channel slope (%) Manning's n-value Velocity (ft/s) | = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.00 = 0.015 =0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.015 | | |
| Flow length (ft) | ({0})0.0 | | 0.0 | | 0.0 | | |
| Travel Time (min) | = 0.00 | + | 0.00 | + | 0.00 | = | 0.00 |
| Total Travel Time, Tc | | | | | | | 4.20 min |

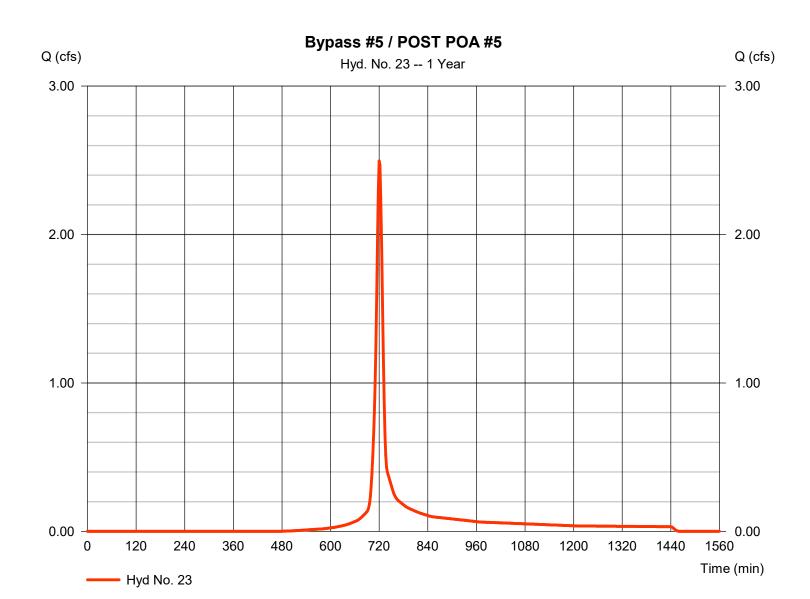
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 23

Bypass #5 / POST POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 2.496 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 720 min = 1 yrsTime interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 6,470 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 1.120 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



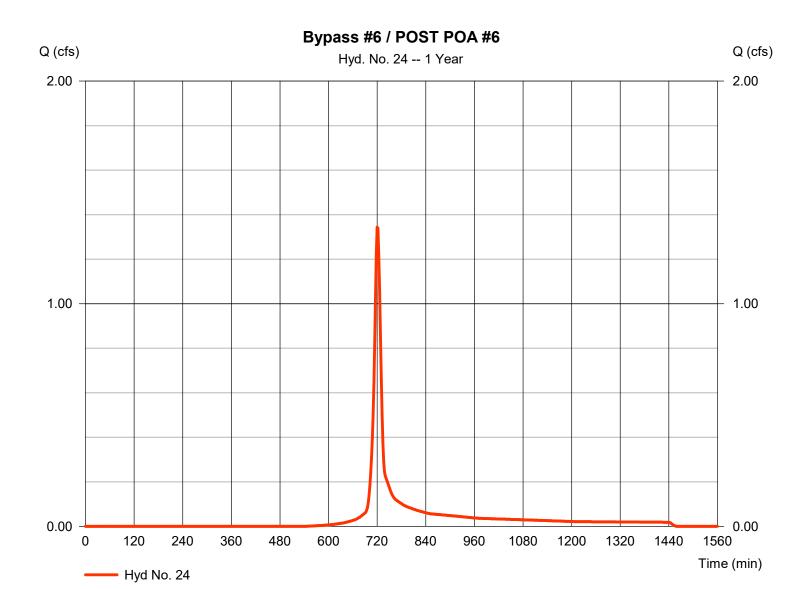
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 24

Bypass #6 / POST POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 1.344 cfsStorm frequency = 1 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 3.497 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 0.700 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 2.86 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

| Hyd. No. | Hydrograph type (origin) | Peak flow (cfs) | Time interval (min) | Time to Peak (min) | Hyd. volume (cuft) | Inflow hyd(s) | Maximum elevation (ft) | Total strge used (cuft) | Hydrograph Description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | SCS Runoff | 113.63 | 2 | 718 | 228,373 | | | | Pre POA #3 |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | 43.89 | 2 | 716 | 88,775 | | | | Pre POA #2 |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | 48.19 | 2 | 720 | 110,323 | | | | Pre POA #1 |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | 23.87 | 2 | 720 | 62,317 | | | | Bypass #1 |
| 5 | SCS Runoff | 4.074 | 2 | 720 | 10,634 | | | | Bypass #2 |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | 48.71 | 2 | 720 | 127,149 | | | | Bypass #3 |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | 28.31 | 2 | 720 | 73,776 | | | | Post DA #1 |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | 62.05 | 2 | 720 | 161,715 | | | | Post DA #2 |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | 37.04 | 2 | 720 | 96,870 | | | | Post DA #3 |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | 28.69 | 2 | 720 | 74,589 | | | | Post DA #4 |
| 11 | Reservoir | 4.580 | 2 | 738 | 53,874 | 7 | 387.34 | 38,158 | SCM 1 ROUTE |
| 12 | Reservoir | 6.421 | 2 | 754 | 143,473 | 8 | 354.52 | 88,342 | SCM 2 ROUTE |
| 13 | Reservoir | 4.264 | 2 | 750 | 64,913 | 9 | 387.68 | 53,575 | SCM 3 ROUTE |
| 14 | Reservoir | 3.880 | 2 | 746 | 56,513 | 10 | 382.74 | 38,814 | SCM 4 ROUTE |
| 15 | Combine | 25.20 | 2 | 722 | 116,191 | 4, 11, | | | Post POA 1 |
| 16 | Combine | 7.063 | 2 | 730 | 154,107 | 5, 12, | | | Post POA #2 |
| 17 | Combine | 50.45 | 2 | 722 | 248,575 | 6, 13, 14, | | | Post POA #3 |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | 14.02 | 1 | 716 | 24,532 | | | | Pre POA #4 |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | 1.686 | 2 | 720 | 4,402 | | | | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | 62.67 | 2 | 730 | 236,116 | | | | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OF |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | 7.366 | 2 | 716 | 14,899 | | | | Pre POA #5 |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | 4.890 | 2 | 716 | 9,891 | | | | Pre POA #6 |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | 3.313 | 2 | 720 | 8,612 | | | | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | 1.836 | 2 | 720 | 4,760 | | | | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| sc | Ms.gpw | | | | Return F | Period: 2 Ye | ear | Monday, 10 | 0 / 2 / 2023 |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

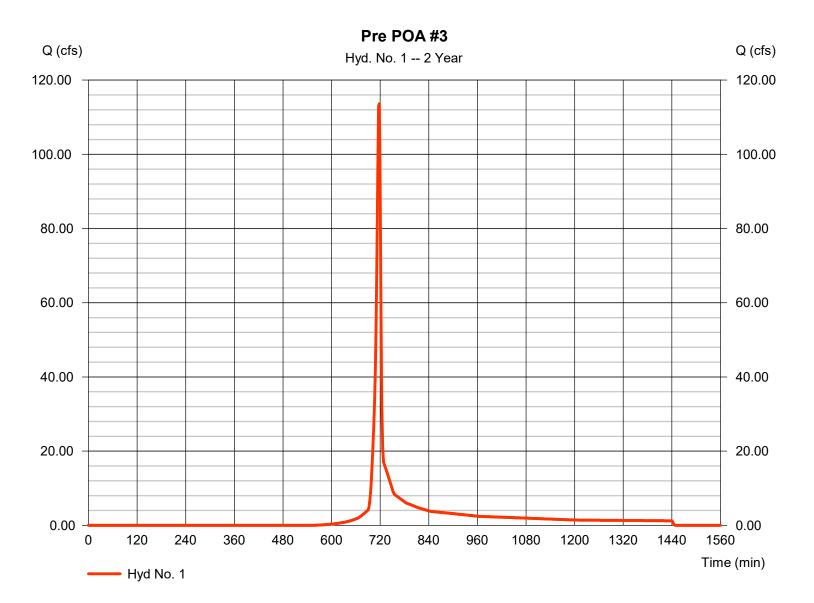
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 113.63 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 228,373 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 43.940 ac= 79

= 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 3.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



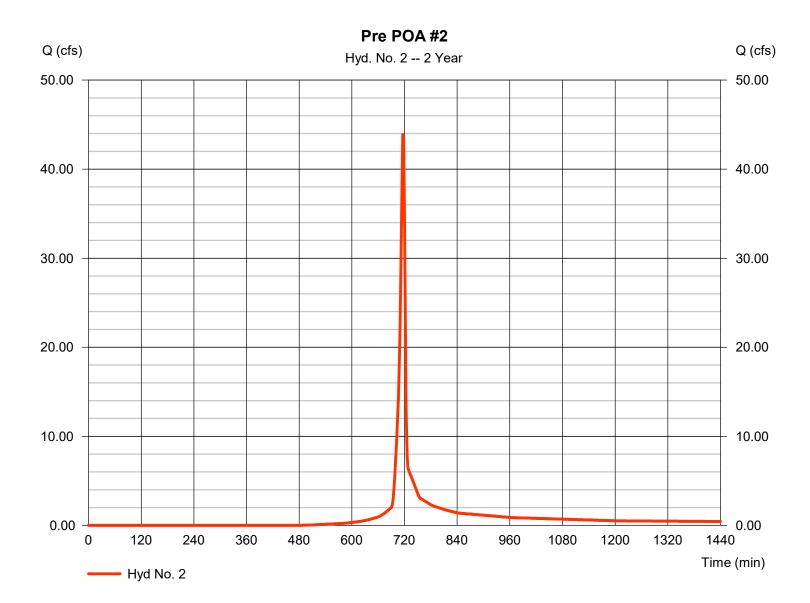
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 43.89 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 88.775 cuft Drainage area = 14.360 acCurve number = 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.60 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

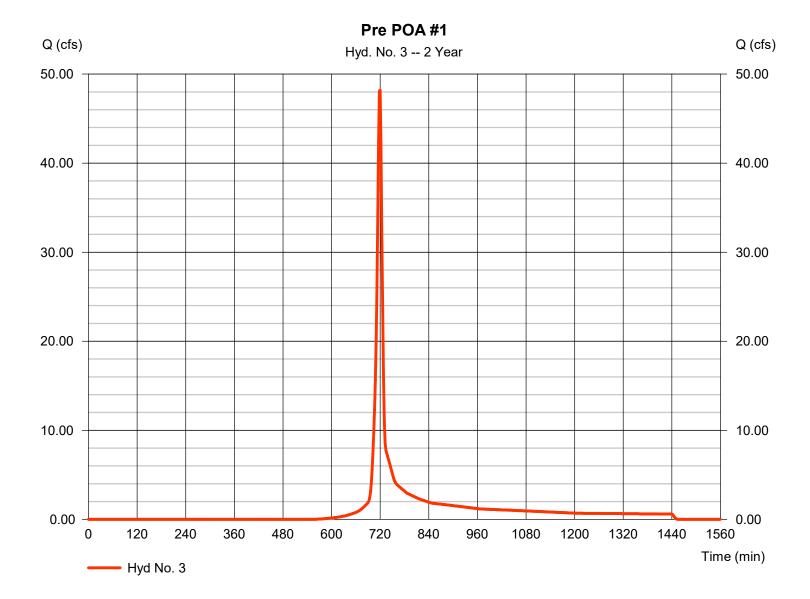
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 48.19 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 110,323 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 19.900 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 9.70 \, \text{min}$ = TR55

Total precip. = 3.45 in Distribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



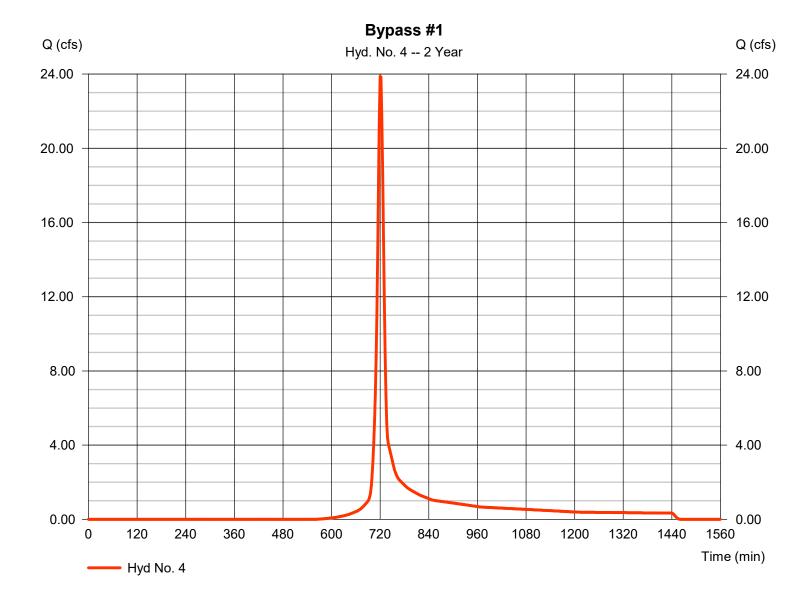
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

Bypass #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 23.87 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 62,317 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 10.900 ac= 79 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



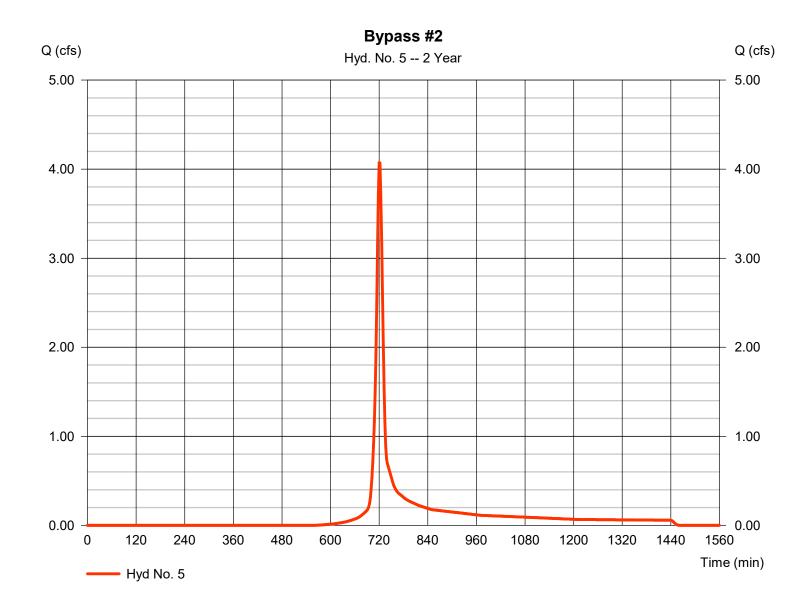
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 5

Bypass #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 4.074 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 10,634 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 1.860 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

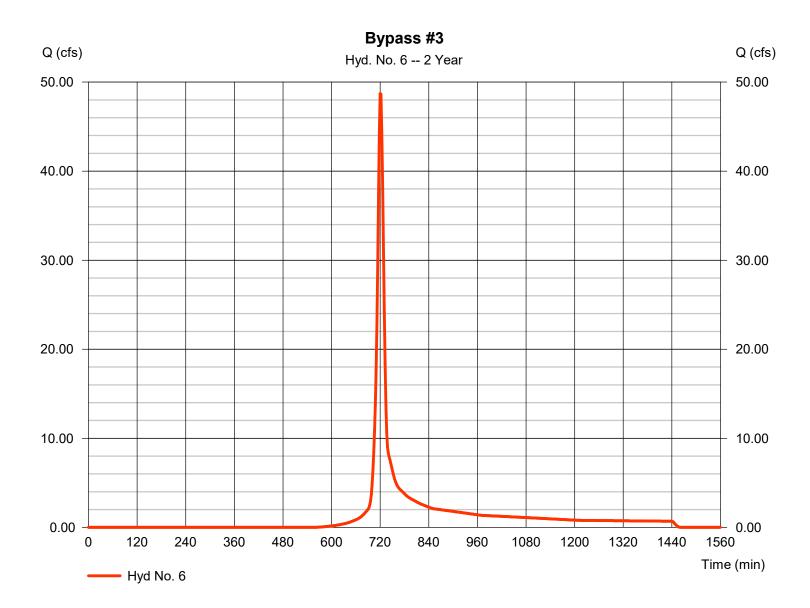
Hyd. No. 6

Storm duration

Bypass #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 48.71 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 127,149 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 22.240 ac = 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



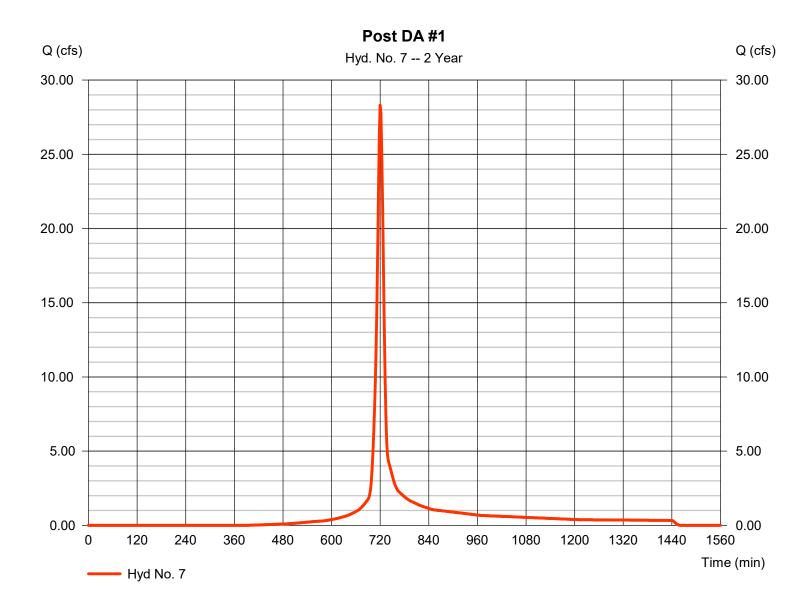
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 7

Post DA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 28.31 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 73,776 cuft Drainage area = 9.220 acCurve number = 87 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

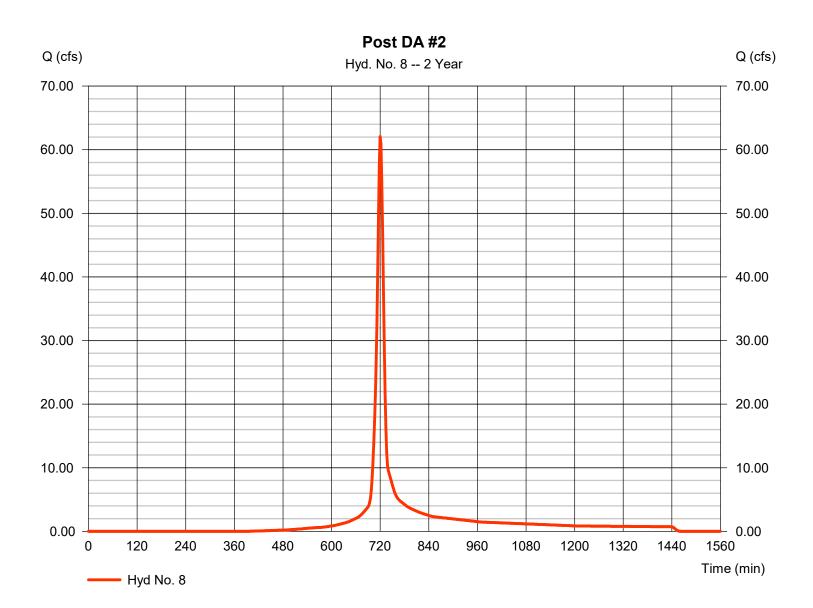
Hyd. No. 8

Post DA #2

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 62.05 cfsStorm frequency= 2 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 161,715 cuft

Drainage area = 20.210 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 3.45 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

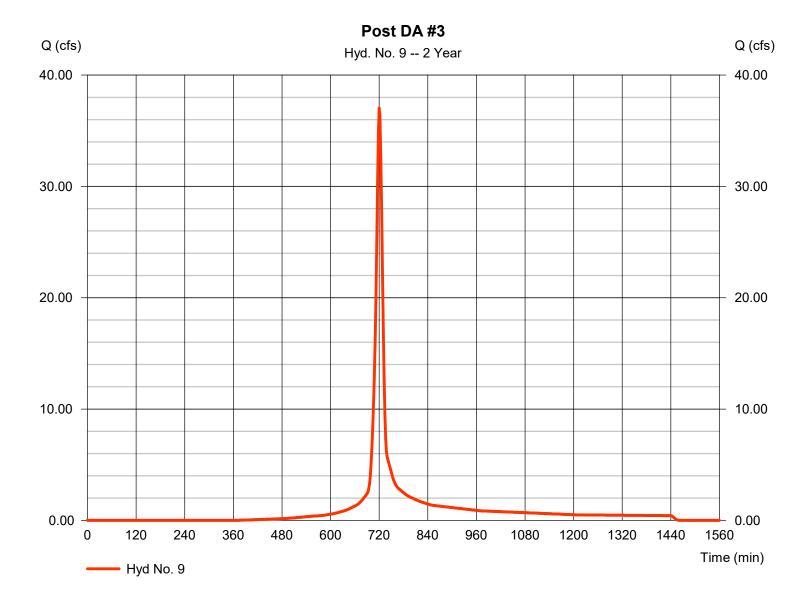
Hyd. No. 9

Storm duration

Post DA #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 37.04 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 96,870 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 11.640 ac = 88 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

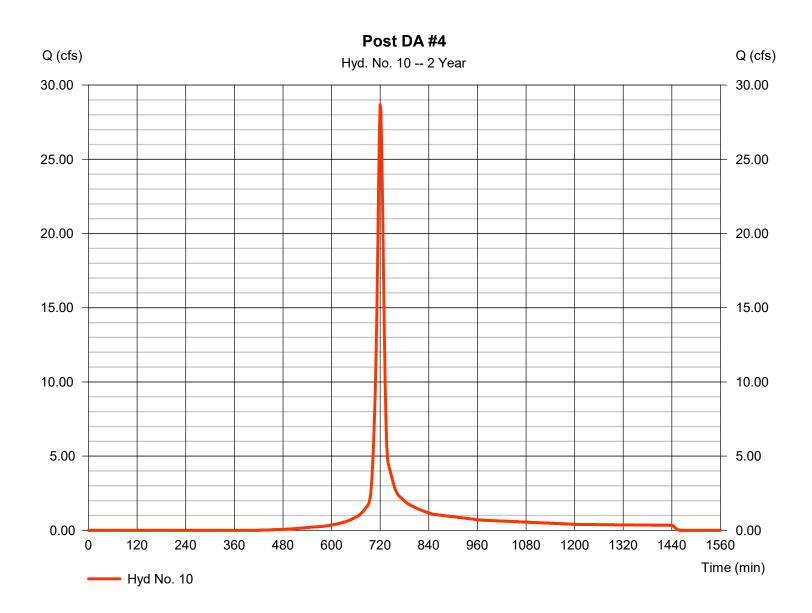
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 10

Post DA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 28.69 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 74,589 cuft Drainage area = 9.700 acCurve number = 86

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 3.45 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



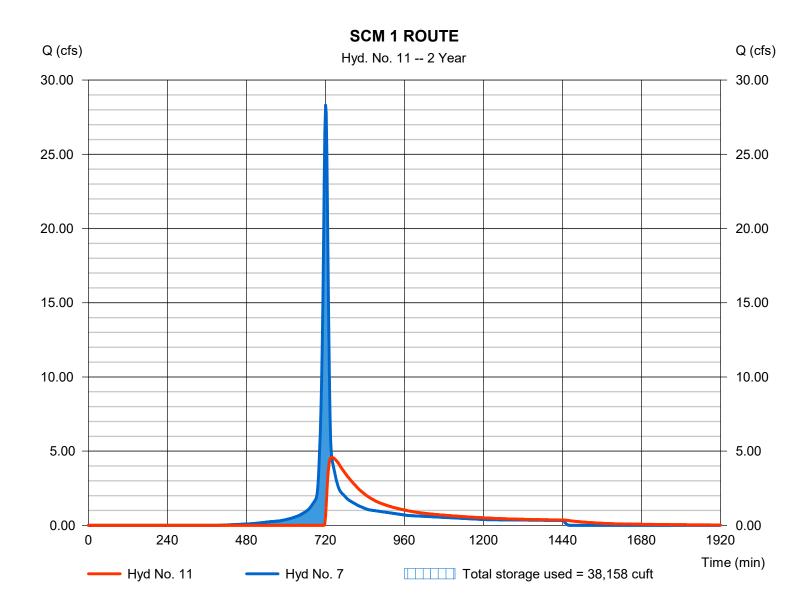
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 11

SCM 1 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 4.580 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 738 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 53,874 cuft = 7 - Post DA #1 Max. Elevation = 387.34 ftInflow hyd. No. Reservoir name = SCM 1 Max. Storage = 38,158 cuft



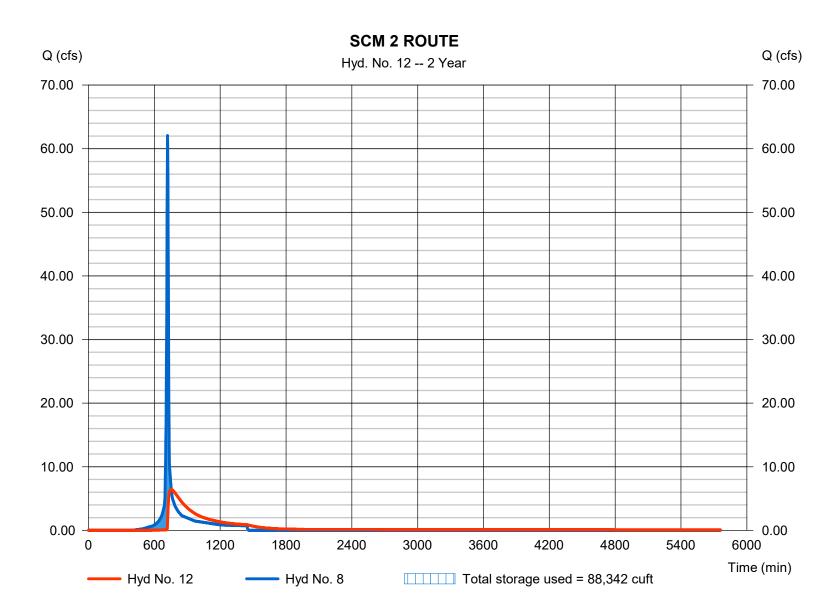
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 12

SCM 2 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 6.421 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 754 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 143,473 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 354.52 ft= 8 - Post DA #2 Reservoir name = SCM 2 Max. Storage = 88,342 cuft



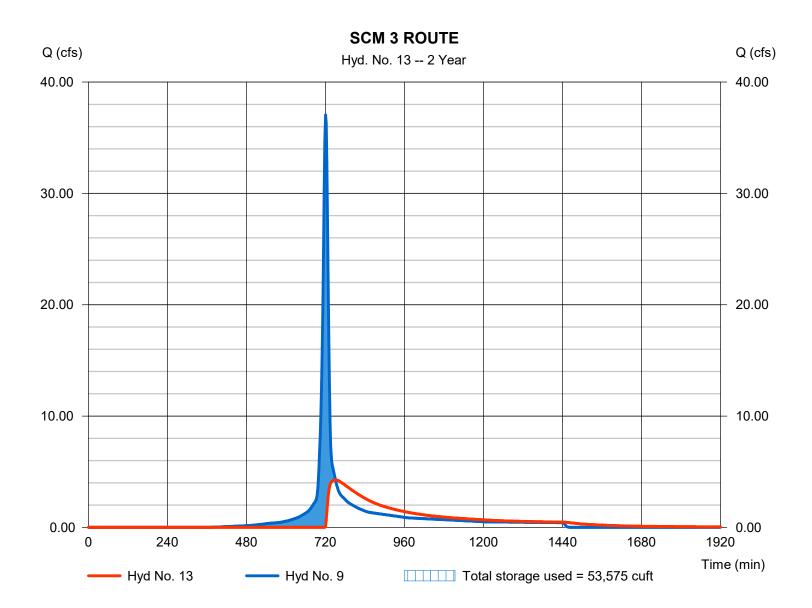
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 13

SCM 3 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 4.264 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 750 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 64,913 cuft Inflow hyd. No. = 9 - Post DA #3 Max. Elevation = 387.68 ftReservoir name = SCM 3 Max. Storage = 53,575 cuft



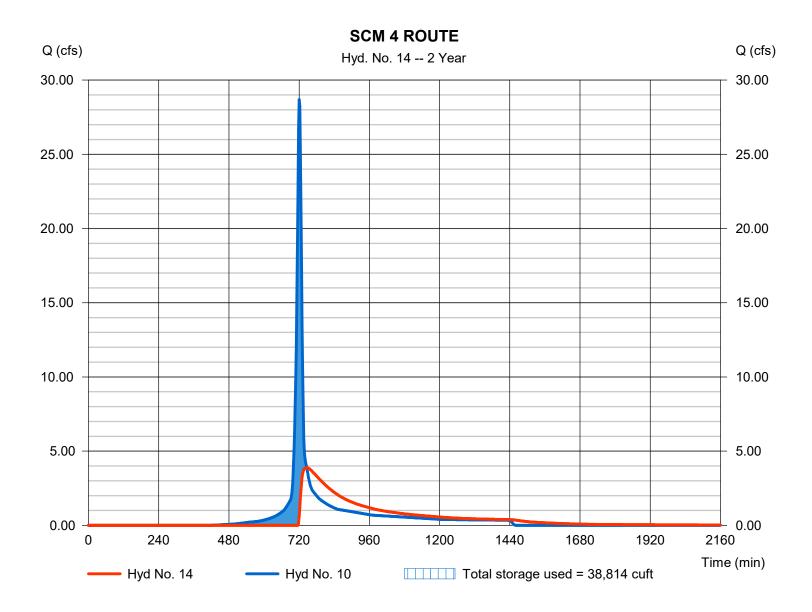
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 14

SCM 4 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 3.880 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 746 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 56,513 cuftInflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 10 - Post DA #4 = 382.74 ftReservoir name = SCM 4 Max. Storage = 38,814 cuft



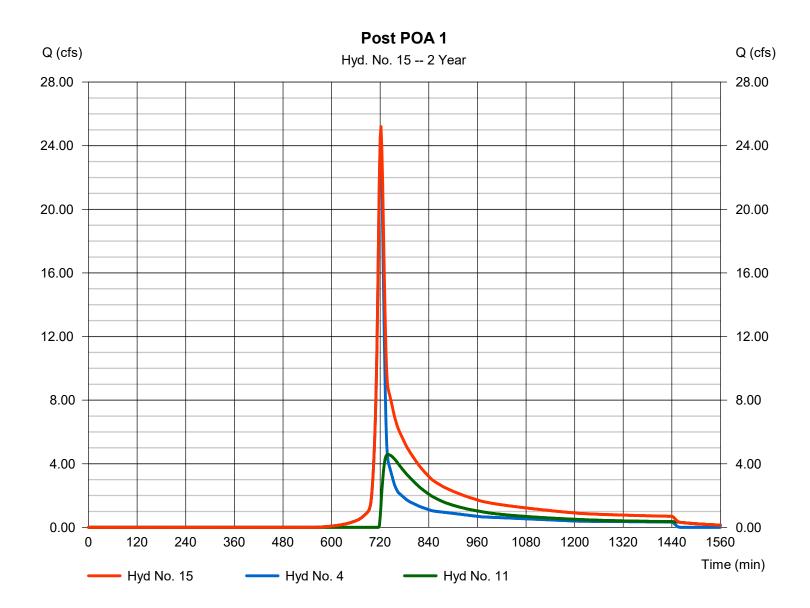
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 15

Post POA 1

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 25.20 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 116,191 cuft Inflow hyds. = 4, 11 Contrib. drain. area = 10.900 ac



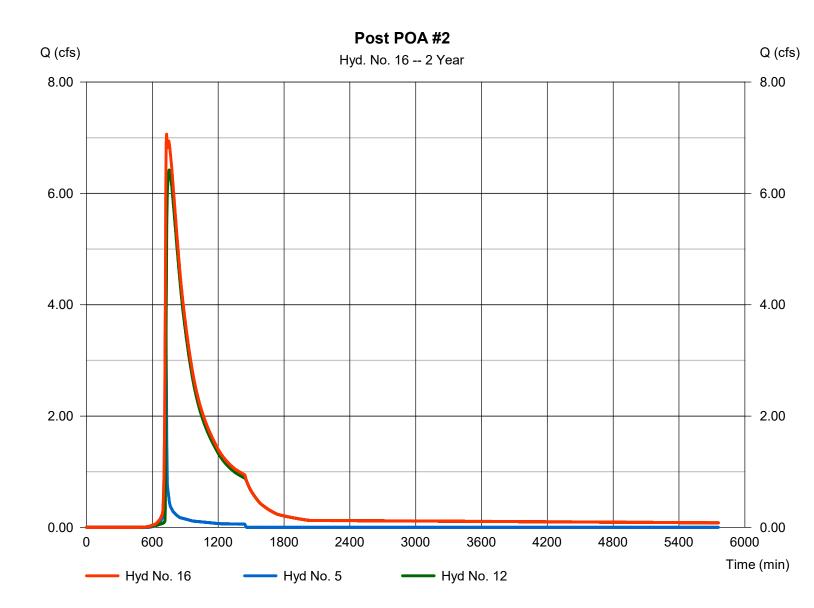
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 16

Post POA #2

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 7.063 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 730 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 154,107 cuft Inflow hyds. = 5, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 1.860 ac



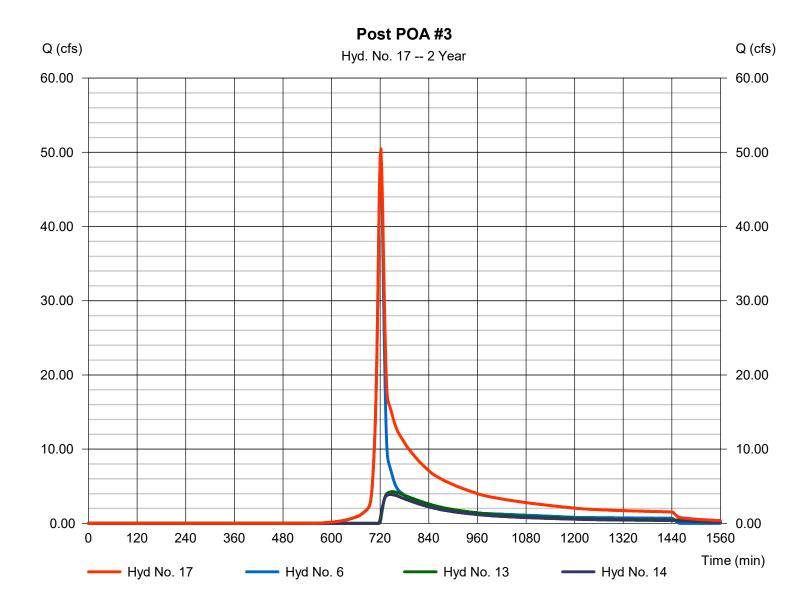
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 17

Post POA #3

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 50.45 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 2 yrs= 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 248,575 cuft Inflow hyds. = 6, 13, 14 = 22.240 ac Contrib. drain. area



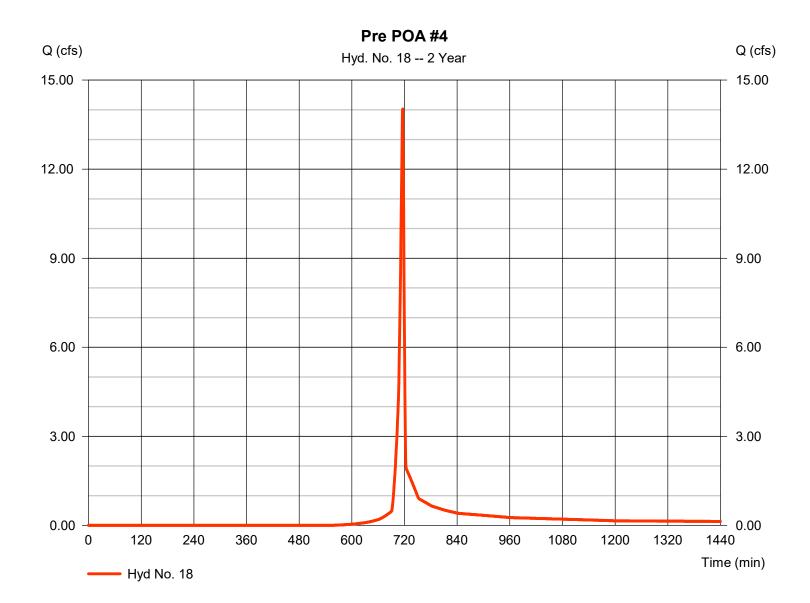
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 18

Pre POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 14.02 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 24,532 cuft Drainage area = 4.720 acCurve number = 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 2.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



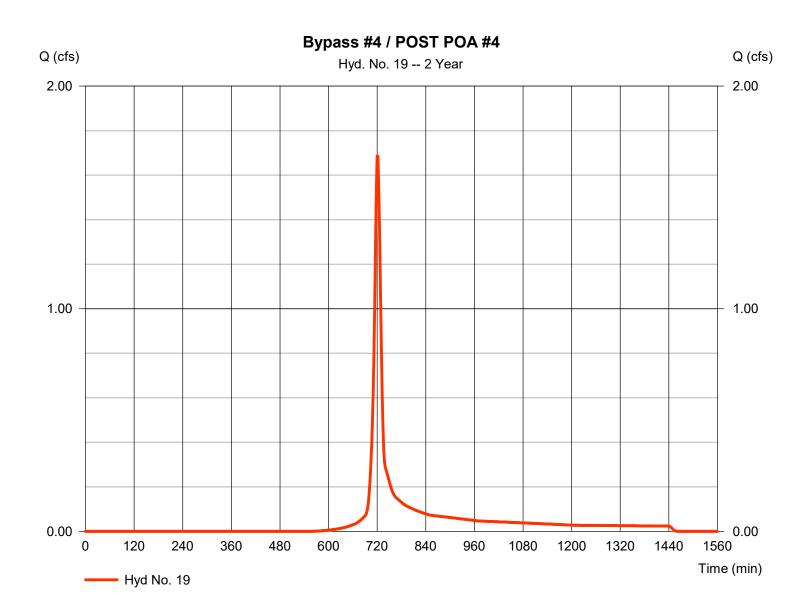
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 19

Bypass #4 / POST POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 1.686 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 4.402 cuftDrainage area = 0.770 acCurve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



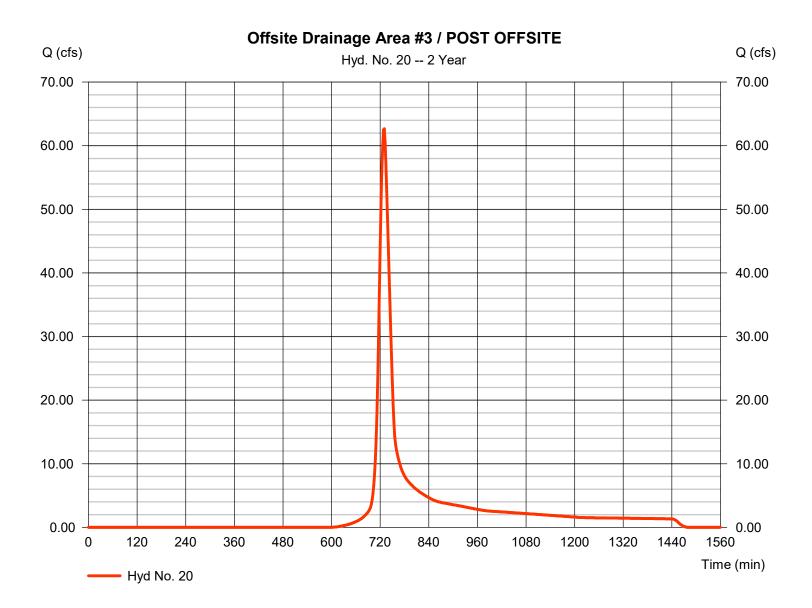
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 20

Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFFSITE

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 62.67 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 730 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 236.116 cuft Drainage area = 47.420 ac Curve number = 77 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.00 min = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



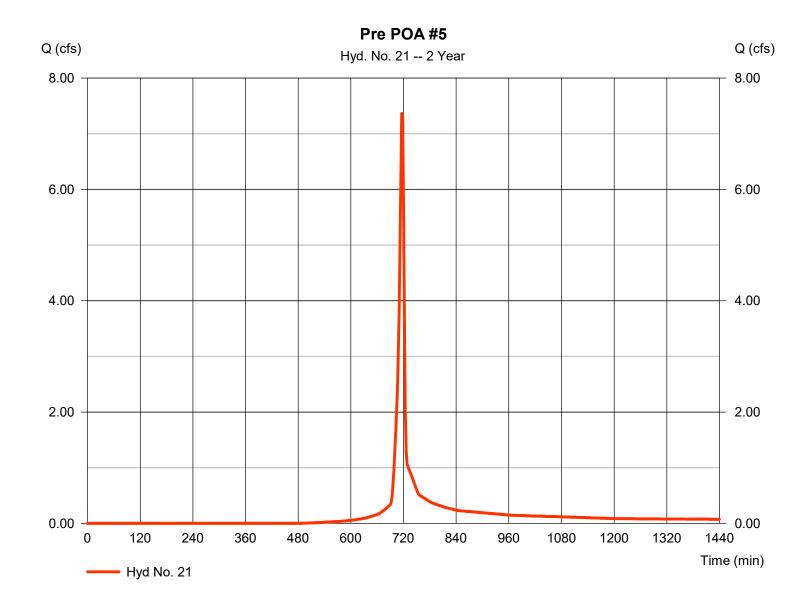
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 7.366 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 14,899 cuft Drainage area = 2.410 acCurve number = 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.50 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



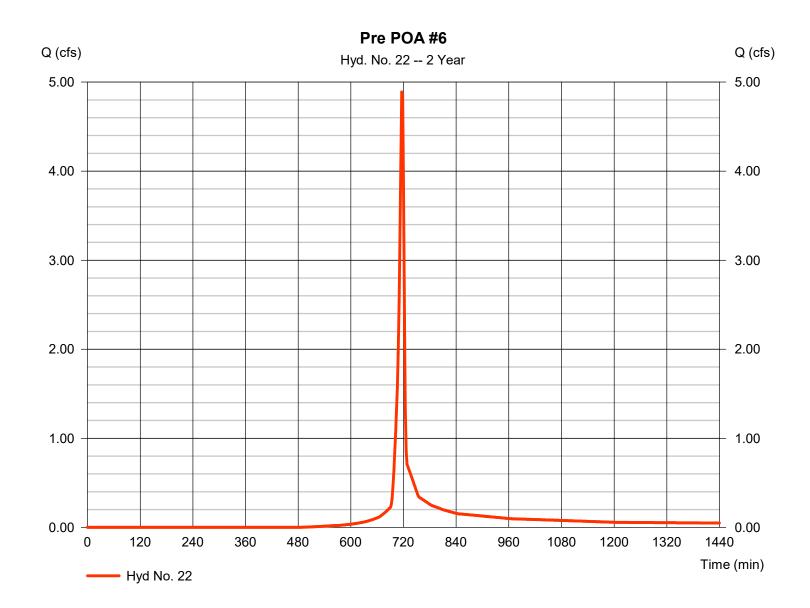
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 4.890 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 9.891 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.600 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.20 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



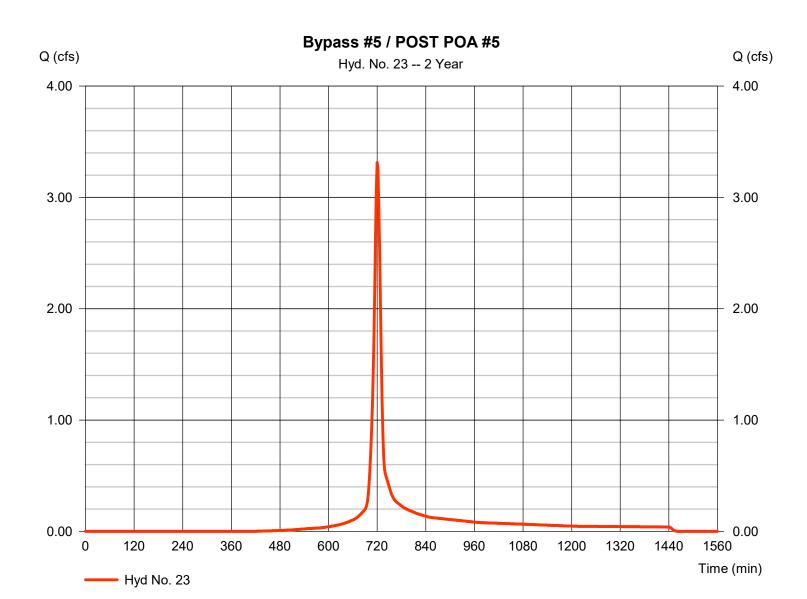
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 23

Bypass #5 / POST POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 3.313 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 8,612 cuft Drainage area = 1.120 acCurve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



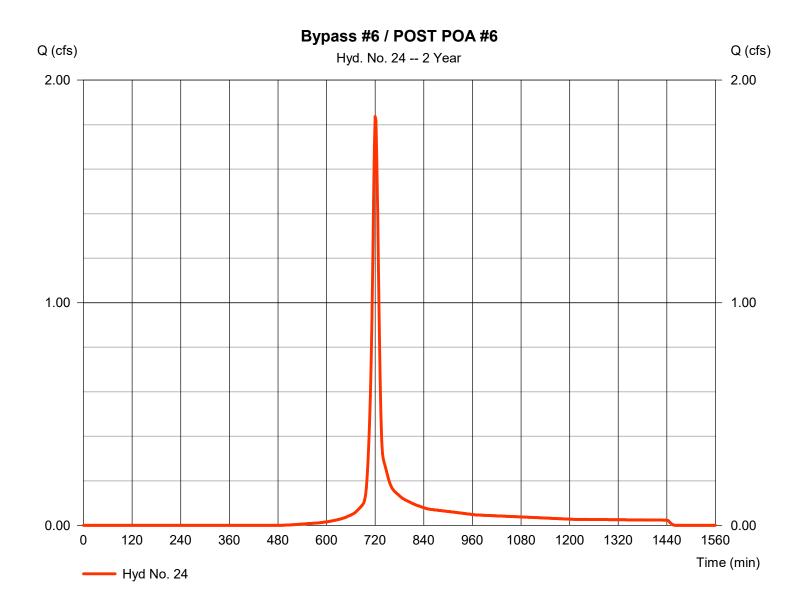
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 24

Bypass #6 / POST POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 1.836 cfsStorm frequency = 2 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 4,760 cuftDrainage area = 0.700 acCurve number = 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 3.45 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

| Hyd. No. | Hydrograph type (origin) | Peak flow (cfs) | Time interval (min) | Time to Peak (min) | Hyd. volume (cuft) | Inflow hyd(s) | Maximum elevation (ft) | Total strge used (cuft) | Hydrograph Description | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | SCS Runoff | 208.92 | 2 | 716 | 424,093 | | | | Pre POA #3 | |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | 76.33 | 2 | 716 | 156,884 | | | | Pre POA #2 | |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | 89.35 | 2 | 718 | 204,872 | | | | Pre POA #1 | |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | 44.61 | 2 | 720 | 115,723 | | | | Bypass #1 | |
| 5 | SCS Runoff | 7.613 | 2 | 720 | 19,747 | | | | Bypass #2 | |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | 91.03 | 2 | 720 | 236,118 | | | | Bypass #3 | |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | 46.90 | 2 | 720 | 124,424 | | | | Post DA #1 | |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | 102.80 | 2 | 720 | 272,734 | | | | Post DA #2 | |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | 60.55 | 2 | 720 | 161,525 | | | | Post DA #3 | |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | 48.19 | 2 | 720 | 127,248 | | | | Post DA #4 | |
| 11 | Reservoir | 27.13 | 2 | 728 | 104,522 | 7 | 388.35 | 54,826 | SCM 1 ROUTE | |
| 12 | Reservoir | 50.49 | 2 | 730 | 254,201 | 8 | 355.66 | 126,580 | SCM 2 ROUTE | |
| 13 | Reservoir | 41.67 | 2 | 726 | 129,567 | 9 | 388.47 | 69,306 | SCM 3 ROUTE | |
| 14 | Reservoir | 11.74 | 2 | 734 | 109,172 | 10 | 383.95 | 63,301 | SCM 4 ROUTE | |
| 15 | Combine | 59.09 | 2 | 724 | 220,245 | 4, 11, | | | Post POA 1 | |
| 16 | Combine | 54.10 | 2 | 730 | 273,949 | 5, 12, | | | Post POA #2 | |
| 17 | Combine | 125.52 | 2 | 724 | 474,857 | 6, 13, 14, | | | Post POA #3 | |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | 25.45 | 1 | 715 | 45,556 | | | | Pre POA #4 | |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | 3.152 | 2 | 720 | 8,175 | | | | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 | |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | 122.39 | 2 | 728 | 450,129 | | | | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFF | |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | 12.81 | 2 | 716 | 26,329 | | | | Pre POA #5 | |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | 8.504 | 2 | 716 | 17,480 | | | | Pre POA #6 | |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | 5.565 | 2 | 720 | 14,693 | | | | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 | |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | 3.221 | 2 | 720 | 8,412 | | | | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCMs.gpw | | | | | Return Period: 10 Year | | | Monday, 10 | Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023 | |

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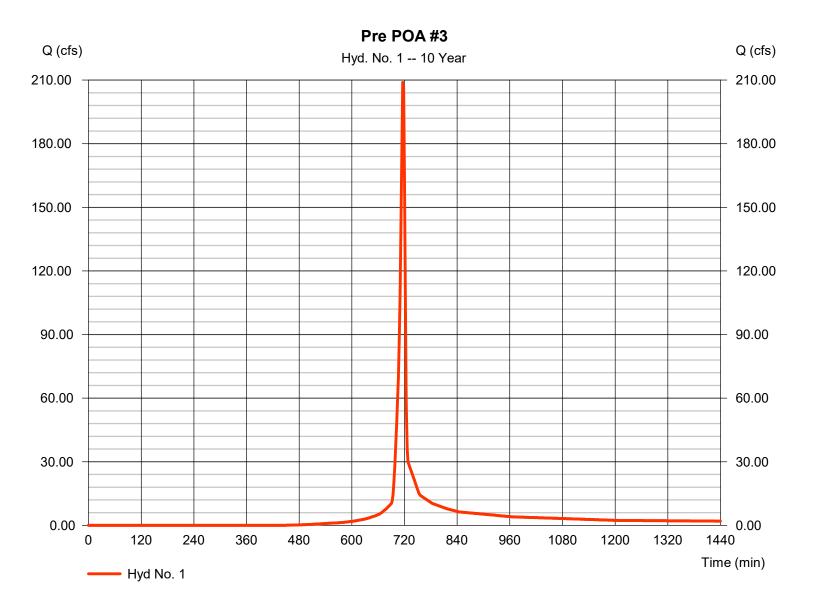
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 208.92 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 716 min = 424,093 cuft Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume Drainage area Curve number = 43.940 ac= 79

Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 3.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

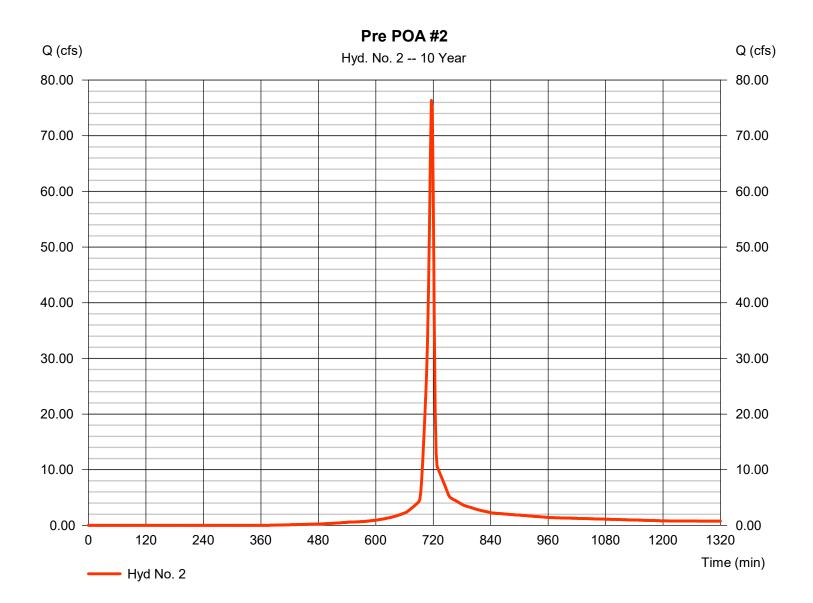
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 76.33 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 156,884 cuft Drainage area = 14.360 ac Curve number = 83 Hydraulic length = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.60 \, \text{min}$ = TR55

Total precip. = 5.04 in Distribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



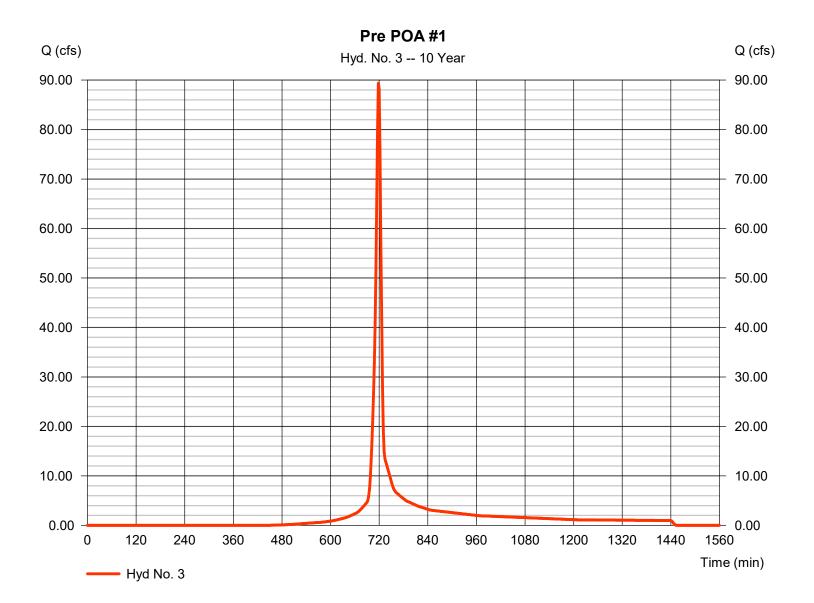
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 89.35 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 204,872 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 19.900 ac = 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length



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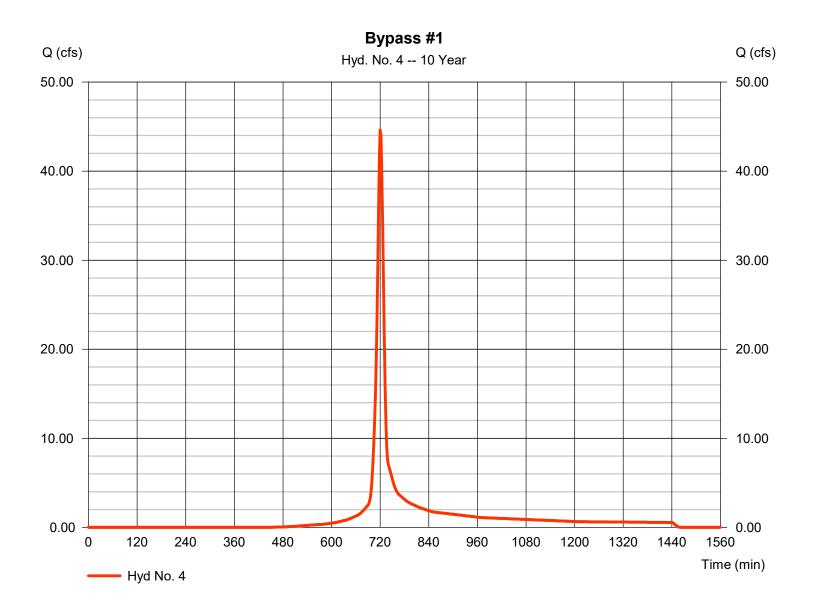
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

Bypass #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 44.61 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 115,723 cuft

Drainage area = 10.900 ac Curve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



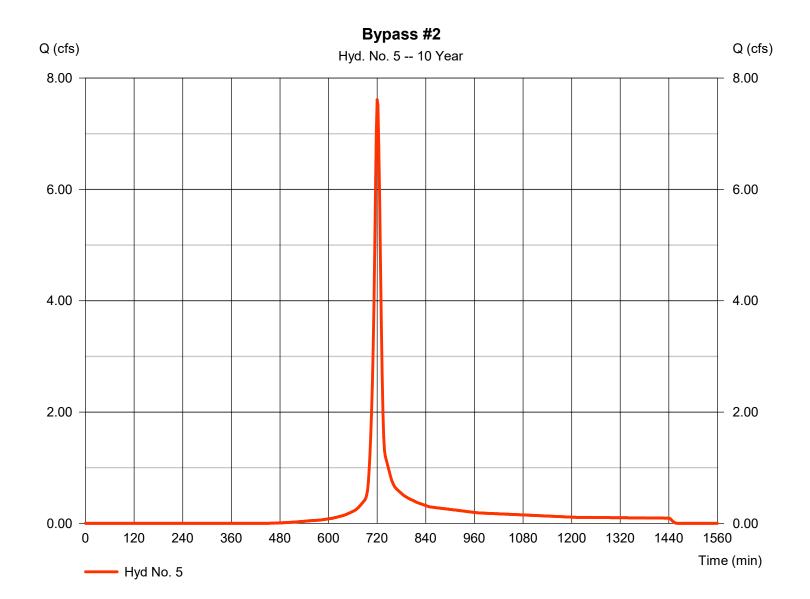
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 5

Bypass #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 7.613 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 19,747 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.860 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



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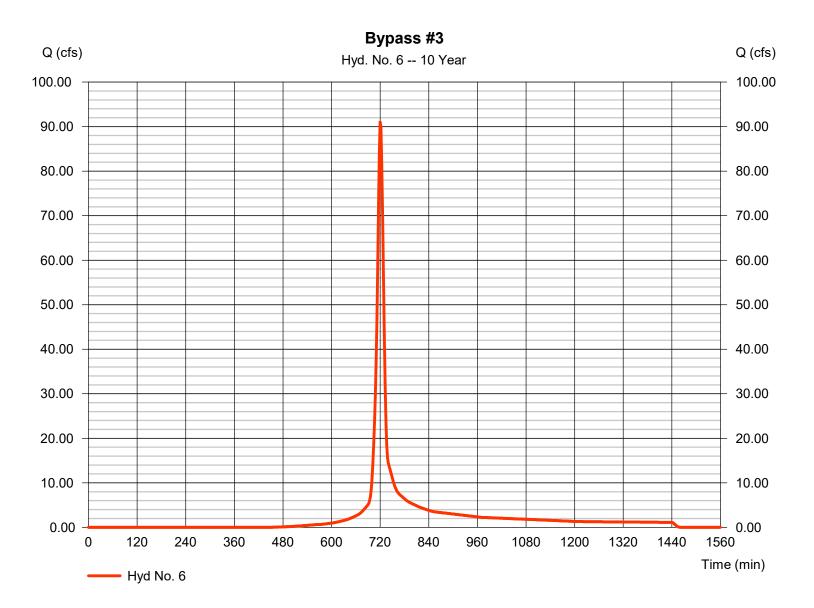
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 6

Bypass #3

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 91.03 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 236,118 cuftDrainage area= 22,240 asCurve number= 79

Drainage area = 22.240 ac Curve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



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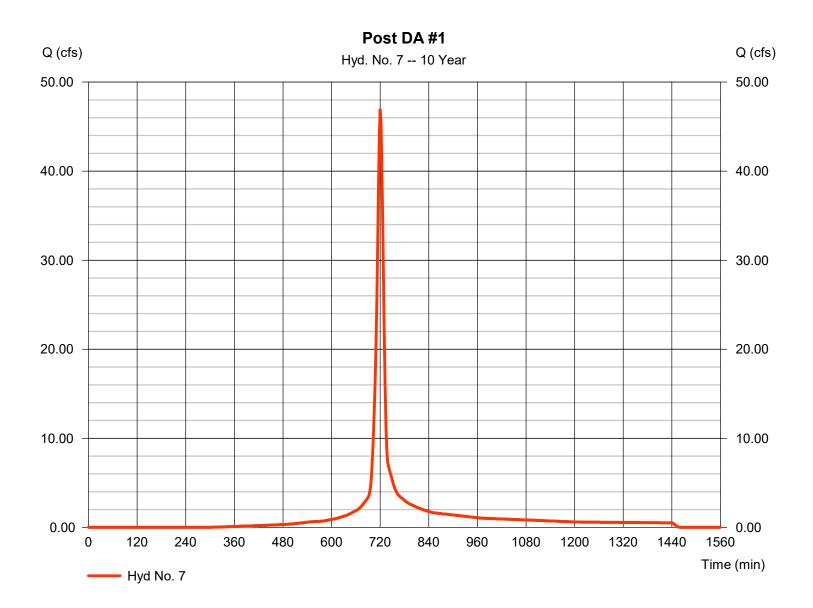
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 7

Post DA #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 46.90 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 124,424 cuft

Drainage area = 9.220 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



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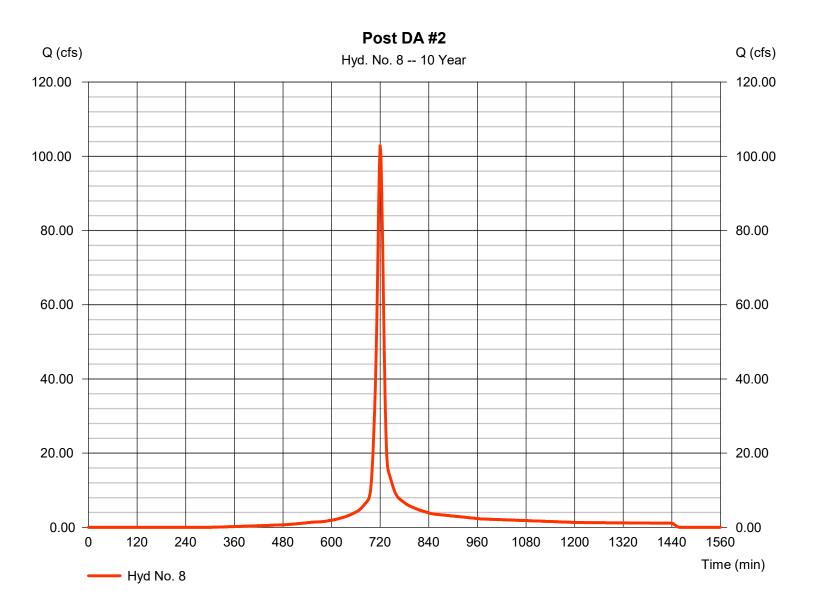
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 8

Post DA #2

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 102.80 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 272,734 cuft

Drainage area = 20.210 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



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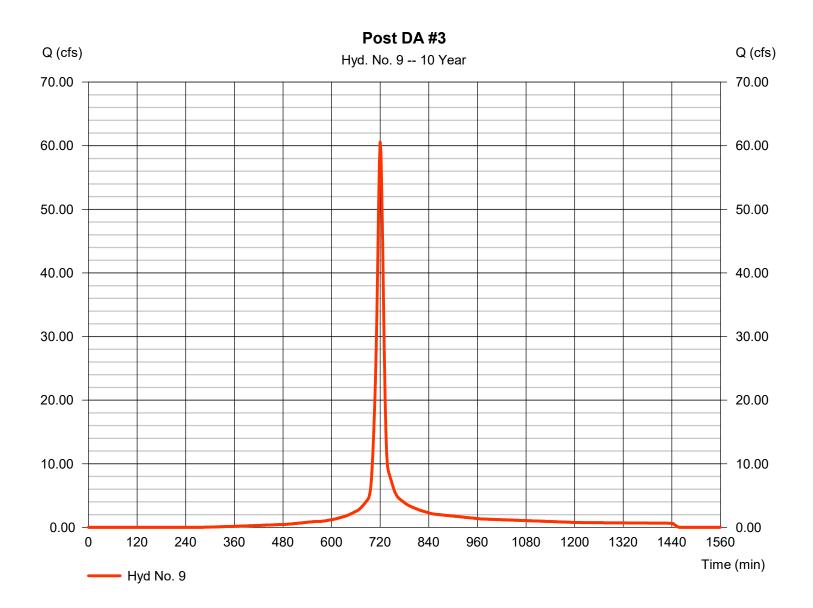
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 9

Post DA #3

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 60.55 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 161,525 cuft

Drainage area = 11.640 ac Curve number = 88 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



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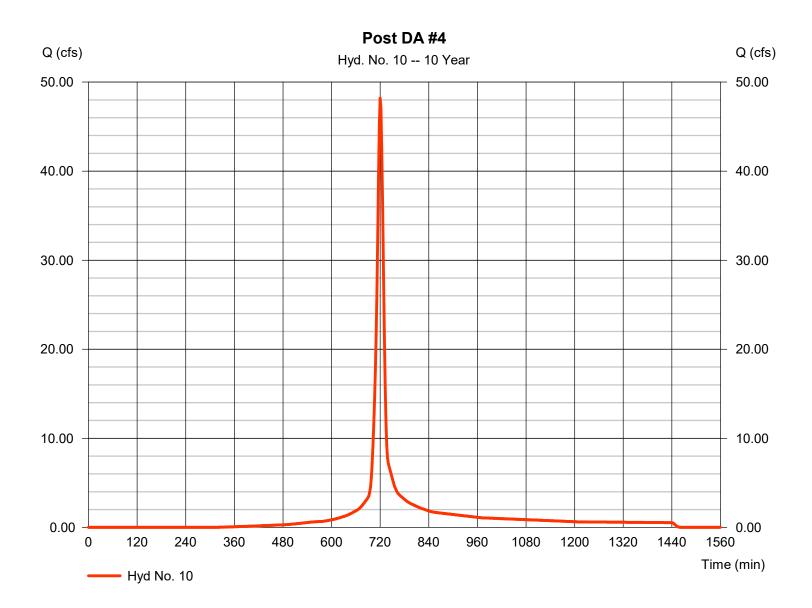
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 10

Post DA #4

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 48.19 cfsStorm frequency= 10 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 127,248 cuft

Drainage area = 9.700 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



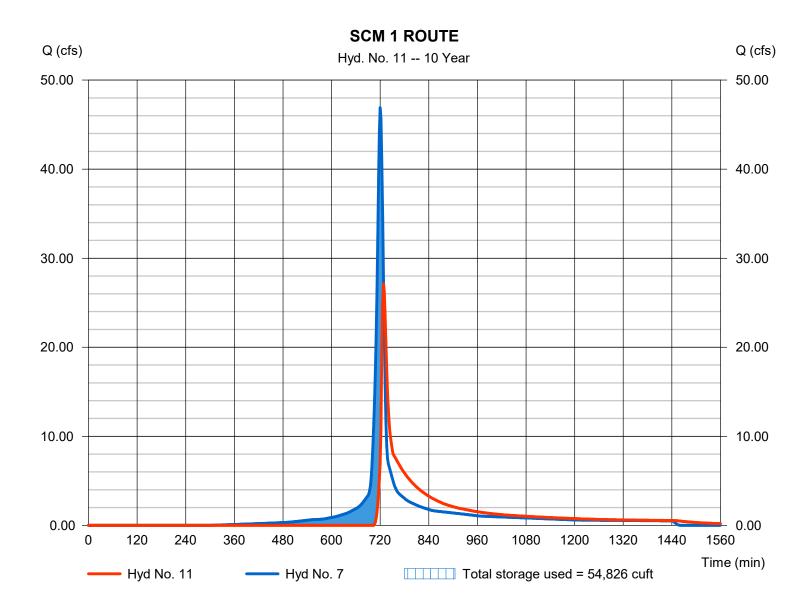
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 11

SCM 1 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 27.13 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 104,522 cuft Inflow hyd. No. = 7 - Post DA #1 Max. Elevation $= 388.35 \, ft$ Reservoir name = SCM 1 Max. Storage = 54,826 cuft



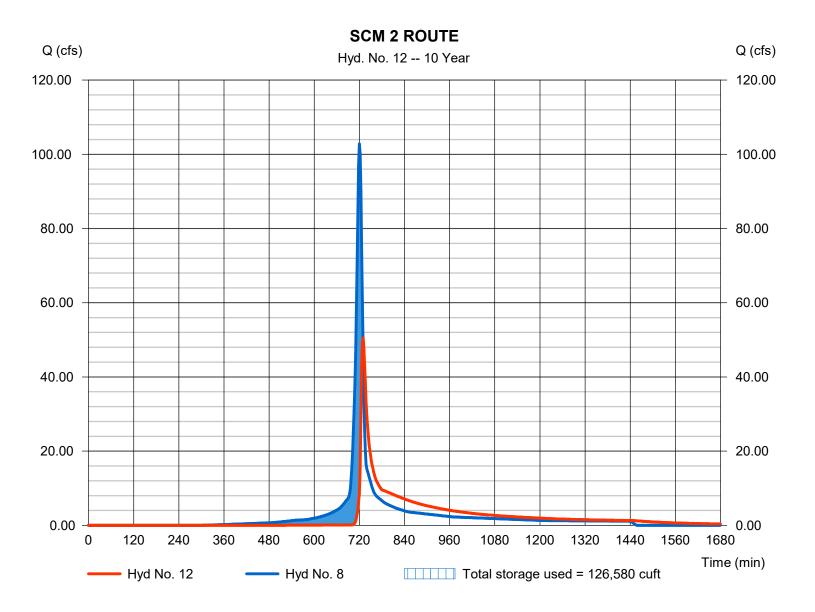
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 12

SCM 2 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 50.49 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 730 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 254,201 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 8 - Post DA #2 = 355.66 ftReservoir name = SCM 2 Max. Storage = 126,580 cuft



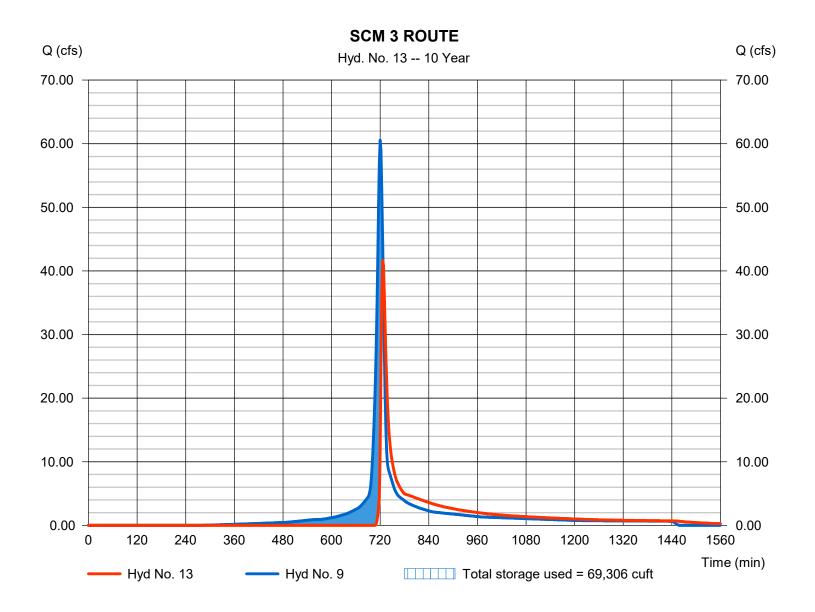
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 13

SCM 3 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 41.67 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 129,567 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 9 - Post DA #3 = 388.47 ftReservoir name = SCM 3 Max. Storage = 69,306 cuft



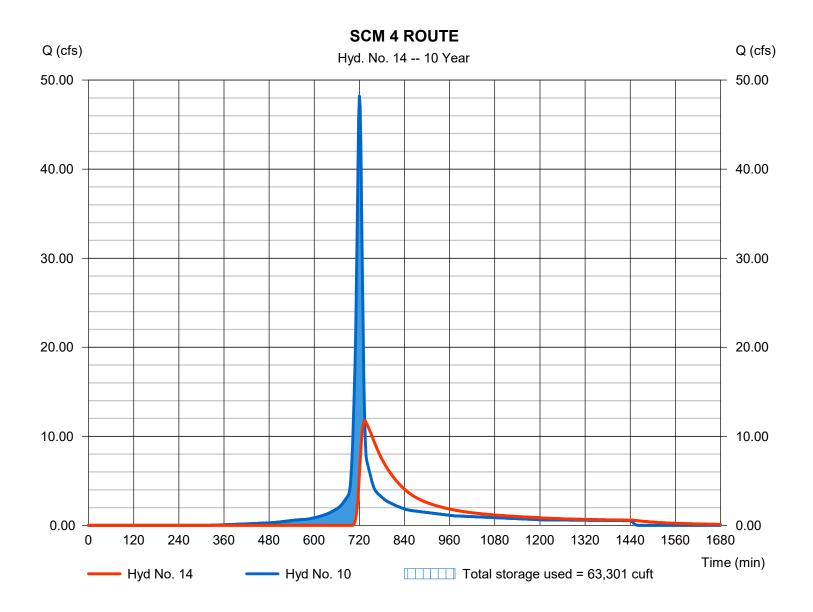
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 14

SCM 4 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 11.74 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 734 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 109,172 cuft Inflow hyd. No. = 10 - Post DA #4 Max. Elevation $= 383.95 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = SCM 4 Max. Storage = 63,301 cuft



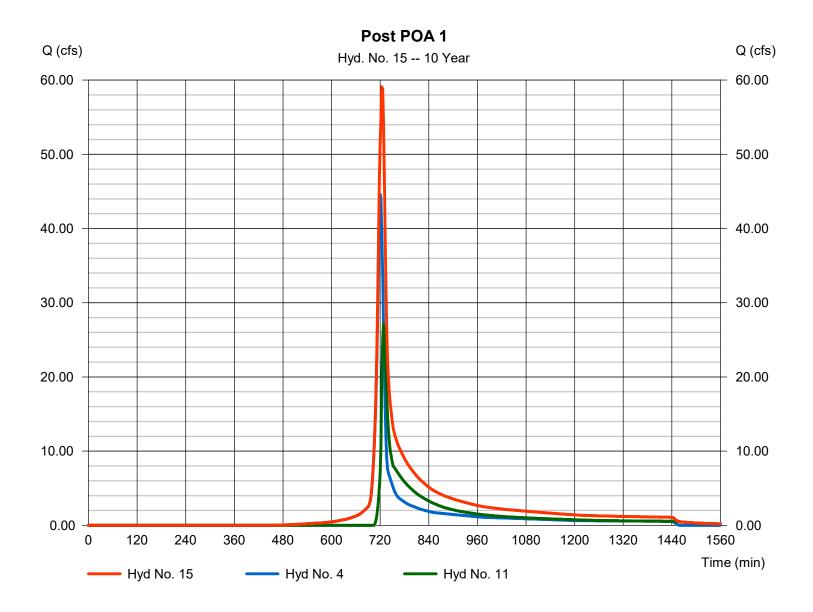
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 15

Post POA 1

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 59.09 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 10 yrs= 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 220,245 cuft Inflow hyds. = 4, 11 Contrib. drain. area = 10.900 ac



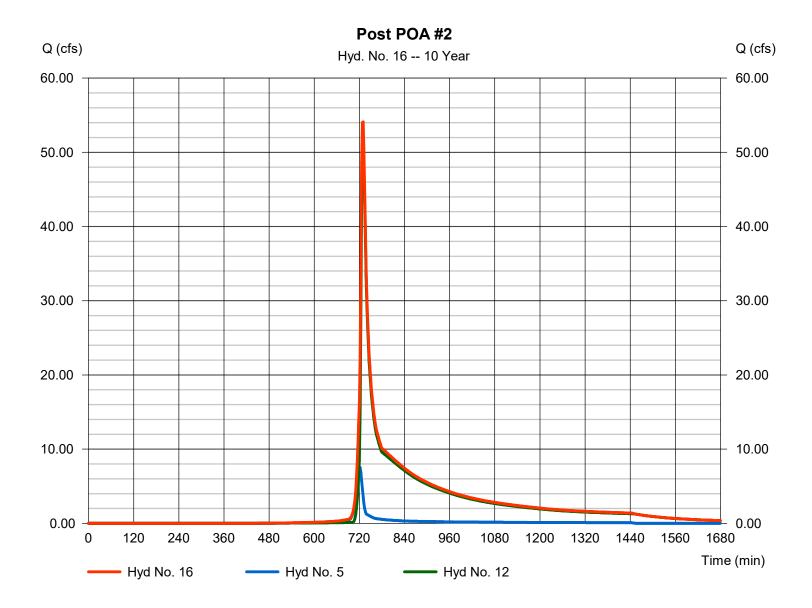
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 16

Post POA #2

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 54.10 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 10 yrs= 730 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 273,949 cuft Inflow hyds. = 5, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 1.860 ac



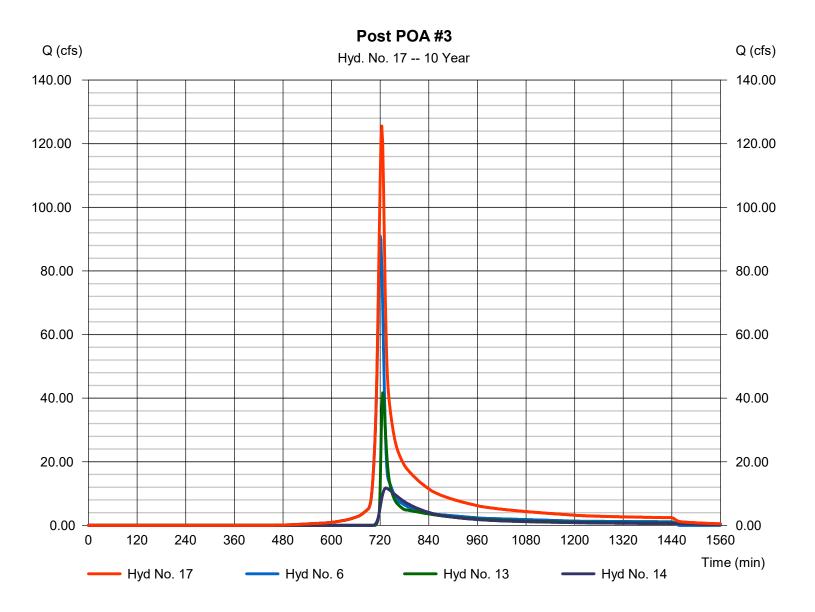
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 17

Post POA #3

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 125.52 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 10 yrs= 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 474,857 cuft Inflow hyds. = 6, 13, 14 Contrib. drain. area = 22.240 ac



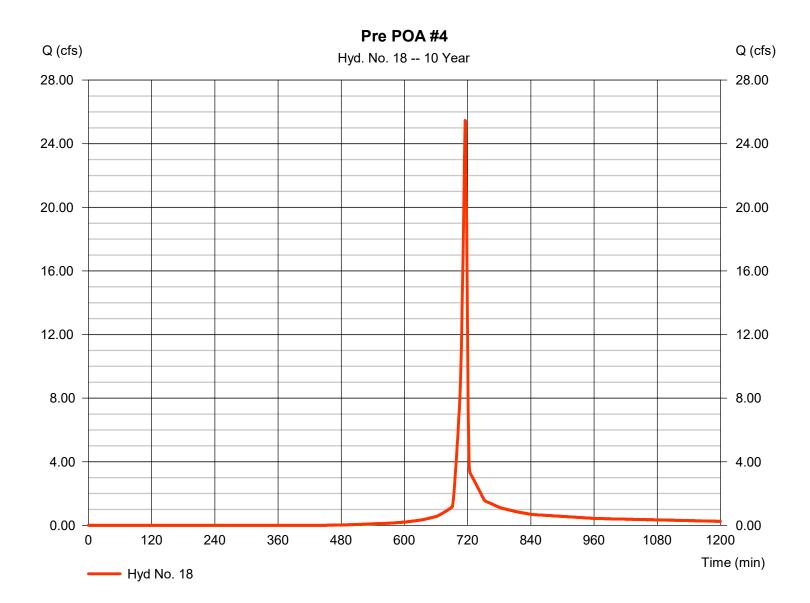
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 18

Pre POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 25.45 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 715 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 45,556 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 4.720 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 2.10 min = TR55 Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



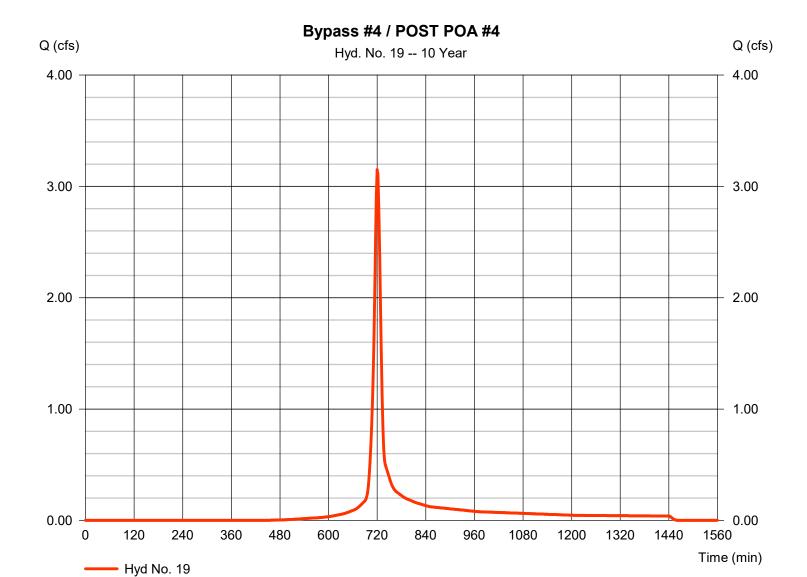
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 19

Bypass #4 / POST POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 3.152 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 8,175 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 0.770 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



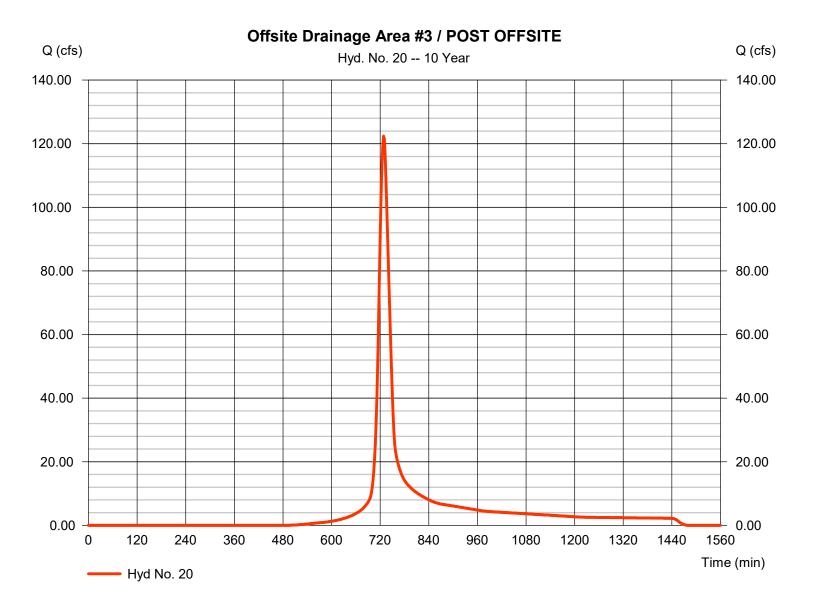
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 20

Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFFSITE

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 122.39 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 450.129 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 47.420 ac= 77 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.00 min = User Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



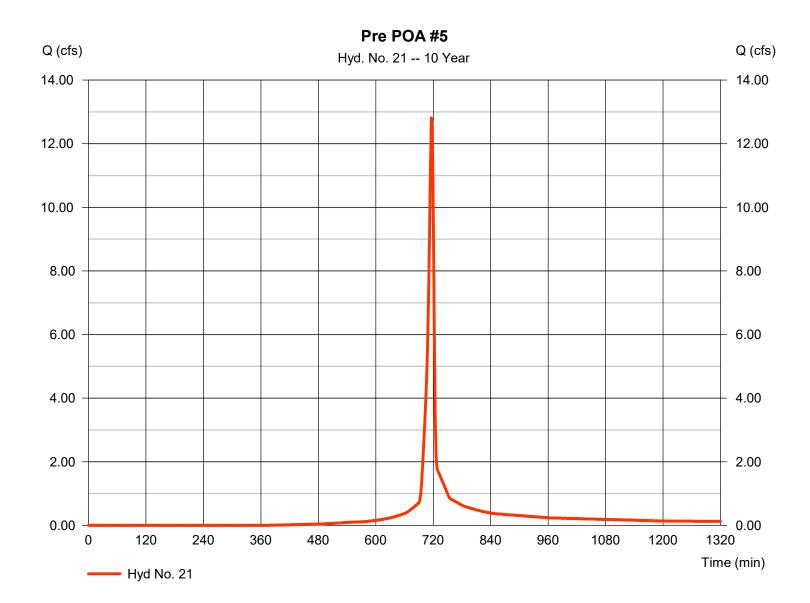
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 12.81 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 26.329 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 2.410 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.50 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



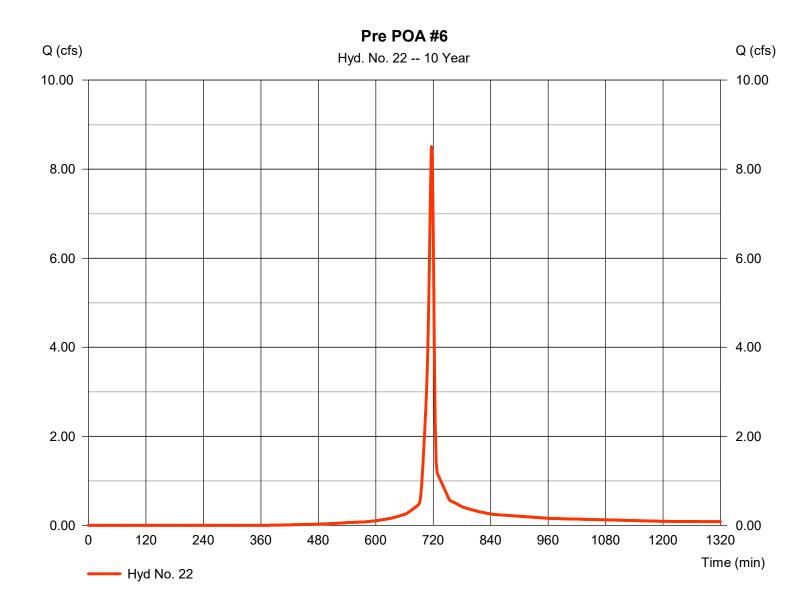
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 8.504 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 17,480 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 1.600 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.20 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



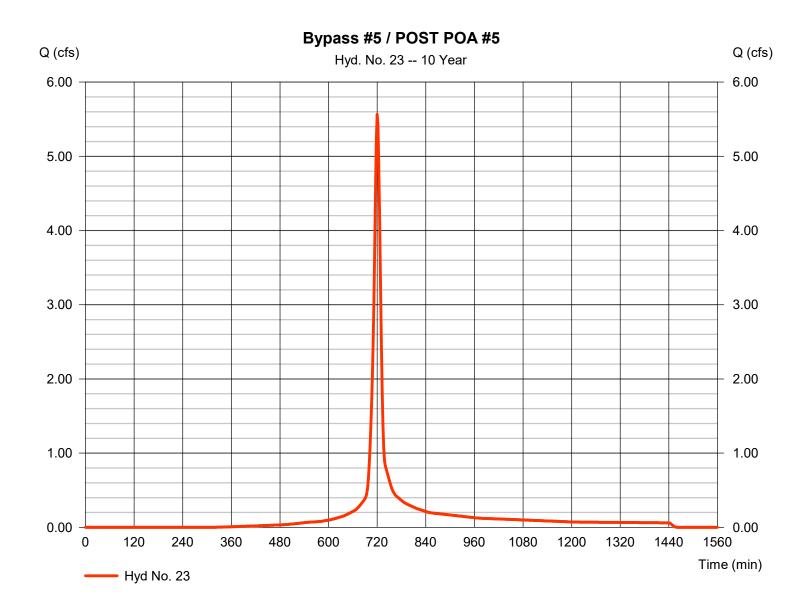
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 23

Bypass #5 / POST POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 5.565 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 14,693 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 1.120 ac= 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



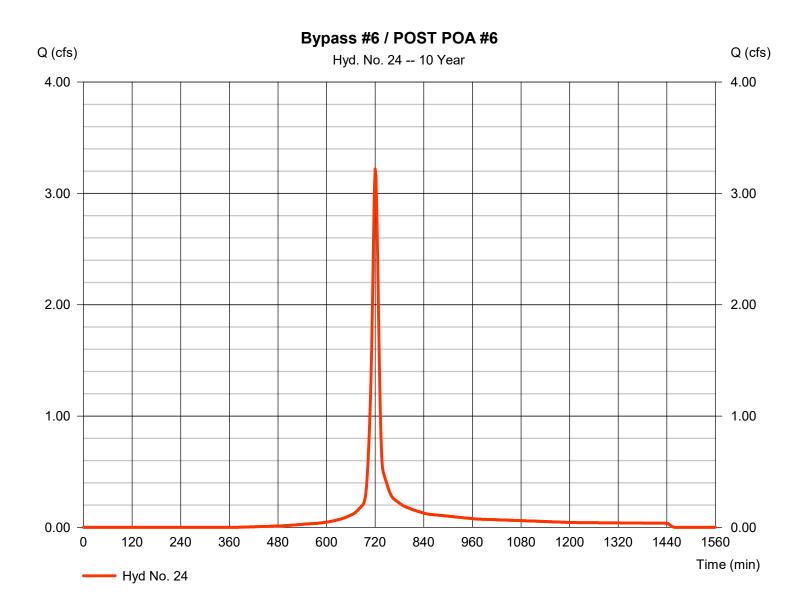
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 24

Bypass #6 / POST POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 3.221 cfsStorm frequency = 10 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 8.412 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.700 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 5.04 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

| Hyd. No. | Hydrograph type (origin) | Peak flow (cfs) | Time interval (min) | Time to Peak (min) | Hyd. volume (cuft) | Inflow hyd(s) | Maximum elevation (ft) | Total strge used (cuft) | Hydrograph Description | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | SCS Runoff | 268.97 | 2 | 716 | 550,229 | | | | Pre POA #3 | |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | 96.21 | 2 | 716 | 199,940 | | | | Pre POA #2 | |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | 115.26 | 2 | 718 | 265,806 | | | | Pre POA #1 | |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | 57.66 | 2 | 720 | 150,142 | | | | Bypass #1 | |
| 5 | SCS Runoff | 9.838 | 2 | 720 | 25,621 | | | | Bypass #2 | |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | 117.64 | 2 | 720 | 306,345 | | | | Bypass #3 | |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | 58.14 | 2 | 720 | 155,909 | | | | Post DA #1 | |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | 127.44 | 2 | 720 | 341,748 | | | | Post DA #2 | |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | 74.71 | 2 | 720 | 201,566 | | | | Post DA #3 | |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | 60.03 | 2 | 720 | 160,112 | | | | Post DA #4 | |
| 11 | Reservoir | 44.96 | 2 | 726 | 136,007 | 7 | 388.61 | 59,411 | SCM 1 ROUTE | |
| 12 | Reservoir | 68.88 | 2 | 728 | 323,099 | 8 | 356.21 | 145,979 | SCM 2 ROUTE | |
| 13 | Reservoir | 63.26 | 2 | 724 | 169,608 | 9 | 388.69 | 73,705 | SCM 3 ROUTE | |
| 14 | Reservoir | 28.74 | 2 | 730 | 142,037 | 10 | 384.40 | 73,177 | SCM 4 ROUTE | |
| 15 | Combine | 94.86 | 2 | 724 | 286,149 | 4, 11, | | | Post POA 1 | |
| 16 | Combine | 74.80 | 2 | 728 | 348,719 | 5, 12, | | | Post POA #2 | |
| 17 | Combine | 187.24 | 2 | 722 | 617,990 | 6, 13, 14, | | | Post POA #3 | |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | 32.66 | 1 | 715 | 59,105 | | | | Pre POA #4 | |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | 4.073 | 2 | 720 | 10,606 | | | | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 | |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | 160.69 | 2 | 728 | 589,512 | | | | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFF | |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | 16.15 | 2 | 716 | 33,555 | | | | Pre POA #5 | |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | 10.72 | 2 | 716 | 22,278 | | | | Pre POA #6 | |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | 6.931 | 2 | 720 | 18,487 | | | | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 | |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | 4.072 | 2 | 720 | 10,721 | | | | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCMs.gpw | | | | | Return Period: 25 Year | | | Monday, 10 | Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023 | |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

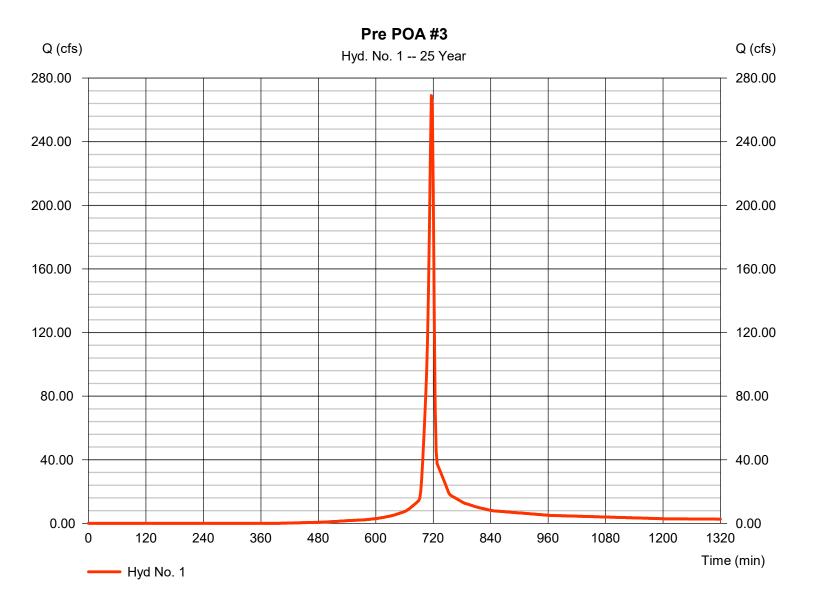
Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

Storm duration

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 268.97 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 550,229 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 43.940 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 3.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

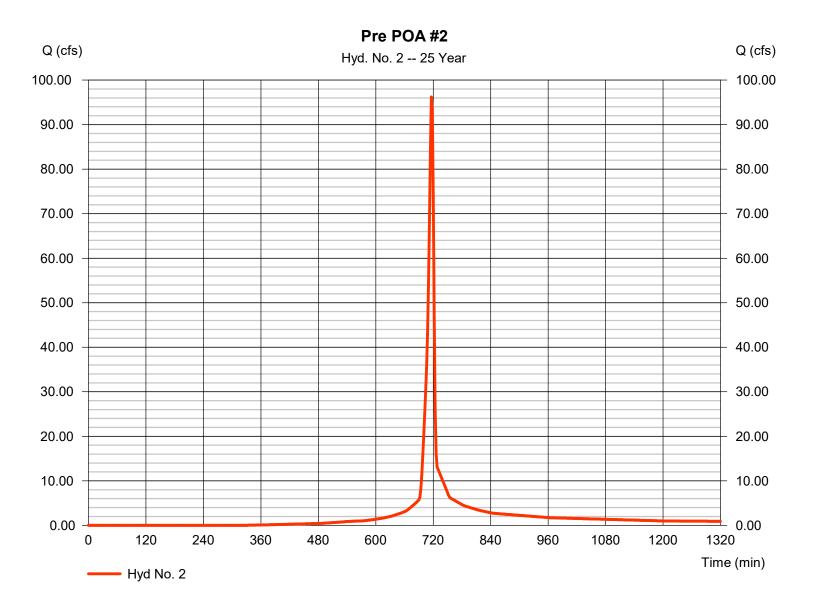
Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

Storm duration

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 96.21 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 199,940 cuft Drainage area = 14.360 acCurve number = 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.60 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

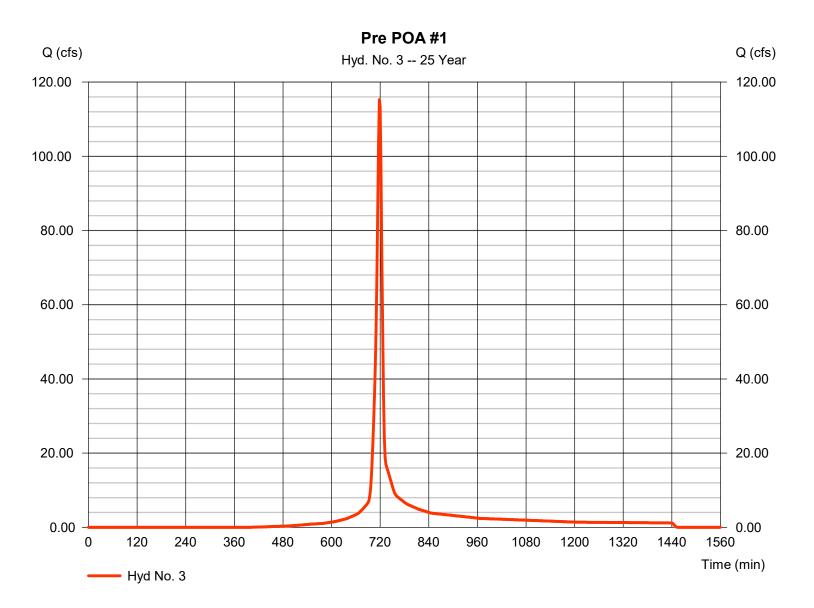
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 115.26 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 718 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 265,806 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 19.900 ac = 79

= 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 9.70 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

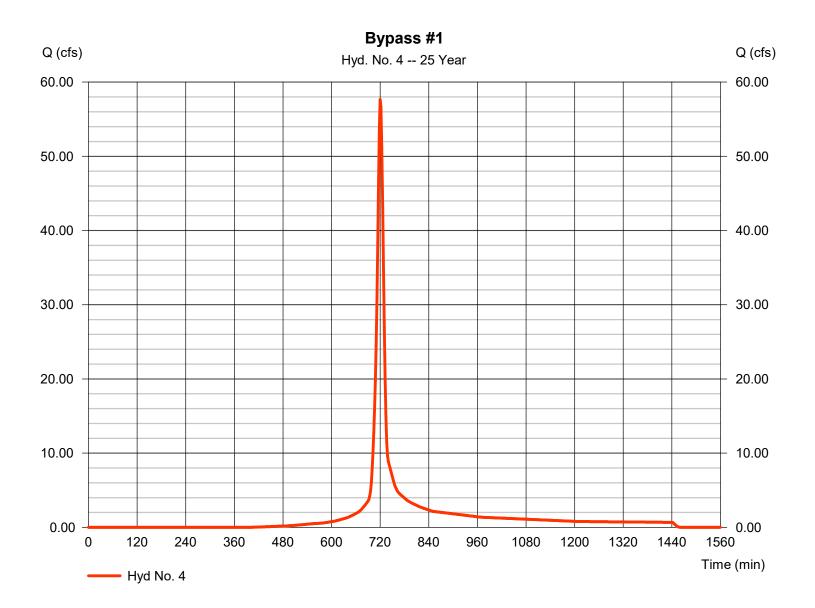
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

Bypass #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 57.66 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 150,142 cuft

Drainage area = 10.900 ac Curve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



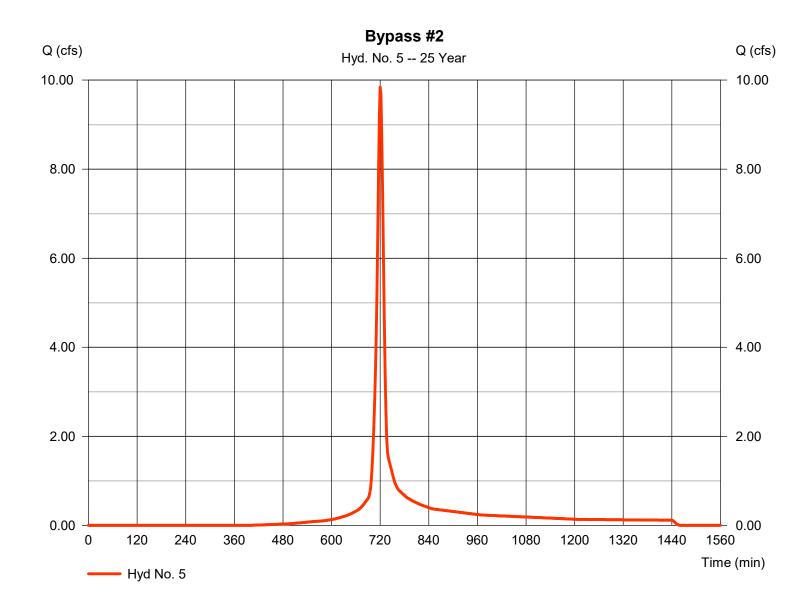
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 5

Bypass #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 9.838 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 25,621 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.860 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



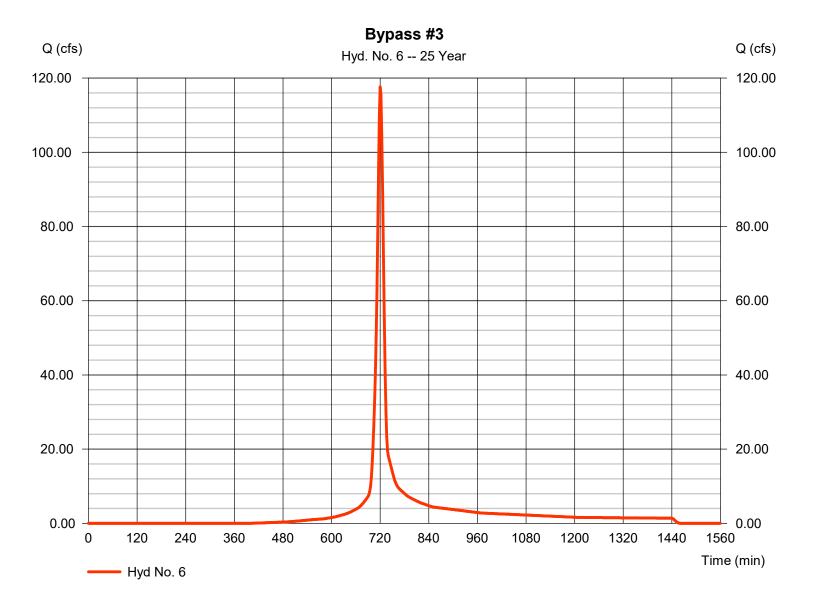
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 6

Bypass #3

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 117.64 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 306,345 cuft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

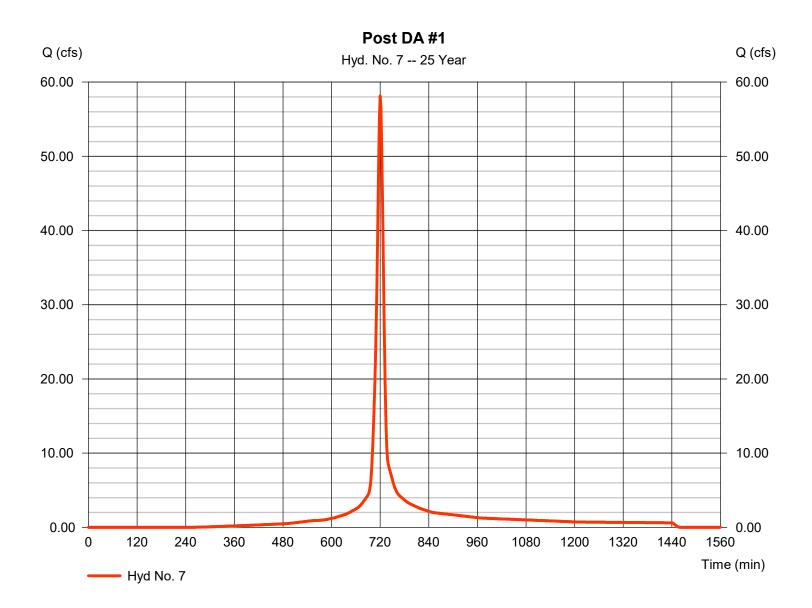
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 7

Post DA #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 58.14 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 155,909 cuft

Drainage area = 9.220 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

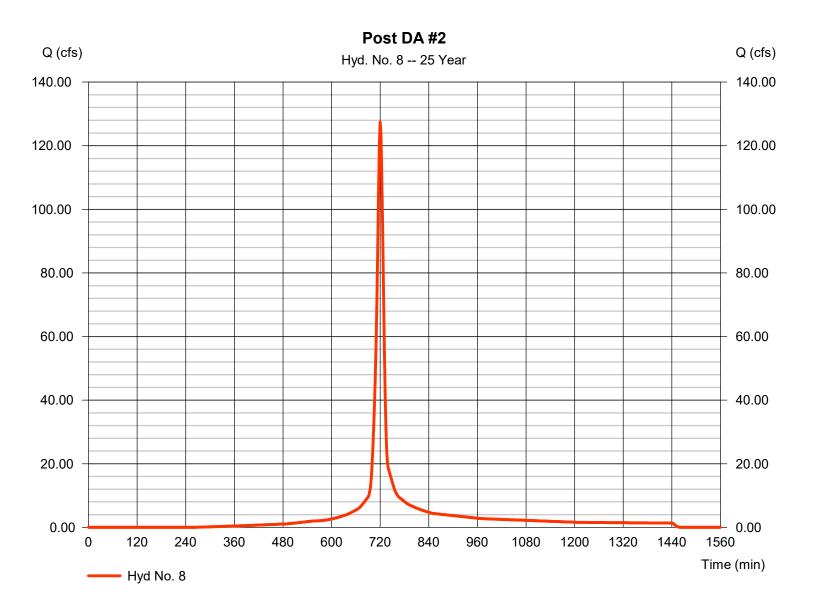
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 8

Post DA #2

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 127.44 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 341,748 cuft

Drainage area = 20.210 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

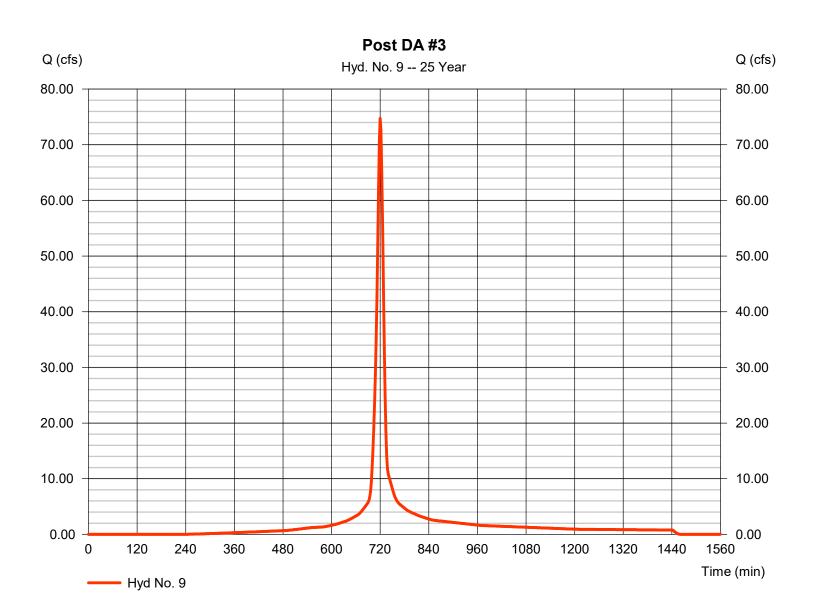
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 9

Post DA #3

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 74.71 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 201,566 cuft

Drainage area = 11.640 ac Curve number = 88 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

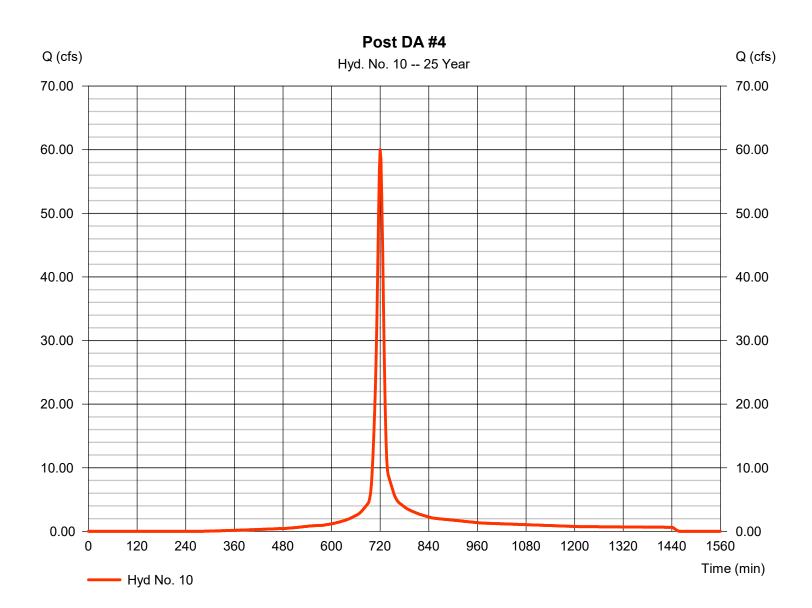
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 10

Post DA #4

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 60.03 cfsStorm frequency= 25 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 160,112 cuft

Drainage area = 9.700 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



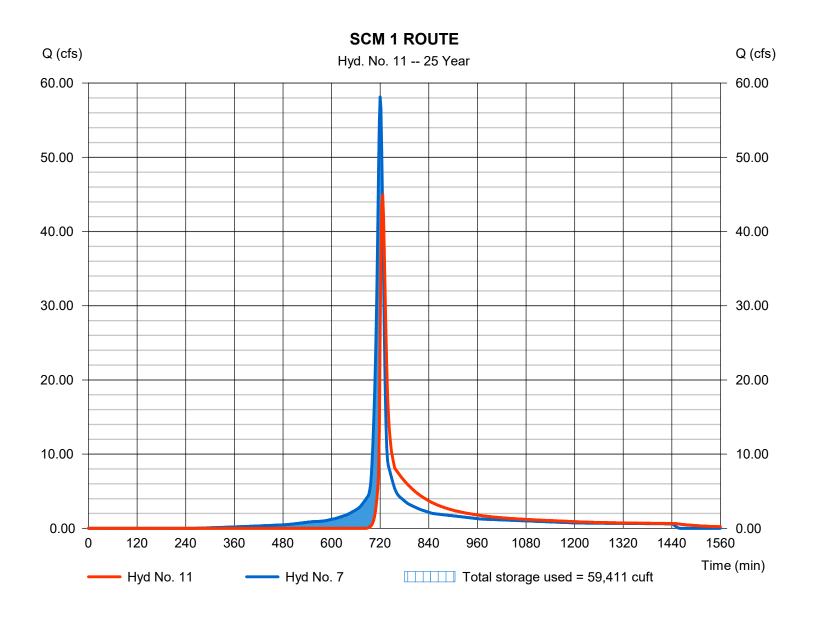
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 11

SCM 1 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 44.96 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 136,007 cuft= 7 - Post DA #1 Max. Elevation Inflow hyd. No. $= 388.61 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = SCM 1 Max. Storage = 59,411 cuft



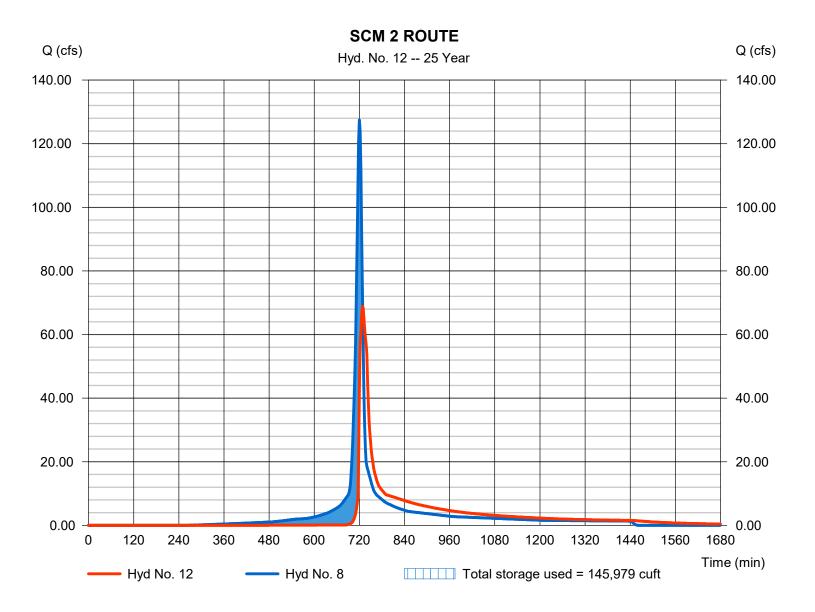
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 12

SCM 2 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 68.88 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 323,099 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 8 - Post DA #2 $= 356.21 \, \text{ft}$ Reservoir name = SCM 2 Max. Storage = 145,979 cuft



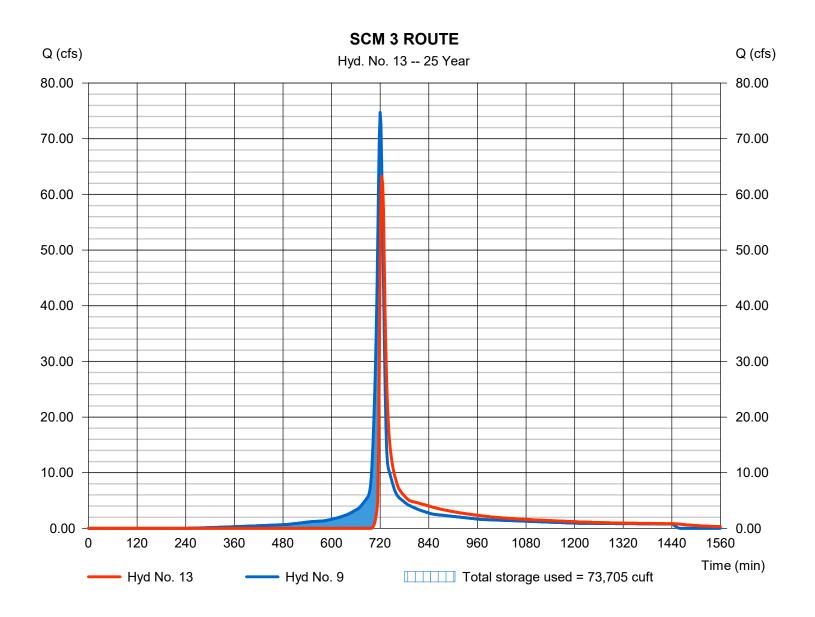
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 13

SCM 3 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 63.26 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 169,608 cuft Inflow hyd. No. = 9 - Post DA #3 Max. Elevation = 388.69 ft= 73,705 cuft Reservoir name = SCM 3 Max. Storage



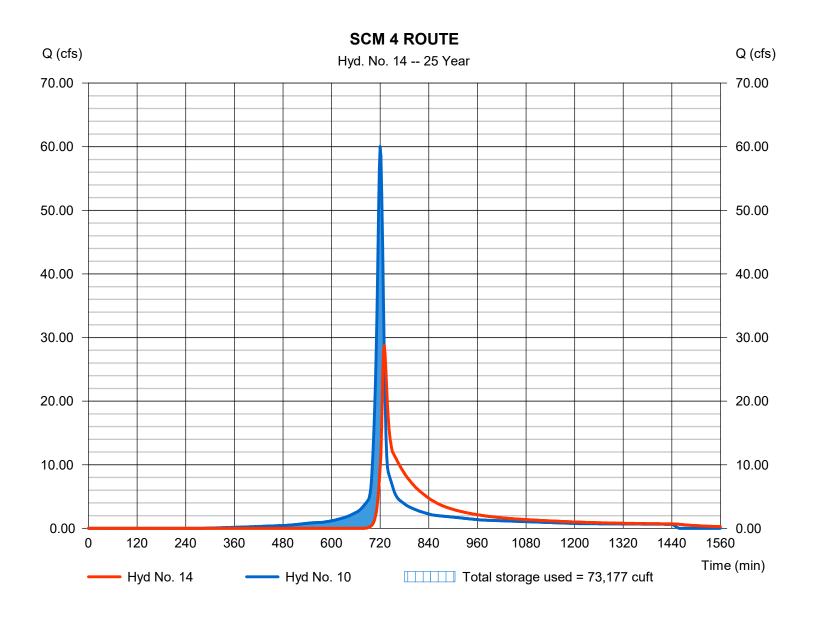
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 14

SCM 4 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 28.74 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 730 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 142,037 cuftInflow hyd. No. = 10 - Post DA #4 Max. Elevation = 384.40 ft= 73,177 cuft Reservoir name = SCM 4 Max. Storage



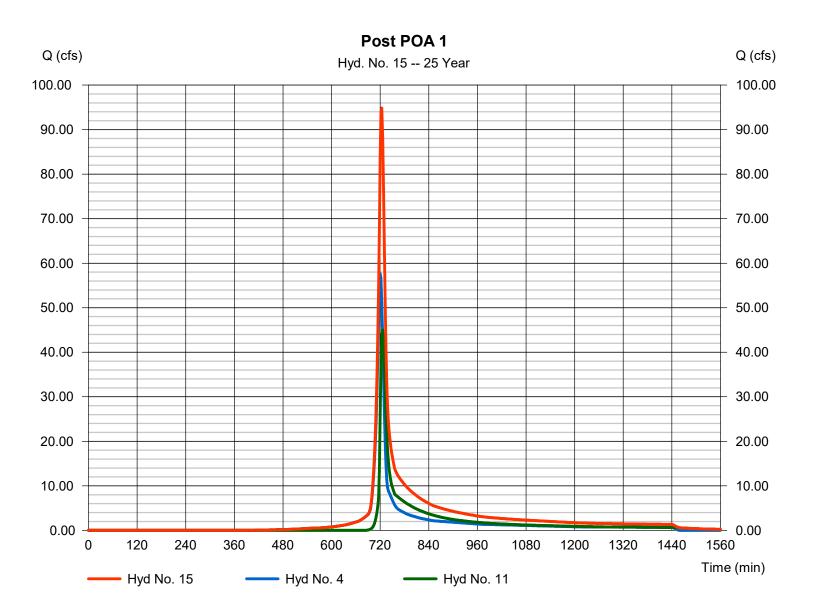
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 15

Post POA 1

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 94.86 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 286,149 cuft Inflow hyds. = 4, 11 Contrib. drain. area = 10.900 ac

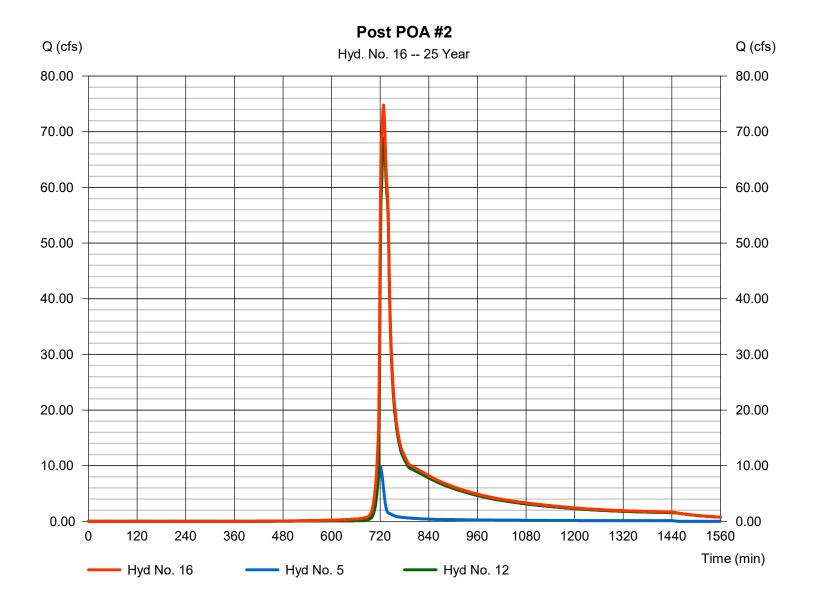


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 16

Post POA #2

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 74.80 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 348,719 cuft Inflow hyds. = 5, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 1.860 ac

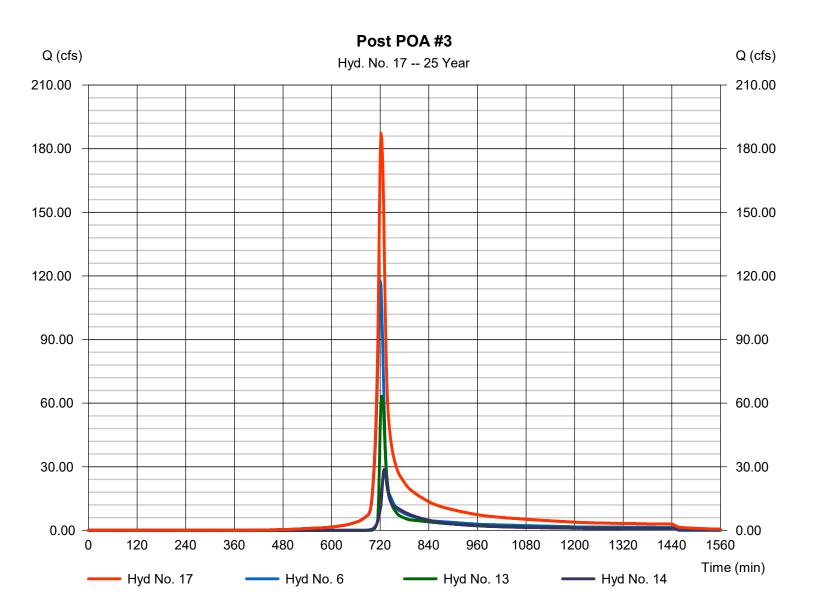


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 17

Post POA #3

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 187.24 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 25 yrs= 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 617,990 cuft Inflow hyds. = 6, 13, 14 Contrib. drain. area = 22.240 ac



= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

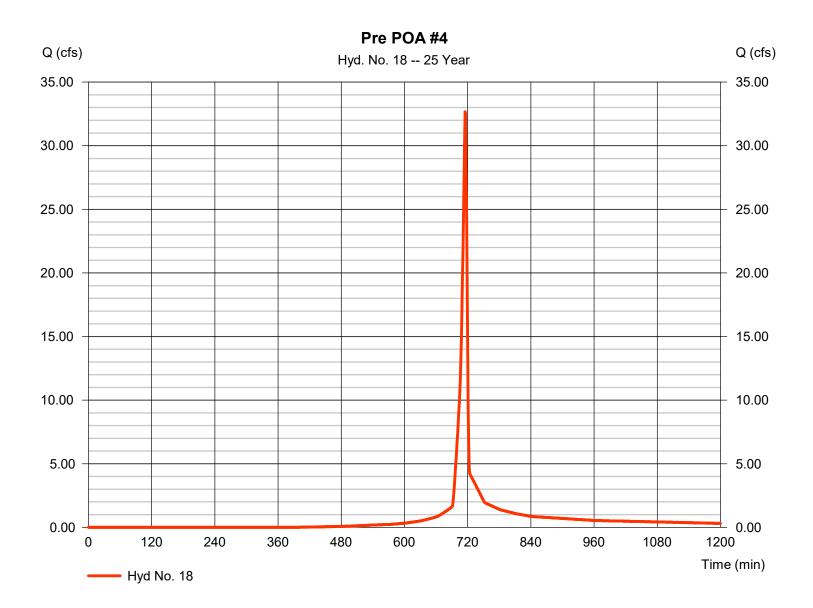
Hyd. No. 18

Storm duration

Pre POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 32.66 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 25 yrs = 715 min Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume = 59,105 cuftDrainage area = 4.720 acCurve number = 79 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 2.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



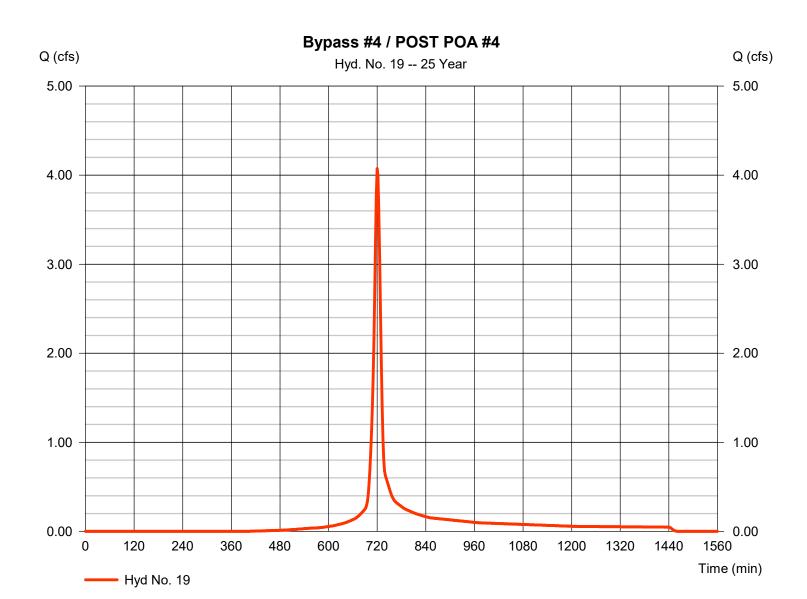
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 19

Bypass #4 / POST POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 4.073 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 10.606 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 0.770 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

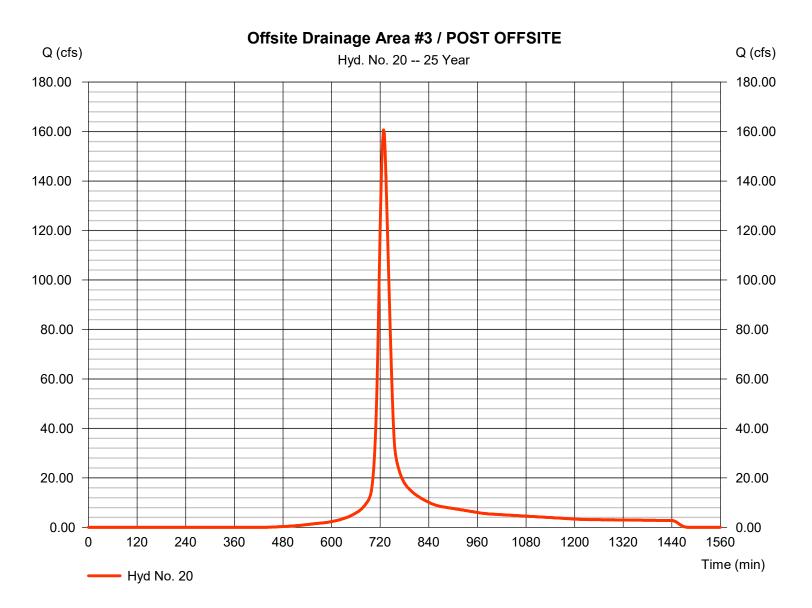


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 20

Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFFSITE

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 160.69 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 589,512 cuft Drainage area = 47.420 ac Curve number = 77 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.00 min = User Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

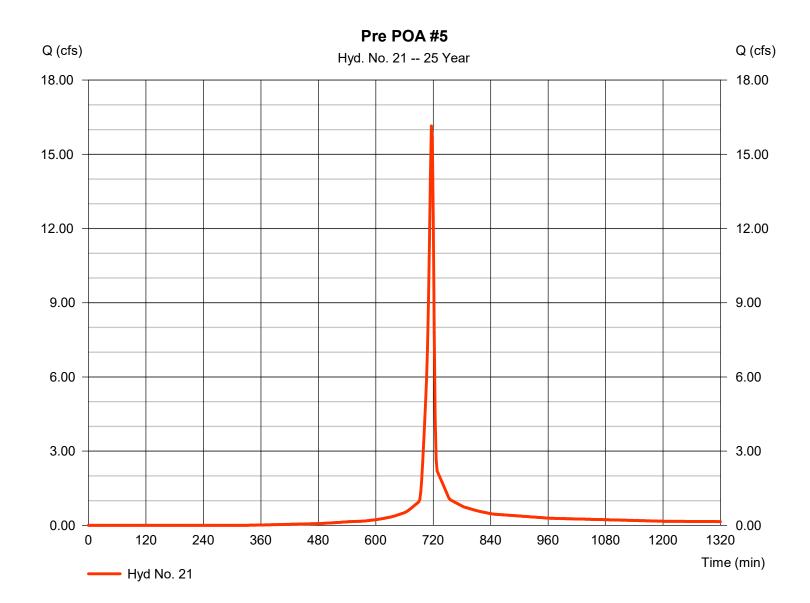


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 16.15 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 33,555 cuft Drainage area = 2.410 acCurve number = 83 Hydraulic length Basin Slope = 0.0 %= 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.50 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

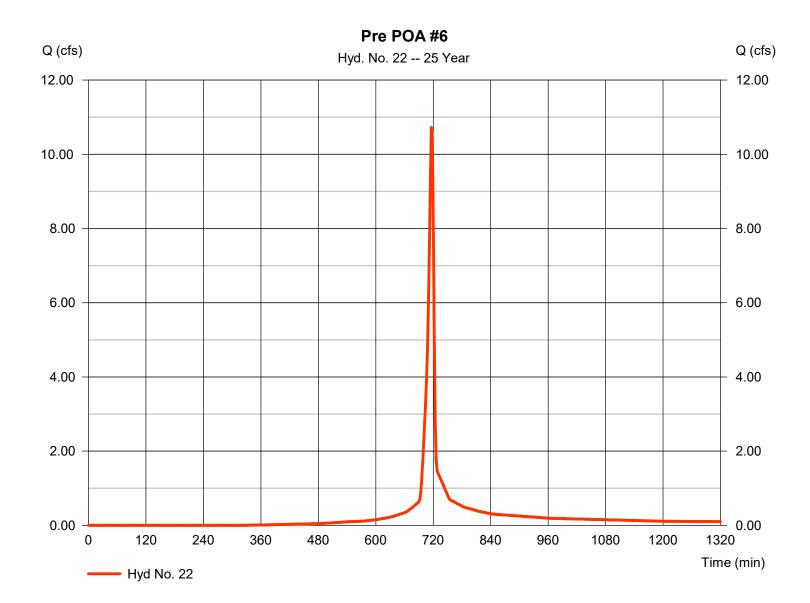


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 10.72 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 22.278 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 1.600 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.20 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

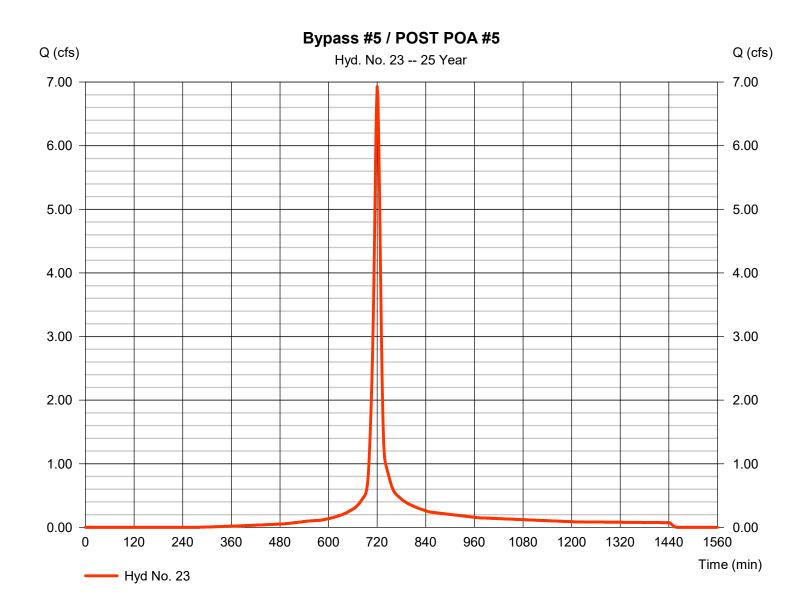


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 23

Bypass #5 / POST POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 6.931 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 18,487 cuft Drainage area = 1.120 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

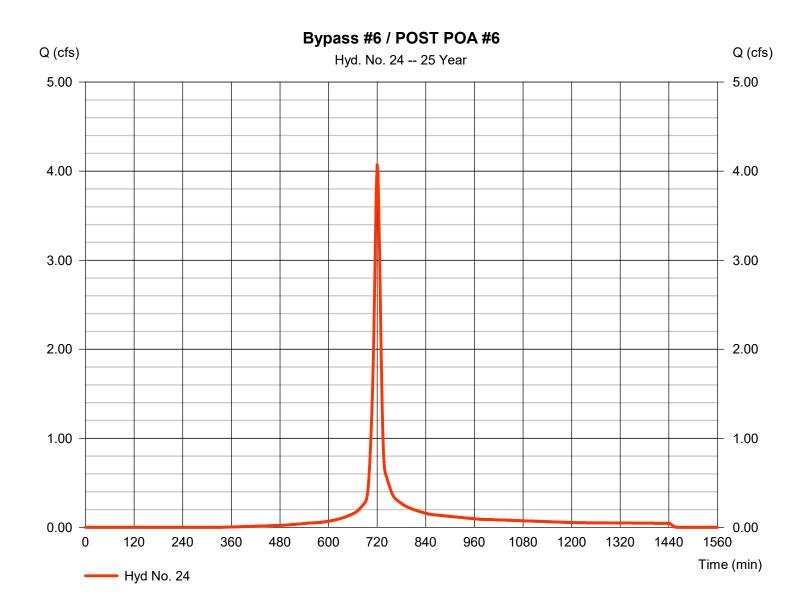


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 24

Bypass #6 / POST POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 4.072 cfsStorm frequency = 25 yrs Time to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 10,721 cuftCurve number Drainage area = 0.700 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 6.00 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydrograph Summary Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

| | | - T | 1 | | _ | Tiyulali | T | IS EXTENSION FOR A | JIODESK® CIVII 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. vzt | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Hyd. No. | Hydrograph type (origin) | Peak flow (cfs) | Time interval (min) | Time to Peak (min) | Hyd. volume (cuft) | Inflow hyd(s) | Maximum elevation (ft) | Total strge used (cuft) | Hydrograph Description | |
| 1 | SCS Runoff | 367.67 | 2 | 716 | 762,560 | | | | Pre POA #3 | |
| 2 | SCS Runoff | 128.55 | 2 | 716 | 271,624 | | | | Pre POA #2 | |
| 3 | SCS Runoff | 157.92 | 2 | 718 | 368,380 | | | | Pre POA #1 | |
| 4 | SCS Runoff | 79.15 | 2 | 720 | 208,082 | | | | Bypass #1 | |
| 5 | SCS Runoff | 13.51 | 2 | 720 | 35,508 | | | | Bypass #2 | |
| 6 | SCS Runoff | 161.50 | 2 | 720 | 424,563 | | | | Bypass #3 | |
| 7 | SCS Runoff | 76.32 | 2 | 720 | 207,843 | | | | Post DA #1 | |
| 8 | SCS Runoff | 167.28 | 2 | 720 | 455,587 | | | | Post DA #2 | |
| 9 | SCS Runoff | 97.60 | 2 | 720 | 267,480 | | | | Post DA #3 | |
| 10 | SCS Runoff | 79.20 | 2 | 720 | 214,438 | | | | Post DA #4 | |
| 11 | Reservoir | 66.14 | 2 | 724 | 187,941 | 7 | 388.90 | 64,662 | SCM 1 ROUTE | |
| 12 | Reservoir | 119.55 | 2 | 726 | 436,792 | 8 | 356.82 | 168,332 | SCM 2 ROUTE | |
| 13 | Reservoir | 87.44 | 2 | 724 | 235,523 | 9 | 388.98 | 79,651 | SCM 3 ROUTE | |
| 14 | Reservoir | 57.54 | 2 | 726 | 196,363 | 10 | 384.81 | 82,248 | SCM 4 ROUTE | |
| 15 | Combine | 141.27 | 2 | 722 | 396,023 | 4, 11, | | | Post POA 1 | |
| 16 | Combine | 129.55 | 2 | 726 | 472,300 | 5, 12, | | | Post POA #2 | |
| 17 | Combine | 288.98 | 2 | 722 | 856,449 | 6, 13, 14, | | | Post POA #3 | |
| 18 | SCS Runoff | 44.48 | 1 | 715 | 81,914 | | | | Pre POA #4 | |
| 19 | SCS Runoff | 5.592 | 2 | 720 | 14,699 | | | | Bypass #4 / POST POA #4 | |
| 20 | SCS Runoff | 224.46 | 2 | 728 | 825,592 | | | | Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OF | |
| 21 | SCS Runoff | 21.57 | 2 | 716 | 45,586 | | | | Pre POA #5 | |
| 22 | SCS Runoff | 14.32 | 2 | 716 | 30,265 | | | | Pre POA #6 | |
| 23 | SCS Runoff | 9.145 | 2 | 720 | 24,760 | | | | Bypass #5 / POST POA #5 | |
| 24 | SCS Runoff | 5.460 | 2 | 720 | 14,565 | | | | Bypass #6 / POST POA #6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCMs.gpw | | | | | Return Period: 100 Year | | | Monday, 1 | Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023 | |

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 484

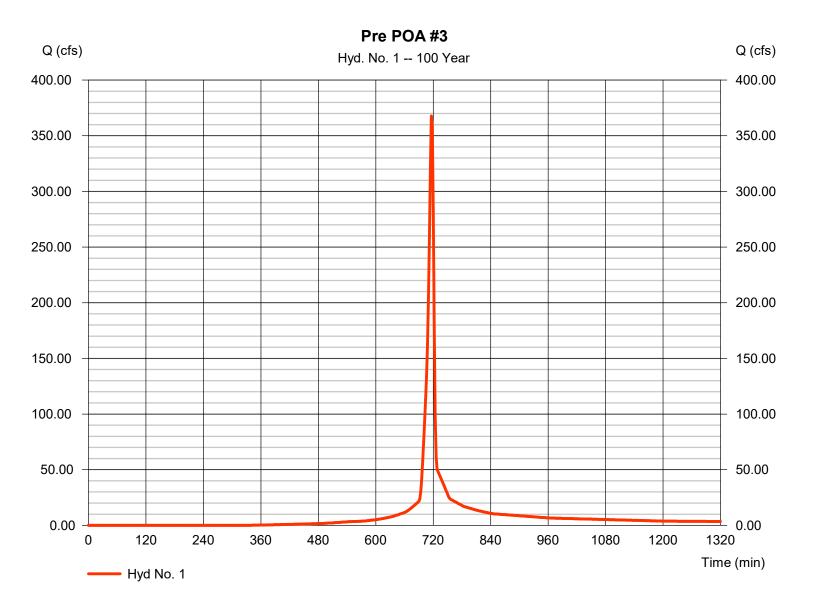
Hyd. No. 1

Pre POA #3

Storm duration

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 367.67 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 762,560 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 43.940 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 3.10 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II

Shape factor



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

= 7.56 in

= 24 hrs

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= Type II

= 484

Hyd. No. 2

Pre POA #2

Total precip.

Storm duration

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 128.55 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 271,624 cuft Drainage area = 14.360 ac Curve number = 83 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 5.60 \, \text{min}$ = TR55

Distribution

Shape factor

Pre POA #2 Q (cfs) Q (cfs) Hyd. No. 2 -- 100 Year 140.00 140.00 120.00 120.00 100.00 100.00 80.00 80.00 60.00 60.00 40.00 40.00 20.00 20.00 0.00 0.00 120 240 360 480 600 720 840 960 1080 1200 Time (min) Hyd No. 2

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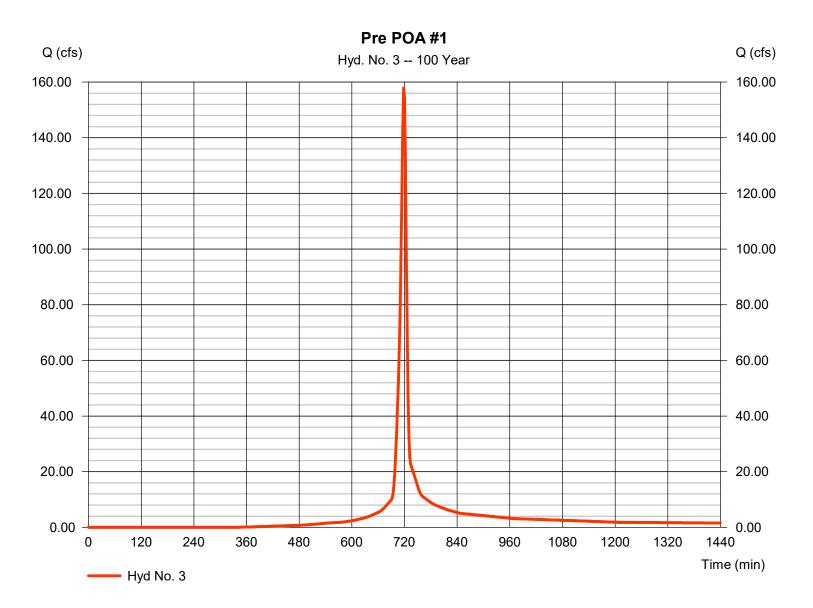
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 3

Pre POA #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 157.92 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 718 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 368,380 cuftDrainage area= 19 900 acCurve number= 79

Drainage area Curve number = 19.900 ac = 79 Hydraulic length = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 9.70 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



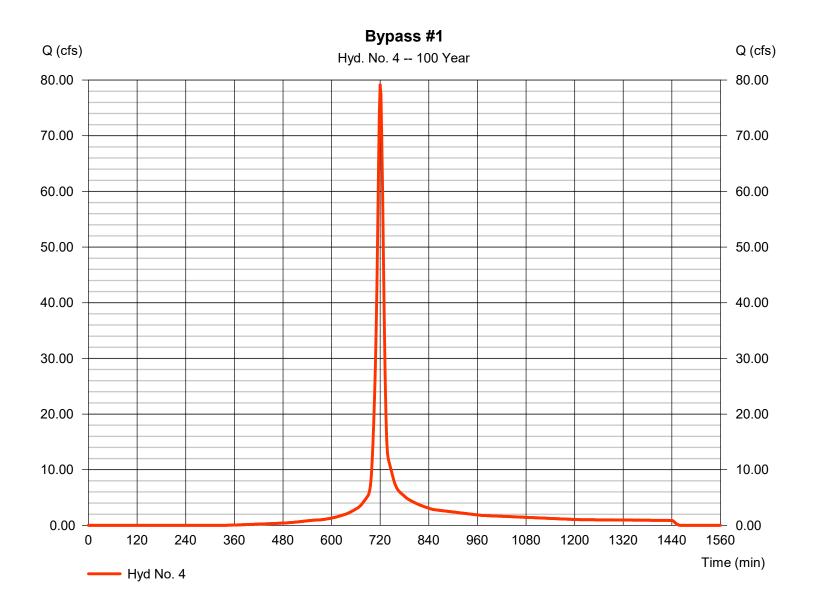
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 4

Bypass #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 79.15 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 208,082 cuft

Drainage area = 10.900 ac Curve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



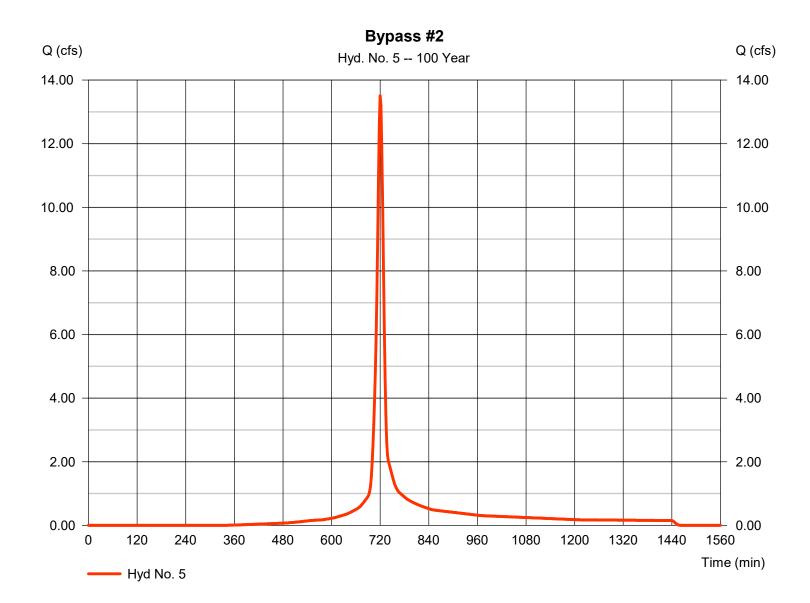
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 5

Bypass #2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 13.51 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 35,508 cuftDrainage area Curve number = 1.860 ac= 79 = 0 ftBasin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length Tc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



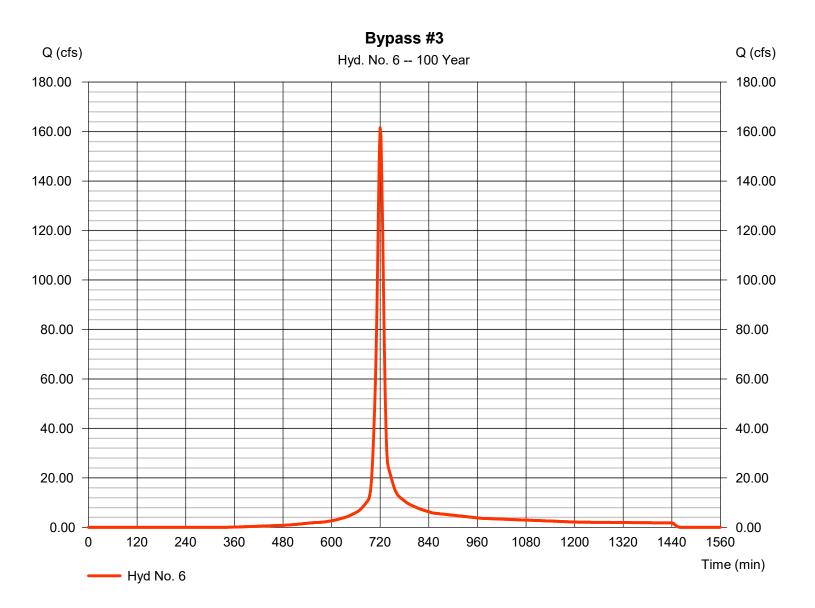
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 6

Bypass #3

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 161.50 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 424,563 cuftDrainage area= 22 240 acCurve number= 79

Drainage area = 22.240 ac Curve number = 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft



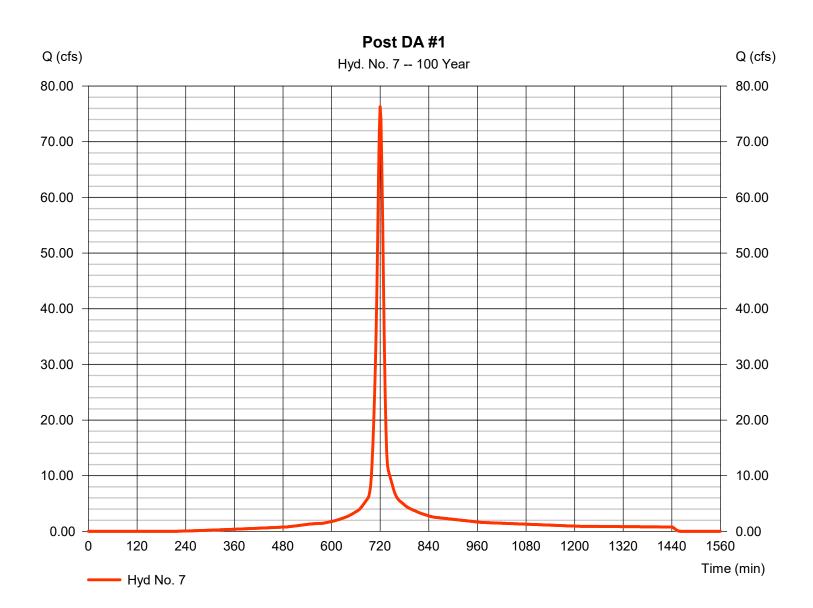
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 7

Post DA #1

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 76.32 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 207,843 cuft

Drainage area = 9.220 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft



Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

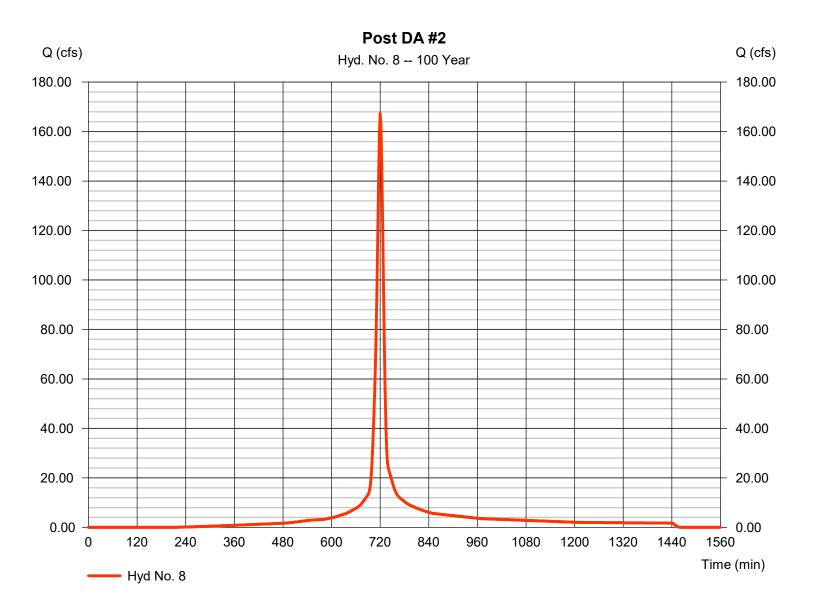
Hyd. No. 8

Post DA #2

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 167.28 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 455,587 cuft

Drainage area = 20.210 ac Curve number = 87 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0.0 ft

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 7.56 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



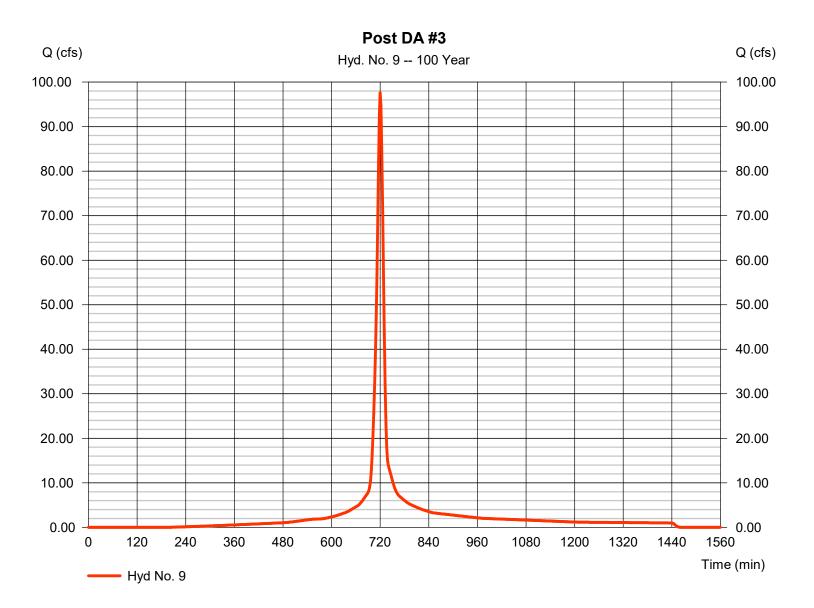
Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 9

Post DA #3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 97.60 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 267.480 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 11.640 ac = 88

Tc method= UserTime of conc. (Tc)= 10.00 minTotal precip.= 7.56 inDistribution= Type IIStorm duration= 24 hrsShape factor= 484



Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

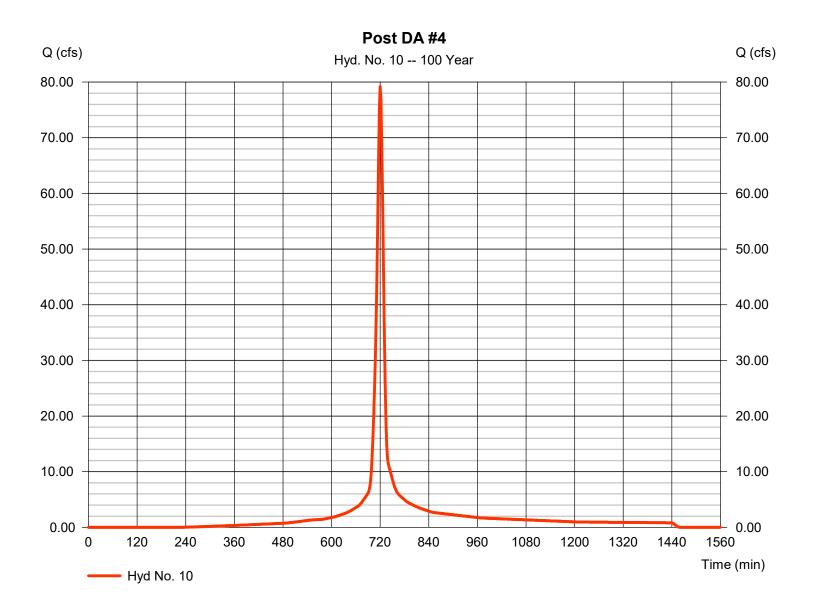
Hyd. No. 10

Post DA #4

Hydrograph type= SCS RunoffPeak discharge= 79.20 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 720 minTime interval= 2 minHyd. volume= 214,438 cuft

Drainage area = 9.700 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 % Hydraulic length = 0 ft

Tc method = User Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min
Total precip. = 7.56 in Distribution = Type II
Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484



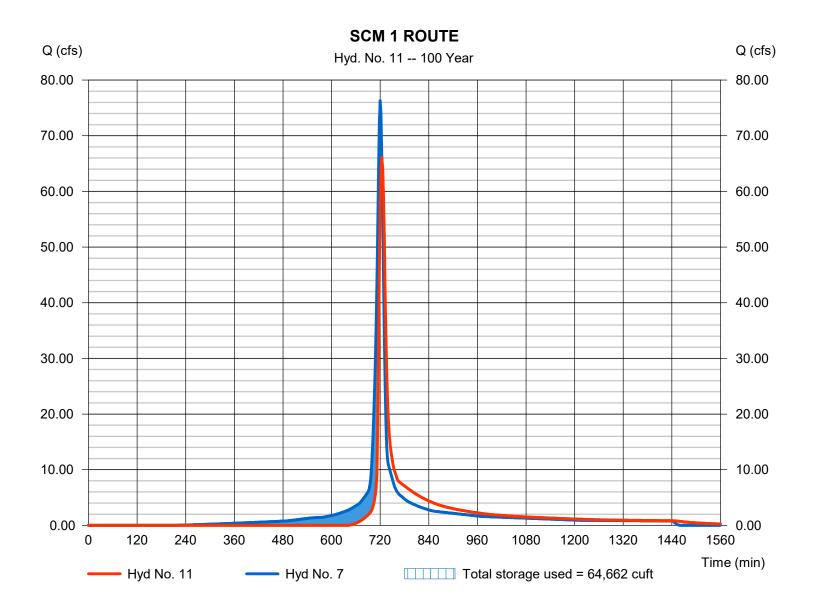
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 11

SCM 1 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 66.14 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 187,941 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 7 - Post DA #1 = 388.90 ft= SCM 1 = 64,662 cuft Reservoir name Max. Storage



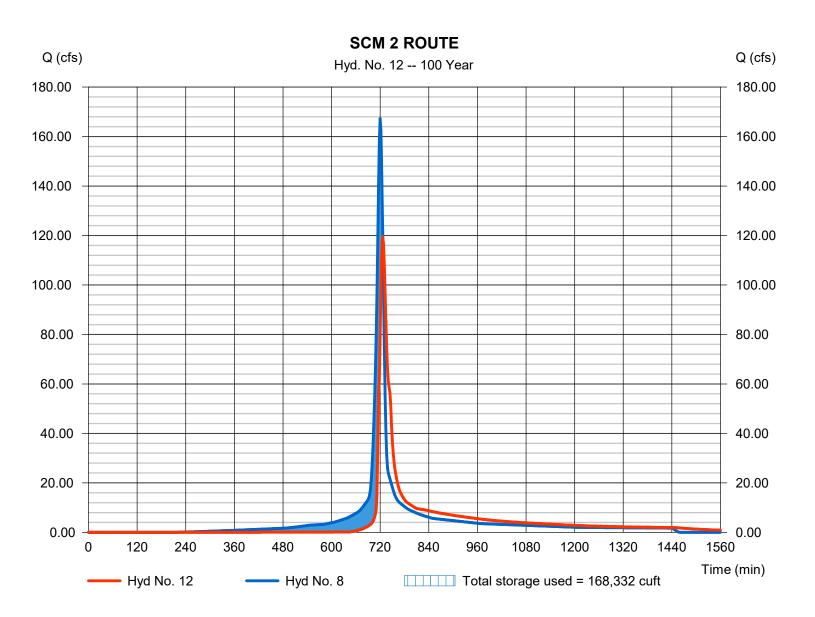
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 12

SCM 2 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 119.55 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 436,792 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 356.82 ft= 8 - Post DA #2 Reservoir name = SCM 2 Max. Storage = 168,332 cuft



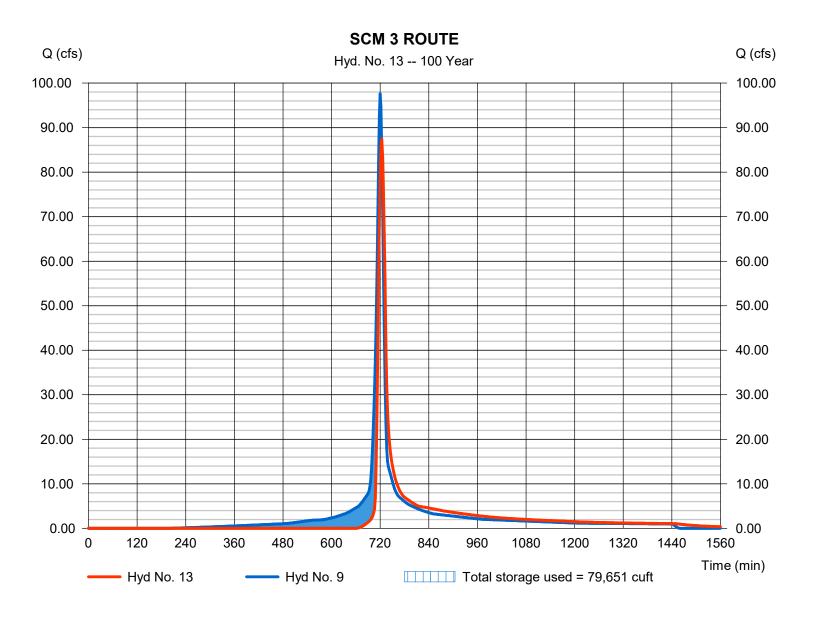
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 13

SCM 3 ROUTE

Hydrograph type Peak discharge = 87.44 cfs= Reservoir Storm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 724 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 235,523 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation = 9 - Post DA #3 = 388.98 ft= 79,651 cuft Reservoir name = SCM 3Max. Storage



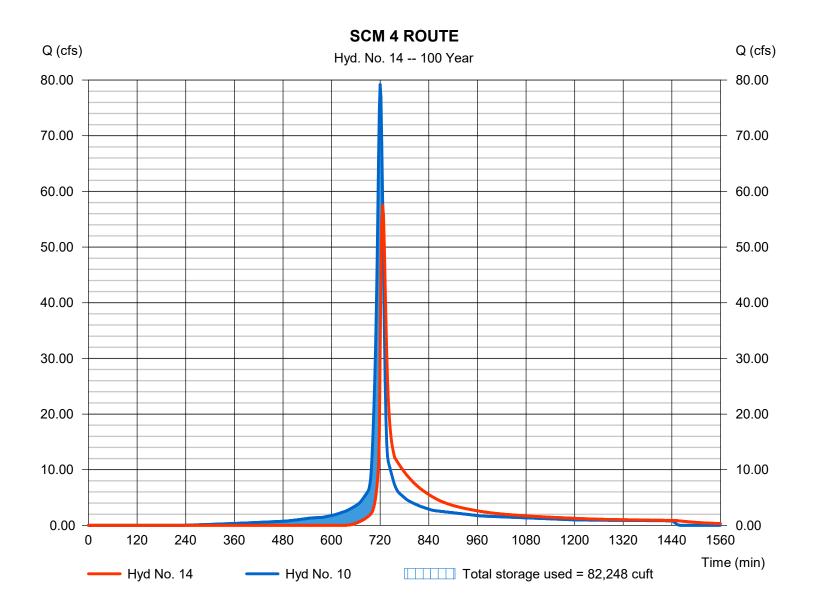
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 14

SCM 4 ROUTE

Hydrograph type = Reservoir Peak discharge = 57.54 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 726 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 196,363 cuft Inflow hyd. No. Max. Elevation $= 384.81 \, \text{ft}$ = 10 - Post DA #4 = 82,248 cuft Reservoir name = SCM 4 Max. Storage

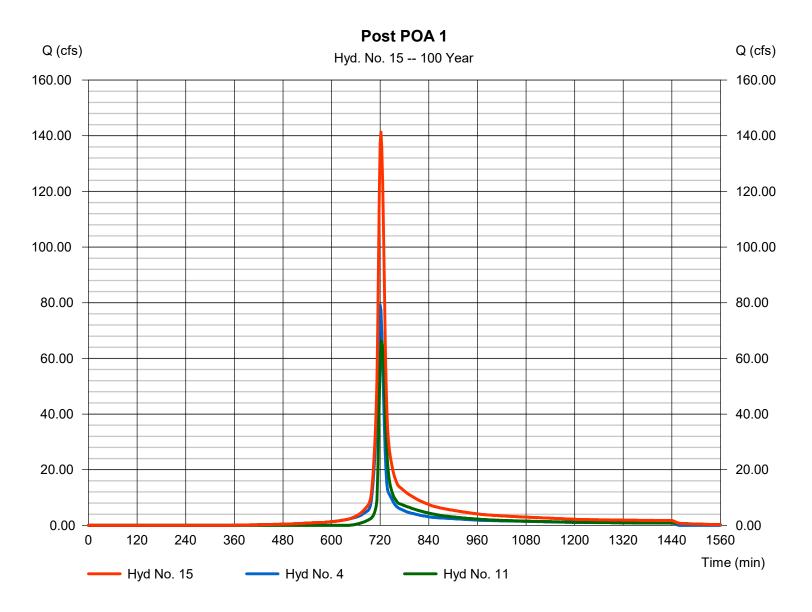


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 15

Post POA 1

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 141.27 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 722 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 396,023 cuft Inflow hyds. = 4, 11 Contrib. drain. area = 10.900 ac



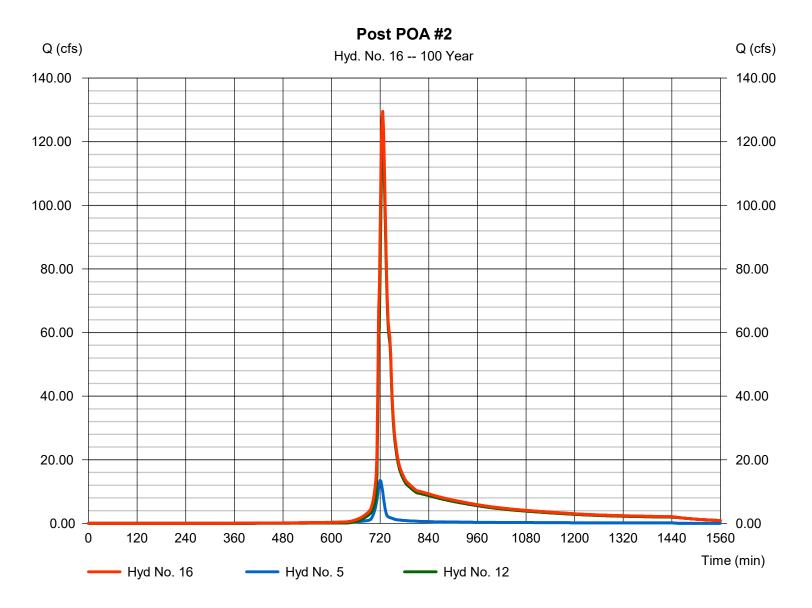
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 16

Post POA #2

Hydrograph type = Combine Peak discharge = 129.55 cfsStorm frequency Time to peak = 100 yrs= 726 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 472,300 cuft Inflow hyds. = 5, 12 Contrib. drain. area = 1.860 ac



Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

= 288.98 cfs

= 22.240 ac

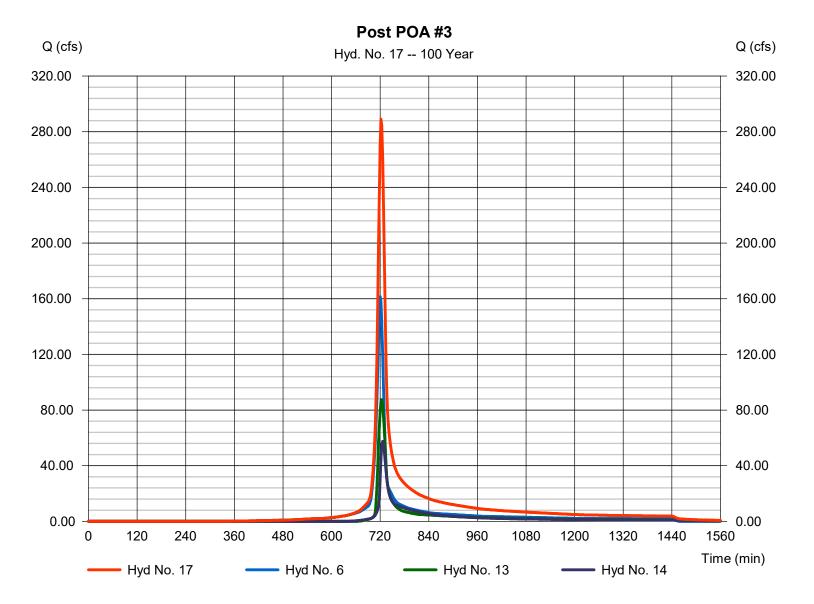
= 856,449 cuft

= 722 min

Hyd. No. 17

Post POA #3

Hydrograph type= CombinePeak dischargeStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peakTime interval= 2 minHyd. volumeInflow hyds.= 6, 13, 14Contrib. drain. area

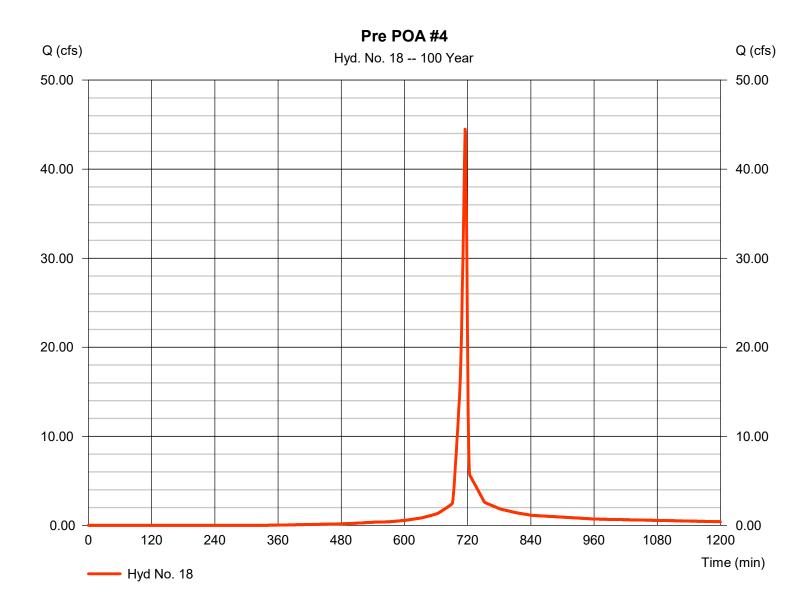


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 18

Pre POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 44.48 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 715 min = 81,914 cuft Time interval = 1 min Hyd. volume Drainage area Curve number = 4.720 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 2.10 min = TR55 Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

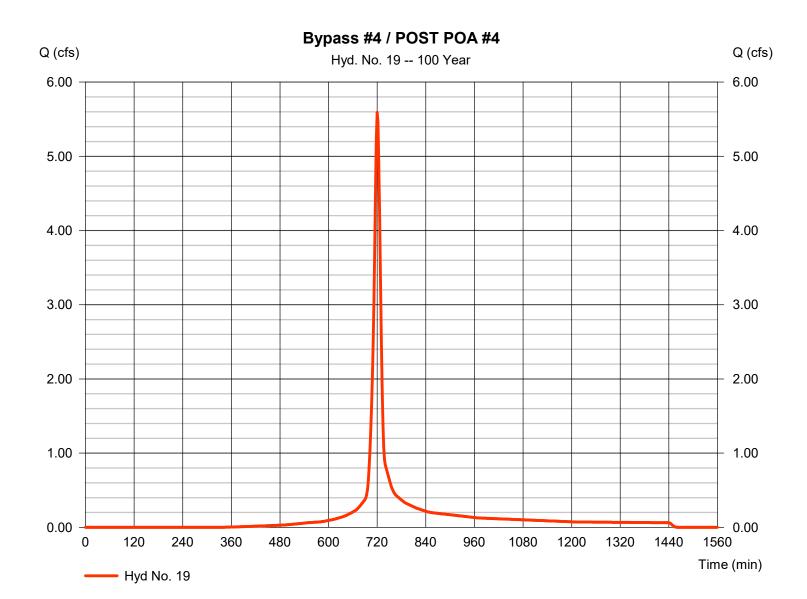


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 19

Bypass #4 / POST POA #4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 5.592 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 14.699 cuft Curve number Drainage area = 0.770 ac= 79 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484

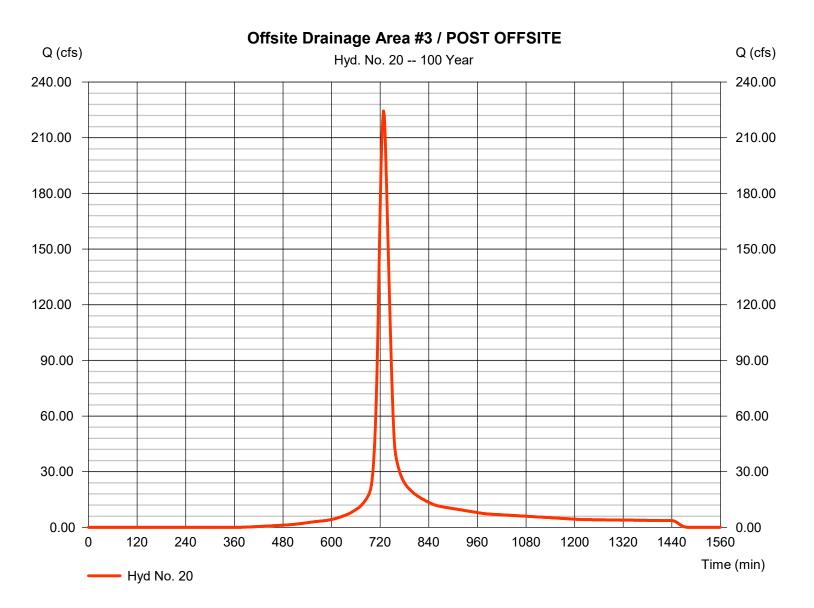


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 20

Offsite Drainage Area #3 / POST OFFSITE

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 224.46 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 728 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 825,592 cuft Drainage area = 47.420 ac Curve number = 77 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.00 min = User Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

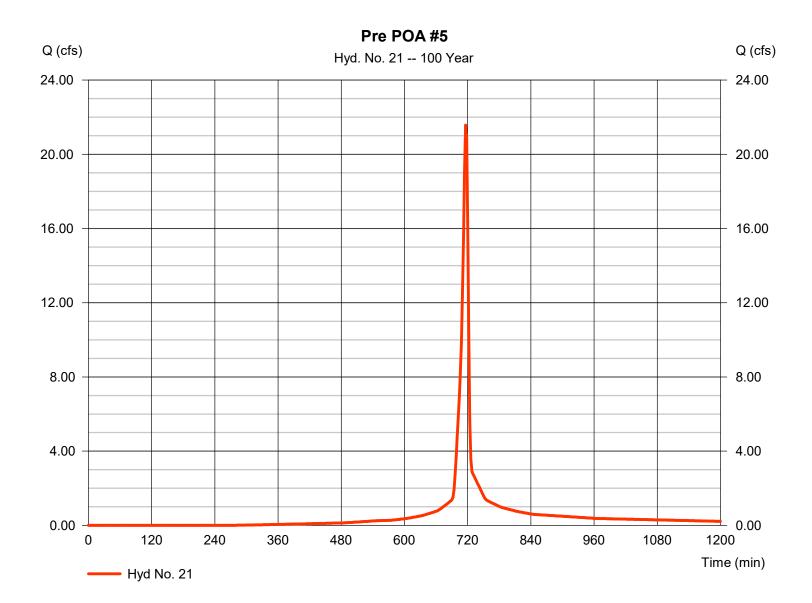


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 21

Pre POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 21.57 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 45,586 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 2.410 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.50 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

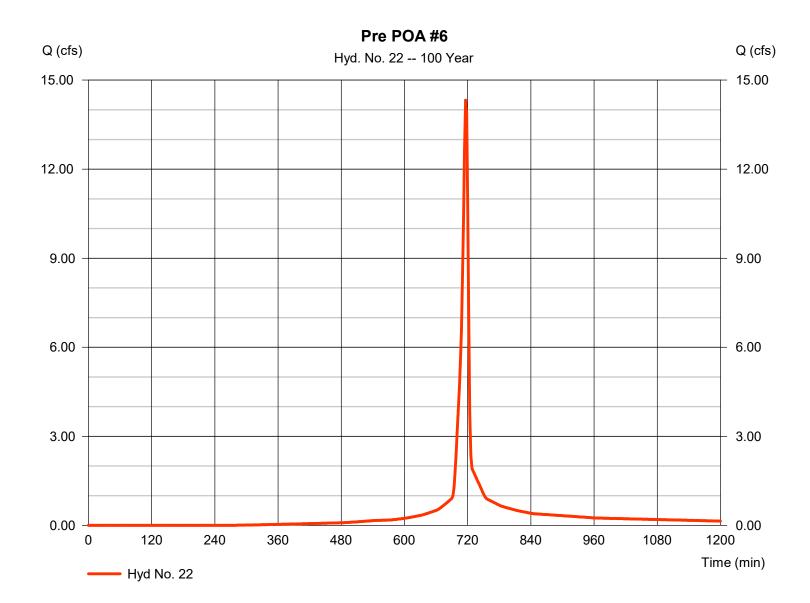


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 22

Pre POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 14.32 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 716 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 30.265 cuft Drainage area = 1.600 acCurve number = 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 4.20 \, \text{min}$ = TR55 Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Storm duration = 24 hrs Shape factor = 484

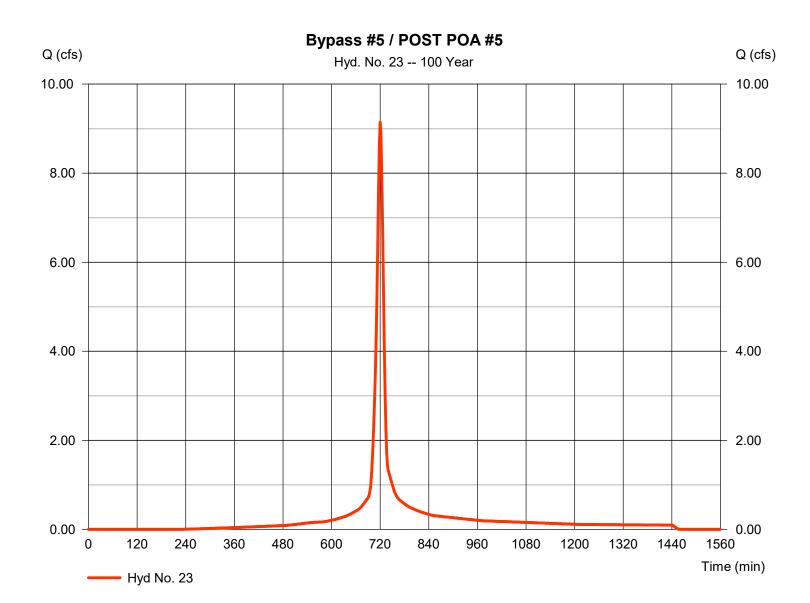


Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 23

Bypass #5 / POST POA #5

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 9.145 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 24,760 cuftDrainage area = 1.120 ac Curve number = 86 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) $= 10.00 \, \text{min}$ = User Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



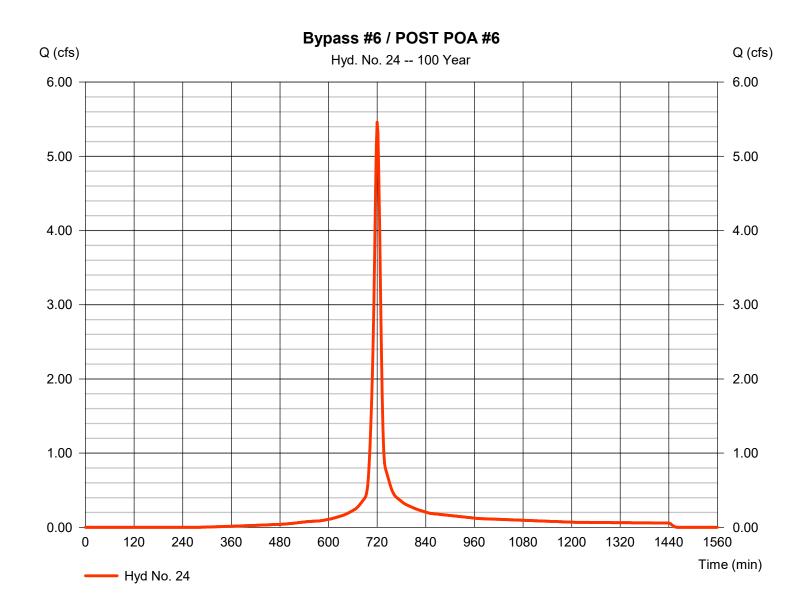
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Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

Hyd. No. 24

Bypass #6 / POST POA #6

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff Peak discharge = 5.460 cfsStorm frequency = 100 yrsTime to peak = 720 min Time interval = 2 min Hyd. volume = 14,565 cuft Drainage area Curve number = 0.700 ac= 83 Basin Slope = 0.0 %Hydraulic length = 0 ftTc method Time of conc. (Tc) = 10.00 min = User Total precip. = 7.56 inDistribution = Type II Shape factor Storm duration = 24 hrs = 484



Hydraflow Rainfall Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2023

Monday, 10 / 2 / 2023

| Return Period | Intensity-Du | Intensity-Duration-Frequency Equation Coefficients (FHA) | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (Yrs) | В | D | E | (N/A) | | | | | |
| 1 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 51.0918 | 10.3000 | 0.8101 | | | | | | |
| 3 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | | | |
| 5 | 49.6368 | 10.3000 | 0.7553 | | | | | | |
| 10 | 51.1095 | 10.4000 | 0.7327 | | | | | | |
| 25 | 54.6954 | 10.5000 | 0.7118 | | | | | | |
| 50 | 58.0360 | 10.6000 | 0.7004 | | | | | | |
| 100 | 61.9189 | 10.8000 | 0.6926 | | | | | | |

File name: rolesville.IDF

Intensity = $B / (Tc + D)^E$

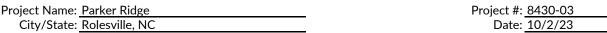
| Intensity Values (in/hr) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 5 min | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 5.61 | 4.46 | 3.73 | 3.22 | 2.85 | 2.56 | 2.33 | 2.14 | 1.98 | 1.85 | 1.73 | 1.63 |
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 6.33 | 5.11 | 4.33 | 3.78 | 3.36 | 3.04 | 2.79 | 2.57 | 2.40 | 2.24 | 2.11 | 2.00 |
| 6.89 | 5.61 | 4.78 | 4.19 | 3.75 | 3.40 | 3.12 | 2.89 | 2.70 | 2.53 | 2.39 | 2.26 |
| 7.77 | 6.37 | 5.46 | 4.80 | 4.31 | 3.92 | 3.61 | 3.35 | 3.14 | 2.95 | 2.79 | 2.65 |
| 8.47 | 6.97 | 5.99 | 5.29 | 4.75 | 4.34 | 4.00 | 3.72 | 3.48 | 3.28 | 3.10 | 2.94 |
| 9.16 | 7.57 | 6.52 | 5.77 | 5.20 | 4.75 | 4.38 | 4.08 | 3.82 | 3.60 | 3.41 | 3.24 |
| | 0.00 5.61 0.00 6.33 6.89 7.77 8.47 | 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 6.89 5.61 7.77 6.37 8.47 6.97 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 6.89 5.61 4.78 7.77 6.37 5.46 8.47 6.97 5.99 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 3.78 6.89 5.61 4.78 4.19 7.77 6.37 5.46 4.80 8.47 6.97 5.99 5.29 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 2.85 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 3.78 3.36 6.89 5.61 4.78 4.19 3.75 7.77 6.37 5.46 4.80 4.31 8.47 6.97 5.99 5.29 4.75 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 2.85 2.56 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 3.78 3.36 3.04 6.89 5.61 4.78 4.19 3.75 3.40 7.77 6.37 5.46 4.80 4.31 3.92 8.47 6.97 5.99 5.29 4.75 4.34 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 35 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 2.85 2.56 2.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 3.78 3.36 3.04 2.79 6.89 5.61 4.78 4.19 3.75 3.40 3.12 7.77 6.37 5.46 4.80 4.31 3.92 3.61 8.47 6.97 5.99 5.29 4.75 4.34 4.00 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 2.85 2.56 2.33 2.14 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 6.33 5.11 4.33 3.78 3.36 3.04 2.79 2.57 6.89 5.61 4.78 4.19 3.75 3.40 3.12 2.89 7.77 6.37 5.46 4.80 4.31 3.92 3.61 3.35 8.47 6.97 5.99 5.29 4.75 4.34 4.00 3.72 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5.61 4.46 3.73 3.22 2.85 2.56 2.33 2.14 1.98 0.00 0 | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 0.00 < | 5 min 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 0.00 <td< td=""></td<> |

Tc = time in minutes. Values may exceed 60.

name: G:\NCA\Projects\Lennar\8430-03 - Lennar - School Street - Rolesville\04 - Calculations\Storm\rolesville prec.pcp

| | Rainfall Precipitation Table (in) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|
| Storm Distribution | 1-yr | 2-yr | 3-yr | 5-yr | 10-yr | 25-yr | 50-yr | 100-yr | |
| SCS 24-hour | 2.86 | 3.45 | 0.00 | 3.30 | 5.04 | 6.00 | 6.80 | 7.56 | |
| SCS 6-Hr | 2.04 | 2.44 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.54 | 4.22 | 0.00 | 5.45 | |
| Huff-1st | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.75 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6.50 | 0.00 | |
| Huff-2nd | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Huff-3rd | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Huff-4th | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Huff-Indy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Custom | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.80 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 6.00 | 0.00 | |





SCM 1

Table 1 Surface Area to Drainage Area Ratio for Permanent Pool Sizing

Piedmont and Mountain SA/DA Table (Adapted from Driscoll, 1986)

| | Permanent Pool Depth (feet) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| % Impervious | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | | | |
| 10 | 0.51 | 0.43 | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.27 | 0.25 | | | |
| 20 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 0.44 | 0.40 | | | |
| 30 | 1.17 | 0.94 | 0.84 | 0.72 | 0.61 | 0.56 | | | |
| 40 | 1.51 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 0.91 | 0.78 | 0.71 | | | |
| 50 | 1.79 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.13 | 0.95 | 0.87 | | | |
| 60 | 2.09 | 1.77 | 1.49 | 1.31 | 1.12 | 1.03 | | | |
| 70 | 2.51 | 2.09 | 1.80 | 1.56 | 1.34 | 1.17 | | | |
| 80 | 2.92 | 2.41 | 2.07 | 1.82 | 1.62 | 1.40 | | | |
| 90 | 3.25 | 2.64 | 2.31 | 2.04 | 1.84 | 1.59 | | | |
| 100 | 3.55 | 2.79 | 2.52 | 2.34 | 2.04 | 1.75 | | | |

Source: NCDEQ Stormwater Design Manual Minimum Design Criteria C-3 Wet Pond (4.18.2017)

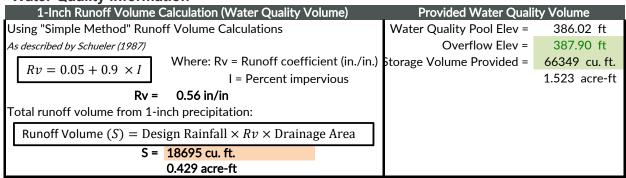
Drainage Area Information

Total Drainage Area = 9.22 acres
Total Impervious Area = 5.21 acres
% Impervious Surface Area = 56.51 %

Normal Pool Information

| Minimum Requi | red Permanent Pool Surface Area | Provided Permanent Pool | Surface Area |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Avg Depth = 3.50 ft | | Normal Pool Elevation = | 384.5 |
| SA/DA ratio = 1.83 | From Table 1 | Main Pool SA Provided = | 8489 sq. ft. |
| Minimum pond surfa | 100 |] | 0.195 acres |
| SA | = 7359 sq. ft. | | |
| | 0.169 acres | | |

Water Quality Information





Project Name: Parker Ridge Project #: 8430-03 Date: 10/2/23

City/State: Rolesville, NC

SCM₁

Total Drainage Area = **AVERAGE DEPTH**

9.22

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The average depth of a wet pond is to be calculated by one of these two options:

| | Below Normal Pool Contours (feet) | Contour Area (SF) | Incremental Contour Volume (CF) | Accumulated Contour Volume (CF) | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| $A_{bot_pond} \rightarrow$ | 379.00 | 4017 | | | |
| | 380.00 | 4627 | 4318 | 4318 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 381.00 | 5266 | 4943 | 9261 | |
| $A_{\text{bot_shelf}} \rightarrow$ | 384.00 | 7367 | 18862 | 28123 | |
| $A_{perm_pool} \rightarrow$ | 384.50 | 8489 | 3961 | 32084 | ←Total Pond Volume |

V_{perm pool} = Total Volume - Sediment Storage Volume = 27,765 cf

OPTION 1: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = \frac{V_{perm_pool}}{A_{perm_pool}}$$

D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 $V_{perm pool}$ = Volume of Permanent Pool (ft³) $A_{perm pool}$ = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

 $D_{avg} = 3.27 \text{ ft}$

OPTION 2: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = 0.25 \text{ x} \left(1 + \frac{A_{bot_shelf}}{A_{perm_pool}} \right) + \frac{A_{bot_shelf} + A_{bot_pond}}{2} \text{ x} \frac{Depth}{A_{bot_shelf}}$$

Where:

D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 $A_{\text{bot_shelf}}$ = Area of Wet Pond at the Bottom of the Shelf (ft²)

A_{bot_pond} = Area of Wet Pond Bottom above Sediment Storage (ft2)

 $A_{perm pool}$ = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

Depth = Depth of Wet Pond from Bottom of Shelf to Sediment Storage (ft)

 $D_{avg} =$ 3.72 ft

Use Average Depth = 3.50 ft



Project Name: Parker Ridge
City/State: Rolesville, NC
Project #: 8430-03
Date: 10/2/23

SCM 1

Total Drainage Area =

FOREBAY DESIGN

Per NCDEQ "*Stormwater Design Manual*" Minimum Design Criteria: The forebay volume shall be 15-20% of the main pool.

 Project Name:
 Parker Ridge
 Project #:
 8430-03

 City/State:
 Rolesville, NC
 Date:
 10/2/23

70 Runoff Storage Volume Information

| | torage relaine | | Incremental | Accumulated | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| Pond Area | Countour Elevation (ft) | Contour Area (sf) | Contour Volume (cf) | Contour Volume (cf) | |
| | 390.00 | 20,196 | 19,318 | 85,667 | ←Top of Dam |
| | 389.00 | 18,453 | 17,603 | 66,349 | |
| Storage | 388.00 | 16,767 | 15,946 | 48,746 | |
| Volume | 387.00 | 15,138 | 14,344 | 32,800 | |
| | 386.00 | 13,565 | 12,800 | 18,456 | |
| | 385.00 | 12,050 | 5,656 | 5,656 | |
| Normal Pool | 384.50 | 10,590 | 0 | 0 | ←Normal Pool |

70 Pond Volume Information

| 70 Pond Vo | lume Informatio | n | | | _ |
|------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Incremental | Accumulated | |
| Pond Area | Countour | Contour | Contour | Contour | |
| Poliu Alea | Elevation | Area | Volume | Volume | |
| | (ft) | (sf) | (cf) | (cf) | |
| | 384.50 | 8,489 | 3,961 | 32,109 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 384.00 | 7,367 | 7,001 | 28,148 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 383.00 | 6,641 | 6,287 | 21,147 | |
| Main Pool | 382.00 | 5,939 | 5,599 | 14,861 | |
| | 381.00 | 5,266 | 4,943 | 9,261 | |
| | 380.00 | 4,627 | 4,318 | 4,318 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 379.00 | 4,017 | 0 | 0 | ←Pond Bottom |
| | | | | | 1 |
| | 384.50 | 2,101 | 927 | 5,775 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 384.00 | 1,617 | 1,470 | 4,848 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 383.00 | 1,328 | 1,194 | 3,378 | |
| Forebay | 382.00 | 1,064 | 942 | 2,184 | 1 |
| | 381.00 | 826 | 718 | 1,242 | |
| | 380.00 | 616 | 523 | 523 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 379.00 | 436 | 0 | 0 | ←Forebay Bottom |
| | | | | | i ' |
| | 384.50 | 10,590 | 4,888 | 37,887 | |
| | 384.00 | 8,984 | 8,471 | 32,999 | 1 |
| | 383.00 | 7,969 | 7,481 | 24,528 | 1 |
| Total | 382.00 | 7,003 | 6,542 | 17,047 | 1 |
| | 381.00 | 6,092 | 5,662 | 10,505 | 1 |
| | 380.00 | 5,243 | 4,843 | 4,843 | 1 |
| | 379.00 | 4,453 | 0 | 0 | 1 |



| Project Name: | Parker Ridge | Project #: 8430-03 |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|
| City/State: | Rolesville, NC | Date: 10/2/23 |

9.22 acres

SCM 1

Total Drainage Area =

OS-A Anti-Floatation Sizing Calulations

Outlet Structure Dimension

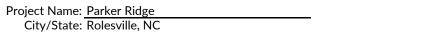
Outside Riser Width: Inside Riser Width: 4 ft 5 **ft** Wall Thickness: 6 in **Top Elevation:** 387.9 ft **Invert Elevation:** 384.5 ft **Bottom Elevation:** 379 ft **Extended Base Width Extended Base:** 12 in 7 ft

Displaced Volume: 222 cu ft
Displaced Weight: 13884 lbs

Volume of Actual Structure: 31 cu ft
Weight of Concrete Structure: 4590 lbs
Weight of Earth with Extended Base: 4488 lbs
Weight of Extra Depth: 20625 lbs
Total Weight of Structure: 29703 lbs

Factor of Safety: 2.1 OK





Project #: <u>8430-03</u> Date: <u>10/2/23</u>

Table 1 Surface Area to Drainage Area Ratio for Permanent Pool Sizing Piedmont and Mountain SA/DA Table (Adapted from Driscoll, 1986)

| | Permanent Pool Depth (feet) | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| % Impervious | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | | | | |
| 10 | 0.51 | 0.43 | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.27 | 0.25 | | | | |
| 20 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 0.44 | 0.40 | | | | |
| 30 | 1.17 | 0.94 | 0.84 | 0.72 | 0.61 | 0.56 | | | | |
| 40 | 1.51 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 0.91 | 0.78 | 0.71 | | | | |
| 50 | 1.79 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.13 | 0.95 | 0.87 | | | | |
| 60 | 2.09 | 1.77 | 1.49 | 1.31 | 1.12 | 1.03 | | | | |
| 70 | 2.51 | 2.09 | 1.80 | 1.56 | 1.34 | 1.17 | | | | |
| 80 | 2.92 | 2.41 | 2.07 | 1.82 | 1.62 | 1.40 | | | | |
| 90 | 3.25 | 2.64 | 2.31 | 2.04 | 1.84 | 1.59 | | | | |
| 100 | 3.55 | 2.79 | 2.52 | 2.34 | 2.04 | 1.75 | | | | |

SCM 2

Source: NCDEQ Stormwater Design Manual Minimum Design Criteria C-3 Wet Pond (4.18.2017)

Drainage Area Information

Total Drainage Area = 20.21 acres
Total Impervious Area = 9.98 acres
% Impervious Surface Area = 49.38 %

Normal Pool Information

| Minimum Re | equired | l Permanent Pool Surface Area | Provided Permanent Pool | Surface Area | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Avg Depth = 3.5 | 0 ft | | | Normal Pool Elevation = | 351.5 |
| SA/DA ratio = 2.0 | 09 | From Table 1 | | Main Pool SA Provided = | 20384 sq. ft. |
| Minimum pond su | Minimum pond surface area $(SA) = \frac{DA \times SA \div DA \ ratio}{100}$ | | | | 0.468 acres |
| | SA = | 18411 sq. ft. | | | |
| | | 0.423 acres | | | |

Water Quality Information

| 1-Inch Runoff Volume Calculation (Water Quality Volume) | Provided Water Qual | ity Volume |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Using "Simple Method" Runoff Volume Calculations | Water Quality Pool Elev = | 352.82 ft |
| As described by Schueler (1987) | Overflow Elev = | 355.00 ft |
| $Rv = 0.05 + 0.9 \times I \qquad \text{Where: Rv = Runoff coefficient (in./in.)} \\ Rv = 0.49 \text{ in/in} \\ \text{Total runoff volume from 1-inch precipitation:}$ | Storage Volume Provided = | 138278 cu. ft. 3.174 acre-ft |
| Runoff Volume (S) = Design Rainfall $\times Rv \times$ Drainage Area | | |
| S = 36273 cu. ft. 0.833 acre-ft | | |

Interpolation from table 10.1:

| s | | Permanent F | nt Pool Depth | | |
|--------|------|-------------|---------------|------|--|
| l sinc | | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | |
| Ĭ. | 40.0 | 1.51 | | 1.24 | |
| be | 49.4 | 1.77 | 2.09 | 2.41 | |
| ≅. % | 50.0 | 1.79 | | 1.51 | |



Project Name: Parker Ridge Project #: 8430-03
City/State: Rolesville, NC Date: 10/2/23

SCM₂

Total Drainage Area =

AVERAGE DEPTH

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The average depth of a wet pond is to be calculated by one of these two options:

| | Below Normal Pool Contours (feet) | Contour Area (SF) | Incremental Contour Volume (CF) | Accumulated Contour Volume (CF) | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| $A_{\text{bot pond}} \rightarrow$ | 346.00 | 12020 | | | _ |
| | 347.00 | 13231 | 12621 | 12621 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 348.00 | 14468 | 13845 | 26466 | |
| $A_{\text{bot_shelf}} \rightarrow$ | 351.00 | 18329 | 49081 | 75547 | |
| $A_{perm pool} \rightarrow$ | 351.50 | 20384 | 9674 | 85221 | ←Total Pond Volume |

V_{perm pool} = Total Volume - Sediment Storage Volume = 72,600 cf

OPTION 1: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = \frac{V_{perm_pool}}{A_{perm_pool}}$$

Where:

D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 $V_{perm pool}$ = Volume of Permanent Pool (ft³)

 A_{perm_pool} = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

$$D_{avg} = 3.56 \text{ ft}$$

OPTION 2: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = 0.25 \times \left(1 + \frac{A_{bot_shelf}}{A_{perm_pool}}\right) + \frac{A_{bot_shelf} + A_{bot_pond}}{2} \times \frac{Depth}{A_{bot_shelf}}$$

Where:

 D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 $A_{\text{bot_shelf}}$ = Area of Wet Pond at the Bottom of the Shelf (ft²)

A_{bot_pond} = Area of Wet Pond Bottom above Sediment Storage (ft2)

 $A_{perm pool}$ = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

Depth = Depth of Wet Pond from Bottom of Shelf to Sediment Storage (ft)

$$D_{avg} = 3.92 \text{ ft}$$

Use Average Depth = 3.50 ft



 Project Name:
 Parker Ridge
 Project #: 8430-03

 City/State:
 Rolesville, NC
 Date: 10/2/23

SCM 2

Total Drainage Area =

FOREBAY DESIGN

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The forebay volume shall be 15-20% of the main pool.

Project Name:Parker RidgeProject #:8430-03City/State:Rolesville, NCDate:10/2/23

50 Runoff Storage Volume Information

| | Countour | Contour | Incremental | Accumulated | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Pond Area | Elevation | Area | Contour | Contour | |
| | (ft) | (sf) | Volume | Volume | |
| | 357.00 | 37,716 | 36,604 | 174,882 | ←Top of Dam |
| | 356.00 | 35,504 | 34,421 | 138,278 | |
| Storage | 355.00 | 33,350 | 32,295 | 103,857 | |
| Volume | 354.00 | 31,251 | 30,224 | 71,562 | |
| | 353.00 | 29,209 | 28,211 | 41,337 | |
| | 352.00 | 27,224 | 13,127 | 13,127 | |
| Normal Pool | 351.50 | 25,295 | 0 | 0 | ←Normal Pool |

50 Pond Volume Information

| 50 Pond Vol | lume Informatio | n | | | _ |
|-------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | Countour | Contour | Incremental | Accumulated | |
| Pond Area | Elevation | Area | Contour | Contour | |
| | (ft) | (sf) | Volume | Volume | |
| | 351.50 | 20,384 | 9,674 | 85,272 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 351.00 | 18,329 | 17,669 | 75,598 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 350.00 | 17,017 | 16,369 | 57,929 | |
| Main Pool | 349.00 | 15,730 | 15,095 | 41,560 | |
| | 348.00 | 14,468 | 13,845 | 26,466 | |
| | 347.00 | 13,231 | 12,621 | 12,621 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 346.00 | 12,020 | 0 | 0 | ←Pond Bottom |
| | | | | | |
| | 351.50 | 4,911 | 2,185 | 12,993 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 351.00 | 3,849 | 3,477 | 10,809 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 350.00 | 3,117 | 2,768 | 7,332 | |
| Forebay | 349.00 | 2,434 | 2,111 | 4,564 | |
| | 348.00 | 1,803 | 1,504 | 2,453 |] |
| | 347.00 | 1,224 | 949 | 949 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 346.00 | 698 | 0 | 0 | ←Forebay Bottom |
| | | | | | |
| | 351.50 | 25,295 | 11,860 | 98,288 | |
| | 351.00 | 22,178 | 21,148 | 86,428 | 15.2% |
| | 350.00 | 20,134 | 19,141 | 65,281 |] |
| Total | 349.00 | 18,164 | 17,209 | 46,140 | 1 |
| | 348.00 | 16,271 | 15,354 | 28,931 | |
| | 347.00 | 14,455 | 13,577 | 13,577 | 1 |
| | 346.00 | 12,718 | 0 | 0 | |



Project Name: Parker Ridge SCM 2 Project #: 8430-03
City/State: Rolesville, NC Date: 10/2/23

Total Drainage Area =

OS-A Anti-Floatation Sizing Calulations

Outlet Structure Dimension

Inside Riser Width: 5 ft Outside Riser Width: 7 ft

Wall Thickness: 6 in
Top Elevation: 356 ft
Invert Elevation: 351.5 ft
Bottom Elevation: 347 ft

Extended Base: 12 in Extended Base Width 9 ft

Displaced Volume: 441 cu ft
Displaced Weight: 27518 lbs

Volume of Actual Structure: 108 cu ft
leight of Concrete Structure: 16200 lbs
of Earth with Extended Base: 7920 lbs
Weight of Extra Depth: 33075 lbs
Total Weight of Structure: 57195 lbs

Factor of Safety: 2.1 OK



Project Name: Parker Ridge
City/State: Rolesville, NC
Project #: 8430-03
Date: 10/2/23

SCM 3

Table 1 Surface Area to Drainage Area Ratio for Permanent Pool Sizing Piedmont and Mountain SA/DA Table (Adapted from Driscoll, 1986)

| | Permanent Pool Depth (feet) | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| % Impervious | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | | |
| 10 | 0.51 | 0.43 | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.27 | 0.25 | | |
| 20 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 0.44 | 0.40 | | |
| 30 | 1.17 | 0.94 | 0.84 | 0.72 | 0.61 | 0.56 | | |
| 40 | 1.51 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 0.91 | 0.78 | 0.71 | | |
| 50 | 1.79 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.13 | 0.95 | 0.87 | | |
| 60 | 2.09 | 1.77 | 1.49 | 1.31 | 1.12 | 1.03 | | |
| 70 | 2.51 | 2.09 | 1.80 | 1.56 | 1.34 | 1.17 | | |
| 80 | 2.92 | 2.41 | 2.07 | 1.82 | 1.62 | 1.40 | | |
| 90 | 3.25 | 2.64 | 2.31 | 2.04 | 1.84 | 1.59 | | |
| 100 | 3.55 | 2.79 | 2.52 | 2.34 | 2.04 | 1.75 | | |

Source: NCDEQ Stormwater Design Manual Minimum Design Criteria C-3 Wet Pond (4.18.2017)

Drainage Area Information

Total Drainage Area = 11.64 acres

Total Impervious Area = 6.21 acres

% Impervious Surface Area = 53.35 %

Input Output

Normal Pool Information

| Minimum Required Permanent Pool Surface Area | | | Provided Permanent Pool Surface Area | | |
|--|----------|--------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Avg Depth = 3.50 ft | | | Normal Pool Elevation = | 384.5 | |
| SA/DA ratio = 1.74 <i>From</i> | Table 1 | | Main Pool SA Provided = | 11217 sq. ft. | |
| Minimum pond surface area (S | <u> </u> | ratio_ | | 0.258 acres | |
| SA = 8842 | sq. ft. | | | | |
| 0.203 | acres | | | | |

Water Quality Information

| Trator Quanty informa | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1-Inch Runoff Volume (| Calculation (Water Quality Volume) | Provided Water Quality Volume | | |
| Using "Simple Method" Runot | ff Volume Calculations | Water Quality Pool Elev = | 385.92 ft | |
| As described by Schueler (1987) | | Overflow Elev = | 387.80 ft | |
| $Rv = 0.05 + 0.9 \times I$ Rv = Total runoff volume from 1-ir | Where: Rv = Runoff coefficient (in./in.) I = Percent impervious 0.53 in/in ach precipitation: | Storage Volume Provided = | 60436 cu. ft. 1.387 acre-ft | |
| Runoff Volume $(S) = Desi$ | ign Rainfall \times $Rv \times$ Drainage Area | | | |
| - | 22401 cu. ft. 0.514 acre-ft | | | |



Project Name: Parker Ridge
City/State: Rolesville, NC
Project #: 8430-03
Date: 10/2/23

SCM₃

Total Drainage Area =

AVERAGE DEPTH

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The average depth of a wet pond is to be calculated by one of these two options:

| | Below Normal Pool Contours (feet) | Contour Area (SF) | Incremental Contour Volume (CF) | Accumulated Contour Volume (CF) | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| $A_{bot_pond} \rightarrow$ | 379.00 | 6368 | | | |
| | 380.00 | 7038 | 6700 | 6700 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 381.00 | 7730 | 7381 | 14082 | |
| $A_{bot_shelf} \rightarrow$ | 384.00 | 9960 | 26464 | 40546 | |
| $A_{perm_pool} \rightarrow $ | 384.50 | 11217 | 5291 | 45837 | ←Total Pond Volume |

V_{perm pool} = Total Volume - Sediment Storage Volume = 39,137 cf

OPTION 1: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = \frac{V_{perm_pool}}{A_{perm_pool}}$$

Where:

 D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 $V_{perm_pool} = Volume of Permanent Pool (ft^3)$

 A_{perm_pool} = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

 $D_{avg} = 3.49 \text{ ft}$

OPTION 2: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = 0.25 \times \left(1 + \frac{A_{bot_shelf}}{A_{perm_pool}}\right) + \frac{A_{bot_shelf} + A_{bot_pond}}{2} \times \frac{Depth}{A_{bot_shelf}}$$

Where:

 D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 A_{bot_shelf} = Area of Wet Pond at the Bottom of the Shelf (ft²)

A_{bot pond} = Area of Wet Pond Bottom above Sediment Storage (ft2)

 A_{perm_pool} = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

Depth = Depth of Wet Pond from Bottom of Shelf to Sediment Storage (ft)

 $D_{avg} = 3.89 \text{ ft}$

Use Average Depth = 3.50 ft



Project Name: Parker Ridge Project #: 8430-03 Date: 10/2/23

City/State: Rolesville, NC

SCM 3

Total Drainage Area = 11.64

FOREBAY DESIGN

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The forebay volume shall be 15-20% of the main pool.

Parker Ridge Subdivision 8430-03 Project Name: Project #: Rolesville, NC City/State: _ Date:

70 Runoff Storage Volume Information

| Pond Area | Countour Elevation | Contour Area | Incremental Contour Volume | Accumulated Contour Volume | |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | (ft) | (sf) | (cf) | (cf) | |
| | 390.00 | 23,096 | 22,278 | 103,393 | ←Top of Dam |
| | 389.00 | 21,469 | 20,679 | 81,115 | |
| Storage | 388.00 | 19,899 | 19,137 | 60,436 | |
| Volume | 387.00 | 18,385 | 17,651 | 41,299 | |
| | 386.00 | 16,928 | 16,222 | 23,647 | |
| | 385.00 | 15,527 | 7,425 | 7,425 | |
| Normal Pool | 384.50 | 14,183 | 0 | 0 | ←Normal Pool |

_←Normal Pool

70 Pond Volume Information

| 70 Pond Vo | lume Informatio | n | | | _ |
|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|
| Pond Area | Countour Elevation (ft) | Contour Area (sf) | Incremental Contour Volume (cf) | Accumulated Contour Volume (cf) | |
| | 384.50 | 11,217 | 5,291 | 45,850 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 384.00 | 9,960 | 9,573 | 40,559 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 383.00 | 9,192 | 8,817 | 30,986 | C Bottom of Litoral Shell |
| Main Pool | 382.00 | 8,448 | 8,087 | 22,168 | |
| | 381.00 | 7,730 | 7,381 | 14,082 | 1 |
| | 380.00 | 7,038 | 6,700 | 6,700 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 379.00 | 6,368 | 0 | 0 | ←Pond Bottom |
| | | | | | |
| | 384.50 | 2,965 | 1,274 | 8,035 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 384.00 | 2,153 | 1,976 | 6,760 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 383.00 | 1,804 | 1,639 | 4,785 | |
| Forebay | 382.00 | 1,480 | 1,328 | 3,145 | 1 |
| , | 381.00 | 1,181 | 1,041 | 1,818 | 1 |
| | 380.00 | 907 | 777 | 777 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 379.00 | 653 | 0 | 0 | ←Forebay Bottom |
| | | | | | 1 |
| | 384.50 | 14,182 | 6,567 | 53,891 | 1 |
| | 384.00 | 12,113 | 11,550 | 47,324 | 1 |
| | 383.00 | 10,996 | 10,458 | 35,774 | 1 |
| Total | 382.00 | 9,928 | 9,415 | 25,317 |] |
| | 381.00 | 8,911 | 8,423 | 15,902 |] |
| | 380.00 | 7,945 | 7,478 | 7,478 | |
| | 379.00 | 7,021 | 0 | 0 | |



| Project Name: | Parker Ridge | Project #: 8430-03 | |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| City/State: | Rolesville, NC | Date: 10/2/23 | |
| | SCM 3 | | |

Total Drainage Area =

OS-A Anti-Floatation Sizing Calulations

Outlet Structure Dimension

Outside Riser Width: Inside Riser Width: 4 ft 5 **ft** Wall Thickness: 6 in **Top Elevation:** 388.35 ft **Invert Elevation:** 384.5 ft **Bottom Elevation:** 380 ft **Extended Base:** 7 ft 12 in **Extended Base Width**

Displaced Volume: 209 cu ft
Displaced Weight: 13026 lbs

Volume of Actual Structure: 35 cu ft
leight of Concrete Structure: 5198 lbs

of Earth with Extended Base: 5082 lbs

Weight of Extra Depth: 16875 lbs

Total Weight of Structure: 27155 lbs

Factor of Safety: 2.1 OK



Project Name: Parker Ridge Project #: 8430-03
City/State: Rolesville, NC Date: 10/2/23

SCM 4

Table 1 Surface Area to Drainage Area Ratio for Permanent Pool Sizing Piedmont and Mountain SA/DA Table (Adapted from Driscoll, 1986)

| | Permanent Pool Depth (feet) | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| % Impervious | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | |
| 10 | 0.51 | 0.43 | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.27 | 0.25 | |
| 20 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 0.44 | 0.40 | |
| 30 | 1.17 | 0.94 | 0.84 | 0.72 | 0.61 | 0.56 | |
| 40 | 1.51 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 0.91 | 0.78 | 0.71 | |
| 50 | 1.79 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.13 | 0.95 | 0.87 | |
| 60 | 2.09 | 1.77 | 1.49 | 1.31 | 1.12 | 1.03 | |
| 70 | 2.51 | 2.09 | 1.80 | 1.56 | 1.34 | 1.17 | |
| 80 | 2.92 | 2.41 | 2.07 | 1.82 | 1.62 | 1.40 | |
| 90 | 3.25 | 2.64 | 2.31 | 2.04 | 1.84 | 1.59 | |
| 100 | 3.55 | 2.79 | 2.52 | 2.34 | 2.04 | 1.75 | |

Source: NCDEQ Stormwater Design Manual Minimum Design Criteria C-3 Wet Pond (4.18.2017)

Drainage Area Information

Total Drainage Area = 9.70 acres

Total Impervious Area = 4.34 acres

**Impervious Surface Area = 44.74 **

Output

Input

Normal Pool Information

| Minimum Required | d Permanent Pool Surface Area | Provided Permanent Pool | Surface Area |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Avg Depth = 3.50 ft | | Normal Pool Elevation = | 380.5 |
| SA/DA ratio = 2.03 | From Table 1 | Main Pool SA Provided = | 14636 sq. ft. |
| Minimum pond surface | 100 | | 0.336 acres |
| SA = | 8562 sq. ft. | | |
| | 0.197 acres | | |

Water Quality Information

| 1-Inch Runoff Volume Calculation (Water Quality Volume) | Provided Water Quali | ty Volume |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Using "Simple Method" Runoff Volume Calculations | Water Quality Pool Elev = | 381.49 ft |
| As described by Schueler (1987) | Overflow Elev = | 385.00 ft |
| $Rv = 0.05 + 0.9 \times I$ Where: Rv = Runoff coefficient (in./in.) I = Percent impervious $Rv = 0.45 \text{ in/in}$ Total runoff volume from 1-inch precipitation: | Storage Volume Provided = | 84687 cu. ft. 1.944 acre-ft |
| Runoff Volume (S) = Design Rainfall $\times Rv \times$ Drainage Area | | |
| S = <mark>15939 cu. ft.</mark> 0.366 acre-ft | | |



Project Name: Parker Ridge Project #: 8430-03
City/State: Rolesville, NC Date: 10/2/23

SCM 4

Total Drainage Area =

AVERAGE DEPTH

Per NCDEQ "Stormwater Design Manual" Minimum Design Criteria:

The average depth of a wet pond is to be calculated by one of these two options:

| | Below Normal Pool Contours (feet) | Contour Area (SF) | Incremental Contour Volume (CF) | Accumulated Contour Volume (CF) | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| $A_{bot_pond} \rightarrow $ | 375.00 | 5047 | | | _ |
| | 376.00 | 5697 | 5369 | 5369 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 377.00 | 6373 | 6032 | 11401 | |
| $A_{bot_shelf} \rightarrow$ | 380.00 | 8550 | 22305 | 33705 | |
| $A_{perm_pool} \rightarrow $ | 380.50 | 10901 | 4851 | 38556 | ←Total Pond Volume |

V_{perm pool} = Total Volume - Sediment Storage Volume = 33,187 cf

OPTION 1: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = \frac{V_{perm_pool}}{A_{perm_pool}}$$

Where:

 D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 V_{perm_pool} = Volume of Permanent Pool (ft³)

 $A_{perm pool} = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)$

 $D_{avg} = 3.04 \text{ ft}$

OPTION 2: Use the following equation:

$$D_{avg} = 0.25 \times \left(1 + \frac{A_{bot_shelf}}{A_{perm_pool}}\right) + \frac{A_{bot_shelf} + A_{bot_pond}}{2} \times \frac{Depth}{A_{bot_shelf}}$$

Where:

 D_{avg} = Average Depth (ft)

 A_{bot_shelf} = Area of Wet Pond at the Bottom of the Shelf (ft²)

A_{bot_pond} = Area of Wet Pond Bottom above Sediment Storage (ft2)

 A_{perm_pool} = Area of Permanent Pool (ft²)

Depth = Depth of Wet Pond from Bottom of Shelf to Sediment Storage (ft)

 $D_{avg} = 3.78 \, ft$

Use Average Depth = 3.50 ft



 Project Name:
 Project #: 8430-03

 City/State:
 Rolesville, NC

 Date:
 10/2/23

SCM 4

Total Drainage Area =

9.7

FOREBAY DESIGN

Per NCDEQ "*Stormwater Design Manual*" Minimum Design Criteria: The forebay volume shall be 15-20% of the main pool.

 Project Name:
 Parker Ridge
 Project #:
 8430-03

 City/State:
 Rolesville, NC
 Date:
 10/2/23

70 Runoff Storage Volume Information

| Pond Area | Countour Elevation (ft) | Contour Area (sf) | Incremental Contour Volume (cf) | Accumulated Contour Volume (cf) | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| | 386.00 | 24,300 | 23,419 | 108,106 | ←Top of Dam |
| | 385.00 | 22,548 | 21,695 | 84,687 | |
| Storage | 384.00 | 20,853 | 20,028 | 62,992 | |
| Volume | 383.00 | 19,214 | 18,418 | 42,964 |] |
| | 382.00 | 17,634 | 16,864 | 24,546 | |
| | 381.00 | 16,105 | 7,682 | 7,682 | |
| Normal Pool | 380.50 | 14,636 | 0 | 0 | ←Normal Pool |

70 Pond Volume Information

| 70 Polia Vo | iume informatio | n | | | _ |
|-------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Incremental | Accumulated | |
| Pond Area | Countour | Contour | Contour | Contour | |
| i ona i ca | Elevation | Area | Volume | Volume | |
| | (ft) | (sf) | (cf) | (cf) | |
| | 380.50 | 10,901 | 4,851 | 38,576 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 380.00 | 8,550 | 8,172 | 33,725 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 379.00 | 7,799 | 7,433 | 25,554 | |
| Main Pool | 378.00 | 7,073 | 6,720 | 18,121 | |
| | 377.00 | 6,373 | 6,032 | 11,401 | |
| | 376.00 | 5,697 | 5,369 | 5,369 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 375.00 | 5,047 | 0 | 0 | ←Pond Bottom |
| | | | | | |
| | 380.50 | 3,735 | 1,638 | 9,851 | ←Normal Pool |
| | 380.00 | 2,839 | 2,566 | 8,212 | ←Bottom of Litoral Shelf |
| | 379.00 | 2,302 | 2,054 | 5,647 | |
| Forebay | 378.00 | 1,816 | 1,592 | 3,592 | |
| | 377.00 | 1,379 | 1,181 | 2,000 | |
| | 376.00 | 993 | 819 | 819 | ←Sediment Storage Volume |
| | 375.00 | 657 | 0 | 0 | ←Forebay Bottom |
| | | | | | |
| | 380.50 | 14,636 | 6,489 | 48,435 | 1 |
| | 380.00 | 11,389 | 10,739 | 41,946 | |
| | 379.00 | 10,101 | 9,489 | 31,208 | |
| Total | 378.00 | 8,889 | 8,314 | 21,719 | |
| | 377.00 | 7,752 | 7,214 | 13,405 | |
| | 376.00 | 6,690 | 6,190 | 6,190 | |
| | 375.00 | 5,704 | 0 | 0 | |



| Project Name: Parker Ri | dge | Project #: 8430-03 |
|-------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| City/State: Rolesville | , NC | Date: 10/2/23 |
| | SCM 4 | |

Total Drainage Area =

OS-A Anti-Floatation Sizing Calulations

Outlet Structure Dimension

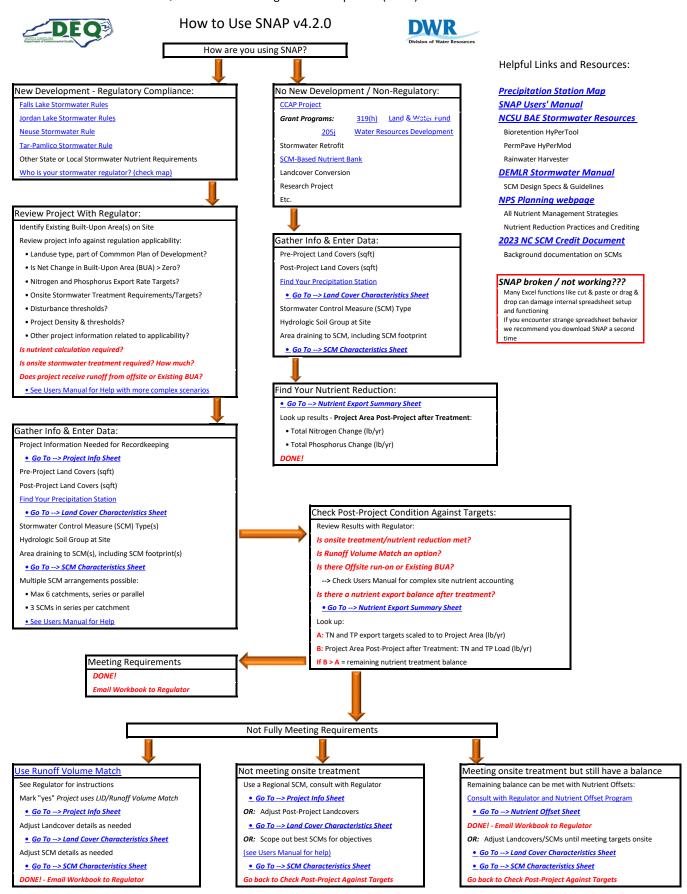
Outside Riser Width: Inside Riser Width: 4 ft 5 **ft** Wall Thickness: 6 in **Top Elevation:** 386 ft **Invert Elevation:** 380.5 ft **Bottom Elevation:** 375 ft **Extended Base:** 7 ft 12 in **Extended Base Width**

Displaced Volume: 275 cu ft
Displaced Weight: 17160 lbs

Volume of Actual Structure: 50 cu ft
leight of Concrete Structure: 7425 lbs
of Earth with Extended Base: 7260 lbs
Weight of Extra Depth: 20625 lbs
Total Weight of Structure: 35310 lbs

Factor of Safety: 2.1 OK

ATTACHMENT 8: NUTRIENT CALCULATIONS



Project Information

Complete this sheet if required by your reviewing authority. Contact them for any questions. Grey boxes/text are optional.

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LOCATION

| Project Name (optional): | Parker Ridge | | Parcel ID (optional): |
|---|--------------|------|--------------------------------|
| Submission Date (optional): | | date | Nutrient Management Watershed: |
| Local Jurisdiction / Reviewing Agency: | Rolesville | menu | Subwatershed: |
| Project Latitude Coordinates (optional): | | N | Phosphorus Delivery Zone: |
| Project Longitude Coordinates (optional): | | W | Nitrogen Delivery Zone: |

| Parcel ID (optional): | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Nutrient Management Watershed: | Neuse | menu |
| Subwatershed: | Neuse-Upper | menu |
| Phosphorus Delivery Zone: | Neuse - Upper 03020201 | menu |
| Nitrogen Delivery Zone: | Neuse - Upper 03020201 | menu |

PROJECT DETAILS

| Development Land Use Type: | Single Family Residential | menu |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| Part of Common Development Plan? | no | y/n |
| Designated Downtown Area? | no | y/n |
| Public Linear Road/Sidewalk Project? | no | y/n |
| Project Owner Type: | Private | menu |

| | Disturbed Area: | 2,596,176 | ft ² |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Project Activity: | New Development | menu |
| 1 | Project Drains to SA Waters? | no | y/n |
| 1 | Pre-Project Land Use: | fallow/open | menu |
| | Project Description (optional): | | |

STORMWATER DETAILS

| (Falls ONLY) Onsite Reduction % Req. | | % |
|---|------------|----------|
| Existing BUA/Development Onsite? | no | y/n |
| Local Gov't cutoff date for Existing BUA: | 05/01/2005 | date |
| Nitrogen Export Rate Target: | 3.60 | lb/ac/yr |
| Phosphorus Export Rate Target: | 0.40 | lb/ac/yr |

| Project Uses LID/Runoff Volume Match? | no | y/n |
|---|-------|-------|
| Local Gov't nutrient req's same as State? | yes | y/n |
| Project Drains to Regional SCM? | no | y/n |
| Total Nitrogen Offset Credits Needed: | 312.8 | lb/yr |
| Total Phosphorus Offset Credits Needed: | 34.8 | lb/yr |

Project Area and Offsite Land Cover Characteristics

Precipitation
Station:

Raleigh

Copy & Paste VALUES ONLY for Best Results

Click here to scroll down to error messages on this sheet.

| PROJECT AREA LAND COVERS | TN EMC (mg/L) | TP EMC (mg/L) | Pre-Project Area (ft²) | Post-Project Area (ft²) | Change pre-to-post (ft ²) |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Roof | 1.18 | 0.11 | 2,810 | 669,081 | 666,271 |
| Roadway | 1.64 | 0.34 | 34,424 | 377,237 | 342,813 |
| Parking/Driveway/Sidewalk | 1.42 | 0.18 | 0 | 178,781 | 178,781 |
| Protected Forest | 0.97 | 0.03 | 3,115,651 | 0 | -3,115,651 |
| Managed Pervious/Landscaping | 2.48 | 1.07 | 393,782 | 2,222,573 | 1,828,791 |
| Offsite or Existing Roof | 1.18 | 0.11 | | | 0 |
| Offsite or Existing Roadway | 1.64 | 0.34 | | | 0 |
| Offsite or Existing Parking/Driveway/Sidewa | 1.42 | 0.18 | | | 0 |
| Offsite Protected Forest | 0.97 | 0.03 | | | 0 |
| Offsite Managed Pervious | 2.48 | 1.07 | | | 0 |
| CUSTOM LAND COVER 1 | | | | | 0 |
| CUSTOM LAND COVER 2 | | | | | 0 |
| CUSTOM LAND COVER 3 | | | | | 0 |
| LAND TAKEN UP BY SCM | 1.18 | | | 98,995 | 98,995 |
| | Total (Regulated & UnReg) Area | | 3,546,667.00 | 3,546,667.00 | |
| | Project (Regulated) Area | | 3,546,667.00 | 3,546,667.00 | |

| SNAP v4.2.0 | Copy & Paste for Best | | SCM101's Land Cover Data | Click here to review Errors | Summary Data | top | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Catchment ID | 1 000 | ains to 102 Dra | ninr to 1 | 2 | ains to 2 | Orains to 2 | 3 | ains to Dra | ins to 3 | 4 Dr | ains to Dr. | ains to 4 | 5 |
| SCM ID | 101 Dra | 102 | 103 | 201 Dra | 202 | 203 | 301 Dra | ains to Dra | 303 | 401 Dr. | ains to Dr. | 403 | 501 |
| Type of SCM | Wet Pond | | | Wet Pond | | | Wet Pond | | | Wet Pond | | | |
| Hydrologic soil group at SCM location | D | | | D | | | D | | | D | | | |
| SCM Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Design Storm Size (inches/24hrs) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percent of Full Size | 100% | | | 100% | | | 100% | | | 100% | | | |
| % Annual Effluent | 76% | 0% | 0% | 76% | 0% | 0% | 76% | 0% | 0% | 76% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| % Annual Overflow | 16% | 0% | 0% | 16% | 0% | 0% | 16% | 0% | 0% | 16% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| % Annual ET/Infiltrated | 8% | 0% | 0% | 8% | 0% | 0% | 8% | 0% | 0% | 8% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Custom % Annual Effluent | | | | 9,- | | | | | | | | | 47- |
| Custom % Annual Overflow | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Custom % Annual ET/Infiltrated | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCM Effluent TP EMC (mg/L) | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | | | 0.00 | |
| _ | 0.13 | | | | - | | 0.13 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.00 |
| SCM Effluent TN EMC (mg/L) | 0.86 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.86 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.86 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.86 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Custom Effluent TP EMC | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Custom Effluent TN EMC | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCM Land Cover TP EMC (mg/L) | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.11 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SCM Land Cover TN EMC (mg/L) | 1.18 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.18 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.18 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.18 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| This SCM Drains to Numbered SCM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Catchment Routing | Catchments Draining to SCM 101 | Catchments Draining to SCM 102 | Catchments Draining to SCM 103 | Catchments Draining to SCM 201 | Catchments Draining to SCM 202 | Catchments Draining to SCM 203 | Catchments Draining to SCM 301 | Catchments Draining to SCM 302 | Catchments Draining to SCM 303 | Catchments Draining to SCM 401 | Catchments Draining to SCM 402 | Catchments Draining to SCM 403 | Catchments Draini SCM 501 |
| Catchment 1 | | | | no | | | no | | | no | | | |
| Catchment 2 | no | | | | | | no | | | no | | | |
| Catchment 3 | no | | | no | | | | | | no | | | |
| Catchment 4 | no | | | no | | | no | | | | | | |
| Catchment 5 | no | | | no | | | no | | | no | | | |
| Catchment 6 | no | | | no | | | no | | | no | | | |
| | 110 | | | IIO | | | 110 | | | 110 | | | |
| Error Check - Missing SCM Area: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Min/Max Size: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Hydrology: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Missing SCM Info: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Drainage Data w/o SCM: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Error Checks - SCM Type: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCM ID: | 101 | 102 | 103 | 201 | 202 | 203 | 301 | 302 | 303 | 401 | 402 | 403 | 501 |
| | Area Draining Directly to SCM 101 (ft2) | Area Draining Directly to SCM 102 (ft2) | | | | Area Draining Directly to SCM 203 (ft2) | | | | Area Draining Directly to SCM 401 (ft2) | | | |
| pof | 119,790 | | | 274,864 | | | 112,385 | | | 130,680 | | | |
| padway | 56.376 | | | 130.244 | | 1 | 65,776 | | | 43.560 | | | |
| arking/Driveway/Sidewalk | 30,586 | | | 34,848 | | | 23,522 | | | 14,810 | | | |
| rotected Forest | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | | |
| lanaged Pervious/Landscaping | 199,940 | | | 381,767 | | | 242,834 | | | 216,151 | | | |
| ffsite or Existing Roof | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| offsite or Existing Roadway | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ffsite or Existing Parking/Driveway/Sidewa | alk | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ffsite Protected Forest | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ffsite Managed Pervious | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| JSTOM LAND COVER 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | l | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| USTOM LAND COVER 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USTOM LAND COVER 2 USTOM LAND COVER 3 | 20.196 | | | 37,716 | | | 16.783 | | | 24.300 | | | |
| JSTOM LAND COVER 2 | 20,196 426,888 | 0 | 0 | 37,716 859,439 | 0 | 0 | 16,783 461,300 | 0 | 0 | 24,300 429,501 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Stormwater Control Measu

| SNAP | v4.2.0 | |
|------|--------|--|
| | | |

| Catchment ID | 5 _ | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 |] | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| SCM ID | ins to Dra | 503 | 601 Dra | ins to Dra | ains to 603 | | | |
| Type of SCM | | | | | | | | |
| Hydrologic soil group at SCM location | | | | | | | | |
| SCM Description | | | | | | | | |
| Design Storm Size (inches/24hrs) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Percent of Full Size | | | | | | | | |
| % Annual Effluent | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | |
| % Annual Overflow | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | |
| % Annual ET/Infiltrated | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | | | |
| Custom % Annual Effluent | | | | | | | | |
| Custom % Annual Overflow | | | | | | | | |
| Custom % Annual ET/Infiltrated | | | | | | | | |
| SCM Effluent TP EMC (mg/L) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| | | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| SCM Effluent TN EMC (mg/L) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| Custom Effluent TP EMC | | | | | | | | |
| Custom Effluent TN EMC | | | | | | | | |
| SCM Land Cover TP EMC (mg/L) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| SCM Land Cover TN EMC (mg/L) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| This SCM Drains to Numbered SCM | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Catchment Routing | Catchments Draining to SCM 502 | Catchments Draining to SCM 503 | Catchments Draining to SCM 601 | Catchments Draining to SCM 602 | Catchments Draining to SCM 603 | | | |
| Catchment 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Catchment 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Catchment 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Catchment 4 | | | | | | | | |
| Catchment 5 | | | | | | | | |
| Catchment 6 | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Missing SCM Area: | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Min/Max Size: | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Hydrology: | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Missing SCM Info: | | | | | | | | |
| Error Check - Drainage Data w/o SCM: | | | | | | | | |
| Error Checks - SCM Type: | | | | | | | | |
| SCM ID: | 502 | 503 | 601 | 602 | 603 | | | |
| | | | | | | Total Land Use Area | Allowable Total Land Use | Post-Project Untreat |
| SCM Drainage Area Land Covers | Area Draining Directly to SCM 502 (ft2) | Area Draining Directly to SCM 503 (ft2) | Area Draining Directly to SCM 601 (ft2) | Area Draining Directly to SCM 602 (ft2) | Area Draining Directly to SCM 603 (ft2) | Treated By All SCMs (ft ²) | Area to be Treated Based on Post-Project Areas (ft ²) | Land Area (ft ²) |
| of | | | | | | 637,719 | 669,081 | 31,362 |
| padway | | | | | | 295,956 | 377,237 | 81,281 |
| rking/Driveway/Sidewalk | | | | | | 103,766 | 178,781 | 75,015 |
| otected Forest | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| anaged Pervious/Landscaping | | | | | | 1,040,692 | 2,222,573 | 1,181,881 |
| fsite or Existing Roof | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fsite or Existing Roadway | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fsite or Existing Parking/Driveway/Side | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fsite Protected Forest | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fsite Managed Pervious | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| JSTOM LAND COVER 1 | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| JSTOM LAND COVER 2 JSTOM LAND COVER 3 | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | 0 98.995 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ND TAKEN UP BY SCM TOTAL AREA DRAINING TO SCM (ft²): | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,177,128 | 98,995 3,546,667 | 1,369,539 |

Nutrient Export Summary

Landcover & SCM Data Review

Errors / Advisories

| Avg Annual precip (in) = | 46.22 | |
|---|-----------|---|
| Total (Regulated + Unregulated) Area (ft²) = | 3,546,667 | |
| Project (Regulated) Area (ft²) = | 3,546,667 | |
| Net BUA (Project Area BUA only ft ²) = | 1,187,865 | Net BUA indicates new development or expansion. |
| Custom Landcovers are present: | | |
| Total Nitrogen Scaled to Project | • | 293.11 |

| Nutrient Export Summary | Total Area (Onsite + Offsite) P <u>re-Project</u> | Project Area (Onsite Only) <u>Pre-Project</u> | Total Area Post-Project before Treatment | Project Area Post-Project before Treatment | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Area (All Landcover Types) (acres) | 81.4203 | 81.4203 | 81.4203 | 81.4203 | |
| Percent Built-Upon Area (BUA) (%) | 1% | 1% | 35% | 35% | |
| Built-Upon Area (BUA) (sqft) | 37,234 | 37,234 | 1,225,099 | 1,225,099 | |
| Annual Runoff Volume (ft ³ /yr) | 730,891 | 730,891 | 4,762,859 | 4,762,859 | |
| Annual Runoff % Change | | | 552% | 552% | |
| Total Runoff Change (cuft/yr) | | | 4,031,968 | 4,031,968 | |
| Total Nitrogen EMC (mg/L) | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.43 | 1.43 | |
| Total Nitrogen Load Leaving Site (lb/yr) | 55.57 | 55.57 | 426.72 | 426.72 | |
| Total Nitrogen Loading Rate (lb/ac/yr) | 0.68 | 0.68 | 5.24 | 5.24 | |
| Total Nitrogen % Change Pre-to-Post | | | 668% | 668% | |
| Total Nitrogen Change (lb/yr) Pre-to-Post | | | 371.15 | 371.15 | |
| Total Phosphorus EMC (mg/L) | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.26 | 0.26 | |
| Total Phosphorus Load Leaving Site (lb/yr) | 8.04 | 8.04 | 76.22 | 76.22 | |
| Total Phosphorus Loading Rate (lb/ac/yr) | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.94 | 0.94 | |
| Total Phosphorus % Change Pre-to-Post | | | 848% | 848% | |
| Total Phosphorus Change (lb/yr)Pre-to-Post | | | 68.18 | 68.18 | |

SCM/Catchment Summary

| SCM ID and Type | Volume Reduction (%) | TN Reduction (%) | TP Reduction (%) | TN Out (lbs/ac/yr) | TP Out (lbs/ac/yr) |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Catchment 1 | 8.44% | 37.11% | 38.77% | 4.33 | 0.66 |
| 101: Wet Pond | 8.44% | 37.11% | 38.77% | 4.33 | 0.66 |
| 102: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 103: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Catchment 2 | 8.44% | 36.83% | 38.28% | 4.50 | 0.69 |
| 201: Wet Pond | 8.44% | 36.83% | 38.28% | 4.50 | 0.69 |
| 202: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 203: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Catchment 3 | 8.44% | 38.10% | 42.55% | 3.92 | 0.61 |
| 301: Wet Pond | 8.44% | 38.10% | 42.55% | 3.92 | 0.61 |
| 302: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 303: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Catchment 4 | 8.44% | 36.16% | 36.91% | 4.06 | 0.62 |
| 401: NA | 8.44% | 36.16% | 36.91% | 4.06 | 0.62 |
| 402: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 403: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Catchment 5 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 501: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 502: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 503: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Catchment 6 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 601: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 602: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 603: NA | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00 | 0.00 |

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Errors / Advisories

| SCM Area (ft ²) = | 98,995 | |
|---|-----------|---|
| SCM Treated Area (ft ²) = | 2,177,128 | |
| Catchment Routing: | No errors | |
| Treating Runoff from Existing BUA or Offsite: | no | |
| Disturbed $\Delta rea (ft^2) = 11$ | | If using tool for Stormwater Compliance, check Project Info for missing Disturbed Area. |
| Total Phosphorus Scaled to Project | | 32.57 |

| Total Area Post-Project after Treatment | Project Area Post-Project after Treatment | Total Area Post-Project SCM-Treated Area Only | Project Area Post-Project SCM-Treated Area Only | Total Area Post-Project Untreated Areas | Project Area Post-Project Untreated Areas |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 81.4203 | 81.4203 | 49.9800 | 49.9800 | 31.4403 | 31.4403 |
| 35% | 35% | 48% | 48% | 14% | 14% |
| 1,225,099 | 1,225,099 | 1,037,441 | 1,037,441 | 187,658 | 187,658 |
| 4,430,243 | 4,430,243 | 3,607,402 | 3,607,402 | 822,840 | 822,840 |
| 506% | 506% | | | | |
| 3,699,352 | 3,699,352 | | | | |
| 1.09 | 1.09 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 1.73 | 1.73 |
| 301.58 | 301.58 | 212.93 | 212.93 | 88.65 | 88.65 |
| 3.70 | 3.70 | 4.26 | 4.26 | 2.82 | 2.82 |
| 443% | 443% | | | | |
| 246.01 | 246.01 | | | | |
| 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 0.44 |
| 55.39 | 55.39 | 32.54 | 32.54 | 22.86 | 22.86 |
| 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.73 | 0.73 |
| 589% | 589% | | | | |
| 47.35 | 47.35 | | | | |

Nutrient Management Strategy Watershed - Nutrient Offset Credit Reporting Form

SNAP v4.2.

Please complete and submit the following information to the local government permitting your development project to characterize it and assess the need to purchase nutrient offset credits. Contact and rule implementation information can be found online at:

http://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/planning/nonpoint-source-management/nutrient-offset-information

| | | | PROJE | CT INFORM | ATION | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| ! | olicant Name: | | | | | | | | |
| | Project Name: | | | | | | | | |
| | | | STREET ROL | | | G: 1 | E 1-D 1 | 1 (* 1 | |
| Date: (| (mm/dd/yyyy) | BUILDSVII | Dev | velopment Lar | | | e Family Resid | | |
| | County: | IE | | | Activity Type: | | ew Developme | | |
| D | • | ct Area (sqft): | , , | | _ | ject Latitude: | | | |
| Post-P | Project Built-U | pon Area %: | 34.5 | 54% | Projec | ct Longitude: | 0.000 | 0000 | |
| | | | WATERS | SHED INFOR | MATION | | | | |
| Nutrient | t Managemen | t Watershed: | Net | use | N Ta | rget Export R | ate (lb/ac/yr): | 3.60 | |
| | Su | ubwatershed: | | 1.1 | P Tar | rget Export R | ate (lb/ac/yr): | 0.40 | |
| | • | elivery Zone: | | | | • | livery Factor: | | |
| P | hosphorus D | elivery Zone: | Neuse - Upp | er 03020201 | Ph | osphorus De | livery Factor: | 100% | |
| | Post-P | | RMANENT NU | | · · | | on Area | | |
| (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) | | (F) | (G) | (Where | | |
| (^) | (D) | (0) | (D) | | (1) | | Applicable) | Takal TN | |
| TN Untreated Load (lb/yr) | TN Export Target Load (lb/yr) | TN Treated Load (lb/yr) | TN Remaining Reduction Need (lb/yr) | | TN Delivery Factor (%) | TN Permanent Offsets Required (lb/yr) | Additional Local Gov't Offsets (lb/yr) | Total TN Permanent Offsets to Buy (lb/yr) | |
| 426.7 | 293.1 | 301.6 | 8.5 | | 1.0 | 8.5 | | 8.5 | |
| | Post-Pro | ject Phospho | rus Calculatio | ons - Projects | with No Offs | ite or Built-U | oon Area | | |
| (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) | | (F) | (G) | (Where Applicable) | | |
| TP Untreated Load (lb/yr) | TP Export Target Load (lb/yr) | TP Treated Load (lb/yr) | TP Remaining Reduction Need (lb/yr) | | TP Delivery Factor (%) | TP Permanent Offsets Required (lb/yr) | Additional Local Gov't Offsets (lb/yr) | Total TP Permanent Offsets to Buy (lb/yr) | |
| | | | | | | | | #VALUE! | |
| | LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORIZATION Local Government Name: | | | | | | | | |
| | Staff Name: | | | | | Phone: | | | |
| 1 | Staff Email: | | | | | Date: | | | |
| Lo | ocal Governme | ent Authorizir | ng Signature: | | | | | | |